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STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

**NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS
INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS
GENERAL CONDITIONS
AND
SPECIAL PROVISIONS
FOR BUILDING CONSTRUCTION IN**

**ALAMEDA COUNTY, IN FREMONT AT THE FREMONT MAINTENANCE STATION
AT 245 MOWRY AVENUE.**

CONTRACT NO. 04-207774

04-Ala-5706

**Bids Open: November 16, 2005
Dated: October 17, 2005**

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

CONTRACT NO. 04-207774

04-Ala-5706

Sealed proposals for the work shown on the plans entitled:

STATE OF CALIFORNIA; DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION; PROJECT PLANS FOR BUILDING CONSTRUCTION IN ALAMEDA COUNTY, IN FREMONT AT THE FREMONT MAINTENANCE STATION AT 245 MOWRY AVENUE.

will be received at the Department of Transportation, 1120 N Street, Room 0200, MS #26, Sacramento, CA 95814, until 2 o'clock p.m. on November 16, 2005, at which time they will be publicly opened and read in Room 0100 at the same address.

Proposal forms for this work are included in a separate book entitled:

STATE OF CALIFORNIA; DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION; PROPOSAL AND CONTRACT FOR BUILDING CONSTRUCTION IN ALAMEDA COUNTY, IN FREMONT AT THE FREMONT MAINTENANCE STATION AT 245 MOWRY AVENUE.

General work description: CONSTRUCT NEW MECHANIC SHOP, OFFICE BUILDING, AND EQUIPMENT BAYS.

This project has a goal of 3 percent disabled veteran business enterprise (DVBE) participation.

No prebid meeting is scheduled for this project.

Bids are required for the entire work described herein.

At the time this contract is awarded, the Contractor shall possess either a Class B license or a combination of Class C licenses which constitutes a majority of work.

The Contractor must also be properly licensed at the time the bid is submitted, except that on a joint venture bid a joint venture license may be obtained by a combination of licenses after bid opening but before award in conformance with Business and Professions Code, Section 7029.1.

This contract is subject to state contract nondiscrimination and compliance requirements pursuant to Government Code, Section 12990.

Preference will be granted to bidders properly certified as a "Small Business" as determined by the Department of General Services, Office of Small Business and Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise Certification (OSDC), at the time of bid opening in conformance with the provisions in Section 2-1.05, "Small Business Preference," of the special provisions, and Section 1896 et seq, Title 2, California Code of Regulations. A form for requesting a "Small Business" preference is included with the bid documents. Applications for status as a "Small Business" must be submitted to the Department of General Services, Office of Small Business and Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise Certification, 707 Third Street, West Sacramento, CA 95605, Telephone Nos. (800) 559-5529 or (916) 375-4940.

Contract No. 04-207774

A reciprocal preference will be granted to "California company" bidders in conformance with Section 6107 of the Public Contract Code. (See Divisions 2 and 3 of the special provisions.) A form for indicating whether bidders are or are not a "California company" is included in the bid documents and is to be filled in and signed by all bidders.

Inquiries or questions based on alleged patent ambiguity of the plans, specifications or estimate must be communicated as a bidder inquiry prior to bid opening. Any such inquiries or questions, submitted after bid opening, will not be treated as a bid protest.

Bidder inquiries may be made as follows:

The Department will consider bidder inquiries only when a completed "Bidder Inquiry" form is submitted. A copy of the "Bidder Inquiry" form is available at the Internet address shown below. The bidder inquiry shall include the bidder's name and telephone number. Submit "Bidder Inquiry" forms to :

Construction Program Duty Senior
111 Grand Avenue
Oakland, CA 94612

Fax Number: (510) 622-1805

E-mail: DUTY_SENIOR_DISTRICT04@dot.ca.gov

Tel. Number: (510) 286-5209

To expedite processing, submittal of "Bidder Inquiry" forms via Fax or E-mail is preferred.

To the extent feasible and at the discretion of the Department, completed "Bidder Inquiry" forms submitted for consideration will be investigated, and responses will be posted on the Internet at:

http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/esc/oe/project_status/bid_inq.html

The responses to bidders' inquiries, unless incorporated into formal addenda to the contract, are not a part of the contract, and are provided for the bidder's convenience only. In some instances, the question and answer may represent a summary of the matters discussed rather than a word-for-word recitation. The availability or use of information provided in the responses to bidders' inquiries is not to be construed in any way as a waiver of the provisions of Section 1-1.03 of the Instructions to Bidders or any other provision of the contract, the plans, General Conditions, Instructions to Bidders or Special Provisions, nor to excuse the contractor from full compliance with those contract requirements. Bidders are cautioned that subsequent responses or contract addenda may affect or vary a response previously given.

Project plans, special provisions, and proposal forms for bidding this project can only be obtained at the Department of Transportation, Plans and Bid Documents, Room 0200, MS #26, Transportation Building, 1120 N Street, Sacramento, California 95814, FAX No. (916) 654-7028, Telephone No. (916) 654-4490. Use FAX orders to expedite orders for project plans, special provisions and proposal forms. FAX orders must include credit card charge number, card expiration date and authorizing signature. Project plans, special provisions, and proposal forms may be seen at the above Department of Transportation office and at the offices of the District Directors of Transportation at Irvine, Oakland, and the district in which the work is situated.

The successful bidder shall furnish a payment bond and a performance bond.

Pursuant to Section 1773 of the Labor Code, the general prevailing wage rates in the county, or counties, in which the work is to be done have been determined by the Director of the California Department of Industrial Relations. These wages are set forth in the General Prevailing Wage Rates for this project, available at the Labor Compliance Office at the offices of the District Director of Transportation for the district in which the work is situated, and available from the California Department of Industrial Relations' Internet Web Site at: <http://www.dir.ca.gov>. Future effective general prevailing wage rates which have been predetermined and are on file with the Department of Industrial Relations are referenced but not printed in the general prevailing wage rates.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Deputy Director Transportation Engineering

Dated October 17, 2005

JRR

Contract No. 04-207774

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

**INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS
AND
GENERAL CONDITIONS
FOR
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION**

JANUARY 2002

Issued by

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION



Contract No. 04-207774

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

SECTION 1

PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS

1-1.01 GENERAL

- The bidder shall carefully examine the instructions contained herein and shall be satisfied as to the conditions with which the bidder must comply prior to bid and to the conditions affecting the award of contract.
- These instructions form a part of the contract documents.
- Attention is directed to Section 1-1.01, "General," of the General Conditions regarding the use of masculine gender pronouns in these Instructions to Bidders.

1-1.02 CONTRACTOR'S LICENSING LAWS

- Attention is directed to the provisions of Chapter 9 of Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code concerning the licensing of contractors.
- All bidders and contractors shall be licensed in conformance with the laws of this State and any bidder or contractor not so licensed is subject to the penalties imposed by those laws.
- Attention is also directed to the requirements in Public Contract Code Section 10164. In all projects where Federal funds are involved, the Contractor shall be properly licensed at the time the contract is awarded.

1-1.03 EXAMINATION OF PLANS, SPECIAL PROVISIONS AND SITE OF THE WORK

- The bidder shall examine carefully the site of the work contemplated, the plans and special provisions and these instructions to bidders and contract forms therefor. The submission of a bid shall be conclusive evidence that the bidder has investigated and is satisfied as to the conditions to be encountered, as to the character, quality, and scope of work to be performed, the quantities of materials to be furnished, and as to the requirements of these instructions to bidders, plans, special provisions, and the contract.
- Where the Department has made investigations of site conditions, including subsurface conditions in areas where work is to be performed under the contract, bidders or Contractors may, upon written request, inspect the records of the Department as to those investigations subject to and upon the conditions hereinafter set forth.
- Where there has been prior construction by the Department or other public agencies within the project limits, records of the prior construction that are currently in the possession of the Department and which have been used by, or are known to, the designers and administrators of the project will be made available for inspection by bidders or Contractors, upon written request, subject to the conditions hereinafter set forth. Those records may include, but are not limited to, as-built drawings, design calculations, foundation and site studies, project reports and other data assembled in connection with the investigation, design, construction and maintenance of those prior projects.
- Inspection of those records of investigations and project records may be made at the office of the district in which the work is situated, or in the case of records of investigations related to structure work, at the Transportation Laboratory, Sacramento, California. The records of investigations and project records are not a part of the contract and are available solely for the convenience of the bidder or contractor. It is expressly understood and agreed that the Department assumes no responsibility whatsoever in respect to the sufficiency or accuracy of the investigations thus made, the records thereof, or of project records, or of the interpretations set forth therein or made by the Department in its use thereof and there is no warranty or guaranty, either express or implied, that the conditions indicated by the investigations or records are representative of those existing in or throughout those areas, or any part thereof, or that unlooked-for developments may not occur, or that materials other than, or in proportions different from those indicated, may not be encountered.
- No information derived from the inspection of investigations or compilation thereof made by the Department or from the Engineer, or his assistants, will in any way relieve the bidder or contractor from any risk or from properly fulfilling the terms of the contract.

1-1.04 PROPOSAL FORMS

- The Department will furnish to each bidder a standard proposal form, which, when filled out and executed may be submitted as that bidder's bid. Bids not presented on forms so furnished, and copies or facsimiles of the bidder's completed and executed proposal forms submitted as a bid will be rejected.
- The proposal form is bound together with the contract in a book entitled "Proposal and Contract." The proposal shall set forth the bid price, in clearly legible figures, in the space provided, and shall be signed by the bidder, who shall fill out all blanks in the proposal form as therein required.

- The proposal shall be submitted as directed in the “Notice to Contractors” under sealed cover plainly marked as a proposal, and identifying the project to which the proposal relates and the date of the bid opening therefor. Proposals which are not properly marked may be disregarded.
- All proposal forms other than for “District Opening” projects shall be obtained from the Department of Transportation, Plans and Bid Documents, Room 0200, Transportation Building, 1120 N Street, California 95814, or as otherwise designated in the “Notice to Contractor.”
- Proposals for “District Opening” projects shall be made on forms obtained from the District Director of Transportation in whose district the work is to be performed, but in all other respects the provisions in this Section 1-1.04 shall apply.

1-1.05 REQUIRED LISTING OF PROPOSED SUBCONTRACTORS

- Each proposal shall have listed therein the name and address of each subcontractor to whom the bidder proposes to subcontract portions of the work in an amount in excess of one-half of one percent of the total bid, in conformance with the Subletting and Subcontracting Fair Practices Act, commencing with Section 4100 of the Public Contract Code. The bidder’s attention is invited to other provisions of the Act related to the imposition of penalties for a failure to observe its provisions by using unauthorized subcontractors or by making unauthorized substitutions.
- A sheet for listing the subcontractors, as required herein, is included in the “Proposal and Contract” book.

1-1.055 STATE EMPLOYEES AND DESIGN ENGINEERS MAY NOT BID ON CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- No employee of the State shall be eligible to submit a proposal for, nor to subcontract for any portion of, nor to supply any materials for any contract administered by the Department.
- No engineering or architectural firm which has provided design services for a project shall be eligible to submit a proposal for the contract to construct the project nor to subcontract for any portion of the work. The ineligible firms include the prime contractor for design, subcontractors of portions of the design, and affiliates of either. An affiliate is a firm which is subject to the control of the same persons, through joint ownership or otherwise.

1-1.06 PREVIOUS DISQUALIFICATION, REMOVAL OR OTHER PREVENTION OF BIDDING

- Pursuant to Section 10162 of the Public Contract Code the bidder shall complete, under penalty of perjury, the questionnaire in the Proposal relating to previous disqualification, removal or other prevention of bidding of the bidder, or officers or employees of the bidder because of violation of law or a safety regulation.
- A bid may be rejected on the basis of a bidder, any officer of the bidder, or any employee of the bidder who has a proprietary interest in the bidder, having been disqualified, removed, or otherwise prevented from bidding on, or completing a Federal, State, or local project because of a violation of law or a safety regulation.

1-1.07 PROPOSAL GUARANTY

- All bids shall be presented under sealed cover and accompanied by one of the following forms of bidder’s security:

Cash, a cashier’s check, a certified check, or a bidder’s bond executed by an admitted surety insurer, made payable to the Director of Transportation.

- The security shall be in an amount equal to at least 10 percent of the amount bid. A bid will not be considered unless one of the forms of bidder’s security is enclosed with it.
- The bidder’s bond shall conform to the bond form in the book entitled “Proposal and Contract” for the project and shall be properly filled out and executed. The bidder’s bond form included in that book may be used. Upon request, “Bidder’s Bond” forms may be obtained from the Department of Transportation.

1-1.08 COMPLIANCE WITH ORDERS OF THE NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS BOARD

- Pursuant to Public Contract Code Section 10232, the Contractor shall swear by a statement, under penalty of perjury, that no more than one final, unappealable finding of contempt of court by a Federal court has been issued against the Contractor within the immediately preceding 2-year period because of the Contractor’s failure to comply with an order of a Federal court which orders the Contractor to comply with an order of the National Labor Relations Board. For purposes of Section 10232 a finding of contempt does not include any finding which has been vacated, dismissed, or otherwise removed by the court because the Contractor has complied with the order which was the basis for the finding. The State may rescind any contract in which the Contractor falsely swears to the truth of the statement required by Section 10232.
- The statement required by Public Contract Code Section 10232 is on the page preceding the signature page of the Proposal.

1-1.09 WITHDRAWAL OF PROPOSALS

- Any bid may be withdrawn at any time prior to the date and time fixed for the opening of bids only by written request for the withdrawal of the bid filed at the location at which the bid was received by the Department. The request shall be executed by the bidder or the bidder's duly authorized representative. The withdrawal of a bid does not prejudice the right of the bidder to file a new bid. Whether or not bids are opened exactly at the time fixed for opening bids, a bid will not be received after that time, nor may any bid be withdrawn after the time fixed for the opening of bids.

1-1.10 PUBLIC OPENING OF PROPOSALS

- Proposals will be opened and read publicly at the time and place indicated in the Notice to Contractors. Bidders or their authorized agents are invited to be present.

1-1.11 REJECTION OF PROPOSALS

- Proposals may be rejected if they have been transferred to another bidder, or if they show any alterations of form, additions not called for, conditional bids, incomplete bids, erasures, or irregularities of any kind.
- When proposals are signed by an agent, other than the officer or officers of a corporation authorized to sign contracts on its behalf or a member of a partnership, a "Power of Attorney" must be on file with the Department prior to opening bids or shall be submitted with the proposal; otherwise, the proposal may be rejected as irregular and unauthorized.

1-1.12 COMPETITIVE BIDDING

- If more than one proposal be offered by any individual, firm, copartnership, corporation, association, or any combination thereof, under the same or different names, all of those proposals may be rejected. A party who has quoted prices on materials or work to a bidder is not thereby disqualified from quoting prices to other bidders, or from submitting a bid directly for the materials or work.
- All bidders are put on notice that any collusive agreement to control or affect the awarding of this contract is in violation of the competitive bidding requirements of the State Contract Act and the Business and Professions Code and may render void any contract let under those circumstances.

1-1.13 RELIEF OF BIDDERS

- Attention is directed to the provisions of Public Contract Code Sections 5100 to 5107, inclusive, concerning relief of bidders and in particular to the requirement therein, that if the bidder claims a mistake was made in the bid presented, the bidder shall give the Department written notice within 5 days after the opening of the bids of the alleged mistake, specifying in the notice in detail how the mistake occurred.

1-1.14 INELIGIBILITY TO CONTRACT

- Public Contract Code Section 10285.1 provides as follows:

Any State agency may suspend, for a period of up to three years from the date of conviction, any person from bidding upon, or being awarded, a public works or services contract with the agency under this part or from being a subcontractor at any tier upon the contract, if that person, or any partner, member, officer, director, responsible managing officer, or responsible managing employee thereof, has been convicted by a court of competent jurisdiction of any charge of fraud, bribery, collusion, conspiracy, or any other act in violation of any State or Federal antitrust law in connection with the bidding upon, award of, or performance of, any public works contract, as defined in Section 1101, with any public entity, as defined in Section 1100, including, for the purposes of this article, the Regents of the University of California or the Trustees of the California State University. A State agency may determine the eligibility of any person to enter into a contract under this article by requiring the person to submit a statement under penalty of perjury declaring that neither the person nor any subcontractor to be engaged by the person has been convicted of any of the offenses referred to in this section within the preceding three years.

- A form for the statement required by Section 10285.1 is included in the Proposal.

SECTION 2

AWARD AND EXECUTION OF CONTRACT

2-1.01 AWARD OF CONTRACT

• The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals. The award of the contract, if it be awarded, will be to the lowest responsible bidder whose proposal complies with all the requirements prescribed. The award, if made, will be made within 30 days after the opening of the proposals. This period will be subject to extension for any further period as may be agreed upon in writing between the Department and the bidder concerned.

2-1.02 RETURN OF PROPOSAL GUARANTIES

• The proposal guaranties accompanying the proposals of the first, second and third lowest responsible bidders will be retained until the contract has been finally executed, after which all those proposal guaranties, except bidders' bonds and any guaranties which have been forfeited, will be returned to the respective bidders whose proposals they accompany. The proposal guaranties, other than bidder's bonds, submitted by all other unsuccessful bidders will be returned upon determination, by the Department, of the first, second and third lowest responsible bidders.

2-1.03 CONTRACT BONDS

• The successful bidder shall furnish the 2 bonds required by the State Contract Act. One bond shall secure the payment of the claims of laborers, mechanics or materialmen employed on the work under the contract and the other bond shall guarantee the faithful performance of the contract. The bond forms will be furnished to the successful bidder by the Department.

• Except as otherwise provided in Section 3248 of the Civil Code and Section 30154 of the Streets and Highways Code, the payment bond shall be in a sum equal to the contract price and the performance bond shall be in a sum equal to at least one-half of the contract price.

• All alterations, extensions of time, extra and additional work, and other changes authorized by the General Conditions, the special provisions or any part of the contract may be made without securing the consent of the surety or sureties on the contract bonds.

2-1.04 EXECUTION OF CONTRACT

• The contract shall be signed by the successful bidder and returned, together with the contract bonds, within 8 days, not including Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, after the bidder has received the contract for execution.

2-1.05 FAILURE TO EXECUTE CONTRACT

• Failure of the lowest responsible bidder, the second lowest responsible bidder, or the third lowest responsible bidder to execute the contract and file acceptable bonds as provided herein within 8 days, not including Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, after that bidder has received the contract for execution shall be just cause for the forfeiture of the bidder's security. The successful bidder may file with the Department a written notice, signed by the bidder or the bidder's authorized representative, specifying that the bidder will refuse to execute the contract if it is presented. The filing of this notice shall have the same force and effect as the failure of the bidder to execute the contract and furnish acceptable bonds within the time hereinbefore prescribed.

GENERAL CONDITIONS
SECTION 1
DEFINITIONS AND TERMS

1-1.01 GENERAL

- Unless the context otherwise requires, wherever in the specifications and other contract documents the following abbreviations and terms, or pronouns in place of them, appear in the contract documents, the intent and meaning shall be interpreted as provided in this Section 1.
- Working titles having a masculine gender, such as "workman" and "journeyman" and pronouns, such as "he" and "himself", are utilized in these General Conditions, the Instructions to Bidders and the special provisions for the sake of brevity, and are intended to refer to persons of either gender.

1-1.02 ACCEPTANCE

- The formal written acceptance by the Director of Transportation of an entire contract which has been completed in all respects in conformance with the contract documents and any modifications thereof previously approved.

1-1.03 ADDENDUM

- A document or written communication issued by the Department during the bidding period which modifies, supersedes, or supplements the original contract documents.

1-1.04 BIDDER

- Any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, or combination thereof, submitting a proposal for the work contemplated, acting directly, or through a duly authorized representative.

1-1.05 CONTRACT

- The written agreement covering the performance of the work and the furnishing of labor, materials, tools and equipment in the construction of the work. The contract shall include the notice to contractors, Instructions to Bidders, proposal, plans, General Conditions, special provisions and contract bonds; also any and all supplemental agreements amending or extending the work contemplated and which may be required to complete the work in a substantial and acceptable manner. Supplementary agreements are written agreements covering alterations, amendments, or extensions to the contract and include contract change orders.

1-1.06 CONTRACTOR

- The person or persons, firm, partnership, corporation, or combination thereof, private or municipal, who have entered into a contract with the Department of Transportation, as party or parties of the second part or their legal representatives.

1-1.07 DAYS

- Unless otherwise designated, days as used in the contract documents will be understood to mean calendar days.

1-1.08 DEPARTMENT

- The Department of Transportation of the State of California, as created by law.

1-1.09 DIRECTOR

- The executive officer of the Department of Transportation, as created by law.

1-1.10 ENGINEER

- The Chief Engineer, Department of Transportation, acting either directly or through properly authorized agents, the agents acting within the scope of the particular duties delegated to them.

1-1.11 GENERAL NOTES

- The written instructions, provisions, conditions or other requirements appearing on the plans, and so identified thereon, which pertain to the performance of the work.

1-1.12 LABORATORY

- The Division of Engineering Services - Materials Engineering and Testing Services and the Division of Engineering Services - Geotechnical Services of the Department of Transportation, or established laboratories of the various Districts of the Department, or other laboratories authorized by the Department to test materials and work involved in the contract. When a reference is made in the specifications to the "Transportation Laboratory," the reference shall mean the Division of Engineering Services - Materials Engineering and Testing Services and the Division of Engineering Services - Geotechnical Services, located at 5900 Folsom Boulevard, Sacramento, CA 95819, Telephone (916) 227-7000.

1-1.13 LEGAL HOLIDAYS

- Those days designated as State holidays in the Government Code.

1-1.14 LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

- The amount prescribed in the special provisions, pursuant to the authority of Public Contract Code Section 10226, to be paid to the State or to be deducted from any payments due or to become due the Contractor for each day's delay in completing the whole or any specified portion of the work beyond the time allowed in the special provisions.

1-1.15 PLANS

- The official drawings including plans, elevations, sections, detail drawings, diagrams, plates, general notes, information and schedules thereon, or exact reproductions thereof, approved by the Engineer, which show the location, character, dimensions and details of the work to be performed. The plans include any drawings or plates bound within the special provisions.

1-1.16 PREMISES

- The area of State-owned property which surrounds the work site, limited by the property lines thereof. In some cases the premises may coincide with the work site.

1-1.17 PROPOSAL

- The offer of the bidder for the work when made out and submitted on the prescribed proposal form, properly signed and guaranteed.

1-1.18 PROPOSAL FORM

- The approved form upon which the Department of Transportation requires formal bids be prepared and submitted for the work.

1-1.19 PROPOSAL GUARANTY

- The cash, cashier's check, certified check, or bidder's bond accompanying the proposal submitted by the bidder, as a guaranty that the bidder will enter into a contract with the Department of Transportation for the performance of the work if the contract is awarded to the bidder.

1-1.20 SPECIAL PROVISIONS

- The special provisions are specific clauses setting forth conditions or requirements of the work and supplementary to these General Conditions and the Instructions to Bidders. The Department of Transportation publication entitled Labor Surcharge And Equipment Rental Rates is to be considered as a part of the special provisions.

1-1.21 STATE

- The State of California.

1-1.22 STATE CONTRACT ACT

- An act to regulate contracts for the erection, construction, alteration, repair or improvement of any state structure, building, road, or other State improvements of any kind, to be found in Chapter 1, Division 2 of the Public Contract Code.

1-1.23 WORK

- The furnishing of all labor, and the furnishing and installing of all materials, articles, supplies and equipment as specified, designated, or required by the contract.

1-1.24 WORKING DAY

- Every day except Saturdays, Sundays, legal holidays, and those days not charged as working days pursuant to Section 6-1.07, "Time of Completion," of these General Conditions.

1-1.25 WORK SITE

- The area of actual construction and the areas immediately adjacent thereto.

1-1.26 ABBREVIATIONS

AAMA	Architectural Aluminum Manufacturers' Association
AAN	American Association of Nurserymen
AASHTO	American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials
ACI	American Concrete Institute
AGA	American Gas Association
AISC	American Institute of Steel Construction
AISI	American Iron and Steel Institute

AITC	American Institute of Timber Construction
AMCA	Air Movement and Control Association
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
APA	American Plywood Association
APHA	American Public Health Association
API	American Petroleum Institute.
AREA	American Railway Engineering Association
ARI	American Refrigeration Institute
ASHRAE	American Society of Heating, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Engineers
ASME	American Society of Mechanical Engineers
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
AWG	American Wire Gage
AWPA	American Wood Preservers' Association
AWS	American Welding Society
AWWA	American Water Works Association
CBC	California Building Code
CEC	California Electrical Code
CS	Commercial Standards (US Department of Commerce)
EIA	Electronic Industries Association
ESO	Electrical Safety Orders
FGMA	Flat Glass Marketing Association
FM	Factory Mutual
FS	Federal Specification
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
ICBO	International Conference of Building Officials
NAAMM	National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers
NBFU	National Board Fire Underwriters
NEC	National Electrical Code
NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturers' Association
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
PEI	Porcelain Enamel Institute
PS	Product Standard (US Department of Commerce)
RIS	Redwood Inspection Service
SCPI	Structural Clay Products Institute
SMACNA	Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association
TCA	Tile Council of America
TPI	Truss Plate Institute
UBC	Uniform Building Code
UL	Underwriters' Laboratory
UPC	Uniform Plumbing Code
WCLB	Grade Stamp for WCLIB
WCLIB	West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau (Grade Stamped WCLB)
WIC	Woodwork Institute of California
WWPA	Western Wood Products' Association

Units of Measurement

- Some of the symbols for units of measurement used in the specifications are defined as follows. The symbols for other units of measurement used in the specifications are as defined in ASTM Designation: E-380, or in the various specifications and test referenced in the specifications.

Symbols as used
in the Specifications

Definitions

A	amperes
g	gram
kg	kilogram
ha	hectare (10 000 m ²)
h	hour
J	joule
L	liter
m	meter
km	kilometer
mm	millimeter
μm	micrometer
nm	nanometer
m ²	square meter
m ³	cubic meter
N	newton
N·m	newton meter
Ω	ohm
Pa	pascal
kPa	kilopascal
MPa	megapascal
s	second
tonne	metric ton (1000 kg)
W	watt
V	volt

SECTION 2

CONTROL AND SCOPE OF THE WORK

2-1.01 AUTHORITY OF ENGINEER

• The Engineer shall decide all questions which may arise as to the quality or acceptability of materials furnished and work performed and as to the manner of performance and rate of progress of the work; all questions which may arise as to the interpretation of the plans and special provisions; all questions as to the acceptable fulfillment of the contract on the part of the Contractor; and all questions as to compensation. The Engineer's decision shall be final, and the Engineer shall have authority to enforce and make effective those decisions and orders which the Contractor fails to carry out promptly.

2-1.02 INTENT OF PLANS AND SPECIAL PROVISIONS

• The intent of the plans and special provisions is to prescribe the details for the construction and completion of the work which the Contractor undertakes to perform in conformance with the terms of the contract. Where the plans or special provisions describe portions of the work in general terms, but not in complete detail, it is understood that only the best general practice is to prevail and that only materials and workmanship of the first quality are to be used. Unless otherwise specified, the Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and do all the work involved in executing the contract in a satisfactory and workmanlike manner.

2-1.03 COORDINATION AND INTERPRETATION OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

• These General Conditions, the plans, special provisions, contract change orders, and all supplementary documents are essential parts of the contract, and a requirement occurring in one is as binding as though occurring in all. They are intended to be complementary, and to describe and provide for a complete work.

• Plans shall govern over these General Conditions; the special provisions shall govern over both these General Conditions and the plans.

• Should it appear that the work to be done or any of the matters relative thereto are not sufficiently detailed or explained in these General Conditions, the special provisions, or the plans, the Contractor shall apply to the Engineer for further explanations as may be necessary and shall conform to them as part of the contract. In the event of any doubt or question arising respecting the true meaning of these General Conditions, the special provisions or the plans, reference shall be made to the Engineer, whose decision thereon shall be final.

• In the event of any discrepancy, between any drawing and the figures written thereon, the figures shall be taken as correct. Detail drawings shall prevail over general drawings and general notes shall prevail over drawings.

2-1.04 SHOP DRAWINGS, DESCRIPTIVE DATA, SAMPLES, AND ALTERNATIVES

• It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to submit, so as to cause no delay in the work, all shop drawings, descriptive data, samples for the various trades as required by the special provisions, and offers of alternatives, if any. The submittals shall be checked and coordinated by the Contractor with the work of other trades involved before they are submitted to the Engineer for examination.

• Submittals shall be delivered to the locations indicated in the special provisions.

• Work requiring the submittal of shop drawings, descriptive data or samples shall not begin prior to approval of that submittal by the Engineer. Fifteen working days shall be allowed for approval or return for correction of each submittal or resubmittal. Approval of submittals shall not operate to waive any of the requirements of the plans and specifications or relieve the Contractor of any obligation thereunder, and defective work, materials and equipment may be rejected notwithstanding the approval of that submittal. Should the Engineer fail to complete his review within the time allowance and if, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor's controlling operation is delayed or interfered with by reason of the delay in review, an extension of time commensurate with the delay in completion of the work thus caused will be granted pursuant to the provisions in Section 6-1.08, "Liquidated Damages," of these General Conditions, and no additional compensation will be allowed for the delay.

• Submittals shall be made by a letter of transmittal which shall contain a list of all matter submitted and identification of all variations from the plans and special provisions contained in the submittal. The letter and all items accompanying the same shall be fully identified as to project name and location, Contractor's name, district, county, and contract number, with ample cross references to the contract documents, to facilitate identification of items and their location in the work. Additional specific requirements shall be as follows:

Shop Drawings

• The Contractor shall submit at least 5 copies of all shop drawings required by the special provisions. Two copies will be returned to the Contractor either approved for use or returned for correction and resubmittal. Shop drawings include any

drawing which requires execution by a draftsman as distinguished from printed matter. The size of shop drawings shall be 559 mm x 864 mm or 279 mm x 432 mm in size.

Descriptive Data

- The Contractor shall submit 5 copies of each set of manufacturer's brochures or other data required by the special provisions. The State will examine the submittals and return 2 copies either approved for use or returned for correction and resubmittal.

Samples

- The Contractor shall submit samples of articles, materials or equipment as required by the special provisions. The work shall be in conformance with the approved samples. Samples shall be removed from State property when directed or may be incorporated in the work if approved by the Engineer. Samples not removed by the Contractor will become the property of the State or, at the State's option, will be removed or disposed of by the State at the Contractor's expense.

Alternatives

- For convenience in designation on the plans or in the special provisions, certain materials, articles, or equipment may be designated by a brand or a trade name or the name of the manufacturer together with catalog designation or other identifying information, hereinafter referred to generically as "designated by brand name". An alternative material, article, or equipment which is of equal quality and of the required characteristics for the purpose intended may be proposed for use provided the Contractor complies with the following requirements:

- 1 The Contractor shall submit his proposal for an alternative in writing. The request shall be made in ample time to permit approval without delaying the work, but need not be made in less than 35 days after award of the contract.
- 2 No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by complete information and descriptive data, necessary to determine the equality of the offered materials, articles, or equipment. Samples shall be provided when requested by the Engineer. The Contractor shall satisfy the Engineer as to the comparative quality, suitability, or performance of the offered materials, articles, or equipment. In the event that the Engineer rejects the use of the alternative materials, articles, or equipment, then one of the particular products designated by brand name shall be furnished.

- Approval of submittals by the Engineer shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for the successful completion of the work, nor shall it relieve the Contractor from responsibility for errors in the submittals. A failure by the Contractor to identify in the letter of transmittal, material deviations from the plans or specifications shall void the submittal and any action taken thereon by the Engineer. When specifically requested by the Engineer, the Contractor shall resubmit the shop drawings, descriptive data and samples as may be required.

- If any mechanical, electrical, structural, or other changes are required for the proper installation and fit of alternative materials, articles, or equipment, or because of deviations from the contract plans and special provisions, the changes shall not be made without the approval of the Engineer and shall be made without additional cost to the State.

2-1.045 DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS

- During the progress of the work, if subsurface or latent physical conditions are encountered at the site differing materially from those indicated in the contract or if unknown physical conditions of an unusual nature, differing materially from those ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inherent in the work provided for in the contract, are encountered at the site, the party discovering those conditions shall promptly notify the other party in writing of the specific differing conditions before they are disturbed and before the affected work is performed.

- Upon written notification, the Engineer will investigate the conditions, and if the Engineer determines that the conditions materially differ and cause an increase or decrease in the cost or time required for the performance of any work under the contract, an adjustment, excluding loss of anticipated profits, will be made and the contract modified in writing accordingly. The Engineer will notify the Contractor of his determination whether or not an adjustment of the contract is warranted.

- No contract adjustment which results in a benefit to the Contractor will be allowed unless the Contractor has provided the required written notice.

- No contract adjustment will be allowed under the provisions specified in this section for any effects caused on unchanged work.

- Any contract adjustment warranted due to differing site conditions will be made in conformance with the provisions in Section 3-1.01, "Changes," of these General Conditions, except as otherwise provided.

2-1.05 PRESERVATION AND CLEANING

- The Contractor shall clean up the work at frequent intervals and at other times when directed by the Engineer. While finish work is being accomplished, floors shall be kept clean, free of dust, construction debris and trash. Upon completion of the work, the Contractor shall remove from the premises the Contractor's construction equipment and any waste materials not previously disposed of, leaving the premises thoroughly clean and ready for final inspection.

2-1.06 LIMITATIONS ON WORK SITE AND PREMISES

- The Contractor shall limit the Contractor's construction operations to the work site unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified. The Contractor shall perform no operations of any nature over or on the premises except those operations as are authorized by the plans or special provisions, or as authorized by the Engineer.

2-1.07 SUPERINTENDENCE

- The Contractor shall designate in writing before starting work, an authorized representative who shall have the authority to represent and act for the Contractor.
- When the Contractor is comprised of 2 or more persons, firms, partnerships, or corporations functioning on a joint venture basis, the Contractor shall designate in writing before starting work, the name of one authorized representative who shall have the authority to represent and act for the Contractor.
- The authorized representative shall be present at the site of the work at all times while work is actually in progress on the contract. When work is not in progress and during periods when work is suspended, arrangements acceptable to the Engineer shall be made for any emergency work which may be required.
- Whenever the Contractor or the Contractor's authorized representative is not present on any particular part of the work where it may be desired to give direction, orders will be given by the Engineer, which shall be received and obeyed by the superintendent or foreman who may have charge of the particular work in reference to which the orders are given.
- Any order given by the Engineer, not otherwise required by the specifications to be in writing, will on request of the Contractor, be given or confirmed by the Engineer in writing.

2-1.08 CHARACTER OF WORKMEN

- If any subcontractor or person employed by the Contractor shall appear to the Engineer to be incompetent or to act in a disorderly or improper manner, they shall be discharged immediately on the request of the Engineer, and that person shall not again be employed on the work.

2-1.09 INSPECTION

- The Contractor shall at all times permit the Engineer and the Engineer's authorized agents to inspect the work or any part thereof. The Contractor shall maintain proper facilities and provide safe access for inspection by the Engineer to all parts of the work, and to the shops where the work is in preparation. Work shall not be covered up until authorized by the Engineer and the Contractor shall be solely responsible for notifying the Engineer where and when the work is in readiness for inspection and testing. Should any work be covered without authorization, it shall, if so ordered, be uncovered at the Contractor's expense.
- Whenever the Contractor intends to perform work on Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday, the Contractor shall give notice to the Engineer of the Contractor's intention 48 hours prior to performing that work, or a longer period as may be specified so that the Engineer may make necessary arrangements.

2-1.10 REMOVAL OF REJECTED AND UNAUTHORIZED WORK

- All work which has been rejected shall be remedied, or removed and replaced by the Contractor in a manner acceptable to the Engineer and no compensation will be allowed to the Contractor for the removal, replacement, or remedial work.
- Any work done beyond the lines shown on the plans or established by the Engineer, or any work done without written authority will be considered as unauthorized work and will not be paid for. Upon order of the Engineer, unauthorized work shall be remedied, removed, or replaced at the Contractor's expense.
- Upon failure of the Contractor to comply promptly with any order of the Engineer made under this Section 2-1.10, the Department may cause rejected or unauthorized work to be remedied, removed, or replaced, and the costs thereof will be deducted from any moneys due or to become due the Contractor.

2-1.11 COST REDUCTION INCENTIVE

- The Contractor may submit to the Engineer, in writing, proposals for modifying the plans, special provisions or other requirements of the contract for the sole purpose of reducing the total cost of construction. The cost reduction proposal shall not impair, in any manner, the essential functions or characteristics of the project, including but not limited to service life, economy of operation, ease of maintenance, desired appearance, or design and safety standards.

- Prior to preparing a cost reduction proposal, the Contractor shall request a meeting with the Engineer to discuss the proposal in concept and to determine the merit of the cost reduction proposal. Items of discussion will also include permit issues, impact on other projects, impact on the project schedule, peer reviews, and review times required by the Department and other agencies.
- Cost reduction proposals shall contain the following information:
 1. A description of both the existing contract requirements for performing the work and the proposed changes.
 2. An itemization of the contract requirements that must be changed if the proposal is adopted.
 3. A detailed estimate of the cost of performing the work under the existing contract and under the proposed change. The estimates of cost shall be determined in the same manner as if the work were to be paid for as a change in the work as provided in Section 3, "Changes in the Work," of these General Conditions.
 4. A statement of the time within which the Engineer must make a decision thereon.
 5. The contract work affected by the proposed changes, including any quantity variation attributable thereto.
- The provisions of this Section 2-1.11 shall not be construed to require the Engineer to consider any cost reduction proposal which may be submitted hereunder; proposed changes in basic design will not be considered as an acceptable cost reduction proposal; and the Department will not be liable to the Contractor for failure to accept or act upon any cost reduction proposal submitted pursuant to this section nor for any delays to the work attributable to any cost reduction proposal. If a cost reduction proposal is similar to a change in the plans or special provisions, under consideration by the Department for the project, at the time the proposal is submitted or if the proposal is based upon or similar to standard special provisions adopted by the Department after the advertisement for the contract, the Engineer will not accept the proposal, and the Department reserves the right to make the changes without compensation to the Contractor under the provisions of this section.
- The Contractor shall continue to perform the work in conformance with the requirements of the contract until an executed change order, incorporating the cost reduction proposal has been issued. If an executed change order has not been issued by the date upon which the Contractor's cost reduction proposal specifies that a decision thereon should be made, or such other date as the Contractor may subsequently have specified in writing, the cost reduction proposal shall be deemed rejected.
- The Engineer shall be the sole judge of the acceptability of a cost reduction proposal and of the estimated net savings in construction costs from the adoption of all or any part of the proposal. In determining the estimated net savings, the right is reserved to disregard the schedules of values if, in the judgment of the Engineer, the schedule does not represent a fair measure of the value of work to be performed or to be deleted.
- The Department reserves the right where it deems action is appropriate, to require the Contractor to share in the Department's costs of investigating a cost reduction proposal submitted by the Contractor as a condition of considering the proposal. Where this condition is imposed, the Contractor shall indicate acceptance thereof in writing, and that acceptance shall constitute full authority for the Department to deduct amounts payable to the Department from any moneys due or that may become due to the Contractor under the contract.
- If the Contractor's cost reduction proposal is accepted in whole or in part the acceptance will be by a contract change order, which shall specifically state that it is executed pursuant to this Section 2-1.11. The change order shall incorporate the changes in the plans and special provisions which are necessary to permit the cost reduction proposal or that part of it as has been accepted to be put into effect, and shall include any conditions upon which the Department's approval thereof is based if the approval of the Department is conditional. The change order shall also set forth the estimated net savings in construction costs attributable to the cost reduction proposal effectuated by the change order, and shall further provide that the Contractor be paid 50 percent of that estimated net savings amount. The Contractor's cost of preparing the cost reduction incentive proposal and the Department's costs of investigating a cost reduction incentive proposal, including any portion thereof paid by the Contractor, shall be excluded from consideration in determining the estimated net savings in construction costs.
- Acceptance of the cost reduction proposal and performance of the work thereunder shall not extend the time of completion of the contract unless specifically provided for in the contract change order authorizing the use of the cost reduction proposal.
- The amount specified to be paid to the Contractor in the change order which effectuates a cost reduction proposal shall constitute full compensation to the Contractor for the cost reduction proposal and the performance of the work thereof pursuant to the change order.
- The Department expressly reserves the right to adopt a cost reduction proposal for general use on contracts administered by the Department when it determines that the proposal is suitable for application to other contracts. When an accepted cost reduction proposal is adopted for general use, only the Contractor who first submitted that proposal will be eligible for

compensation pursuant to this section, and in that case, only as to those contracts awarded to that Contractor prior to submission of the accepted cost reduction proposal and as to which the cost reduction proposal is also submitted and accepted. Cost reduction proposals identical or similar to previously submitted proposals will be eligible for consideration and compensation under the provisions of this Section 2-1.11 if the identical or similar previously submitted proposals were not adopted for general application to other contracts administered by the Department. Subject to the provisions contained herein, the State or any other public agency shall have the right to use all or any part of any submitted cost reduction proposal without obligation or compensation of any kind to the Contractor.

- This Section 2-1.11 shall apply only to contracts awarded to the lowest bidder pursuant to competitive bidding.

SECTION 3

CHANGES IN THE WORK

3-1.01 CHANGES

- The Department reserves the right to order changes in the contract at any time prior to the acceptance of the work by the Director, and the Contractor shall comply with the ordered changes. Changes or deviations from the contract shall not be made without authority in writing from the Engineer, and changes to the work without the Engineer's written approval will be considered unauthorized work and will not be paid for.
- On the basis set forth in this Section 3, the contract lump sum price will be adjusted for any ordered change which results in a change in the cost of the work.
- When ordered by the Engineer, the Contractor shall halt work in the area affected by a proposed change. Whenever it appears to the Contractor that a change is necessary, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Engineer of the reasons for that change; however, work in the area affected shall not be discontinued unless ordered by the Engineer.
- For any approved change in the work, the Contractor shall be entitled to an adjustment in time equal to the number of working days which completion of the entire work is delayed due to the changed work, and the State will be entitled to an adjustment in time equal to the number of working days which completion of the entire work is advanced due to the changed work. For ordinary changes, the Contractor's cost estimate for the changed work shall state the amount of extra time, if any, that the Contractor considers should be allowed for making the requested change. Failure to request additional time when submitting the estimate, or failure to submit the estimate, shall constitute a waiver of the right to later claim any adjustment in time based upon changed work. For ordinary changes which decrease the amount of work and for indeterminate type changes, an adjustment in time commensurate with the changed work will be determined by the Engineer. Disagreement as to time adjustments shall not affect contract price adjustments, nor shall it be cause for not proceeding with the changed work when ordered by the Engineer. The Contractor shall have the right, however, to further pursue a time adjustment in the event agreement is not reached.

3-1.01A Ordinary Changes

- The Engineer will notify the Contractor in writing of any proposed changes and describe the intended change. Within 15 days after receipt of a written request, the Contractor shall submit his proposed price to be added or deducted from the contract price due to the change. The Contractor's proposed price to be added to or deducted from the contract price shall be supported by detailed estimates of cost prepared by the Contractor. The Contractor shall also provide information to support any request for an adjustment in contract time which is directly attributable to the changed work. The Contractor shall, upon request by the Engineer, permit inspection of his original contract estimate, subcontract agreements or purchase orders relating to the change.
- If agreement is reached on the adjustment in compensation as provided in Section 3-1.01C, "Agreed Cost for Changes," of these General Conditions, the Contractor shall proceed with the work at the agreed price.
- If the Contractor and the Engineer fail to agree as to the adjustment in compensation for the performance of the changed work, the Contractor, upon written order from the Engineer, shall proceed immediately with the changed work and the contract price will be adjusted in conformance with the provisions in Section 3-1.01D, "Failure to Agree to the Cost of Changes," of these General Conditions.
- If the Contractor fails to submit his cost estimate within the specified 15 day period, the specified period may be extended in writing by the Engineer. If the Engineer does not so extend the specified period, or if the Contractor fails to submit his cost estimate within the extended time period, the Contractor shall commence the work immediately upon receipt of written order from the Engineer and the contract price will be adjusted in conformance with the provisions in Section 3-1.01D, "Failure to Agree to the Cost of Changes," of these General Conditions.

3-1.01B Indeterminate Type Changes

- Changes in the work of a kind where the cost of the work cannot be determined until completed, may be authorized by the Engineer in writing. The written order shall state that it is issued pursuant to this Section 3-1.01B. Upon receipt of a written order from the Engineer, the Contractor shall proceed with the ordered work and the contract price will be adjusted in conformance with the provisions in Section 3-1.01D, "Failure to Agree to the Cost of Changes," of these General Conditions.

3-1.01C Agreed Cost For Changes

- If the Engineer and the Contractor agree as to the adjustment in compensation for the performance of changed work on the basis of the Contractor's proposed cost estimate of the work, the contract lump sum price will be adjusted accordingly. The adjustment in compensation shall be agreed to in writing and executed by both parties.

3-1.01D Failure To Agree To The Cost Of Changes

- When a proposed change order decreases the cost of the work and the Engineer and the Contractor fail to agree upon the decreased cost thereof, the Engineer's estimated decrease in cost will be deducted from the contract price. The Contractor will be allowed 15 days after receipt of a contract change order approved by the Engineer, in which to file a written protest setting forth in what respects the Contractor differs from the Engineer's estimate of decreased cost, otherwise the decision of the Engineer to deduct the Engineer's estimate of decreased cost shall be deemed to have been accepted by the Contractor as correct.
- In the event the Engineer and the Contractor fail to agree on the cost of a change order which increases the cost of the work, the Engineer will maintain a daily job record containing a detailed summary of all labor, materials and equipment required by the ordered change. At the end of each day's work, the Contractor shall review the Engineer's daily job record comparing with the Contractor's own records, and after agreement is reached, the daily job record shall be signed by both the Engineer and the Contractor and shall become the basis for payment for the changed work. Upon completion of the work under the change order, the Contractor shall submit an invoice listing only those items of labor, materials and equipment that were agreed to by both the Engineer and the Contractor to be in addition to the requirements of the contract, together with allowable markups.
- When there is a failure to agree as to cost, no payment for the changed work will be made to the Contractor until all work called for in the change order has been completed, except that progress payments may be made on those portions of the changed work which the Contractor and the Engineer agree as to cost.

3-1.01E Allowable Costs For Changes

- The only costs which will be allowed because of changed work and the manner in which these costs shall be computed are set forth in Sections 3-1.01E(1) through 3-1.01E(5) of these General Conditions. Where the term "actual cost" is used in the aforesaid sections, it shall be deemed to mean "estimated cost" where the adjustment in compensation is of a necessity based upon estimated costs.

3-1.01E(1) Labor

- The Contractor will be paid an amount based on the actual cost for labor and supervision directly required for the performance of the changed work, including payments, assessment of benefits required by lawful labor union collective bargaining agreements; compensation insurance payments; contributions made to the State pursuant to the Unemployment Insurance Code, and for taxes paid to the Federal Government pursuant to the Social Security Act of August 14, 1935, as amended. No labor cost will be recognized at a rate in excess of the wages prevailing in the locality at the time the work is performed, nor will the use of a labor classification which would increase the cost be permitted unless the Contractor establishes to the complete satisfaction of the Engineer the necessity for payment at a higher rate.

3-1.01E(2) Materials

- The Contractor will be paid an amount based on the actual cost of the materials directly required for the performance of the changed work. The cost of materials may include the costs of procurement, transportation and delivery if necessarily incurred. If a cash or trade discount by the actual supplier is available to the Contractor, it shall be credited to the State. If the materials are obtained from a supply or source owned wholly or in part by the Contractor, payment therefor will not exceed the current wholesale price for the materials. If, in the opinion of the Engineer, the cost of materials is excessive, or if the Contractor fails to furnish satisfactory evidence of the cost to the Engineer from the actual supplier, the cost of the materials shall be deemed to be the lowest current wholesale price at which similar materials are available in the quantities required. The Department reserves the right to furnish the materials required by the change order as it deems advisable, and the Contractor shall have no claim for cost or markups on material furnished by the Department.

3-1.01E(3) Equipment

- The Contractor will be paid an amount based on the actual cost for the use of equipment directly required and approved by the Engineer in the performance of the changed work. No payment will be made for time while equipment is inoperative due to breakdowns or on days when no work is performed. In addition, the rental time shall include the time required to move the equipment to the work from the nearest available source of the required equipment, and to return it to the source. If the equipment is not moved by its own power, then loading and transportation costs will be paid. Moving time, loading and transportation costs will only be paid if the equipment is used exclusively on the changed work during the time between move in and move out. Individual pieces of equipment having a replacement value of \$500 or less shall be considered to be tools or small equipment, and no payment will be made therefor. For equipment owned, furnished, or rented by the Contractor, no cost therefor shall be recognized in excess of the rental rates established by distributors or equipment rental agencies in the locality where the work is performed.

3-1.01E(4) Markups

- When a change order increases the cost of the work, the Contractor may add the following maximum markups to the actual costs of labor, materials, or equipment rental:

33 percent for labor;
15 percent for materials; and
15 percent for equipment rental.

- The above markups include full compensation for bonds, profit and overhead.
- When a change order decreases the cost of the work, the reduction in cost shall include a 5 percent markup on the estimated cost for furnishing the labor, materials and equipment which would have been used on the work had the change order not been issued.
- When a change order involves both added work and deleted work, the markup or markups to be used shall be as follows:

The actual costs of labor, materials, and equipment rental for added and deleted work shall be calculated separately without adding markups. If the difference between the calculated costs for labor results in an increased cost, a markup of 33 percent shall be applied to the increased cost. If the difference between the calculated costs of materials or equipment rental results in an increased cost, a markup of 15 percent shall be applied to the increased costs of materials or equipment rental, as the case may be. If the difference between the calculated costs for labor, materials or equipment rental results in a decreased cost, a markup of 5 percent shall be applied to the decreased costs of labor, materials or equipment rental, as the case may be.

- When added or deleted work is performed by an authorized subcontractor, approved in conformance with the provisions in Section 1-1.05, "Required Listing of Proposed Subcontractors," of the Instructions to Bidders, an additional 5 percent will be added to the total cost of the work including all markups specified in this Section 3-1.01E(4). The additional 5 percent markup shall reimburse the Contractor for additional administrative costs, and no other additional payment will be made by reason of performance of the work by a subcontractor.

3-1.01E(5) General Limitation

- In no event shall any actual cost for added work be recognized in excess of market values prevailing at the time of the change, unless the Contractor can establish to the satisfaction of the Engineer that the Contractor investigated all possible means of obtaining the added work at prevailing market values and that the excess cost could not be avoided by the Contractor. The Engineer will determine the necessity for incurring the costs enumerated above, and as to whether they are directly required for the performance of the changed work. Lump sum quotations may be accepted at the option of the Engineer. When a change order deletes work from the contract, the computation of the cost thereof shall be the values which prevailed at the time bids for the work were opened.

- When work under this Section 3 is performed by forces other than the Contractor's organization, no additional payment will be made by the State by reason of the performance of the work by a subcontractor or other forces, except as provided elsewhere in this Section 3.

SECTION 4

CONTROL OF MATERIALS

4-1.01 MATERIALS

- The Contractor shall furnish all materials required to complete the work, except materials that are designated in the special provisions to be furnished by the State and materials furnished by the State in conformance with Section 3, "Changes in the Work," of these General Conditions.
- Unless otherwise specified in the special provisions, materials furnished by the Contractor for incorporation into the work shall be new. When the quality or kind of materials, articles, or equipment is not specifically indicated, then the quality or kind thereof shall be similar to those which are indicated.
- Articles or materials to be incorporated in the work shall be stored in such a manner as to insure the preservation of their quality and fitness for the work, and to facilitate inspection.
- All materials which do not conform to the requirements of the plans and special provisions, as determined by the Engineer, will be rejected whether in place or not. Rejected material shall be removed immediately from the site of the work, unless otherwise permitted by the Engineer. No rejected material, the defects of which have been subsequently corrected, shall be used in the work, unless approval in writing has been given by the Engineer. Upon failure of the Contractor to comply promptly with any order of the Engineer made under these provisions, the Engineer shall have authority to cause the removal and replacement of rejected material and to deduct the cost thereof from any moneys due or to become due the Contractor.
- Manufacturers' warranties, guaranties, instruction sheets and parts lists, which are furnished with certain materials incorporated in the work, shall be delivered to the Engineer before acceptance of the contract.
- Unless otherwise designated in the special provisions, materials furnished by the State will be delivered to the job site. Materials furnished by the State that are designated in the special provisions as available at locations other than the job site shall be hauled to the site of the work by the Contractor at his expense, including any necessary loading and unloading that may be involved.
- The Contractor will be held responsible for all materials furnished to him, and he shall pay all demurrage and storage charges. State-furnished materials lost or damaged from any cause whatsoever shall be replaced by the Contractor. The Contractor will be liable to the Department for the cost of replacing State-furnished material and those costs may be deducted from any moneys due or to become due the Contractor.

4-1.02 PRODUCT AND REFERENCE STANDARDS

- When descriptive catalog designations, including manufacturer's name, product brand name, or model number are referred to in the contract documents, those designations shall be considered as being those found in industry publications in effect on the day the Notice to Contractors for the work is dated.
- When standards or test designations are referred to in the contract documents by specific date of issue, they shall be considered a part of the contract. When those references do not bear a date of issue, the edition in effect on the day the Notice to Contractors for the work is dated shall be considered as part of the contract.

4-1.03 SAMPLING AND TESTING OF MATERIALS

- Unless otherwise specified, all tests shall be performed in conformance with the methods used by the Department of Transportation and shall be made by the Engineer or his designated representative.
- The Department has developed methods for testing the quality of materials and work. These methods are identified by number and are referred to as California Test. Up to five copies of individual California Tests are available at the Division of New Technology, Materials and Research, located at 5900 Folsom Boulevard, (P.O. Box 19128), Sacramento, CA 95819, and will be furnished to interested persons upon request. If a complete set of California Test Methods is desired, it can be purchased from the Department's Office of Business Management, Materiel Operations Branch, 1900 Royal Oaks Drive, Sacramento, CA 95815.
- Whenever a reference is made in the special provisions to a California Test by number, it shall mean the California Test in effect on the day the Notice to Contractors for the work is dated.
- Whenever the special provisions provide an option between 2 or more tests, the Engineer will determine the test method to be used.
- Whenever a specification, manual, or test designation provides for test reports (such as certified mill test reports) from the manufacturer, copies of those reports, identified as to the lot of material, shall be furnished to the Engineer. The manufacturer's test reports shall supplement the inspection, sampling and testing provisions of this Section 4-1.03 and shall not constitute a waiver of the State's right to inspect. When material which cannot be identified with specific test reports is proposed for use, the Engineer may, at his discretion, select random samples from the lot for testing. Testing specimens from

the random samples, including those required for retest, shall be prepared in conformance with the referenced specification and furnished by the Contractor at his expense. The number of samples and test specimens shall be entirely at the discretion of the Engineer.

- When requested by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish, without charge, samples of all materials entering into the work, and no material shall be used prior to approval by the Engineer, except as provided in Section 4-1.04, "Certificates of Compliance," of these General Conditions.

4-1.035 TESTING BY CONTRACTOR

- The Contractor shall be responsible for controlling the quality of the material entering the work and of the work performed, and shall perform testing as necessary to ensure quality control. The test methods used for quality control testing by the Contractor shall be as determined by the Contractor. The results of those quality control tests shall be made available to the Engineer upon request. Contractor performed quality control tests are for the Contractor's use in controlling the work and will not be accepted for use as acceptance tests.

4-1.04 CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE

- A Certificate of Compliance shall be furnished prior to the use of any materials for which the special provisions require that a Certificate of Compliance be furnished. In addition, the Engineer may permit the use of certain materials or assemblies prior to sampling and testing if accompanied by a Certificate of Compliance. The certificate shall be signed by the manufacturer of the material or the manufacturer of assembled materials and shall state that the materials involved comply in all respects with the requirements of the special provisions. A Certificate of Compliance shall be furnished with each lot of such materials delivered to the work and the lot so certified shall be clearly identified in the certificate.
- Materials used on the basis of a Certificate of Compliance may be sampled and tested at any time. The fact that material is used on the basis of a Certificate of Compliance shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for incorporating material in the work which conforms to the requirements of the plans and special provisions and any material not conforming to those requirements will be subject to rejection whether in place or not.
- The Department reserves the right to refuse to permit the use of material on the basis of a Certificate of Compliance.
- The form of the Certificate of Compliance and its disposition shall be as directed by the Engineer.

SECTION 5

LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

5-1.01 LAWS TO BE OBSERVED

. The Contractor shall keep informed of and observe, and comply with and cause all of his agents and employees to observe and comply with all prevailing Federal and State laws, and rules and regulations made pursuant to the Federal and State laws, and county and municipal ordinances, and regulations, which in any way affect the conduct of the work of the contract. If any conflict arises between provisions of the contract and any laws above referred to, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer at once in writing. The Contractor shall protect and indemnify the State or any of its officers, agents, and servants against any claim or liability arising from or based on the violation of any law, rule, or regulation, whether by the Contractor or the Contractor's agents or employees.

5-1.01A Hours of Labor

. Eight hours labor constitutes a legal day's work. The Contractor or any subcontractor under the Contractor shall forfeit, as a penalty to the State of California, \$25 for each worker employed in the execution of the contract by the respective Contractor or subcontractor for each calendar day during which that worker is required or permitted to work more than 8 hours in any one calendar day and 40 hours in any one calendar week in violation of the provisions of the Labor Code, and in particular, Section 1810 to Section 1815, thereof, inclusive, except that work performed by employees of Contractors in excess of 8 hours per day, and 40 hours during any one week, shall be permitted upon compensation for all hours worked in excess of 8 hours per day at not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay, as provided in Section 1815 thereof.

5-1.01B Labor Nondiscrimination

. Attention is directed to Section 1735 of the Labor Code, which reads as follows:

"No discrimination shall be made in the employment of persons upon public works because of the race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical handicap, medical condition, marital status, or sex of such persons, except as provided in Section 12940 of the Government Code and every contractor for public works violating this section is subject to all the penalties imposed for a violation of this chapter."

. Attention is directed to the following "Nondiscrimination Clause" that is required by Chapter 5 of Division 4 of Title 2, California Code of Regulations:

NONDISCRIMINATION CLAUSE

1. During the performance of this contract, contractor and its subcontractors shall not unlawfully discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, physical handicap, medical condition, marital status, age (over 40) or sex. Contractors and subcontractors shall ensure that the evaluation and treatment of their employees and applicants for employment are free of such discrimination. Contractors and subcontractors shall comply with the provisions of the Fair Employment and Housing Act (Gov. Code, Section 12990 et seq.) and the applicable regulations promulgated thereunder (California Code of Regulations, Title 2, Section 7285.0 et seq.). The applicable regulations of the Fair Employment and Housing Commission implementing Government Code, Section 12990, set forth in Chapter 5 of Division 4 of Title 2 of the California Code of Regulations are incorporated into this contract by reference and made a part hereof as if set forth in full. Contractor and its subcontractors shall give written notice of their obligations under this clause to labor organizations with which they have a collective bargaining or other agreement.
2. This Contractor shall include the nondiscrimination and compliance provisions of this clause in all subcontracts to perform work under the contract.

STANDARD CALIFORNIA NONDISCRIMINATION CONSTRUCTION

CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS (GOVERNMENT CODE, SECTION 12990)

These specifications are applicable to all nonexempt State contracts and subcontracts, and to the "Standard California Nondiscrimination Construction Contract Specifications" set forth herein. The specifications are applicable to all nonexempt State construction contracts and subcontracts of \$5,000 or more.

1. As used in the specifications:
 - a. "Administrator" means Administrator, Office of Compliance Programs, California Department of Fair Employment and Housing, or any person to whom the Administrator delegates authority;
 - b. "Minority" includes:
 - (i) Black (all persons having primary origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa, but not of Hispanic origin);
 - (ii) Hispanic (all persons of primary culture or origin in Mexico, Puerto Rico, Cuba, Central or South America or other Spanish derived culture or origin regardless of race);
 - (iii) Asian/Pacific Islander (all persons having primary origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent or the Pacific Islands); and
 - (iv) American Indian/Alaskan Native (all persons having primary origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintain culture identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition).
2. Whenever the contractor or any subcontractor subcontracts a portion of the work, it shall physically include in each subcontract of \$5,000 or more the nondiscrimination clause in this contract directly or through incorporation by reference. Any subcontract for work involving a construction trade shall also include the Standard California Construction Contract Specifications, either directly or through incorporation by reference.
3. The contractor shall implement the specific nondiscrimination standards provided in paragraphs 6(a) through (e) of these specifications.
4. Neither the provisions of any collective bargaining agreement, nor the failure by a union with whom the contractor has a collective bargaining agreement, to refer either minorities or women shall excuse the contractor's obligations under these specifications, Government Code, Section 12990, or the regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.
5. In order for the nonworking training hours of apprentices and trainees to be counted, such apprentices and trainees must be employed by the contractor during the training period, and the contractor must have made a commitment to employ the apprentices and trainees at the completion of their training, subject to the availability of employment opportunities. Trainees must be trained pursuant to training programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor or the California Department of Industrial Relations.
6. The contractor shall take specific actions to implement its nondiscrimination program. The evaluation of the contractor's compliance with these specifications shall be based upon its effort to achieve maximum results from its actions. The contractor must be able to demonstrate fully its efforts under Steps a. through e. below:
 - a. Ensure and maintain a working environment free of harassment, intimidation, and coercion at all sites, and at all facilities at which the contractor's employees are assigned to work. The contractor, where possible, will assign two or more women to each construction project. The contractor shall specifically ensure that all foremen, superintendents, and other on-site supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the contractor's obligations to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at such sites or in such facilities.
 - b. Provide written notification within seven days to the director of DFEH when the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement has not referred to the Contractor a minority person or woman sent by the Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the union referral process has impeded the Contractor's efforts to meet its obligations.
 - c. Disseminate the Contractor's equal employment opportunity policy by providing notice of the policy to unions and training, recruitment and outreach programs and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor to meet its obligations; and by posting the company policy on bulletin boards accessible to all employees at each location where construction work is performed.
 - d. Ensure all personnel making management and employment decisions regarding hiring, assignment, layoff, termination, conditions of work, training, rates of pay or other employment decisions, including all supervisory personnel, superintendents, general foremen, on-site foremen, etc., are aware of the Contractor's equal employment opportunity policy and obligations, and discharge their responsibilities accordingly.
 - e. Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments and other personnel practices, do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment related activities to ensure that

the equal employment opportunity policy and the Contractor's obligations under these specifications are being carried out.

7. Contractors are encouraged to participate in voluntary associations which assist in fulfilling their equal employment opportunity obligations. The efforts of a contractor association, joint contractor-union, contractor-community, or other similar group of which the contractor is a member and participant, may be asserted as fulfilling any one or more of its obligations under these specifications provided that the contractor actively participates in the group, makes every effort to assure that the group has a positive impact on the employment of minorities and women in the industry, ensures that the concrete benefits of the program are reflected in the Contractor's minority and female workforce participation, and can provide access to documentation which demonstrates the effectiveness of actions taken on behalf of the Contractor. The obligation to comply, however, is the Contractor's.
8. The Contractor is required to provide equal employment opportunity for all minority groups, both male and female, and all women, both minority and non-minority. Consequently, the Contractor may be in violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act (Gov. Code, Section 12990 et seq.) if a particular group is employed in a substantially disparate manner.
9. Establishment and implementation of a bona fide affirmative action plan pursuant to Section 8104 (b) of this Chapter shall create a rebuttal presumption that a contractor is in compliance with the requirements of Section 12990 of the Government Code and its implementing regulations.
10. The Contractor shall not use the nondiscrimination standards to discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, ancestry, physical handicap, medical condition, marital status or age over 40.
11. The Contractor shall not enter into any subcontract with any person or firm decertified from state contracts pursuant to Government Code Section 12990.
12. The Contractor shall carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of these specifications and the nondiscrimination clause, including suspension, termination and cancellation of existing subcontracts as may be imposed or ordered pursuant to Government Code Section 12990 and its implementing regulations by the awarding agency. Any Contractor who fails to carry out such sanctions and penalties shall be in violation of these specifications and Government Code Section 12990.
13. The Contractor shall designate a responsible official to monitor all employment related activity to ensure that the company equal employment opportunity policy is being carried out, to submit reports relating to the provisions hereof as may be required by OCP and to keep records. Records shall at least include for each employee the name, address, telephone numbers, construction trade, union affiliation if any, employee identification number when assigned, social security number, race, sex, status, (e.g., mechanic, apprentice trainee, helper, or laborer), dates of changes in status, hours worked per week in the indicated trade, rate of pay, and locations at which the work was performed. Records shall be maintained in any easily understandable and retrievable form; however, to the degree that existing records satisfy this requirement, contractors shall not be required to maintain separate records.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 12935(a) and 12990(d), Government Code. Reference: Section 12990, Government Code.

5-1.01C Prevailing Wage

. The Contractor and any subcontractor under the Contractor shall comply with Labor Code Sections 1774 and 1775. Pursuant to Section 1775, the Contractor and any subcontractor under the Contractor shall forfeit to the State or political subdivision on whose behalf the contract is made or awarded a penalty of not more than fifty dollars (\$50) for each calendar day, or portion thereof, for each worker paid less than the prevailing rates as determined by the Director of Industrial Relations for the work or craft in which the worker is employed for any public work done under the contract by the Contractor or by any subcontractor under the Contractor in violation of the provisions of the Labor Code and in particular, Labor Code Sections 1770 to 1780, inclusive. The amount of this forfeiture shall be determined by the Labor Commissioner and shall be based on consideration of the mistake, inadvertence, or neglect of the Contractor or subcontractor in failing to pay the correct rate of prevailing wages, or the previous record of the Contractor or subcontractor in meeting their respective prevailing wage obligations, or the willful failure by the Contractor or subcontractor to pay the correct rates of prevailing wages. A mistake, inadvertence, or neglect in failing to pay the correct rate of prevailing wages is not excusable if the Contractor or subcontractor had knowledge of their obligations under the Labor Code. In addition to the penalty and pursuant to Labor Code Section 1775, the difference between the prevailing wage rates and the amount paid to each worker for each calendar day or portion thereof for which each worker was paid less than the prevailing wage rate shall be paid to each worker by the Contractor or subcontractor. If a worker employed by a subcontractor on a public works project is not paid the general prevailing per diem wages by the subcontractor, the prime contractor of the project is not liable for the

penalties described above unless the prime contractor had knowledge of that failure of the subcontractor to pay the specified prevailing rate of wages to those workers or unless the prime contractor fails to comply with all of the following requirements:

1. The contract executed between the contractor and the subcontractor for the performance of work on the public works project shall include a copy of the provisions of Sections 1771, 1775, 1776, 1777.5, 1813, and 1815 of the Labor Code.
2. The contractor shall monitor the payment of the specified general prevailing rate of per diem wages by the subcontractor to the employees, by periodic review of the certified payroll records of the subcontractor.
3. Upon becoming aware of the subcontractor's failure to pay the specified prevailing rate of wages to the subcontractor's workers, the contractor shall diligently take corrective action to halt or rectify the failure, including, but not limited to, retaining sufficient funds due the subcontractor for work performed on the public works project.
4. Prior to making final payment to the subcontractor for work performed on the public works project, the contractor shall obtain an affidavit signed under penalty of perjury from the subcontractor that the subcontractor has paid the specified general prevailing rate of per diem wages to the subcontractor's employees on the public works project and any amounts due pursuant to Section 1813 of the Labor Code.

- Pursuant to Section 1775 of the Labor Code, the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement shall notify the Contractor on a public works project within 15 days of the receipt by the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement of a complaint of the failure of a subcontractor on that public works project to pay workers the general prevailing rate of per diem wages. If the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement determines that employees of a subcontractor were not paid the general prevailing rate of per diem wages and if the Department did not retain sufficient money under the contract to pay those employees the balance of wages owed under the general prevailing rate of per diem wages, the contractor shall withhold an amount of moneys due the subcontractor sufficient to pay those employees the general prevailing rate of per diem wages if requested by the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement. The Contractor shall pay any money retained from and owed to a subcontractor upon receipt of notification by the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement that the wage complaint has been resolved. If notice of the resolution of the wage complaint has not been received by the Contractor within 180 days of the filing of a valid notice of completion or acceptance of the public works project, whichever occurs later, the Contractor shall pay all moneys retained from the subcontractor to the Department. These moneys shall be retained by the Department pending the final decision of an enforcement action.

- Pursuant to the provisions of Section 1773 of the Labor Code, the Department has obtained the general prevailing rate of wages (which rate includes employer payments for health and welfare, pension, vacation, travel time, and subsistence pay as provided for in Section 1773.8 of the Labor Code, apprenticeship or other training programs authorized by Section 3093 of the Labor Code, and similar purposes) applicable to the work to be done, for straight time, overtime, Saturday, Sunday and holiday work. The holiday wage rate listed shall be applicable to all holidays recognized in the collective bargaining agreement of the particular craft, classification or type of workmen concerned. The general prevailing wage rates and any applicable changes to these wage rates are available at the Labor Compliance Office at the offices of the District Director of Transportation for the district in which the work is situated. For work situated in District 9, the wage rates are available at the Labor Compliance Office at the offices of the District Director of Transportation for District 6, located at Fresno. General prevailing wage rates are also available from the California Department of Industrial Relations' internet web site at: <http://www.dir.ca.gov>.

- The wage rates determined by the Director of Industrial Relations for the project refer to expiration dates. Prevailing wage determinations with a single asterisk after the expiration date are in effect on the date of advertisement for bids and are good for the life of the contract. Prevailing wage determinations with double asterisks after the expiration date indicate that the wage rate to be paid for work performed after this date has been determined. If work is to extend past this date, the new rate shall be paid and incorporated in the contract. The Contractor shall contact the Department of Industrial Relations as indicated in the wage rate determinations to obtain predetermined wage changes.

- Pursuant to Section 1773.2 of the Labor Code, general prevailing wage rates shall be posted by the Contractor at a prominent place at the site of the work.

- Changes in general prevailing wage determinations which conform to Labor Code Section 1773.6 and Title 8 California Code of Regulations Section 16204 shall apply to the project when issued by the Director of Industrial Relations at least 10 days prior to the date of the Notice to Contractors for the project.

- The State will not recognize any claim for additional compensation because of the payment by the Contractor of any wage rate in excess of the prevailing wage rate set forth in the contract. The possibility of wage increases is one of the

elements to be considered by the Contractor in determining the bid, and will not under any circumstances be considered as the basis of a claim against the State on the contract.

5-1.01D Travel And Subsistence Payments

Attention is directed to the requirements in Section 1773.8 of the Labor Code. The Contractor shall make travel and subsistence payments to each workman, needed to execute the work, in conformance with the requirements in Labor Code Section 1773.8.

5-1.01E Payroll Records

• Attention is directed to the provisions of Labor Code Section 1776, a portion of which is quoted below. Regulations implementing Labor Code Section 1776 are located in Sections 16016 through 16019 and Sections 16207.10 through 16207.19 of Title 8, California Code of Regulations.

"1776. (a) Each contractor and subcontractor shall keep accurate payroll records, showing the name, address, social security number, work classification, straight time and overtime hours worked each day and week, and the actual per diem wages paid to each journeyman, apprentice, worker, or other employee employed by him or her in connection with the public work. Each payroll record shall contain or be verified by a written declaration that it is made under penalty of perjury, stating both of the following:

- (1) The information contained in the payroll record is true and correct.
- (2) The employer has complied with the requirements of Sections 1771, 1811, and 1815 for any work performed by his or her employees on the public works project.

"(b) The payroll records enumerated under subdivision (a) shall be certified and shall be available for inspection at all reasonable hours at the principal office of the contractor on the following basis:

- (1) A certified copy of an employee's payroll record shall be made available for inspection or furnished to the employee or his or her authorized representative on request.
- (2) A certified copy of all payroll records enumerated in subdivision (a) shall be made available for inspection or furnished upon request to a representative of the body awarding the contract, the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement, and the Division of Apprenticeship Standards of the Department of Industrial Relations.
- (3) A certified copy of all payroll records enumerated in subdivision (a) shall be made available upon request by the public for inspection or for copies thereof. However, a request by the public shall be made through either the body awarding the contract, the Division of Apprenticeship Standards, or the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement. If the requested payroll records have not been provided pursuant to paragraph (2), the requesting party shall, prior to being provided the records, reimburse the costs of preparation by the contractor, subcontractors, and the entity through which the request was made. The public shall not be given access to the records at the principal office of the contractor.

"(c) The certified payroll records shall be on forms provided by the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement or shall contain the same information as the forms provided by the division.

"(d) A contractor or subcontractor shall file a certified copy of the records enumerated in subdivision (a) with the entity that requested the records within 10 days after receipt of a written request.

"(e) Any copy of records made available for inspection as copies and furnished upon request to the public or any public agency by the awarding body, the Division of Apprenticeship Standards, or the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement shall be marked or obliterated in a manner so as to prevent disclosure of an individual's name, address, and social security number. The name and address of the contractor awarded the contract or the subcontractor performing the contract shall not be marked or obliterated.

"(f) The contractor shall inform the body awarding the contract of the location of the records enumerated under subdivision (a), including the street address, city and county, and shall, within five working days, provide a notice of a change of location and address.

"(g) The contractor or subcontractor shall have 10 days in which to comply subsequent to receipt of a written notice requesting the records enumerated in subdivision (a). In the event that the contractor or subcontractor fails to comply within the 10-day period, he or she shall, as a penalty to the state or political subdivision on whose behalf the contract is made or awarded, forfeit twenty-five dollars (\$25) for each calendar day, or portion thereof, for each worker, until strict compliance is effectuated. Upon the request of the Division of Apprenticeship Standards or the

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement, these penalties shall be withheld from progress payments then due. A contractor is not subject to a penalty assessment pursuant to this section due to the failure of a subcontractor to comply with this section."

- The penalties specified in subdivision (g) of Labor Code Section 1776 for noncompliance with the provisions of Section 1776 may be deducted from any moneys due or which may become due to the Contractor.
- A copy of all payrolls shall be submitted weekly to the Engineer. Payrolls shall contain the full name, address and social security number of each employee, the employee's correct classification, rate of pay, daily and weekly number of hours worked, itemized deductions made and actual wages paid. They shall also indicate apprentices and ratio of apprentices to journeymen. The employee's address and social security number need only appear on the first payroll on which that name appears. The payroll shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance" signed by the employer or the employer's agent indicating that the payrolls are correct and complete and that the wage rates contained therein are not less than those required by the contract. The "Statement of Compliance" shall be on forms furnished by the Department or on any form with identical wording. The Contractor shall be responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls of all subcontractors.
- If by the 15th of the month, the Contractor has not submitted satisfactory payrolls for all work performed during the monthly period ending on or before the 1st of that month, the Department will retain an amount equal to 10 percent of the estimated value of the work performed during the month from the next monthly estimate, except that this retention shall not exceed \$10,000 nor be less than \$1,000. Retentions for failure to submit satisfactory payrolls shall be additional to all other retentions provided for in the contract. The retention for failure to submit payrolls for any monthly period will be released for payment on the monthly estimate for partial payments next following the date that all the satisfactory payrolls for which the retention was made are submitted.
- The Contractor and each subcontractor shall preserve their payroll records for a period of 3 years from the date of completion of the contract.

5-1.01F Trench Safety

- Attention is directed to the provisions of Section 6705 of the Labor Code concerning trench excavation safety plans.
- The Construction Safety Orders of the Division of Occupational Safety and Health shall apply to all excavations. For all excavations 1.5 m or more in depth, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer a detailed plan showing the design and details of the protective systems to be provided for worker protection from the hazard of caving ground during excavation. The detailed plan shall include any tabulated data and any design calculations used in the preparation of the plan. Excavation shall not begin until the detailed plan has been reviewed and approved by the Engineer.
- Detailed plans of protective systems for which the Construction Safety Orders require design by a registered professional engineer shall be prepared and signed by an engineer who is registered as a Civil Engineer in the State of California, and shall include the soil classification, soil properties, soil design calculations that demonstrate adequate stability of the protective system, and any other design calculations used in the preparation of the plan.
- No plan shall allow the use of a protective system less effective than that required by the Construction Safety Orders.
- If the detailed plan includes designs of protective systems developed only from the allowable configurations and slopes, or Appendices, contained in the Construction Safety Orders, the plan shall be submitted at least 5 days before the Contractor intends to begin excavation. If the detailed plan includes designs of protective systems developed from tabulated data, or designs for which design by a registered professional engineer is required, the plan shall be submitted at least 3 weeks before the Contractor intends to begin excavation.
- In addition to these provisions detailed plans of the protective systems for excavations on or affecting railroad property will be reviewed for adequacy of protection provided for railroad facilities, property, and traffic. These plans for excavations on or affecting railroad property shall be submitted at least 9 weeks before the Contractor intends to begin excavation requiring the protective systems. Approval by the Engineer of the detailed plans for the protective systems will be contingent upon the plans being satisfactory to the railroad company involved.

5-1.01G Apprentices

- Attention is directed to Sections 1777.5, 1777.6 and 1777.7 of the California Labor Code and Title 8, California Code of Regulations Section 200 et seq. To ensure compliance and complete understanding of the law regarding apprentices, and specifically the required ratio thereunder, each contractor or subcontractor should, where some question exists, contact the Division of Apprenticeship Standards, 455 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94102, or one of its branch offices prior to commencement of work on the public works contract. Responsibility for compliance with this section lies with the prime Contractor.
- It is State policy to encourage the employment and training of apprentices on public works contracts as may be permitted under local apprenticeship standards.

5-1.01H Fair Labor Standards Act

- The attention of bidders is invited to the fact that the State of California, Department of Transportation, has been advised by the Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, that contractors engaged in construction work are required to meet the provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 and as amended (52 Stat. 1060).

5-1.01I Workers' Compensation

- Pursuant to the requirements in Section 1860 of the Labor Code, the Contractor will be required to secure the payment of workers' compensation to the Contractor's employees in conformance with the requirements in Section 3700 of the Labor Code.
- Prior to the commencement of work, the Contractor shall sign and file with the Engineer a certification in the following form:

"I am aware of the provisions of Section 3700 of the Labor Code which require every employer to be insured against liability for workers' compensation or to undertake self-insurance in accordance with the provisions of that code, and I will comply with the provisions of Section 3700 before commencing the performance of the work of this contract."

- This certification is included in the contract, and signature and return of the contract as provided in Section 2-1.04, "Execution of Contract," of the Instructions to Bidders shall constitute signing and filing of the certificate.

5-1.01J Air Pollution Control

- The Contractor shall comply with all air pollution control rules, regulations, ordinances and statutes which apply to any work performed pursuant to the contract, including any air pollution control rules, regulations, ordinances and statutes, specified in Section 11017 of the Government Code.
- Unless otherwise provided in the special provisions, material to be disposed of shall not be burned, either inside or outside the premises.

5-1.01K Use Of Pesticides

- The Contractor shall comply with all rules and regulations of the Department of Food and Agriculture, the Department of Health, the Department of Industrial Relations and all other agencies which govern the use of pesticides required in the performance of the work on the contract.
- Pesticides shall include but shall not be limited to herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, rodenticides, germicides, nematocides, bactericides, inhibitors, fumigants, defoliant, desiccants, soil sterilants, and repellents.
- Any substance or mixture of substances intended for preventing, repelling, mitigating, or destroying weeds, insects, diseases, rodents, or nematodes and any substance or mixture of substances intended for use as a plant regulator, defoliant or desiccant shall be considered a pesticide.

5-1.01L Sound Control Requirements

- The Contractor shall comply with all local sound control and noise level rules, regulations and ordinances which apply to any work performed pursuant to the contract.
- Each internal combustion engine, used for any purpose on the job or related to the job, shall be equipped with a muffler of a type recommended by the manufacturer. No internal combustion engine shall be operated on the project without the muffler.

5-1.01M Environmental Clearances

- The Department will obtain all environmental clearances and authorizations necessary for the project as set forth in the plans and specifications. The Contractor shall comply with the provisions, including giving notices during construction when required, of these authorizations. In the event the obtaining of these authorizations delays completion of all or any portion of the work, an extension of time determined pursuant to the provisions in Section 6-1.08, "Liquidated Damages," of these General Conditions will be granted and the Contractor shall not be entitled to any additional compensation because of the delays.

5-1.01N Permits And Licenses

- The Contractor shall procure all permits and licenses, pay all charges and fees, and give all notices necessary and incident to the due and lawful prosecution of the work.
- The Environmental Quality Act (Public Resources Code, Sections 21000 to 21176, inclusive) may be applicable to permits, licenses and other authorizations which the Contractor must obtain from local agencies in connection with performing the work of the contract. The Contractor shall comply with the provisions of those statutes in obtaining the permits, licenses and other authorizations and they shall be obtained in sufficient time to prevent delays to the work.

- In the event that the Department has obtained permits, licenses or other authorizations, applicable to the work, in conformance with the requirements in the Environmental Quality Act, the Contractor shall comply with the provisions of those permits, licenses and other authorizations.

5-1.01O Assignment Of Antitrust Actions

- The Contractor's attention is directed to the following requirements in Public Contract Code 7103.5 and Government Code Sections 4553 and 4554, which shall be applicable to the Contractor and the Contractor's subcontractors:

"In entering into a public works contract or a subcontract to supply goods, services, or materials pursuant to a public works contract, the contractor or subcontractor offers and agrees to assign to the awarding body all rights, title, and interest in and to all causes of action it may have under Section 4 of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. Sec. 15) or under the Cartwright Act (Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 16700) of Part 2 of Division 7 of the Business and Professions Code), arising from purchases of goods, services, or materials pursuant to the public works contract or the subcontract. This assignment shall be made and become effective at the time the awarding body tenders final payment to the contractor, without further acknowledgement by the parties."

"If an awarding body or public purchasing body receives, either through judgment or settlement, a monetary recovery for a cause of action assigned under this chapter, the assignor shall be entitled to receive reimbursement for actual legal costs incurred and may, upon demand, recover from the public body any portion of the recovery, including treble damages, attributable to overcharges that were paid by the assignor but were not paid by the public body as part of the bid price, less the expenses incurred in obtaining that portion of the recovery.

"Upon demand in writing by the assignor, the assignee shall, within one year from such demand, reassign the cause of action assigned under this part if the assignor has been or may have been injured by the violation of law for which the cause of action arose and (a) the assignee has not been injured thereby, or (b) the assignee declines to file a court action for the cause of action."

5-1.01P Safety And Health Provisions

- The Contractor shall conform to all applicable occupational safety and health standards, rules, regulations and orders established by the State of California.
- Working areas utilized by the Contractor to perform work during the hours of darkness, shall be lighted to conform to the minimum illumination intensities established by California Division of Occupational Safety and Health Construction Safety Orders.
- All lighting fixtures shall be mounted and directed in a manner precluding glare to approaching traffic.

5-1.01Q Suits To Recover Penalties And Forfeitures

- Attention is directed to Sections 1730 to 1733, inclusive, of the Labor Code concerning suits to recover amounts withheld from payment for failure to comply with requirements of the Labor Code or contract provisions based on those laws.
- Those sections provide that a suit on the contract for alleged breach thereof in not making the payment is the exclusive remedy of the Contractor or the Contractor's assignees with reference to amounts withheld for those penalties or forfeitures; and that the suit must be commenced and actual notice thereof received by the awarding authority prior to 90 days after completion of the contract and the formal acceptance of the job.
- Submission of a claim under Section 7-1.07, "Final Payment and Claims," of these General Conditions for the amounts withheld from payment for those penalties and forfeitures is not a prerequisite for those suits and these claims will not be considered.

5-1.01R Water Pollution

- The Contractor shall exercise every reasonable precaution to protect streams, lakes, reservoirs, bays, and coastal waters from pollution with fuels, oils, bitumens, calcium chloride and other harmful materials and shall conduct and schedule operations so as to avoid or minimize muddying and silting of streams, lakes, reservoirs, bays and coastal waters. Care shall be exercised to preserve roadside vegetation beyond the limits of construction.
- Water pollution control work is intended to provide prevention, control, and abatement of water pollution to streams, waterways, and other bodies of water, and shall consist of constructing those facilities which may be shown on the plans, specified herein or in the special provisions, or directed by the Engineer.
- In order to provide effective and continuous control of water pollution it may be necessary for the Contractor to perform the contract work in small or multiple units, on an out of phase schedule, and with modified construction procedures. The Contractor shall provide temporary water pollution control measures, including but not limited to, dikes, basins, ditches, and

applying straw and seed, which become necessary as a result of the Contractor's operations. The Contractor shall coordinate water pollution control work with all other work done on the contract.

- Before starting any work on the project, the Contractor shall submit, for acceptance by the Engineer, a program to control water pollution effectively during construction of the project. The program shall show the schedule for the erosion control work included in the contract and for all water pollution control measures which the Contractor proposes to take in connection with construction of the project to minimize the effects of the operations upon adjacent streams and other bodies of water. The Contractor shall not perform any clearing and grubbing or earthwork on the project, other than that specifically authorized in writing by the Engineer, until the program has been accepted.

- If the measures being taken by the Contractor are inadequate to control water pollution effectively, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to revise the operations and the water pollution control program. The directions will be in writing and will specify the items of work for which the Contractor's water pollution control measures are inadequate. No further work shall be performed on those items until the water pollution control measures are adequate and, if also required, a revised water pollution control program has been accepted.

- The Engineer will notify the Contractor of the acceptance or rejection of any submitted or revised water pollution control program in not more than 5 working days.

- The State will not be liable to the Contractor for failure to accept all or any portion of an originally submitted or revised water pollution control program, nor for any delays to the work due to the Contractor's failure to submit an acceptable water pollution control program.

- The Contractor may request the Engineer to waive the requirement for submission of a written program for control of water pollution when the nature of the Contractor's operation is such that erosion is not likely to occur. Waiver of this requirement will not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for compliance with the other provisions of this section. Waiver of the requirement for a written program for control of water pollution will not preclude requiring submittal of a written program at a later time if the Engineer deems it necessary because of the effect of the Contractor's operations.

- Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer in writing, the Contractor shall not expose a total area of erodible earth material, which may cause water pollution, exceeding 70 000 m² for each separate location, operation, or spread of equipment before either temporary or permanent erosion control measures are accomplished.

- Where erosion which will cause water pollution is probable due to the nature of the material or the season of the year, the Contractor's operations shall be so scheduled that permanent erosion control features will be installed concurrently with or immediately following grading operations.

- Nothing in the terms of the contract nor in the provisions in this Section 5-1.01R shall relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for compliance with Sections 5650 and 12015 of the Fish and Game Code, or other applicable statutes relating to prevention or abatement of water pollution.

- When borrow material is obtained from other than commercially operated sources, erosion of the borrow site during and after completion of the work shall not result in water pollution. The material source shall be finished, where practicable, so that water will not collect or stand therein.

- The requirements of this section shall apply to all work performed under the contract and to all non-commercially operated borrow or disposal sites used for the project.

- The Contractor shall also conform to the following provisions:

1. Where working areas encroach on live streams, barriers adequate to prevent the flow of muddy water into streams shall be constructed and maintained between working areas and streams, and during construction of the barriers, muddying of streams shall be held to a minimum.
2. Removal of material from beneath a flowing stream shall not be commenced until adequate means, such as a bypass channel, are provided to carry the stream free from mud or silt around the removal operations.
3. Should the Contractor's operations require transportation of materials across live streams, the operations shall be conducted without muddying the stream. Mechanized equipment shall not be operated in the stream channels of the live streams except as may be necessary to construct crossings or barriers and fills at channel changes.
4. Water containing mud or silt from aggregate washing or other operations shall be treated by filtration, or retention in a settling pond, or ponds, adequate to prevent muddy water from entering live streams.
5. Oily or greasy substances originating from the Contractor's operations shall not be allowed to enter or be placed where they will later enter a live stream.

6. Portland cement or fresh portland cement concrete shall not be allowed to enter flowing water of streams.
7. When operations are completed, the flow of streams shall be returned as nearly as possible to a meandering thread without creating possible future bank erosion, and settling pond sites shall be graded so they will drain and will blend in with the surrounding terrain.
8. Material derived from roadway work shall not be deposited in a live stream channel where it could be washed away by high stream flows.
9. Where there is possible migration of anadromous fish in streams affected by construction on the project, the Contractor shall conduct work operations so as to allow free passage of the migratory fish.

• Compliance with the requirements of this section shall in no way relieve the Contractor from the responsibility to comply with the other provisions of the contract, in particular the responsibility for damage and for preservation of property.

5-1.02 PROTECTION AND USE OF PROPERTY

- The Contractor shall be responsible for and provide and maintain all proper temporary walks, roads, guards, railings, lights, warning signs, and take precaution at all times to avoid injury or damage to any person or any property, and upon completion of the work, or at other times as directed, restore premises and adjacent property to a proper condition.
- The Contractor shall protect adjoining property and nearby buildings, including State buildings, State roads, and public streets or roads, from dust, dirt, debris, or other nuisance arising out of the Contractor's operations or storage practices, and, if ordered by the Engineer, the Contractor shall provide and install suitable safeguards, approved by the Engineer, to protect objects from damage. If any objects are injured or damaged by reason of the Contractor's operations, they shall be replaced or restored at the Contractor's expense. The facilities shall be replaced or restored to a condition as good as when the Contractor entered upon the work, or as good as required by the specifications accompanying the contract, if any of the objects are a part of the work being performed under the contract.
- If the Contractor damages any buildings, roads or other property which belong to the State, or any department or agency thereof, then the Engineer, at his option, may retain from the money due under the contract an amount sufficient to insure repair of the damage.
- The Engineer may make or cause to be made those temporary repairs that are necessary to restore to service any damaged highway facility. The cost of the repairs shall be borne by the Contractor and may be deducted from any moneys due or to become due to the Contractor under the contract.
- The fact that any underground facility is not shown upon the plans shall not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility of protecting underground improvements or facilities. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility, pursuant thereto, to ascertain the location of those underground improvements or facilities, which may be subject to damage by reason of the Contractor's operations.

5-1.03 (BLANK)

5-1.031 INDEMNIFICATION

• With the exception that this section shall in no event be construed to require indemnification by the Contractor to a greater extent than permitted by law, the Contractor shall defend, indemnify and save harmless the State, including its officers, directors, agents (excluding agents who are design professionals), and employees, and each of them (Indemnitees), from any and all claims, demands, causes of action, damages, costs, expenses, actual attorneys' fees, losses or liabilities, in law or in equity, of every kind and nature whatsoever (Claims), arising out of or in connection with the Contractor's performance of this contract for:

- A. Bodily injury including, but not limited to, bodily injury, sickness or disease, emotional injury or death to persons, including, but not limited to, the public, any employees or agents of the Contractor, State, Department, or any other contractor and;
- B. Damage to property of anyone including loss of use thereof;

caused or alleged to be caused in whole or in part by any negligent or otherwise legally actionable act or omission of the Contractor or anyone directly or indirectly employed by the Contractor or anyone for whose acts the Contractor may be liable.

- Except as otherwise provided by law, the indemnification provisions above shall apply regardless of the existence or degree of fault of Indemnitees. The Contractor, however, shall not be obligated to indemnify Indemnitees for Claims arising from conduct delineated in Civil Code section 2782. Further, the Contractor's indemnity obligation shall not extend to Claims to the extent they arise from any defective or substandard condition of the roadway which existed at or prior to the time the Contractor commenced work, unless this condition has been changed by the work or the scope of the work requires the Contractor to maintain existing Roadway facilities and the claim arises from the Contractor's failure to maintain. The Contractor's indemnity obligation shall extend to Claims arising after the work is completed and accepted only if these Claims are directly related to alleged acts or omissions of the Contractor which occurred during the course of the work. No inspection by the Department, its employees or agents shall be deemed a waiver by the Department of full compliance with the requirements of this section.
- The Contractor's obligation to defend and indemnify shall not be excused because of the Contractor's inability to evaluate liability or because the Contractor evaluates liability and determines that the Contractor is not liable to the claimant. The Contractor will respond within 30 days to the tender of any claim for defense and indemnity by the State, unless this time has been extended by the State. If the Contractor fails to accept or reject a tender of defense and indemnity within 30 days, in addition to any other remedy authorized by law, so much of the money due the Contractor under and by virtue of the contract as shall reasonably be considered necessary by the Department, may be retained by the State until disposition has been made of the claim or suit for damages, or until the Contractor accepts or rejects the tender of defense, whichever occurs first.
- With respect to third party claims against the Contractor, the Contractor waives any and all rights of any type to express or implied indemnity against the State, its directors, officers, employees, or agents (excluding agents who are design professionals).

5-1.032 INSURANCE

- Insurance shall conform to the following requirements:

5-1.032A Casualty Insurance

- The Contractor shall, at the Contractor's expense, procure and maintain insurance on all of its operations with companies acceptable to the Department as follows. All insurance shall be kept in full force and effect from the beginning of the work through final acceptance by the State. In addition, the Contractor shall maintain completed operations coverage with a carrier acceptable to the Department through the expiration of the patent deficiency in construction statute of repose set forth in Section 337.1 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

5-1.032A(1) Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability Insurance

- Workers' Compensation insurance shall be provided as specified in Section 7-1.01A(6), "Workers' Compensation." Employer's Liability Insurance shall be provided in amounts not less than:

- (a) \$1,000,000 for each accident for bodily injury by accident.
- (b) \$1,000,000 policy limit for bodily injury by disease.
- (c) \$1,000,000 for each employee for bodily injury by disease.

- If there is an exposure of injury to the Contractors' employees under the U.S. Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act, the Jones Act or under laws, regulations or statutes applicable to maritime employees, coverage shall be included for such injuries or claims.

5-1.032A(2) Liability Insurance

- The Contractor shall carry General Liability and Umbrella or Excess Liability Insurance covering all operations by or on behalf of the Contractor providing insurance for bodily injury liability, and property damage liability for the limits of liability indicated below and including coverage for:

- (a) premises, operations and mobile equipment
- (b) products and completed operations
- (c) broad form property damage (including completed operations)
- (d) explosion, collapse and underground hazards
- (e) personal injury
- (f) contractual liability

5-1.032A(3) Liability Limits/Additional Insureds

- The limits of liability shall be at least:

- (a) \$1,000,000 for each occurrence (combined single limit for bodily injury and property damage).
- (b) \$2,000,000 aggregate for products-completed operations.
- (c) \$2,000,000 general aggregate. This general aggregate limit shall apply separately to the Contractor's work under this Agreement.
- (d) \$5,000,000 umbrella or excess liability. For projects over \$25,000,000 only, an additional \$10,000,000 umbrella or excess liability (for a total of \$15,000,000). Umbrella or excess policy shall include products liability completed operations coverage and may be subject to \$5,000,000 or \$15,000,000 aggregate limits. Further, the umbrella or excess policy shall contain a clause stating that it takes effect (drops down) in the event the primary limits are impaired or exhausted.

• The State and the Department, including their officers, directors, agents (excluding agents who are design professionals), and State employees, shall be named as additional insureds under the General Liability and Umbrella Liability Policies with respect to liability arising out of or connected with work or operations performed by or on behalf of the Contractor under this contract. Coverage for those additional insureds shall not extend to liability:

- (1) arising from any defective or substandard condition of the Roadway which existed at or prior to the time the Contractor commenced work, unless that condition has been changed by the work or the scope of the work requires the Contractor to maintain existing Roadway facilities and the claim arises from the Contractor's failure to maintain; or
- (2) for claims occurring after the work is completed and accepted unless these claims are directly related to alleged acts or omissions of the Contractor which occurred during the course of the work; or
- (3) to the extent prohibited by Section 11580.04 of the Insurance Code.

• The policy shall stipulate that the insurance afforded the additional insureds shall apply as primary insurance. Any other insurance or self insurance maintained by the Department or State will be excess only and shall not be called upon to contribute with this insurance. Those additional insured coverage shall be provided by a policy provision or by an endorsement providing coverage at least as broad as Additional Insured (Form B) endorsement form CG 2010, as published by the Insurance Services Office (ISO).

5-1.032B Automobile Liability Insurance

• The Contractor shall carry automobile liability insurance, including coverage for all owned, hired and non-owned automobiles. The primary limits of liability shall be not less than \$1,000,000 combined single limit each accident for bodily injury and property damage. The umbrella or excess liability coverage required under Section 5-1.032A(3), "Liability Limits/Additional Insureds," shall also apply to automobile liability.

5-1.032C Policy Forms, Endorsements and Certificates

• The Contractor's General Liability Insurance shall be provided under Commercial General Liability policy form no. CG0001 as published by the Insurance Services Office (ISO) or under a policy form at least as broad as policy form no. CG0001.

• Evidence of insurance in a form acceptable to the Department, including the required "additional insured" endorsements, shall be furnished by the Contractor to the Department at or prior to the pre-construction conference. The evidence of insurance shall provide that there will be no cancellation, lapse, or reduction of coverage without thirty (30) days' prior written notice to the Department. Certificates of Insurance, as evidence of required insurance, for the General Liability, Auto Liability and Umbrella-Excess Liability policies shall set forth deductible amounts applicable to each policy and all exclusions which are added by endorsement to each policy. The Department may expressly allow deductible clauses, which it does not consider excessive, overly broad, or harmful to the interests of the State. Standard ISO form CG 0001 or similar exclusions will be allowed provided they are not inconsistent with the requirements of this section. Allowance of any additional exclusions is at the discretion of the Department. Regardless of the allowance of exclusions or deductions by the Department, the Contractor shall be responsible for any deductible amount and shall warrant that the coverage provided to the Department is consistent with the requirements of this section.

5-1.032D Enforcement

• The Department may take any steps as are necessary to assure Contractor's compliance with its obligations. Should any insurance policy lapse or be canceled during the contract period the Contractor shall, within thirty (30) days prior to the effective expiration or cancellation date, furnish the Department with evidence of renewal or replacement of the policy. Failure to continuously maintain insurance coverage as herein provided is a material breach of contract. In the event the Contractor fails to maintain any insurance coverage required, the Department may, but is not required to, maintain this

coverage and charge the expense to the Contractor or terminate this Agreement. The required insurance shall be subject to the approval of Department, but any acceptance of insurance certificates by the Department shall in no way limit or relieve the Contractor of the Contractor's duties and responsibilities under the Contract to indemnify, defend and hold harmless the State, its officers, agents, and employees. Insurance coverage in the minimum amounts set forth herein shall not be construed to relieve the Contractor for liability in excess of that coverage, nor shall it preclude the State from taking other actions as is available to it under any other provision of the contract or law. Failure of the Department to enforce in a timely manner any of the provisions of this section shall not act as a waiver to enforcement of any of these provisions at a later date.

5-1.032E Self-Insurance

- Self-insurance programs and self-insured retentions in insurance policies are subject to separate annual review and approval by the State of evidence of the Contractor's financial capacity to respond. Additionally, self-insurance programs or retentions must provide the State with at least the same protection from liability and defense of suits as would be afforded by first-dollar insurance.

5-1.032F Miscellaneous

- Nothing contained in the Contract is intended to make the public or any member thereof a third party beneficiary of the Insurance or Indemnity provisions of these General Conditions, nor is any term, condition or other provision of the Contract intended to establish a standard of care owed to the public or any member thereof.

5-1.04 OCCUPANCY BY THE DEPARTMENT PRIOR TO ACCEPTANCE

- The Department reserves the right to occupy all or any part of the project prior to completion of the entire contract, upon written order therefor. In that event, the Contractor will be relieved of responsibility for any injury or damage to that part as results from the Department's occupancy and use by the Department. If the Contractor carries insurance against damage to the premises or against liability to third persons covering the premises so used and occupied by the Department, and if the occupancy results in increased premiums for insurance, the Department will pay to the Contractor the added cost for insurance during the period of occupancy.

- This occupancy does not constitute acceptance by the Director either of the complete work or of any portion thereof, nor will it relieve the Contractor of full responsibility for correcting defective work or materials found at any time before the formal written acceptance of the entire contract by the Director or during the full guarantee period after project acceptance, as provided in Section 7-1.09, "Guarantee," of these General Conditions.

5-1.05 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE WORK

- Except as otherwise provided herein, the Contractor shall have the charge and care of the work and shall bear the risk of injury or damage to any part of the work by the action of the elements or from any other cause whether arising from the execution or from the nonexecution of the work until the acceptance of the contract by the Director. The Contractor shall rebuild, repair, restore, and make good all injuries or damages to any portion of the work occasioned by any cause before its completion and acceptance, and shall bear the expense thereof. In case of suspension of work from any cause whatever, the Contractor shall be responsible for the work and shall also be responsible for all materials, and shall properly store them if necessary, and shall provide suitable drainage and erect temporary structures where necessary.

- The Contractor will be relieved of responsibility for any injury or damage to the work caused by the following:

- (1) An earthquake in excess of a magnitude of 3.5 on the Richter Scale or a tidal wave, when the effect of that event has been proclaimed a disaster or state of emergency by the Governor of the State of California or by the President of the United States, or was of such magnitude at the site of the work as to have been sufficient to have caused a proclamation of disaster or state of emergency, had it occurred in a populated area.
- (2) Occupancy and use by the Department or the public prior to the completion of the entire project.
- (3) Acts of the Federal Government or the public enemy.

5-1.06 RESPONSIBILITY FOR UTILITIES

- The Contractor shall be responsible for the cost for any and all work, expense or special precautions caused or required by the existence or proximity of utilities encountered in performing the work, including without limitation thereon, repair of any or all damage and all hand or exploratory excavation required. The Contractor is cautioned that the utilities may include communication cables or electrical cables which may be high voltage, and when working or excavating in the vicinity of any cables, or the ducts enclosing cables, the Contractor shall observe any special precautions required and the cost of these special precautions. Suitable warning signs, barricades, and safety devices shall be erected as necessary or required.

- However, if during the course of the work the Contractor encounters utility installations which are not shown or indicated on the plans or in the special provisions, or which are found in a location substantially different from that shown, and the utilities are not reasonably apparent from visual examination, then the Contractor shall promptly notify the Engineer in writing. Where necessary for the work of the contract, the Engineer shall issue a written order to the Contractor to make adjustment, rearrangement, repair, removal, alteration, or special handling of the utility, including repair of utility if damaged. The Contractor shall perform the work described in the written order, and compensation therefor will be made in conformance with the provisions in Section 3, "Changes in the Work," of these General Conditions, relating to changes in the work. Except for the items of cost specified in Section 3, "Changes in the Work," of these General Conditions, the Contractor shall receive no compensation for any other cost, damage, delay, interference, or hindrance to him due to the presence of these utilities. If the Contractor fails to give the notice specified above and thereafter acts without instructions from the Engineer, then the Contractor shall be liable for any or all damage to these utilities or other work of the contract which arises from the Contractor's operations subsequent to discovery thereof, and the Contractor shall repair and make good any damage at the Contractor's expense.

5-1.07 PROPERTY RIGHTS IN MATERIALS

- Nothing in the contract shall be construed as vesting in the Contractor any right of property in the materials used after they have been attached or affixed to the work or soil or after partial payment has been made as provided in Section 7-1.05, "Partial Payment," of these General Conditions for material delivered on the ground or stored subject to or under the control of the State and unused. These material shall become the property of the State of California upon being so attached or affixed or upon payment for materials delivered on the ground or stored subject to or under the control of the State and unused, as provided in Section 7-1.05, "Partial Payment," of these General Conditions.

5-1.08 LEGAL ACTIONS AGAINST THE DEPARTMENT

- If, pursuant to court order, the Department temporarily suspends performance of all or any portion of the work, an extension of time determined pursuant to the provisions in Section 6-1.08, "Liquidated Damages," of these General Conditions will be granted, and the Contractor shall not be entitled to any additional compensation because of the suspension.

5-1.09 NO PERSONAL LIABILITY

- Neither the Director, the Engineer, nor any other officer or authorized employee of the Department of Transportation shall be personally responsible for any liability arising under the contract.

5-1.10 PATENTS

- The Contractor shall assume all costs arising from the use of patented materials, equipment, devices, or processes used on or incorporated in the work, and agrees to indemnify and save harmless the State of California, the Director, the Engineer, and their duly authorized representatives, from all suits at law, or actions of every nature for, or on account of the use of any patented materials, equipment, devices, or processes.

5-1.11 PAYMENT OF TAXES

- The contract price paid for the work shall include full compensation for all taxes which the Contractor is required to pay, whether imposed by Federal, State or local government, including, without being limited to, Federal excise tax. No tax exemption certificate nor any document designed to exempt the Contractor from payment of any tax will be furnished to the Contractor by the Department, as to any tax on labor, services, materials, transportation, or any other items furnished pursuant to the contract.

5-1.12 COOPERATION

- Should construction be under way by State forces or other forces or by other contractors within or adjacent to the limits of the work or should work of any other nature be under way by other forces within or adjacent to those limits, the Contractor shall cooperate with all the other contractors or other forces to the end that any delay, interference or hindrance to their work will be avoided. The right is reserved to perform other or additional work at or near the site at any time, by the use of other forces.

SECTION 6

PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

6-1.01 SUBLETTING AND SUBCONTRACTING

- The Contractor shall be responsible for all work performed under the contract. All persons engaged in the work will be considered as employees of the Contractor. The Contractor shall give personal attention to the fulfillment of the contract and shall keep the work under the Contractor's control. When any subcontractor fails to prosecute a portion of the work in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer, the Contractor shall remove that subcontractor immediately upon written request of the Engineer, and the subcontractor shall not again be employed on the work. Although the sections of the contract may be arranged according to various trades, or general grouping of the work, the Contractor is not obligated to sublet the work in the same manner. The State will not arbitrate disputes among subcontractors or between the Contractor and one or more subcontractors concerning responsibility for performing any part of the work.
- Subcontracts shall include provisions that the contract between the State and the Contractor is part of the subcontract, and that all terms and provisions of the contract are incorporated in the subcontract. Subcontracts shall also contain certification by the subcontractor that the subcontractor is experienced in and qualified to do, and knowledgeable about, the subcontracted work. Copies of subcontracts shall be available to the Engineer upon written request, and shall be provided to the Engineer at the time any litigation against the State concerning the project is filed.
- Pursuant to the provisions of Section 6109 of the Public Contract Code, the Contractor shall not perform work on a public works project with a subcontractor who is ineligible to perform work on the public works project pursuant to Section 1777.1 or 1777.7 of the Labor Code.
- The Contractor shall not substitute any person as subcontractor in place of a subcontractor listed on the Contractor's bid proposal without the written approval of the Engineer. Substitutions must be in conformance with the provisions of the "Subletting and Subcontracting Fair Practices Act" beginning with Section 4100 of the Public Contract Code. Violations of this Act by the Contractor may subject him to penalties which may include cancellation of contract, assessment of 10 percent of the subcontractor's bid, and disciplinary action by the Contractors' State License Board.

6-1.02 ASSIGNMENT

- The performance of the contract may not be assigned, except upon the written consent of the Director. Consent will not be given to any proposed assignment which would relieve the original Contractor or the Contractor's surety of their responsibilities under the contract nor will the Director consent to any assignment of a part of the work under the contract.
- The Contractor may assign moneys due or to become due the Contractor under the contract and the assignment will be recognized by the Department, if given proper notice thereof, to the extent permitted by law, but any assignment of moneys shall be subject to all proper set-offs in favor of the Department and to all deductions provided for in the contract and particularly all money withheld, whether assigned or not, shall be subject to being used by the Department for the completion of the work in the event that the Contractor should be in default therein.

6-1.03 BEGINNING OF WORK

- The Contractor shall begin work within 15 calendar days after receiving notice that the contract has been approved by the Attorney General or the attorney appointed and authorized to represent the Department, and shall diligently prosecute the same to completion within the time limit provided in the special provisions.
- The Contractor shall notify the Engineer, in writing, of the Contractor's intent to begin work at least 72 hours before work is begun. The notice shall be delivered to the Office of the District Director of Transportation in the district in which the work is situated and shall specify the date the Contractor intends to start. If the project has more than one location of work, a separate notice shall be given for each location.
- Should the Contractor begin work in advance of receiving notice that the contract has been approved as above provided, any work performed by the Contractor in advance of the date of approval shall be considered as having been done by the Contractor at the Contractor's own risk and as a volunteer unless the contract is approved.
- The delivery to the State for execution and approval of the contract properly executed on behalf of the Contractor and surety and the minimum 72 hours advance written notice as required above shall constitute the Contractor's authority to enter upon the site of the work and to begin operations, subject to the Contractor's assumption of the risk of the disapproval of the contract, as above provided, and subject also to the following:

- (1) The Contractor shall, on commencing operations, take all precautions required for public safety and shall observe all the provisions in these General Conditions and the special provisions.
- (2) In the event of disapproval, the Contractor shall at the Contractor's expense do that work that is necessary to leave the site in a neat condition to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

- (3) All work done according to the contract prior to its approval, will, when the contract is approved, be considered authorized work and will be paid for as provided in the contract.
- (4) The Contractor shall not be entitled to any additional compensation or an extension of time for any delay, hindrance or interference caused by or attributable to commencement of work prior to the date on which the contract was approved by the Attorney General or the attorney appointed and authorized to represent the Department, except to the extent the delay, hindrance or interference would have been compensable hereunder had work been commenced on the date of the approval and the progress thereof been the same as that actually made.

6-1.04 PROGRESS SCHEDULE

- The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer a practicable progress schedule within 15 days of approval of the contract, and within 7 days of the Engineer's written request at any other time.
- The Contractor may furnish the schedule on a form of the Contractor's choice or, if requested, the Engineer will furnish a form for the Contractor's use. If the Engineer furnishes a form, the Engineer will also furnish to the Contractor, on request, on or before the last day of each month a copy of the form showing the status of work actually completed during the preceding estimate period.
- The schedule shall show the order in which the Contractor proposes to carry out the work, the dates on which the Contractor will start the several salient features of the work, and the contemplated dates for completing those salient features.
- The progress schedules submitted shall be consistent in all respects with the time and order of work requirements of the contract.
- Subsequent to the time that submittal of a progress schedule is required in conformance with these General Conditions, no progress payment will be made for any work until a satisfactory schedule has been submitted to the Engineer.

6-1.05 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer a schedule of values for each lump sum item. The sum of the items listed in the schedule of values shall equal the contract lump sum prices. Overhead and profit shall not be listed as separate items. The schedule of values shall be approved by the Engineer before any partial payment estimate is prepared.

6-1.06 TEMPORARY SUSPENSION OF WORK

- The Engineer shall have the authority to suspend the work wholly or in part, for any time period as the Engineer deems necessary, due to unsuitable weather, or to such other conditions as are considered unfavorable for the suitable prosecution of the work, or for any time period as the Engineer deems necessary due to the failure on the part of the Contractor to carry out orders given, or to perform any provision of the contract.
- The Contractor shall immediately comply with the written order of the Engineer to suspend the work wholly or in part. The suspended work shall be resumed when conditions are favorable and methods are corrected, as ordered or approved in writing by the Engineer.
- If the Engineer orders a suspension of all of the work or a portion of the work which is the current controlling operation or operations, due to unsuitable weather or to such other conditions as are considered unfavorable to the suitable prosecution of the work, the days on which the suspension is in effect shall not be considered working days as defined in Section 6-1.07, "Time of Completion," of these General Conditions. If a portion of work at the time of the suspension is not a current controlling operation or operations, but subsequently does become the current controlling operation or operations, the determination of working days will be made on the basis of the then current controlling operation or operations.
- If a suspension of work is ordered by the Engineer, due to the failure on the part of the Contractor to carry out orders given or to perform any provision of the contract, the days on which the suspension order is in effect shall be considered working days if those days are working days within the meaning of the definition set forth in Section 6-1.07, "Time of Completion," of these General Conditions.
- In the event of a suspension of work under any of the conditions set forth in this Section 6-1.06, the suspension of work shall not relieve the Contractor of the Contractor's legal responsibilities as set forth in these General Conditions.
- The Contractor shall have no claim for damage or compensation for any delay, interference or hindrance resulting from an ordered temporary suspension of the work.
- In addition to the requirements specified above, the following shall apply:

If the performance of all or any portion of the work is suspended or delayed by the Engineer in writing for an unreasonable period of time (not originally anticipated, customary, or inherent to the construction industry) and the Contractor believes that additional compensation or contract time or additional compensation and contract time is due as a result of the suspension or delay, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer in writing a request for adjustment within 7 calendar days of receipt of the notice to resume work. The request shall set forth the reasons and support for the adjustment.

Upon receipt, the Engineer will evaluate the Contractor's request. If the Engineer agrees that the cost or time or cost and time required for the performance of the contract has increased as a result of the suspension and the suspension was caused by conditions beyond the control of and not the fault of the Contractor, the Contractor's suppliers, or subcontractors at any approved tier, and not caused by weather, the Engineer will make an adjustment (excluding profit) and modify the contract in writing accordingly. The Engineer will notify the Contractor of the Engineer's determination whether or not an adjustment of the contract is warranted.

No contract adjustment will be allowed unless the Contractor has submitted the request for adjustment within the time prescribed.

No contract adjustment will be allowed under the provisions specified in this section to the extent that performance would have been suspended or delayed by any other cause, or for which an adjustment is provided for or excluded under any term or condition of this contract.

6-1.07 TIME OF COMPLETION

- The Contractor shall complete all or any designated portion of the work called for under the contract in all parts and requirements within the time set forth in the special provisions.
- A working day is defined as any day, except Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays and days on which the Contractor is specifically required by the special provisions to suspend construction operations, and except days on which the Contractor is prevented by inclement weather or conditions resulting immediately therefrom adverse to the current controlling operation or operations, as determined by the Engineer, from proceeding with at least 75 percent of the normal labor and equipment force engaged on the controlling operation or operations for at least 60 percent of the total daily time being currently spent on the controlling operation or operations.
- Should the Contractor prepare to begin work at the regular starting time in the morning of any day on which inclement weather, or the conditions resulting from the weather, or the condition of the work, prevents the work from beginning at the usual starting time and the crew is dismissed as a result thereof and the Contractor does not proceed with at least 75 percent of the normal labor and equipment force engaged in the current controlling operation or operations for at least 60 percent of the total daily time being currently spent on the controlling operation or operations, the Contractor will not be charged for a working day whether or not conditions should change thereafter during that day and the major portion of the day could be considered to be suitable for those construction operations.
- The current controlling operation or operations is to be construed to include any feature of the work which, if delayed, will delay the time of completion of the contract.
- Determination that a day is a nonworking day by reason of inclement weather or conditions resulting immediately therefrom shall be made and agreed upon during that day by conference between the Engineer and the Contractor. In the event of failure to agree, the Contractor will be allowed 15 days from the issuance of the weekly statement of working days in which to file a written protest setting forth in what respects the Contractor differs from the Engineer, otherwise the decision of the Engineer shall be deemed to have been accepted by the Contractor as correct. The Engineer will furnish the Contractor a weekly statement showing the number of working days charged to the contract for the preceding week, the number of working days of time extensions being considered or approved, the number of working days originally specified for the completion of the contract and the number of working days remaining to complete the contract and the extended date for completion thereof, except when working days are not being charged in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.06, "Temporary Suspension of Work," of these General Conditions.

6-1.08 LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

- It is agreed by the parties to the contract that in case all the work called for under the contract in all parts and requirements is not finished or completed within the number of working days as set forth in the special provisions, damage will be sustained by the State of California, and that it is and will be impracticable and extremely difficult to ascertain and determine the actual damage which the State will sustain in the event of and by reason of the delay; and it is therefore agreed that the Contractor will pay to the State of California, the sum set forth in the special provisions per day for each and every calendar day's delay in finishing the work in excess of the number of working days prescribed; and the Contractor agrees to pay the liquidated damages herein provided for, and further agrees that the Department may deduct the amount thereof from any moneys due or that may become due the Contractor under the contract.
- It is further agreed that in case the work called for under the contract is not finished and completed in all parts and requirements within the number of working days specified, the Director shall have the right to increase the number of working days or not, as the Director may deem best to serve the interest of the State, and if the Director decides to increase the number of working days, the Director shall further have the right to charge to the Contractor, the Contractor's heirs, assigns or sureties and to deduct from the final payment for the work all or any part, as the Director may deem proper, of the actual cost of engineering, inspection, superintendence, and other overhead expenses which are directly chargeable to the

contract, and which accrue during the period of the extension, except that cost of final surveys and preparation of final statement shall not be included in the charges.

- The Contractor will be granted an extension of time and will not be assessed with liquidated damages or the cost of engineering and inspection for any portion of the delay in completion of the work beyond the time named in the special provisions for the completion of the work caused by acts of God or of the public enemy, fire, floods, tsunamis, earthquakes, epidemics, quarantine restrictions, strikes, labor disputes, shortage of materials and freight embargoes, provided, that the Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing of the causes of delay within 15 days from the beginning of that delay. The Engineer shall ascertain the facts and the extent of the delay, and the Engineer's findings thereon shall be final and conclusive.

- No extension of time will be granted for a delay caused by a shortage of materials unless the Contractor furnishes to the Engineer documentary proof that the Contractor has made every effort to obtain the materials from all known sources within reasonable reach of the work in a diligent and timely manner, and further proof in the form of supplementary progress schedules, as required in Section 6-1.04, "Progress Schedule," of these General Conditions that the inability to obtain the materials when originally planned, did in fact cause a delay in final completion of the entire work which could not be compensated for by revising the sequence of the Contractor's operations. The term "shortage of materials," as used in this section, shall apply only to materials, articles, parts or equipment which are standard items and are to be incorporated in the work. The term "shortage of materials," shall not apply to materials, parts, articles, or equipment which are processed, made, constructed, fabricated or manufactured to meet the specific requirements of the contract. Only the physical shortage of material will be considered under these provisions as a cause for extension of time. Delays in obtaining materials due to priority in filling orders will not constitute a shortage of materials.

- If the Contractor is delayed in completion of the work by reason of changes made under Section 3, "Changes in the Work," of these General Conditions or by any act of the Engineer or of the Department, not contemplated by the contract, an extension of time commensurate with the delay in completion of the work thus caused will be granted and the Contractor shall be relieved from any claim for liquidated damages, or engineering and inspection charges or other penalties for the period covered by that extension of time; provided that the Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing of the causes of delay within 15 days from the beginning of the delay. The Engineer shall ascertain the facts and the extent of the delay, and the Engineer's findings thereon shall be final and conclusive.

- Except as provided in Public Contract Code Section 7102, the Contractor shall have no claim for damage or compensation for any delay or hindrance whether or not contemplated by the contract.

- It is the intention of the above provisions that the Contractor shall not be relieved of liability for liquidated damages or engineering and inspection charges for any period of delay in completion of the work in excess of that expressly provided for in this Section 6-1.08.

6-1.09 TERMINATION

6-1.09A Termination Of Contract - "Convenience Of State"

- The Department reserves the right to terminate the contract at any time if the Director determines that to do so would be in the best interest of the State.

- Termination of the contract and the total compensation payable to the Contractor in the event of termination shall be governed by the following:

- (1) The Engineer will issue the Contractor a written notice signed by the Director, specifying that the contract is to be terminated. Upon receipt of that written notice and, except as otherwise directed in writing by the Engineer, the Contractor shall:
 - (a) Stop all work under the contract except that specifically directed to be completed prior to acceptance.
 - (b) Perform work the Engineer deems necessary to secure the project for termination.
 - (c) Remove equipment from the site of the work.
 - (d) Take the required action as is necessary to protect materials from damage.
 - (e) Notify all subcontractors and suppliers that the contract is being terminated and that their contracts or orders are not to be further performed unless otherwise authorized in writing by the Engineer.
 - (f) Provide the Engineer with an inventory list of all materials previously produced, purchased or ordered from suppliers for use in the work and not yet used in the work, including its storage location, and any other information as the Engineer may request.
 - (g) Dispose of materials not yet used in the work as directed by the Engineer. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to provide the State with good title to all materials purchased by the State hereunder, including

materials for which partial payment has been made as provided in Section 7-1.05, "Partial Payments," of these General Conditions and with bills of sale or other documents of title for the materials.

- (h) Subject to the prior written approval of the Engineer, settle all outstanding liabilities and all claims arising out of subcontracts or orders for materials terminated hereunder. To the extent directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall assign to the Department all the right, title and interest of the Contractor under subcontracts or orders for materials terminated hereunder.
 - (i) Furnish the Engineer with the documentation required to be furnished by the Contractor under the provisions of the contract including, on projects as to which Federal funds are involved, all documentation required under the Federal requirements included in the contract.
 - (j) Take other actions as the Engineer may direct.
- (2) Acceptance of the contract as hereinafter specified shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for damage to materials except as follows:

The Contractor's responsibility for damage to materials for which partial payment has been made as provided in Section 7-1.05, "Partial Payments," of these General Conditions and for materials furnished by the State for use in the work and unused shall terminate when the Engineer certifies that the materials have been stored in the manner and at the locations the Engineer has directed.

The Contractor's responsibility for damage to materials purchased by the State subsequent to the issuance of the notice that the contract is to be terminated shall terminate when title and delivery of those materials has been taken by the State.

When the Engineer determines that the Contractor has completed the work under the contract directed to be completed prior to termination and all other work as may have been ordered to secure the project for termination, the Engineer will recommend that the Director formally accept the contract, and immediately upon and after the acceptance by the Director, the Contractor will not be required to perform any further work thereon and shall be relieved of contractual responsibilities for injury to persons or damage to property which occurs after the formal acceptance of the project by the Director.

- (3) The total compensation to be paid to the Contractor shall be determined by the Engineer on the basis of the following:
- (a) The reasonable cost to the Contractor, without profit, for all work performed under the contract, including mobilization, demobilization and work done to secure the project for termination.
When in the opinion of the Engineer the cost of the work is excessively high due to costs incurred to remedy or replace defective or rejected work, the reasonable cost to be allowed will be the estimated reasonable cost of performing that work in compliance with the requirements of the plans and special provisions and the excessive actual cost shall be disallowed.
 - (b) A reasonable allowance for profit on the cost of work performed as determined under Subsection (a), provided the Contractor establishes to the satisfaction of the Engineer that it is reasonably probable that the Contractor would have made a profit had the contract been completed and provided further, that the profit allowed shall in no event exceed 4 percent of the cost.
 - (c) The reasonable cost to the Contractor of handling material returned to the vendor, delivered to the Department or otherwise disposed of as directed by the Engineer.
 - (d) A reasonable allowance for the Contractor's administrative costs in determining the amount payable due to termination of the contract.

All records of the Contractor and subcontractors, necessary to determine compensation in conformance with the provisions of this Section shall be open to inspection or audit by representatives of the Department at all times after issuance of the notice that the contract is to be terminated and for a period of 3 years, and these records shall be retained for that period.

After acceptance of the work by the Director, the Engineer may make payments on the basis of interim estimates pending issuance of the Final Statement, when in the Engineer's opinion the amount thus paid, together with all amounts previously paid or allowed, will not result in total compensation in excess of that to which the Contractor will be entitled. All payments, including payment upon the Final Statement, shall be subject to deduction for prior payments and amounts, if any, to be kept or retained under the provisions of the contract.

- The provisions of this Section shall be included in all subcontracts.

6-1.09B Termination Of Control - "Default Of Contractor"

- Failure to supply an adequate working force, or material of proper quality, or failure to comply with Section 10262 of the State Contract Act, or in any other respect to prosecute the work with the diligence and force specified by the contract, is grounds for termination of the Contractor's control over the work and for taking over the work by the State. The procedures for termination, completion of the work, and the rights and obligations of the parties are provided for in the State Contract Act (Public Contract Code Sections 10253-10260).
- If the Contractor's control of the work is terminated or the Contractor abandons the work and the contract work is completed in conformance with the provisions in Section 10255 of the State Contract Act, any dispute concerning the amount to be paid by the State to the Contractor or the Contractor's surety or to be paid to the State by the Contractor or the Contractor's surety, under the provisions in Section 10258 of the State Contract Act, shall be subject to arbitration in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.10, "Arbitration," of these General Conditions. The surety shall be bound by the arbitration award and is entitled to participate in the arbitration proceedings.

SECTION 7
ACCEPTANCE AND PAYMENT

7-1.01 ACCEPTANCE

- The contract will be accepted in writing by the Director when the whole shall have been completed in all respects in conformance with the provisions of the contract to the full satisfaction of the Department.

7-1.02 SCOPE OF PAYMENT

- The Contractor shall accept the compensation provided in the contract as full payment for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals necessary to the completed work and for performing all work contemplated and embraced under the contract; also for loss or damage arising from the nature of the work, or from the action of the elements, or from any unforeseen difficulties which may be encountered during the prosecution of the work until the acceptance by the Director and for all risks of every description connected with the prosecution of the work, also for all expenses incurred in consequence of the suspension or discontinuance of the work as provided in the contract; and for completing the work according to the contract. Neither the payment of any estimate nor of any retained percentage shall relieve the Contractor of any obligation to make good any defective work or material.
- No compensation will be made in any case for loss of anticipated profits.

7-1.03 NOTICE OF POTENTIAL CLAIM

- The Contractor shall not be entitled to the payment of any additional compensation for any act, or failure to act, by the Engineer, including failure or refusal to issue a change order, or for the happening of any event, thing, occurrence, or other cause, unless the Contractor shall have given the Engineer due written notice of potential claim as hereinafter specified. Compliance with this Section 7-1.03 shall not be a prerequisite as to matters within the scope of the protest provisions in Section 3, "Changes in the Work," or Section 6-1.07, "Time of Completion," or the notice provisions in Section 2-1.045, "Differing Site Conditions," or Section 6-1.08, "Liquidated Damages," or Section 5-1.06, "Responsibility for Utilities," of these General Conditions.
- The written notice of potential claim shall be submitted to the Engineer prior to the time that the Contractor performs the work giving rise to the potential claim for additional compensation, if based on an act or failure to act by the Engineer, or in all other cases within 15 days after the happening of the event, thing, occurrence, or other cause, giving rise to the potential claim.
- The written notice of potential claim shall be submitted on Form CEM-6201 furnished by the Department and shall be certified with reference to the California False Claims Act, Government Code Sections 12650 - 12655. The notice shall set forth the reasons for which the Contractor believes additional compensation will or may be due and the nature of the costs involved. Unless the amount of the potential claim has been stated in the written notice, the Contractor shall, within 15 days of submitting the notice, furnish an estimate of the cost of the affected work and impacts, if any, on project completion. The estimate of costs may be changed or updated by the Contractor when conditions have changed. When the affected work is completed, the Contractor shall submit substantiation of the Contractor's actual costs. Failure to do so shall be sufficient cause for denial of any claim subsequently filed on the basis of that notice of potential claim.
- It is the intention of this Section 7-1.03 that differences between the parties arising under and by virtue of the contract be brought to the attention of the Engineer at the earliest possible time in order that those matters may be settled, if possible, or other appropriate action promptly taken. The Contractor hereby agrees that the Contractor shall have no right to additional compensation for any claim that may be based on any act, failure to act, event, thing or occurrence for which no written notice of potential claim as herein required was filed.
- Should the Contractor, in connection with or subsequent to the assertion of a potential claim, request inspection and copying of documents or records in the possession of the Department that pertain to the potential claim, the Contractor's records of the project, as deemed by the Department to be pertinent to the potential claim, shall be made available to the Department for inspection and copying.

7-1.04 STOP NOTICES

- The State of California, by and through the Department or other appropriate State office or officers, may at its option and at any time retain out of any amounts due the Contractor, sums sufficient to cover claims, filed pursuant to Section 3179 et seq of the Civil Code.
- Stop notice information may be obtained from the Departmental Disbursing Office at 1801 30th Street, East Building, Sacramento, California.

7-1.05 PARTIAL PAYMENTS

- The Department, once in each month upon request of the Contractor for partial payments, shall cause an estimate in writing to be made by the Engineer. The estimate shall include the total amount of work done and acceptable materials furnished to the time of the estimate, and the value thereof. The acceptable materials shall include materials that are furnished and delivered to the work site and are not incorporated in the work.
- The Department shall retain 10 percent of the estimated value of the work done and 10 percent of the value of materials so estimated to have been furnished and delivered and not incorporated in the work as aforesaid as part security for the fulfillment of the contract by the Contractor, except that at any time after 20 percent of the work has been completed, if the Engineer finds that satisfactory progress is being made, the Department may reduce the total amount being retained from payment pursuant to the above requirements to 5 percent of the total estimated value of the work and materials and may also reduce the amount retained from any of the remaining partial payments to 5 percent of the estimated value of the work and materials. In addition, on any partial payment made after 95 percent of the work has been completed, the Department may reduce the amount withheld from payment pursuant to the requirements of this Section 7-1.05, to such lesser amount as the Department determines is adequate security for the fulfillment of the balance of the work and other requirements of the contract, but in no event will that amount be reduced to less than 125 percent of the estimated value of the work yet to be completed as determined by the Engineer. The reduction will only be made upon the written request of the Contractor and shall be approved in writing by the surety on the Performance Bond and by the surety on the Payment Bond. The approval of the surety shall be submitted to the Disbursing Officer of the Department; the signature of the person executing the approval for the surety shall be properly acknowledged and the power of attorney authorizing the person to give that consent must either accompany the document or be on file with the Department.
- The Department shall pay monthly to the Contractor, while carrying on the work, the balance not retained, as aforesaid, after deducting therefrom all previous payments and all sums to be kept or retained under the provisions of the contract. No monthly estimate or payment shall be required to be made when, in the judgment of the Engineer, the work is not proceeding in conformance with the provisions of the contract.
- No monthly estimate or payment shall be construed to be an acceptance of any defective work or improper materials.
- Attention is directed to the prohibitions and penalties pertaining to unlicensed contractors as provided in Business and Professions Code Sections 7028.15(a) and 7031.

7-1.06 PAYMENT OF WITHHELD FUNDS

- Attention is directed to Section 7-1.05, "Partial Payments," of these General Conditions and in particular to the retention provisions of Section 7-1.05, of these General Conditions.
- Upon the Contractor's request, pursuant to Public Contract Code Section 10263, the Department will make payment of funds withheld from progress payments to ensure performance of the contract if the Contractor deposits in escrow with the State Treasurer, or with a bank acceptable to the Department, securities equivalent to the amount withheld. The Contractor shall be beneficial owner of any securities substituted for moneys withheld and shall receive any interest thereon. Upon satisfactory completion of the contract, the securities shall be returned to the Contractor.
- Alternatively, upon the Contractor's request, the Department will make payment of retentions earned directly to the escrow agent. The Contractor may direct the investment of the payments into securities and the Contractor shall receive the interest earned on the investments upon the same terms provided for securities deposited by the Contractor. Upon satisfactory completion of the contract, the Contractor shall receive from the escrow agent all securities, interest, and payments received by the escrow agent from the Department, pursuant to the terms in Section 10263 of the Public Contract Code.
- Alternatively, and subject to the approval of the Department, the payment of retentions earned may be deposited directly with a person licensed under Division 6 (commencing with Section 17000) of the Financial Code as the escrow agent. Upon written request of an escrow agent that has not been approved by the Department under subdivision (c) of Section 10263 of the Public Contract Code, the Department will provide written notice to that escrow agent within 10 business days of receipt of the request indicating the reason or reasons for not approving that escrow agent. The payments will be deposited in a trust account with a Federally chartered bank or savings association within 24 hours of receipt by the escrow agent. The Contractor shall not place any retentions with the escrow agent in excess of the coverage provided to that escrow agent pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 17314 of the Financial Code. In all respects not inconsistent with subdivision (c) of Section 10263 of the Public Contract Code, the remaining provisions of Section 10263 of the Public Contract Code shall apply to escrow agents acting pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 10263 of the Public Contract Code.
- Securities eligible for investment shall include those listed in Section 16430 of the Government Code, bank or savings and loan certificates of deposit, interest-bearing demand deposit accounts, standby letters of credit, or any other security mutually agreed to by the Contractor and the Department.

- The escrow agreement used pursuant to this Section 7-1.06 shall be substantially similar to the "Escrow Agreement for Security Deposits In Lieu of Retention" in Section 10263 of the Public Contract Code, deemed as incorporated herein by reference.
- The Contractor shall obtain the written consent of the surety to the agreement.

7-1.07 FINAL PAYMENT AND CLAIMS

- After acceptance of the work by the Director, the Department will make a final monthly payment pending approval of the final statement. The final monthly payment will be the balance found to be due after deduction of all previous payments, all amounts to be kept or retained under the provisions of the contract, and such further amounts as the Engineer determined to be necessary pending approval of the final statement. The Engineer will promptly submit to the Contractor a final statement of the sum due the Contractor under the contract. The statement shall take into account the contract price, as adjusted by any change order; amounts already paid; and sums to be withheld for incomplete work, liquidated damages, and for any other cause under the contract. The Contractor shall submit written approval of the final statement or submit a written statement of all claims arising under or by virtue of the contract so that the Engineer receives the written approval or statement of claims no later than close of business of the thirtieth day after receiving the final statement of the sum due the Contractor. If the thirtieth day falls on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, then receipt of the written approval or statement of claims by the Engineer shall not be later than the close of business of the next business day. The approval of that statement or the failure to file a claim within the specified 30 day period shall constitute a waiver by the Contractor of any additional right to compensation under or by reason of the contract and the payment so made by the State shall thereupon become a complete statement between the State and the Contractor.
- To constitute the filing of a claim, the Contractor shall set forth in writing the basis for the claim and the amount of money for which demand is made and shall submit the same to the Engineer. No demand by the Contractor shall be recognized as a claim by the State unless it is filed in conformance with this paragraph.
- Claims filed by the Contractor shall be in sufficient detail to enable the Engineer to ascertain the basis and amount of those claims. If additional information or details are required by the Engineer to determine the basis and amount of the claims, the Contractor shall furnish additional information or details so that the information or details are received by the Engineer no later than the fifteenth day after receipt of the written request from the Engineer. If the fifteenth day falls on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, then receipt of the information or details by the Engineer shall not be later than close of business of the next business day. Failure to submit the information and details to the Engineer within the time specified will be sufficient cause for denying the claim.
- The Contractor shall keep full and complete records of the costs and additional time incurred for any work for which a claim for additional compensation is made. The Engineer or any designated claim investigator or auditor shall have access to those records and any other records as may be required by the Engineer to determine the facts or contentions involved in the claims. Failure to permit access to those records shall be sufficient cause for denying the claims.
- Claims submitted by the Contractor shall be accompanied by a notarized certificate containing the following language:

Under the penalty of law for perjury or falsification and with specific reference to the California False Claims Act, Government Code Section 12650 et. seq., the undersigned,

_____,
 (name)
 _____ of
 (title)
 _____,
 (company)

hereby certifies that the claim for the additional compensation and time, if any, made herein for the work on this contract is a true statement of the actual costs incurred and time sought, and is fully documented and supported under the contract between parties.

Dated _____

/s/ _____

Subscribed and sworn before me this _____ day

of _____.

Notary Public

My Commission Expires _____

- Failure to submit the notarized certificate will be sufficient cause for denying the claim.
- Any claim for overhead type expenses or costs, in addition to being certified as stated above, shall be supported by an audit report of an independent Certified Public Accountant. Any claim for overhead shall also be subject to audit by the State at its discretion.
- Any costs or expenses incurred by the State in reviewing or auditing any claims that are not supported by the Contractor's cost accounting or other records shall be deemed to be damages incurred by the State within the meaning of the California False Claims Act.
- The District Director of the District which administers the contract will make the final determination of any claims which remain in dispute after completion of claim review by the Engineer. A board or person designated by the District Director will review those claims and make a written recommendation thereon to the District Director. The Contractor may meet with the review board or person to make a presentation in support of those claims.
- Upon final determination of the claims, the Engineer will then make and issue the Engineer's final statement in writing and within 30 days thereafter the State will pay the entire sum, if any, found due thereon. That final statement shall be conclusive and binding against both parties to the contract on all questions relating to the amount of work done and the compensation payable therefor, except as otherwise provided in Section 7-1.08, "Clerical Errors," of these General Conditions.

7-1.08 CLERICAL ERRORS

- Notwithstanding the provisions in Section 7-1.07, "Final Payment And Claims," of these General Conditions, for a period of 3 years after acceptance of the work, all estimates and payments made pursuant to Section 7-1.07, including the final statement and payment, shall be subject to correction and adjustment for clerical errors in the calculations involved in the determination of quantities and payments. The Contractor and the Department agree to pay to the other any sum due under the provisions of this Section 7-1.08, provided, however, if the total sum to be paid is less than \$200, no payment shall be made.

7-1.09 GUARANTEE

- The Contractor hereby unconditionally guarantees that the mechanical and electrical equipment and related components in the building work will be done in conformance with the requirements of the contract, and further guarantees the same to be and remain free of defects in workmanship and materials for a period of 6 months from the date of acceptance of the contract. The Contractor hereby agrees to repair or replace any and all mechanical and electrical equipment and related components in the building work that may prove to be not in conformance with the requirements of the contract or that may be defective in its workmanship or material within the guarantee period specified, without any expense whatsoever to the Department, ordinary wear and tear and unusual abuse or neglect excepted.
- A portion of the performance bond for the contract in a sum equal to one half the value of the mechanical and electrical equipment and related components in the building work, shall remain in full force and effect during the guarantee period. The value of those mechanical and electrical equipment and related components shall be the value determined in conformance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.05, "Schedule of Values" of the General Conditions.
- The Contractor further agrees that, within 10 calendar days after being notified in writing by the Department of any mechanical and electrical equipment and related components in the building work not in conformance with the requirements of the contract or any defects in the mechanical and electrical equipment and related components in the building work, he shall commence and prosecute with due diligence all work necessary to fulfill the terms of this guarantee, and shall complete the work within a reasonable period of time, and, in the event the Contractor fails to comply, he does hereby authorize the Department to proceed to have such work done at the Contractor's expense and he shall honor and pay the cost and charges

therefor upon demand. The Department shall be entitled to all costs and expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees, necessarily incurred upon the Contractor's refusal to honor and pay the above costs and charges.

7-1.10 ARBITRATION

- Sections 10240-10240.13, inclusive of the Public Contract Code provides for the resolution of contract claims by arbitration.
- Claims (demands for monetary compensation or damages) arising under or related to performance of the contract shall be resolved by arbitration unless the Department and the Contractor agree in writing, after the claim has arisen, to waive arbitration and to have the claim litigated in a court of competent jurisdiction. Arbitration shall be pursuant to Public Contract Code Sections 10240-10240.13, inclusive, and applicable regulations (see Subchapter 3 [Sections 301-382, inclusive] of Chapter 2 of Title 1 of the California Code of Regulations). The arbitration decision shall be decided under and in conformance with the law of this State, supported by substantial evidence and, in writing, contain the basis for the decision, findings of fact, and conclusions of law.
- Arbitration shall be initiated by a Complaint in Arbitration made in compliance with the requirements of those regulations. A Complaint in Arbitration by the Contractor shall be made not later than 90 days after the date of service in person or by mail on the Contractor of the final written decision by the Department on the claim.
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**STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Annexed to Contract No. 04-207774

DIVISION 0 BIDDING AND CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

0.01 INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

The work embraced herein shall conform to the provisions in the Instructions to Bidders and General Conditions for Building Construction of the Department of Transportation, dated January, 2002, a single publication attached hereto and referred to herein as "Instructions to Bidders" and "General Conditions", and the following special provisions.

In case of conflict between the Instructions to Bidders or the General Conditions and these special provisions, the special provisions shall take precedence over and be used in lieu of the conflicting portions.

0.02 PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS

The bidder's attention is directed to the provisions in Section 1, "Proposal Requirements and Conditions," of the Instructions to Bidders, and these special provisions for the requirements and conditions which the bidder must observe in the preparation of the proposal form and the submission of the bid.

In addition to the subcontractors required to be listed in conformance with Section 1-1.05, "Required Listing of Proposed Subcontractors," of the Instructions to Bidders, each proposal shall have listed therein the name and address of each DVBE subcontractor to be used for credit in meeting the goal, and to whom the bidder proposes to directly subcontract portions of the work. The list of subcontractors shall also set forth the portion of work that will be performed by each subcontractor listed. A sheet for listing the subcontractors is included in the Proposal.

The Bidder's Bond form mentioned in the last paragraph in Section 1-1.07, "Proposal Guaranty," of the Instructions to Bidders will be found following the signature page of the Proposal.

In conformance with Public Contract Code Section 7106, a Noncollusion Affidavit is included in the Proposal. Signing the Proposal shall also constitute signature of the Noncollusion Affidavit.

Failure of the bidder to fulfill the requirements of the Special Provisions for submittals required to be furnished after bid opening, including but not limited to DBE or DVBE submittals, or escrowed bid documents, where applicable, may subject the bidder to a determination of the bidder's responsibility in the event it is the apparent low bidder on a future public works contracts.

0.024 DISABLED VETERAN BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DVBE)

Section 10115 of the Public Contract Code requires the Department to implement provisions to establish a goal for Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise (DVBE) in contracts.

It is the policy of the Department that Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise (DVBE) shall have the maximum opportunity to participate in the performance of contracts financed solely with state funds. The Contractor shall ensure that DVBEs have the maximum opportunity to participate in the performance of this contract and shall take all necessary and reasonable steps for this assurance. The Contractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the award and performance of subcontracts. Failure to carry out the requirements of this paragraph shall constitute a breach of contract and may result in termination of this contract or other remedy the Department may deem appropriate.

Bidder's attention is directed to the following:

- A. "Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise" (DVBE) means a business concern certified as a DVBE by the Office of Small Business and Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise Certification, Department of General Services.
- B. A DVBE may participate as a prime contractor, subcontractor, joint venture partner with a prime or subcontractor, or vendor of material or supplies.
- C. Credit for DVBE prime contractors will be 100 percent.

- D. A DVBE joint venture partner must be responsible for a clearly defined portion of the work to be performed. Responsibility means actually performing, managing and supervising that portion of the work with its own forces. The DVBE joint venture partner must share in the ownership, control, management responsibilities, risks and profits of the joint venture. The DVBE joint venturer must submit the joint venture agreement with the Caltrans Bidder DVBE Information form required in Division 0.026, "Submission of DVBE Information," elsewhere in these special provisions.
- E. A DVBE must perform a commercially useful function, i.e., must be responsible for the execution of a distinct element of the work and must carry out its responsibility by actually performing, managing and supervising the work.
- F. Credit for DVBE vendors of materials or supplies is limited to 60 percent of the amount to be paid to the vendor for the material unless the vendor manufactures or substantially alters the goods.
- G. Credit for trucking by DVBEs will be as follows:
 - 1. One hundred percent of the amount to be paid when a DVBE trucker will perform the trucking with his/her own trucks, tractors and employees.
 - 2. Twenty percent of the amount to be paid to DVBE trucking brokers who do not have a "certified roster."
 - 3. One hundred percent of the amount to be paid to DVBE trucking brokers who have signed agreements that all trucking will be performed by DVBE truckers if credit is toward the DVBE goal, a "certified roster" showing that all trucks are owned by DVBEs, and a signed statement on the "certified roster" that indicates that 100 percent of revenue paid by the broker will be paid to the DVBEs listed on the "certified roster."
 - 4. Twenty percent of the amount to be paid to trucking brokers who are not a DVBE but who have signed agreements with DVBE truckers assuring that at least 20 percent of the trucking will be performed by DVBE truckers if credit is toward the DVBE goal, a "certified roster" showing that at least 20 percent of the number of trucks are owned by DVBE truckers, and a signed statement on the "certified roster" that indicates that at least 20 percent of the revenue paid by the broker will be paid to the DVBEs listed on the "certified roster."

The "certified roster" referred to herein shall conform to the requirements in Division 0.026, "Submission Of DVBE Information," elsewhere in these special provisions.

- H. DVBEs and DVBE joint venture partners must be certified DVBEs as determined by the Department of General Services, Office of Small Business and Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise Certification, 707 Third Street, West Sacramento, CA 95605, on the date bids for the project are opened before credit may be allowed toward the DVBE goal. It is the Contractor's responsibility to verify that DVBEs are certified.
- I. Noncompliance by the Contractor with these requirements constitutes a breach of this contract and may result in termination of the contract or other appropriate remedy for a breach of this contract.

0.025 DVBE GOAL FOR THIS PROJECT

The Department has established the following goal for Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise (DVBE) participation for this project:

Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise (DVBE): 3 percent.

It is the bidder's responsibility to make a sufficient portion of the work available to subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DVBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to assure meeting the goal for DVBE participation.

The Office of Small Business and Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise Certification, Department of General Services, may be contacted at (800) 559-5529 or (916) 375-4940 or visit their internet web site at <http://www.pd.dgs.ca.gov/smbus/default.htm> for program information and certification status. The Department's Business Enterprise Program may also be contacted through their internet web site at <http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/bep/> or at (866) 810-6346 or (916) 324-1700.

0.026 SUBMISSION OF DVBE INFORMATION

The required DVBE information shall be submitted on the "CALTRANS BIDDER - DVBE INFORMATION" form included in the Proposal. If this information is not submitted with the bid, the DVBE information forms shall be removed from the documents prior to submitting the bid.

It is the bidder's responsibility to make enough work available to DVBEs and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DVBEs to meet the goal for DVBE participation or to provide information to establish that, prior to bidding, the bidder made adequate good faith efforts to do so.

If the DVBE information is not submitted with the bid, the apparent successful bidder (low bidder), the second low bidder and the third low bidder shall submit the DVBE information to the Department of Transportation, 1120 N Street, Room 0200, MS #26, Sacramento, California 95814 so the information is received by the Department no later than 4:00 p.m. on the fourth day, not including Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, following bid opening. DVBE information sent by U.S. Postal Service certified mail with return receipt and certificate of mailing and mailed on or before the third day, not including Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, following bid opening will be accepted even if it is received after the fourth day following bid opening. Failure to submit the required DVBE information by the time specified will be grounds for finding the bid or proposal nonresponsive. Other bidders need not submit DVBE information unless requested to do so by the Department.

The bidder's DVBE information shall establish that good faith efforts to meet the DVBE goal have been made. To establish good faith efforts, the bidder shall demonstrate that the goal will be met or that, prior to bidding, adequate good faith efforts to meet the goal were made.

Bidders are cautioned that even though their submittal indicates they will meet the stated DVBE goal, their submittal should also include their adequate good faith efforts information along with their DVBE goal information to protect their eligibility for award of the contract in the event the Department, in its review, finds that the goal has not been met.

The bidder's DVBE information shall include the names of DVBE firms that will participate, with a complete description of work or supplies to be provided by each, the dollar value of each DVBE transaction, and a written confirmation from the DVBE that it is participating in the contract. A copy of the DVBE's quote will serve as written confirmation that the DVBE is participating in the contract. When 100 percent of a portion of the work is not to be performed or furnished by a DVBE, a description of the exact portion of that work to be performed or furnished by that DVBE shall be included in the DVBE information, including the planned location of that work. The work that a DVBE prime contractor has committed to performing with its own forces as well as the work that it has committed to be performed by DVBE subcontractors, suppliers and trucking companies will count toward the goal.

If credit for trucking by a DVBE trucking broker is shown on the bidder's information as 100 percent of the revenue to be paid by the broker is to be paid to DVBE truckers, a "certified roster" of the broker's trucks to be used must be included. The "certified roster" must indicate that all the trucks are owned by certified DVBEs and must show the DVBE truck numbers, owner's name, Public Utilities Commission Cal-T numbers, and the DVBE certification numbers. The roster must indicate that all revenue paid by the broker will be paid to DVBEs listed on the "certified roster".

If credit for trucking by a trucking broker who is not a DVBE is shown in the bidder's information, a "certified roster" of the broker's trucks to be used must be included. The "certified roster" must indicate that at least 20 percent of the broker's trucks are owned by certified DVBEs and must show the DVBE truck numbers, owner's name, Public Utilities Commission Cal-T numbers, and the DVBE certification number. The roster must indicate that at least 20 percent of the revenue paid by the broker will be paid to DVBEs listed on the "certified roster".

A bidder shall be deemed to have made good faith efforts upon submittal, within time limits specified by the Department, of documentary evidence that all of the following actions were taken:

- A. Contact was made with the Office of Small Business and Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise Certification (OSDC), Department of General Services or their web site at <http://www.pd.dgs.ca.gov/smbus/default.htm> to identify Disabled Veteran Business Enterprises.
- B. Advertising was published in trade media and media focusing on Disabled Veteran Business Enterprises, unless time limits imposed by the Department do not permit that advertising.
- C. Invitations to bid were submitted to potential Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise contractors.
- D. Available Disabled Veteran Business Enterprises were considered.

0.027 SMALL BUSINESS PREFERENCE

Attention is directed to "Award and Execution of Contract" of these special provisions.

Attention is also directed to the Small Business Procurement and Contract Act, Government Code Section 14835, et seq and Title 2, California Code of Regulations, Section 1896, et seq.

Bidders who wish to be classified as a Small Business under the provisions of those laws and regulations, shall be certified as Small Business by the Department of General Services, Office of Small Business and Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise Certification, 707 Third Street, West Sacramento, CA 95605.

To request Small Business Preference, bidders shall fill out and sign the Request for Small Business Preference form in the Proposal and shall attach a copy of their Office of Small Business and Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise Certification (OSDC) small business certification letter to the form. The bidder's signature on the Request for Small Business Preference certifies, under penalty of perjury, that the bidder is certified as Small Business at the time of bid opening and further certifies, under penalty of perjury, that under the following conditions, at least 50 percent of the subcontractors to be utilized on the project are either certified Small Business or have applied for Small Business certification by bid opening date and are subsequently granted Small Business certification.

The conditions requiring the aforementioned 50 percent level of subcontracting by Small Business subcontractors apply if:

- A. The lowest responsible bid for the project exceeds \$100,000; and
- B. The project work to be performed requires a Class A or a Class B contractor's license; and
- C. Two or more subcontractors will be used.

If the above conditions apply and Small Business Preference is granted in the award of the contract, the 50 percent Small Business subcontractor utilization level shall be maintained throughout the life of the contract.

0.028 CALIFORNIA COMPANY PREFERENCE

Attention is directed to "Award and Execution of Contract" of these special provisions.

In conformance with the requirements of Section 6107 of the Public Contract Code, a "California company" will be granted a reciprocal preference for bid comparison purposes as against a nonresident contractor from any state that gives or requires a preference to be given contractors from that state on its public entity construction contracts.

A "California company" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, joint venture, corporation, or other business entity that was a licensed California contractor on the date when bids for the public contract were opened and meets one of the following:

- A. Has its principal place of business in California.
- B. Has its principal place of business in a state in which there is no local contractor preference on construction contracts.
- C. Has its principal place of business in a state in which there is a local contractor construction preference and the contractor has paid not less than \$5000 in sales or use taxes to California for construction related activity for each of the five years immediately preceding the submission of the bid.

To carry out the "California company" reciprocal preference requirements of Section 6107 of the Public Contract Code, all bidders shall fill out and sign the California Company Preference form in the Proposal. The bidder's signature on the California Company Preference form certifies, under penalty of perjury, that the bidder is or is not a "California company" and if not, the amount of the preference applied by the state of the nonresident Contractor.

A nonresident Contractor shall disclose any and all bid preferences provided to the nonresident Contractor by the state or country in which the nonresident Contractor has its principal place of business.

Proposals without the California Company Preference form filled out and signed may be rejected.

0.03 AWARD AND EXECUTION OF CONTRACT

The bidder's attention is directed to the provisions in Section 2, "Award and Execution of Contract," of the Instructions to Bidders and these special provisions for the requirements and conditions concerning award and execution of contract.

Bid protests are to be delivered to the following address: Department of Transportation, MS 43, Attn: Office Engineer, 1727 30th Street, Sacramento, CA 95816 or by facsimile to the Office Engineer at (916) 227-6282.

The award of the contract, if it be awarded, will be to the lowest responsible bidder whose proposal complies with all the requirements prescribed and who has met the goal for DVBE participation or has demonstrated, to the satisfaction of the Department, adequate good faith efforts to do so. Meeting the goal for DVBE participation or demonstrating, to the satisfaction of the Department, adequate good faith efforts to do so is a condition for being eligible for award of contract.

The contract shall be executed by the successful bidder and shall be returned, together with the contract bonds, to the Department so that it is received within 10 days, not including Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, after the bidder has received the contract for execution. Failure to do so shall be just cause for forfeiture of the proposal guaranty. The executed contract documents shall be delivered to the following address: Department of Transportation MS 43, Attn: Office Engineer, 1727 30th Street, Sacramento, CA 95816.

A "Payee Data Record" form will be included in the contract documents to be executed by the successful bidder. The purpose of the form is to facilitate the collection of taxpayer identification data. The form shall be completed and returned to the Department by the successful bidder with the executed contract and contract bonds. For the purposes of the form, payee shall be deemed to mean the successful bidder. The form is not to be completed for subcontractors or suppliers. Failure to complete and return the "Payee Data Record" form to the Department as provided herein will result in the retention of 20 percent of payments due the contractor and penalties of up to \$20,000. This retention of payments for failure to complete the "Payee Data Record" form is in addition to any other retention of payments due the Contractor.

Attention is also directed to "Small Business Preference" of these special provisions. Any bidder who is certified as a Small Business by the Department of General Services, Office of Small Business and Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise Certification, will be allowed a preference in the award of this contract, if it be awarded, under the following conditions:

- A. The apparent low bidder is not certified as a Small Business, or has not filled out and signed the Request for Small Business Preference included with the bid documents and attached a copy of their Office of Small Business and Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise Certification small business certification letter to the form; and
- B. The bidder filled out and signed the Request for Small Business Preference form included with the bid documents and attached a copy of their Office of Small Business and Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise Certification small business certification letter to the form.

The small business preference will be a reduction in the bid submitted by the small business contractor, for bid comparison purposes, by an amount equal to 5 percent of the amount bid by the apparent low bidder, the amount not to exceed \$50,000. If this reduction results in the small business contractor becoming the low bidder, then the contract will be awarded to the small business contractor on the basis of the actual bid of the small business contractor notwithstanding the reduced bid price used for bid comparison purposes.

Attention is also directed to "California Company Preference" of these special provisions.

The amount of the California company reciprocal preference shall be equal to the amount of the preference applied by the state of the nonresident contractor with the lowest responsive bid, except where the "California company" is eligible for a California Small Business Preference, in which case the preference applied shall be the greater of the two, but not both.

If the bidder submitting the lowest responsive bid is not a "California company" and with the benefit of the reciprocal preference, a "California company's" responsive bid is equal to or less than the original lowest responsive bid, the "California company" will be awarded the contract at its submitted bid price except as provided below.

Small business bidders shall have precedence over nonsmall business bidders in that the application of the "California company" preference for which nonsmall business bidders may be eligible shall not result in the denial of the award to a small business bidder.

0.04 BEGINNING OF WORK, TIME OF COMPLETION AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 6-1.03, "Beginning of Work," Section 6-1.07, "Time of Completion," and Section 6-1.08, "Liquidated Damages," of the General Conditions and these special provisions.

The Contractor shall begin work within 15 calendar days after the contract has been approved by the Attorney General or the attorney appointed and authorized to represent the Department of Transportation.

This work shall be diligently prosecuted to completion before the expiration of **270 WORKING DAYS** beginning on the fifteenth calendar day after approval of the contract.

The Contractor shall pay to the State of California the sum of \$1400 per day, for each and every calendar day's delay in finishing the work in excess of **270 WORKING DAYS**.

0.051 ABBREVIATIONS

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 1-1.26, "Abbreviations," of the General Conditions.

The following abbreviations are added:

CMC California Mechanical Code (2001 Edition)
CPC California Plumbing Code (2001 Edition)
NPCA National Precast Concrete Association

The following abbreviations are modified:

CBC California Building Code (2001 Edition)
CEC California Electrical Code (2001 Edition)

0.052 DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS

Attention is directed to Section 2-1.045, "Differing Site Conditions," of the General Conditions.

During the progress of the work, if subsurface or latent conditions are encountered at the site differing materially from those indicated in the "Materials Information," log of test borings, other geotechnical data obtained by the Department's investigation of subsurface conditions, or an examination of the conditions above ground at the site, the party discovering those conditions shall promptly notify the other party in writing of the specific differing conditions before they are disturbed and before the affected work is performed.

The Contractor will be allowed 15 days from the notification of the Engineer's determination of whether or not an adjustment of the contract is warranted, in which to file a notice of potential claim in conformance with the provisions of Section 7-1.03, "Notice of Potential Claim," of the General Conditions and as specified herein; otherwise the decision of the Engineer shall be deemed to have been accepted by the Contractor as correct. The notice of potential claim shall set forth in what respects the Contractor's position differs from the Engineer's determination and provide any additional information obtained by the Contractor, including but not limited to additional geotechnical data. The notice of potential claim shall be accompanied by the Contractor's certification that the following were made in preparation of the bid: a review of the contract, a review of the "Materials Information," a review of the log of test borings and other records of geotechnical data to the extent they were made available to bidders prior to the opening of bids, and an examination of the conditions above ground at the site. Supplementary information, obtained by the Contractor subsequent to the filing of the notice of potential claim, shall be submitted to the Engineer in an expeditious manner.

0.053 INTEREST ON PAYMENTS

Interest shall be payable on progress payments, payments after acceptance, final statement, ordered changes in the work payments, and claim payments as follows:

- A. Unpaid progress payments, payment after acceptance, and final statements shall begin to accrue interest 30 days after the Engineer prepares the payment estimate.
- B. Unpaid ordered changes in work bills shall begin to accrue interest 30 days after preparation of the first pay estimate following receipt of a properly submitted and undisputed bill for ordered changes in the work. To be properly submitted, the bill must be submitted within 7 days of the performance of the ordered change in the work and in conformance with the provisions in Section 3, "Changes in the Work," and Section 7-1.05, "Partial Payments," of the General Conditions. An undisputed ordered change in the work bill not submitted within 7 days of performance of the ordered change in the work will begin to accrue interest 30 days after the preparation of the second pay estimate following submittal of the bill.
- C. The rate of interest payable for unpaid progress payments, payments after acceptance, final payments, and ordered change in the work payments shall be 10 percent per annum.
- D. The rate of interest payable on a claim, protest or dispute ultimately allowed under this contract shall be 6 percent per annum. Interest shall begin to accrue 61 days after the Contractor submits to the Engineer information in sufficient detail to enable the Engineer to ascertain the basis and amount of that claim, protest or dispute.

The rate of interest payable on any award in arbitration shall be 6 percent per annum if allowed under the provisions of Civil Code Section 3289.

0.054 FINAL PAYMENT AND CLAIMS

Attention is directed to Section 7-1.07, "Final Payment and Claims," of the General Conditions.

If the Contractor files a timely written statement of claims in response to the proposed final estimate, the District that administers the contract will submit a claim position letter to the Contractor by hand delivery or deposit in the U.S. mail within 135 days of acceptance of the contract. The claim position letter will delineate the District's position on the Contractor's claims. If the Contractor disagrees with the claim position letter, the Contractor shall submit a written notification of its disagreement to be received by the District not later than 15 days after the Contractor's receipt of the claim position letter. The written notification of disagreement shall set forth the basis for the Contractor's disagreement and be submitted to the office designated in the claim position letter. The Contractor's failure to provide a timely, written notification of disagreement shall constitute the Contractor's acceptance and agreement with the determinations provided in the claim position letter and with final payment pursuant to the claim position letter.

If the Contractor files a timely notification of disagreement with the District claim position letter, the board of review designated by the District Director to review claims that remain in dispute will meet with the Contractor within 45 days after receipt by the District of the notification of disagreement. Attendance by the Contractor at the board of review meeting shall be mandatory.

If the District fails to submit a claim position letter to the Contractor within 135 days after the acceptance of the contract and the Contractor has claims that remain in dispute, the Contractor may request a meeting with the board of review designated by the District Director to review claims that remain in dispute. The Contractor's request for a meeting shall identify the claims that remain in dispute. If the Contractor files a request for a meeting, the board of review will meet with the Contractor within 45 days after the District receives the request for the meeting. Attendance by the Contractor at the District Director's board of review meeting shall be mandatory.

Failure of the Contractor to file a timely written statement of claims in response to the proposed final estimate, or to file a timely notification of disagreement with the District claim position letter, or to attend the District Director's board of review meeting shall constitute a failure to pursue diligently and exhaust the administrative procedures in the contract and shall be a bar to arbitration in conformance with the requirements in Section 10240.2 of the California Public Contract Code.

0.055 REMOVAL OF ASBESTOS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

When the presence of asbestos or hazardous substances are not shown on the plans or indicated in the specifications and the Contractor encounters materials which the Contractor reasonably believes to be asbestos or a hazardous substance as defined in Section 25914.1 of the Health and Safety Code, and the asbestos or hazardous substance has not been rendered harmless, the Contractor may continue work in unaffected areas reasonably believed to be safe. The Contractor shall immediately cease work in the affected area and report the condition to the Engineer in writing.

In conformance with Section 25914.1 of the Health and Safety Code, removal of asbestos or hazardous substances including exploratory work to identify and determine the extent of the asbestos or hazardous substance will be performed by separate contract.

If performance of the Contractor's current controlling operation is delayed in the area, and the delay could not be avoided by the judicious handling of forces, equipment, and plant, an extension of time determined in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.08, "Liquidated Damages," of the General Conditions will be granted. Compensation for the delay will be made only for the Contractor's actual losses due to idle time of equipment, necessary payments for idle time of workers, and cost of extra moving of equipment, in conformance with the provisions in Section 3-1.01E, "Allowable Costs for Changes," of the General Conditions, except that no markups will be added.

0.07 SUBCONTRACTOR AND DVBE RECORDS

The Contractor shall maintain records of all subcontracts entered into with certified DVBE subcontractors and records of materials purchased from certified DVBE suppliers. The records shall show the name and business address of each DVBE subcontractor or vendor and the total dollar amount actually paid each DVBE subcontractor or vendor.

Upon completion of the contract, a summary of these records shall be prepared on Form CEM-2402 (S) and certified correct by the Contractor or the Contractor's authorized representative, and shall be furnished to the Engineer.

0.075 PERFORMANCE OF DVBE SUBCONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS

The DVBEs listed by the Contractor in response to the provisions in Division 0.026, "Submission of DVBE Information," and Division 3, "Award and Execution of Contract," of these special provisions, which are determined by the Department to be certified DVBEs, shall perform the work and supply the materials for which they are listed, unless the Contractor has received prior written authorization to perform the work with other forces or to obtain the materials from other sources.

Authorization to utilize other forces or sources of materials may be requested for the following reasons:

- A. The listed DVBE, after having had a reasonable opportunity to do so, fails or refuses to execute a written contract, when the written contract, based upon the general terms, conditions, plans and specifications for the project, or on the terms of the subcontractor's or supplier's written bid, is presented by the Contractor.
- B. The listed DVBE becomes bankrupt or insolvent.
- C. The listed DVBE fails or refuses to perform the subcontract or furnish the listed materials.
- D. The Contractor stipulated that a bond was a condition of executing a subcontract and the listed DVBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the bond requirements of the Contractor.

- E. The work performed by the listed subcontractor is substantially unsatisfactory and is not in substantial conformance with the plans and specifications or the subcontractor is substantially delaying or disrupting the progress of the work.
- F. The listed DVBE subcontractor is not licensed pursuant to the Contractor's License Law.
- G. It would be in the best interest of the State.

The Contractor shall not be entitled to payment for the work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the listed DVBE or by other forces (including those of the Contractor) pursuant to prior written authorization of the Engineer.

0.077 SUBCONTRACTING

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 6-1.01, "Subletting and Subcontracting," of the General Conditions, and Division 0.02, "Proposal Requirements and Conditions," Division 0.026, "Submission of DVBE Information," and Division 0.030, "Award and Execution of Contract," of these special provisions.

Pursuant to the provisions in Section 1777.1 of the Labor Code, the Labor Commissioner publishes and distributes a list of contractors ineligible to perform work as a subcontractor on a public works project. This list of debarred contractors is available from the Department of Industrial Relations web site at:

<http://www.dir.ca.gov/DLSE/Debar.html>.

The DVBE information furnished under Division 0.026, "Submission of DVBE Information," of these special provisions is in addition to the subcontractor information required to be furnished in Section 1-1.05, "Required Listing of Proposed Subcontractors," of the Instructions to Bidders and Section 6-1.01, "Subletting and Subcontracting," of the General Conditions.

Section 10115 of the Public Contract Code requires the Department to implement provisions to establish a goal for Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise (DVBE) participation in highway contracts that are State funded. As a part of this requirement:

- A. No substitution of a DVBE subcontractor shall be made at any time without the written consent of the Department, and
- B. If a DVBE subcontractor is unable to perform successfully and is to be replaced, the Contractor shall make good faith efforts to replace the original DVBE subcontractor with another DVBE subcontractor.

The provisions in Division 0.024, "Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise (DVBE)," of these special provisions that DVBEs shall be certified on the date bids are opened does not apply to DVBE substitutions after award of the contract.

0.082 PROMPT PROGRESS PAYMENT TO SUBCONTRACTORS

Attention is directed to the provisions in Sections 10262 and 10262.5 of the Public Contract Code and Section 7108.5 of the Business and Professions Code concerning prompt payment to subcontractors.

0.10 GUARANTEE

Section 7-1.09, "Guarantee," of the General Conditions is amended to read:

7-1.09 GUARANTEE.—The Contractor hereby unconditionally guarantees that the work will be done in conformance with the requirements of the contract, and further guarantees the work of the contract to be and remain free of defects in workmanship and materials for a period of one year from the date of acceptance of the contract, unless a longer guarantee period is required by the special provisions. The Contractor hereby agrees to repair or replace any and all work, together with any other adjacent work which may be displaced in so doing, that may prove to be not in conformance with the requirements of the contract or that may be defective in its workmanship or material within the guarantee period specified, without any expense whatsoever to the Department, ordinary wear and tear and unusual abuse or neglect excepted.

Contract bonds shall remain in full force and effect during the guarantee period.

The Contractor further agrees, that within 10 calendar days after being notified in writing by the Department of any work not in conformance with the requirements of the contract or any defects in the work, the Contractor shall commence and prosecute with due diligence all work necessary to fulfill the terms of this guarantee, and shall complete the work within a reasonable period of time, and, in the event the Contractor fails to comply, the Contractor does hereby authorize the

Department to proceed to have the work done at the Contractor's expense and the Contractor shall honor and pay the cost and charges therefor upon demand. The Department shall be entitled to all costs and expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees, necessarily incurred upon the Contractor's refusal to honor and pay the above costs and charges.

0.11 PARTNERING

The State will promote the formation of a "Partnering" relationship with the Contractor in order to effectively complete the contract to the benefit of both parties. The purpose of this relationship is to maintain a cooperative communication and to mutually resolve conflicts at the lowest responsible management level.

The Contractor may request the formation of a "Partnering" relationship by submitting a request in writing to the Engineer after approval of the contract. If the Contractor's request for "Partnering" is approved by the Engineer, scheduling of a "Partnering Workshop," selecting the "Partnering" facilitator and workshop site, and other administrative details shall be as agreed to by both parties. If agreed to by the parties, additional "Partnering Workshops" will be conducted as needed throughout the life of the contract.

The costs involved in providing the "Partnering Workshop" facilitator and workshop site will be borne equally by the State and the Contractor. The division of cost will be made by determining the cost in providing the "Partnering Workshop" facilitator and workshop site in conformance with the provisions in Section 3-1.01E(4), "Markups," of the General Conditions, and paying to the Contractor the sum of that cost, except no markups will be allowed. Itemization of labor, material and equipment rental costs is not required.

All other costs associated with "Partnering Workshops" will be borne separately by the party incurring the costs, such as wages and travel expenses, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

The establishment of a "Partnering" relationship will not change or modify the terms and conditions of the contract and will not relieve either party of the legal requirements of the contract.

DIVISION 1. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

1.01 SCOPE

The building work described herein and as shown on the plans shall conform to the requirements of the General Conditions and these special provisions.

The building work to be done consists, in general, of constructing an office building, an equipment bays building and a mechanics shop, including related mechanical and electrical work, site work and such other items or details, not mentioned above, that are required by the plans, General Conditions, or these special provisions to be performed, placed, constructed or installed at the Fremont Maintenance Station.

1.02 FIRST ORDER OF WORK

Attention is directed to "Water Pollution Control" of these special provisions regarding the submittal and approval of the Water Pollution Control Plan prior to performing work having potential to cause water pollution.

1.03 STATE-FURNISHED MATERIALS

Attention is directed to Section 4-1.01, "Materials," of the General Conditions and these special provisions.

The Contractor shall submit a written request to the Engineer for the delivery of State-furnished materials at least 15 days in advance of the date of their intended use. The request shall state the quantity and type of each material.

The Contractor shall be responsible for all materials furnished to him, and shall pay all demurrage and storage charges. State-furnished materials lost or damaged from any cause whatsoever shall be replaced by the Contractor at his expense. The Contractor shall be liable to the Department for the cost of replacing State-furnished material and such costs may be deducted from any monies due or to become due the Contractor.

All State-furnished materials that are not used in the work shall remain the property of the State and shall be delivered to the Engineer.

The following materials will be furnished free of charge to the Contractor at the site of the work:

Sufficient quantities of drums and lubricating material for testing the lubrication system , as required, for testing the respective systems.

1.04 AREAS FOR CONTRACTOR'S USE

No area is available within the contract limits for the exclusive use of the Contractor. The Contractor shall arrange with the Engineer for areas to store equipment and materials within the work area.

1.05 COOPERATION

Attention is directed to Sections 5-1.06, "Responsibility for Utilities," and 5-1.12, "Cooperation," of the General Conditions and these special provisions.

Work by State forces will be in progress within the contract limits during the working period for this contract.

The Contractor shall comply with all security policies and normal working hours of the State concerning the Fremont Maintenance Station.

The Contractor shall plan his work to minimize interference with State forces and the public. Interruptions to any services for the purpose of making or breaking a connection shall be made only after consultation with and for such time periods as directed by the Engineer.

1.06 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

The contract lump sum price paid for building work shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in constructing the building work, complete in place, as shown on the plans, as specified in the General Conditions and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

Full compensation for any incidental materials and labor, not shown on the plans or specified, which are necessary to complete the building work shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for building work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

1.07 SUBMITTALS

Shop drawings, material lists, descriptive data, samples and other submittals specified in these special provisions shall be submitted for approval in accordance with the provisions in Section 2-1.04, "Shop Drawings, Descriptive Data, Samples, and Alternatives," of the General Conditions and these special provisions.

Unless otherwise permitted in writing by the Engineer and except submittals for "Alternatives" in conformance with the provisions of said Section 2-1.04 of the General Conditions, all submittals required by these special provisions shall be submitted within 35 days after the contract has been approved.

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 2-1.01, "Authority of Engineer," of the General Conditions. The Engineer may request submittals for materials or products where submittals have not been specified in these special provisions, or may request that additional information be included in specified submittals, as necessary to determine the quality or acceptability of such materials or products.

Submittals shall be delivered to the locations indicated in these special provisions. If a specific location is not indicated, the submittal shall be delivered to the Division of Structure Design, Documents Unit, Fourth Floor, Mail Station 9-4/4I, 1801 30th Street, Sacramento, California 95816, telephone (916) 227-8252, or the submittals shall be mailed to the Division of Structure Design, Documents Unit, Mail Station 9-4/4I, P. O. Box 942874, Sacramento, California 94274-0001.

1.08 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

The Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Engineer for approval 2 copies of a Schedule of Values within 15 working days of approval of the contract. The Engineer shall be allowed 15 working days for approval or return for correction of each submittal or resubmittal. Should the Engineer fail to complete the review within the time specified and if, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor's controlling operation is delayed or interfered with by reason of the delay in review, an extension of time commensurate with the delay in completion of the work thus caused will be granted as provided in Section 6-1.08, "Liquidated Damages," of the General Conditions.

The Schedule of Values shall cover each lump sum item for building work and shall be accurately divided into sections representing the cost of each separate building or structure. Any site work that is not part of a separate building or structure shall be included under a specific section as General Work and not included in the building or structure cost. Indirect costs and general condition items are to be listed as a separate line item of work. The sections representing each building or structure must be identified as to the building or structure they represent and be broken down to show the corresponding value of each craft, trade or other significant portion of the work. A sub-total for each section shall be provided.

The Schedule of Values shall be approved by the Engineer before any partial payment estimate is prepared.

The sum of the items listed in the Schedule of Values shall equal the contract lump sum price for building work. Overhead and profit shall not be listed as separate items, but shall be appropriately distributed across all line items of cost.

1.09 OBSTRUCTIONS

Attention is directed to Sections 5-1.02, "Protection and Use of Property," 5-1.03, "Responsibility for Damage," and 5-1.06, "Responsibility for Utilities," of the General Conditions and these special provisions.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer and the appropriate regional notification center for operators of subsurface installations at least 5 working days prior to performing any excavation or other work close to any underground pipeline, conduit, duct, wire or other structure. Regional notification centers include but are not limited to the following:

Underground Service Alert
Northern California (USA)
Telephone: 1(800)642-2444

Underground Service Alert
Southern California (USA)
Telephone: 1(800)422-4133

South Shore Utility
Coordinating Council (DIGS)
Telephone: 1(800)541-3447

Western Utilities
Underground Alert, Inc.
Telephone: 1(800)424-3447

1.10 PRESERVATION OF PROPERTY

Attention is directed to Sections 5-1.02, "Protection and Use of Property," 5-1.03, "Responsibility for Damage," 5-1.05, "Contractor's Responsibility for the Work," and 5-1.06, "Responsibility for Utilities," of the General Conditions.

Operations shall be conducted in such a manner that existing facilities, surfacing, installations, and utilities which are to remain in place will not be damaged. Temporary surfacing, facilities, utilities and installations shall also be protected until they are no longer required. The Contractor, at his expense shall furnish and install piling, sheet piling, cribbing, bulkheads, shores, or whatever means may be necessary to adequately support material carrying such facilities, or to support the facilities themselves and shall maintain such support until they are no longer needed.

1.11 SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL AND RECYCLING REPORT

This work shall consist of reporting disposal and recycling of construction solid waste, as specified in these special provisions. For the purposes of this section, solid waste includes construction and demolition waste debris, but not hazardous waste.

Annually by the fifteenth day of January, the Contractor shall complete and certify Form CEM-2025, "Solid Waste Disposal and Recycling Report," which quantifies solid waste generated by the work performed and disposed of in landfills or recycled during the previous calendar year. The amount and type of solid waste disposed of or recycled shall be reported in either metric tonnes or cubic meters. The Contractor shall also complete and certify Form CEM-2025 within 5 days following contract acceptance.

Form CEM-2025, "Solid Waste Disposal and Recycling Report" can be downloaded from the following website:

<http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/construc/manual2001>

If the Contractor has not submitted Form CEM-2025, by the dates specified above, the Department will withhold the amount of \$10 000 for each missing or incomplete report. The moneys withheld will be released for payment on the next monthly estimate for partial payment following the date that a complete and acceptable Form CEM-2025 is submitted to the Engineer. Upon completion of all contract work and submittal of the final Form CEM-2025, remaining withheld funds associated with this section, "Solid Waste Disposal and Recycling Report," will be released for payment. Withheld funds in conformance with this section shall be in addition to other moneys withheld provided for in the contract. No interest will be due the Contractor on withheld amounts.

Full compensation for preparing and submitting Form CEM-2025, "Solid Waste Disposal and Recycling Report," shall be considered as included in the contract price paid for building work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

1.12 WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

PART 1. GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of providing water pollution control measures in conformance with the details shown on the plans, the provisions in Section 5-1.01R, "Water Pollution Control," of the General Conditions and these special provisions.

Water pollution control work shall conform to the requirements in the "Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) and Water Pollution Control Program (WPCP) Preparation Manual" and the "Construction Site Best Management Practices (BMPs) Manual," and addenda thereto issued up to, and including, the date of advertisement of the project. These manuals are hereinafter referred to respectively as the "Preparation Manual" and the "Construction Site BMPs Manual," and collectively, as the "Manuals." Copies of the Manuals may be obtained from the Department of Transportation, Materiel Operations Branch, Publication Distribution Unit, 1900 Royal Oaks Drive, Sacramento, California 95815, Telephone: (916) 445-3520, and may also be obtained from the Department's Internet website at:

<http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/construc/stormwater.html>.

The Contractor shall know and fully comply with applicable provisions of the Manuals, and Federal, State, and local regulations and requirements that govern the Contractor's operations and storm water and non-storm water discharges from both the premises and areas of disturbance outside the premises during construction. Attention is directed to Sections 5-1.01, "Laws to be Observed," 5-1.031, "Indemnification," and 5-1.032, "Insurance," of the General Conditions.

Water pollution control requirements shall apply to storm water and non-storm water discharges from areas outside the premises which are directly related to construction activities for this contract including, but not limited to, material borrow areas, staging areas, storage yards and access roads. The Contractor shall comply with the Manuals for those areas and shall implement, inspect and maintain the required water pollution control practices. Installing, inspecting and maintaining water pollution control practices on areas outside the premises not specifically arranged and provided for by the Department for the execution of this contract, will not be paid for.

The Contractor shall be responsible for penalties assessed or levied on the Contractor or the Department as a result of the Contractor's failure to comply with the provisions in this division "Water Pollution Control" including, but not limited to, compliance with the applicable provisions of the Manuals, and Federal, State and local regulations and requirements as set forth therein.

Penalties as used in this division shall include fines, penalties and damages, whether proposed, assessed, or levied against the Department or the Contractor, including those levied under the Federal Clean Water Act and the State Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act, by governmental agencies or as a result of citizen suits. Penalties shall also include payments made or costs incurred in settlement for alleged violations of the Manuals, or applicable laws, regulations, or requirements. Costs incurred could include sums spent instead of penalties, in mitigation or to remediate or correct violations.

RETENTION OF FUNDS

Notwithstanding any other remedies authorized by law, the Department may retain money due the Contractor under the contract, in an amount determined by the Department, up to and including the entire amount of Penalties proposed, assessed, or levied as a result of the Contractor's violation of the Manuals, or Federal or State law, regulations or requirements. Funds may be retained by the Department until final disposition has been made as to the Penalties. The Contractor shall remain liable for the full amount of Penalties until such time as they are finally resolved with the entity seeking the Penalties.

Retention of funds for failure to conform to the provisions in this division, "Water Pollution Control," shall be in addition to the other retention amounts required by the contract. The amounts retained for the Contractor's failure to conform to provisions in this division will be released for payment on the next monthly estimate for partial payment following the date

when an approved WPCP has been implemented and maintained, and when water pollution has been adequately controlled, as determined by the Engineer.

When a regulatory agency identifies a failure to comply with the Manuals, or other Federal, State or local requirements, the Department may retain money due the Contractor, subject to the following:

- A. The Department will give the Contractor 30 days notice of the Department's intention to retain funds from partial payments which may become due to the Contractor prior to acceptance of the contract. Retention of funds from payments made after acceptance of the contract may be made without prior notice to the Contractor.
- B. No retention of additional amounts out of partial payments will be made if the amount to be retained does not exceed the amount being withheld from partial payments pursuant to Section 7-1.05, "Partial Payments," of the General Conditions.
- C. If the Department has retained funds, and it is subsequently determined that the State is not subject to the entire amount of the Costs and Liabilities assessed or proposed in connection with the matter for which the retention was made, the Department shall be liable for interest on the amount retained for the period of the retention. The interest rate payable shall be 6 percent per annum.

During the first estimate period that the Contractor fails to conform to the provisions in this division, "Water Pollution Control," the Department may retain an amount equal to 25 percent of the estimated value of the contract work performed.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer immediately upon request from the regulatory agencies to enter, inspect, sample, monitor, or otherwise access the premises or the Contractor's records pertaining to water pollution control work. The Contractor and the Department shall provide copies of correspondence, notices of violations, enforcement actions or proposed fines by regulatory agencies to the requesting regulatory agency.

WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM PREPARATION, APPROVAL AND AMENDMENTS

As part of the water pollution control work, a Water Pollution Control Program (WPCP) is required for this contract. The WPCP shall conform to the provisions in Section 5-1.01R, "Water Pollution," of the General Conditions, the requirements in the Manuals, and these special provisions. Upon the Engineer's approval of the WPCP, the WPCP shall be considered to fulfill the provisions in Section 5-1.01R, "Water Pollution," of the General Conditions for development and submittal of a Water Pollution Control Program.

No work having potential to cause water pollution, shall be performed until the WPCP has been approved by the Engineer. Approval shall not constitute a finding that the WPCP complies with applicable requirements of the Manuals and applicable Federal, State and local laws, regulations, and requirements.

The Contractor shall designate a Water Pollution Control Manager. The Water Pollution Control Manager shall be responsible for the preparation of the WPCP and required modifications or amendments, and shall be responsible for the implementation and adequate functioning of the various water pollution control practices employed. The Contractor may designate different Water Pollution Control Managers to prepare the WPCP and to implement the water pollution control practices. The Water Pollution Control Managers shall serve as the primary contact for issues related to the WPCP or its implementation. The Contractor shall assure that the Water Pollution Managers have adequate training and qualifications necessary to prepare the WPCP, implement and maintain water pollution control practices.

Within 10 working days after the approval of the contract, the Contractor shall submit 3 copies of the draft WPCP to the Engineer. The Engineer will have 10 working days to review the WPCP. If revisions are required, as determined by the Engineer, the Contractor shall revise and resubmit the WPCP within 10 working days of receipt of the Engineer's comments. The Engineer will have 5 working days to review the revisions. Upon the Engineer's approval of the WPCP, 4 approved copies of the WPCP, incorporating the required changes, shall be submitted to the Engineer. In order to allow construction activities to proceed, the Engineer may conditionally approve the WPCP while minor revisions are being completed. In the event the Engineer fails to complete the review within the time allowed, and if, in the opinion of the Engineer, completion of the work is delayed or interfered with by reason of the Engineer's delay in completing the review, the Contractor will be compensated for resulting losses, and an extension of time will be granted, as provided in Section 6-1.08, "Liquidated Damages," of the General Conditions.

The WPCP shall incorporate water pollution control practices in the following categories:

- A. Soil stabilization.
- B. Sediment control.
- C. Wind erosion control.
- D. Tracking control.

- E. Non-storm water management.
- F. Waste management and materials pollution control.

The Contractor shall develop a Water Pollution Control Schedule that describes the timing of grading or other work activities that could affect water pollution. The Water Pollution Control Schedule shall be updated by the Contractor to reflect changes in the Contractor's operations that would affect the necessary implementation of water pollution control practices.

The Contractor shall complete the BMP checklists for each of the 6 categories presented in Section 3 of the Preparation Manual and shall incorporate the completed checklists and water pollution control practices into Sections 30.1, 30.2, and 30.3 of the WPCP. Water pollution control practices include the "Minimum Requirements" and other Contractor-selected water pollution control practices from the BMP checklists and "Project-Specific Minimum Requirements" identified in the Water Pollution Control Cost Break-Down of this division.

The WPCP shall include, but not be limited to, the items described in the Manuals and related information contained in the contract documents. The Contractor shall prepare an amendment to the WPCP when there is a change in construction activities or operations which may affect the discharge of pollutants to surface waters, ground waters, municipal storm drain systems, or when the Contractor's activities or operations violate Federal, State or local regulations, or when directed by the Engineer. Amendments shall identify additional water pollution control practices or revised operations, including those areas or operations not identified in the initially approved WPCP. Amendments to the WPCP shall be prepared and submitted for review and approval within a time approved by the Engineer, but in no case longer than the time specified for the initial submittal and review of the WPCP.

The Contractor shall keep one copy of the approved WPCP and approved amendments at the premises. The WPCP shall be made available upon request by a representative of the Regional Water Quality Control Board, State Water Resources Control Board, United States Environmental Protection Agency, or the local storm water management agency. Requests by the public shall be directed to the Engineer.

COST BREAK-DOWN

The Contractor shall include a Water Pollution Control Cost Break-Down in the WPCP which itemizes the cost for water pollution control work shown in the WPCP. The Contractor shall use the Water Pollution Control Cost Break-Down provided in this division as the basis for the cost break-down submitted with the WPCP. The Contractor shall use the Water Pollution Control Cost Break-Down to identify items, quantities and values for water pollution control work. The Contractor shall be responsible for the accuracy of the WPCP quantities and values used in the cost break-down submitted with the WPCP. Partial payment for water pollution control will not be made until the Water Pollution Control Cost Break-Down is approved by the Engineer.

Line items indicated in the Water Pollution Control Cost Break-Down in this division with a specified Estimated Quantity shall be considered a "Project-Specific Minimum Requirement." The Contractor shall incorporate the items with Contractor-designated quantities and values into the Water Pollution Control Cost Break-Down submitted with the WPCP.

Line items indicated in the Water Pollution Control Cost Break-Down in this division without a specified Estimated Quantity shall be considered by the Contractor for selection to meet the applicable "Minimum Requirements" as defined in the Manuals, or for other water pollution control work as identified in the BMP checklists presented in Section 3 of the Preparation Manual. In the Water Pollution Control Cost Break-Down submitted with the WPCP, the Contractor shall list only those water pollution control practices selected for the project, including quantities and values required to complete the work for those items.

The sum of the amounts for the work listed in the Water Pollution Control Cost Break-Down shall be equal to the cost shown for water pollution control in the cost break-down for building work. Overhead and profit, shall be included in each individual item listed in the Water Pollution Control Cost Break-Down.

WATER POLLUTION CONTROL COST BREAK-DOWN**Contract No. 04-207774**

ITEM	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNIT	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	VALUE	AMOUNT
SC-7	Street Sweeping and Vacuuming	LS	LS		
SC-10	Storm Drain Inlet Protection	EA	3		
NS-3	Paving and Grinding Operations	LS	LS		
NS-8	Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning	LS	LS		
NS-9	Vehicle and Equipment Fueling	LS	LS		
NS-10	Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance	LS	LS		
WM-1	Material Delivery and Storage	LS	LS		
WM-2	Material Use	LS	LS		
WM-3	Stockpile Management	LS	LS		
WM-4	Spill Prevention and Control	LS	LS		
WM-5	Solid Waste Management	LS	LS		
WM-6	Hazardous Waste Management	LS	LS		
WM-8	Concrete Waste Management	LS	LS		
WM-9	Sanitary/Septic Waste Management	LS	LS		
WM-10	Liquid Waste Management	LS	LS		
	Prepare Water Pollution Control Program	LS	LS		

TOTAL _____

Adjustments in the quantities listed in the approved Water Pollution Control Cost Break-Down shall be made when required to address amendments to the WPCP, except when the adjusted items are paid for in conformance with the provisions in Section 3, "Changes," of the General Conditions.

No adjustment in compensation will be made for work completed as shown on the approved WPCP. No adjustment in compensation will be made for ordered changes to correct WPCP work resulting from the Contractor's own operations or from the Contractor's negligence.

The approved cost break-down will be used to determine partial payments during the progress of the work and as the basis for calculating the adjustment in compensation for increases or decreases of quantities ordered by the Engineer. When an ordered change increases or decreases the quantities of an approved cost break-down item, the adjustment in compensation will be determined in conformance with the provisions in Section 3, "Changes," of the General Conditions. If an ordered change requires a new item which is not on the approved cost break-down, the adjustment in compensation will be determined in conformance with the provisions in Section 3, "Changes," of the General Conditions.

If requested by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer, changes to the water pollution control practices listed in the approved cost break-down, including addition of new water pollution control practices, will be allowed. Changes shall be included in the approved amendment of the WPCP. If the requested changes result in a net cost increase, an adjustment in compensation will be made. The net cost increase to the lump sum item Building Work will be paid for in conformance with the provisions in Section 3, "Changes," of the General Conditions.

WPCP IMPLEMENTATION

Unless otherwise specified, upon approval of the WPCP, the Contractor shall be responsible throughout the duration of the project for installing, constructing, inspecting, maintaining, removing, and disposing of the water pollution control practices specified in the WPCP and in the amendments. Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer, the Contractor's responsibility for WPCP implementation shall continue throughout any temporary suspension of work ordered in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.06, "Temporary Suspension of Work," of the General Conditions. Requirements for installation, construction, inspection, maintenance, removal, and disposal of water pollution control practices shall conform to the requirements in the Manuals and these special provisions.

If the Contractor or the Engineer identifies a deficiency in the implementation of the approved WPCP or amendments, the deficiency shall be corrected immediately. The deficiency may be corrected at a later date and time if requested by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer in writing, but shall be corrected prior to the onset of precipitation. If the Contractor fails to correct the identified deficiency by the date agreed or prior to the onset of precipitation, the project shall be in nonconformance with this division. Attention is directed to Section 2-1.01, "Authority of Engineer," of the General Conditions, and to "Retention of Funds" of this division for possible nonconformance penalties.

If the Contractor fails to conform to the provisions of this division, "Water Pollution Control," the Engineer may order the suspension of construction operations until the project complies with the requirements of this division.

Implementation of water pollution control practices may vary by season. The Construction Site BMPs Manual and these special provisions shall be followed for control practice selection of year-round, rainy season and non-rainy season water pollution control practices.

Year-Round Implementation Requirements

The Contractor shall have a year-round program for implementing, inspecting and maintaining water pollution control practices for wind erosion control, tracking control, non-storm water management, and waste management and materials pollution control.

The National Weather Service weather forecast shall be monitored and used by the Contractor on a daily basis. An alternative weather forecast proposed by the Contractor may be used if approved by the Engineer. If precipitation is predicted, the necessary water pollution control practices shall be deployed prior to the onset of the precipitation.

Disturbed soil areas shall be considered active whenever the soil disturbing activities have occurred, continue to occur or will occur during the ensuing 21 days. Nonactive areas shall be protected as prescribed in the Construction Site BMPs Manual within 14 days of cessation of soil disturbing activities or prior to the onset of precipitation, whichever occurs first.

Rainy Season Implementation Requirements

Soil stabilization and sediment control practices conforming to the requirements of these special provisions shall be provided throughout the rainy season, defined as between October 15 and April 15.

An implementation schedule of required soil stabilization and sediment control practices for disturbed soil areas shall be completed no later than 20 days prior to the beginning of each rainy season. The implementation schedule shall identify the

soil stabilization and sediment control practices and the dates when the implementation will be 25 percent, 50 percent and 100 percent complete, respectively. For construction activities beginning during the rainy season, the Contractor shall implement applicable soil stabilization and sediment control practices.

Non-Rainy Season Implementation Requirements

The non-rainy season shall be defined as days outside the defined rainy season. The Contractor's attention is directed to the Construction Site BMPs Manual for soil stabilization and sediment control implementation requirements on disturbed soil areas during the non-rainy season. Disturbed soil areas within the project shall be protected in conformance with the requirements in the Construction Site BMPs Manual with an effective combination of soil stabilization and sediment control.

MAINTENANCE

To ensure the proper implementation and functioning of water pollution control practices, the Contractor shall regularly inspect and maintain the construction site for the water pollution control practices identified in the WPCP. The construction site shall be inspected by the Contractor as follows:

- A. Prior to a forecast storm.
- B. After a precipitation event which causes site runoff.
- C. At 24 hour intervals during extended precipitation events.
- D. Routinely, a minimum of once every two weeks outside of the defined rainy season.
- E. Routinely, a minimum of once every week during the defined rainy season.

The Contractor shall use the Storm Water Quality Construction Site Inspection Checklist provided in the Preparation Manual or an alternative inspection checklist provided by the Engineer. One copy of each site inspection record shall be submitted to the Engineer within 24 hours of completing the inspection.

REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Report of Discharges, Notices or Orders

If the Contractor identifies discharges into surface waters or drainage systems in a manner causing, or potentially causing, a condition of pollution, or if the project receives a written notice or order from a regulatory agency, the Contractor shall immediately inform the Engineer. The Contractor shall submit a written report to the Engineer within 7 days of the discharge event, notice or order. The report shall include the following information:

- A. The date, time, location, nature of the operation, and type of discharge, including the cause or nature of the notice or order.
- B. The water pollution control practices deployed before the discharge event, or prior to receiving the notice or order.
- C. The date of deployment and type of water pollution control practices deployed after the discharge event, or after receiving the notice or order, including additional measures installed or planned to reduce or prevent reoccurrence.
- D. An implementation and maintenance schedule for affected water pollution control practices.

Report of First-Time Non-Storm Water Discharge

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 3 days in advance of first-time non-storm water discharge events. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer of the operations causing non-storm water discharges and shall obtain field approval for first-time non-storm water discharges. Non-storm water discharges shall be monitored at first-time occurrences and routinely thereafter.

1.13 UTILITY CONNECTION

The Contractor shall make all arrangements and obtain all permits and licenses required for the extension of and connection to each utility service applicable to this project, shall furnish all labor and materials necessary for such extensions which are not performed or provided by the utility, and shall furnish and install any intermediate equipment required by the serving utilities.

Upon written request by the Contractor, the State will pay all utility permits, licenses, connection charges, and excess length charges directly to the utility. Such request shall be submitted not less than 45 days before service connections are required.

The costs incurred by the Contractor for the extension of utilities beyond the limits shown on the plans, and in furnishing and installing any intermediate equipment required by the serving utilities, will be paid for as an ordered change as provided in Section 3, "Changes in the Work," of the General Conditions.

Full compensation for any costs incurred by the Contractor to obtain the permits and licenses shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for building work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

1.14 TEMPORARY UTILITIES

The Contractor may obtain electrical power and water from existing State outlets within the contract limits free of charge for contract operations where such utilities exist, provided that such utility services are in service and are not required by the State for other purposes and subject to the provisions in "Cooperation" of these special provisions.

The Contractor, at his own expense, shall obtain any additional electrical power and water or other utilities required for his operations and shall make and maintain the necessary service connections.

The Contractor shall provide and pay for telephone service he may require. State telephone facilities shall not be used.

The Contractor shall provide adequate temporary lighting to perform the work and allow the Engineer to inspect the project as each portion is completed.

1.15 SANITARY FACILITIES

State sanitary facilities will not be available for use by the Contractor's employees.

Separate toilet facilities shall be provided for Contractor personnel. Facilities shall include the periodic flushing, waste removal and cleaning of such facilities. Units shall be maintained in a clean and sanitary condition, including a supply of toilet tissue, toilet seat covers, paper towels and paper cups. Waste material shall be disposed of off site in a lawful manner. Temporary toilet units shall be single occupant units of the chemical, aerated recirculation or combustion type, properly vented and fully enclosed with a glass fiber reinforced polyester shell or similar nonabsorbent material.

1.16 REFERENCES

Attention is directed to Section 1-1.26, "Abbreviations," of the General Conditions

When reference is made to the Uniform Building Code (UBC) on the plans or in the special provisions, it shall be the 1997 Uniform Building Code as amended by the 2001 Title 24 California Building Standards Code.

1.17 PROJECT INFORMATION

The information in this section has been compiled specifically for this project and is made available for bidders and Contractors. Other information referenced in the Instructions to Bidders and General Conditions for Building Construction and these special provisions do not appear in this section. The information is subject to the conditions and limitations set forth in Section 1-1.03, "Examination of Plans, Special Provisions and Site of the Work," of the Instructions to Bidders. Bidders and Contractors shall be responsible for knowing the procedures for obtaining information.

Information attached to the project plans is as follows:

- A. Log of Test Boring for Fremont Maintenance Station.

Information included in the Information Handout provided to bidders and Contractors is as follows:

- A. Pavement Recommendations Report for Fremont Maintenance Station.

Plans of the existing buildings may be requested by fax from the Office of Structure Maintenance and Investigations, 1801 30th Street, Sacramento, CA, Fax (916) 227-8357.

Plans of the existing buildings available to bidders and Contractors are reproductions of the original contract plans, with significant changes noted, and working drawings, and do not necessarily show normal construction tolerances and variances. Where dimensions of new construction required by this contract are dependent on the dimensions of the existing buildings, the Contractor shall verify the controlling field dimensions and shall be responsible for adjusting dimensions of the work to fit existing conditions.

1.18 PROJECT RECORD DRAWINGS

The Contractor shall prepare and maintain one set of project record drawings, using an unaltered set of original project plans, to clearly show all as-constructed information for the project. As a minimum, the information to be shown shall

include 1) any plan clarifications or change orders, 2) locations of any underground utilities, or 3) the location, size, type, and manufacturer of all major products or components selected by the Contractor for use in the work.

All markings shall be placed on the project record drawings using red ink or red pencil. Original figures shall not be eradicated nor written over and superseded material shall be neatly lined out. Additional drawings shall be submitted if the required information cannot be clearly shown on the original set of project plans. The additional drawings shall be not less than 279 mm x 432 mm in size and shall have the contract number on each sheet. The Contractor shall sign and date each sheet of the project record drawings to verify that all as-constructed information shown on the drawings is correct.

The Contractor shall periodically review the set of project record drawings with the Engineer during the progress of the work to assure that all changes and other required information are being recorded.

Before completion of the work, the Contractor shall request a review of the project record drawings to determine the completeness and adequacy of them. If the project record drawings are unacceptable, the Contractor shall inspect, measure, and survey the project as necessary to record the required additional information.

The set of completed project record drawings shall be delivered to the Engineer prior to acceptance of the contract.

1.19 FIELD ENGINEERING

This section specifies administrative and procedural requirements for field engineering services to be performed by the Contractor.

Lines and grades.--Such stakes or marks will be set by the Engineer as he determines to be necessary to establish the lines and grades required for the completion of the work shown on the plans and as specified in these special provisions. In general, these will consist of the primary vertical and horizontal control points.

Stakes and marks set by the Engineer shall be carefully preserved by the Contractor. In case such stakes and marks are destroyed or damaged they will be replaced at the Engineer's earliest convenience. The Contractor will be charged for the cost of necessary replacement or restoration of such stakes and marks which in the judgment of the Engineer were carelessly or willfully destroyed or damaged by the Contractor's operations. This charge will be deducted from any moneys due or to become due the Contractor.

All other stakes or marks required to establish the lines and grades required for the completion of the work shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

Existing utilities and equipment.--The existence and location of underground and other utilities and construction indicated as existing are not guaranteed. Before beginning sitework, the Contractor shall investigate and verify the existence and location of underground utilities and other construction.

Prior to construction, the Contractor shall verify the location and invert elevation at points of connection of sanitary and septic sewers, storm sewer, and water or fire service piping.

Surveys for layout and performance.--The Contractor shall perform all surveys for layout and performance, reduce field notes, and make all necessary calculations and drawings necessary to carry out the work.

The Contractor shall locate and layout site improvements, and other work requiring field engineering services, including pavements, stakes for grading, fill and topsoil placement, utility slopes and invert elevations by instrumentation and similar appropriate means.

Batter boards shall be located and laid out for structures, building foundations, column grids and locations, floor levels and, control lines and levels required for mechanical and electrical work.

Survey accuracy and tolerances.--The tolerances generally applicable in setting survey stakes for foundations, slabs, and underground work shall not exceed the following:

Survey Stakes or Markers	Tolerance
Rough grading or excavation	30 mm
Trimming or preparation of subgrade for roadways	15 mm
Roadway surfacing, steel or concrete pipe	6 mm
Structures or building construction	3 mm

Such tolerance shall not supersede stricter tolerances required by the plans or special provisions, and shall not otherwise relieve the Contractor of responsibility for measurements in compliance therein.

1.20 SUBSTITUTION OF NON-METRIC MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS

Only materials and products conforming to the requirements of the specifications shall be incorporated in the work. When metric materials and products are not available, and when approved by the Engineer, and at no cost to the State, materials and products in the inch-pound (imperial) system which are of equal quality and of the required properties and characteristics for the purpose intended, may be substituted for the equivalent metric materials and products, subject to the following requirements:

Materials and products shown on the plans or in the special provisions as being equivalent may be substituted for the metric materials and products specified or detailed on the plans.

Before other non-metric materials and products will be considered for use the Contractor shall furnish, at the Contractor's expense, evidence satisfactory to the Engineer that the materials and products proposed for use are equal to or better than the materials and products specified or detailed on the plans. The burden of proof as to the quality and suitability of substitutions shall be upon the Contractor and the Contractor shall furnish all information necessary as required to the Engineer. The Engineer will be the sole judge as to the quality and suitability of the substituted materials and products and the Engineer's decision shall be final.

When the Contractor elects to substitute non-metric materials and products, including materials and products shown on the plans or in the special provisions as being equivalent, a list of substitutions to be made shall be submitted for approval.

The following substitutions of materials and products will be allowed:

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR SIZES OF HIGH STRENGTH STEEL FASTENERS, ASTM Designation: A 325M	
METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x thread pitch	IMPERIAL SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch
M16 x 2	5/8
M20 x 2.5	3/4
M22 x 2.5	7/8
M24 x 3	1
M27 x 3	1-1/8
M30 x 3.5	1-1/4
M36 x 4	1-1/2

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR REINFORCEMENT	
METRIC BAR DESIGNATION NUMBER AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS	IMPERIAL BAR DESIGNATION NUMBER TO BE SUBSTITUTED
10	3
13	4
16	5
19	6
22	7
25	8
29	9
32	10
36	11
43	14
57	18

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR WELDED PLAIN WIRE REINFORCEMENT, ASTM DESIGNATION: A 185	
	US CUSTOMARY UNITS SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch ² x 100
MW9	W1.4
MW10	W1.6
MW13	W2.0
MW15	W2.3
MW19	W2.9
MW20	W3.1
MW22	W3.5
MW25	W3.9, except W3.5 in piles only
MW26	W4.0
MW30	W4.7
MW32	W5.0
MW35	W5.4
MW40	W6.2
MW45	W6.5
MW50	W7.8
MW55	W8.5, except W8.0 in piles only
MW60	W9.3
MW70	W10.9, except W11.0 in piles only
MW80	W12.4
MW90	W14.0
MW100	W15.5

The sizes in the following tables of materials and products are exact conversions of metric sizes of materials and products and are listed as acceptable equivalents:

CONVERSION TABLE FOR SIZES OF: (1) STEEL FASTENERS FOR GENERAL APPLICATIONS, ASTM Designation: A 307 or AASHTO Designation: M 314, Grade 36 or 55, and (2) HIGH STRENGTH STEEL FASTENERS, ASTM Designation: A 325 or A 449	
DIAMETER	
METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	EQUIVALENT IMPERIAL SIZE inch
6, or 6.35	1/4
8 or 7.94	5/16
10, or 9.52	3/8
11, or 11.11	7/16
13 or 12.70	1/2
14, or 14.29	9/16
16, or 15.88	5/8
19, or 19.05	3/4
22, or 22.22	7/8
24, 25, or 25.40	1
29, or 28.58	1-1/8
32, or 31.75	1-1/4
35, or 34.93	1-3/8
38 or 38.10	1-1/2
44, or 44.45	1-3/4
51, or 50.80	2
57, or 57.15	2-1/4
64, or 63.50	2-1/2
70 or 69.85	2-3/4
76, or 76.20	3
83, or 82.55	3-1/4
89 or 88.90	3-1/2
95, or 95.25	3-3/4
102, or 101.60	4

CONVERSION TABLE FOR NOMINAL THICKNESS OF SHEET METAL			
UNCOATED HOT AND COLD ROLLED SHEETS		HOT-DIPPED ZINC COATED (GALVANIZED) SHEETS	
METRIC THICK- NESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	EQUIVA- LENT US STAND- ARD GAGE inch	METRIC THICK- NESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	EQUIVA- LENT GALVAN- IZED SHEET GAGE inch
7.94	0.3125		
6.07	0.2391		
5.69	0.2242		
5.31	0.2092		
4.94	0.1943		
4.55	0.1793		
4.18	0.1644	4.270	0.1681
3.80	0.1495	3.891	0.1532
3.42	0.1345	3.510	0.1382
3.04	0.1196	3.132	0.1233
2.66	0.1046	2.753	0.1084
2.28	0.0897	2.372	0.0934
1.90	0.0747	1.994	0.0785
1.71	0.0673	1.803	0.0710
1.52	0.0598	1.613	0.0635
1.37	0.0538	1.461	0.0575
1.21	0.0478	1.311	0.0516
1.06	0.0418	1.158	0.0456
0.91	0.0359	1.006 or 1.016	0.0396
0.84	0.0329	0.930	0.0366
0.76	0.0299	0.853	0.0336
0.68	0.0269	0.777	0.0306
0.61	0.0239	0.701	0.0276
0.53	0.0209	0.627	0.0247
0.45	0.0179	0.551	0.0217
0.42	0.0164	0.513	0.0202
0.38	0.0149	0.475	0.0187

CONVERSION TABLE FOR WIRE		
METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS	EQUIVALENT USA STEEL WIRE THICKNESS	GAGE NO.
mm	inch	
6.20	0.244	3
5.72	0.225	4
5.26	0.207	5
4.88	0.192	6
4.50	0.177	7
4.11	0.162	8
3.76	0.148	9
3.43	0.135	10
3.05	0.120	11
2.69	0.106	12
2.34	0.092	13
2.03	0.080	14
1.83	0.072	15
1.57	0.062	16
1.37	0.054	17
1.22	0.048	18
1.04	0.041	19
0.89	0.035	20

CONVERSION TABLE FOR COMMON NAILS				
NAIL SIZE	METRIC		ENGLISH	
	mm		inch	
	Length	Diameter	Length	Diameter
8d	63.5	3.33	2 1/2	0.131
10d	76.2	3.76	3	0.148
16d	88.9	4.11	3 1/2	0.162

CONVERSION TABLE FOR LUMBER	
METRIC NOMINAL SURFACE DRY SIZE	EQUIVALENT NOMINAL SURFACE DRY U S SIZE
mm	inch
51	2
102	4
152	6
203	8
254	10
305	12

CONVERSION TABLE FOR PLYWOOD	
METRIC mm	ENGLISH inch
6.4	1/4
7.9	5/16
9.5	3/8
11.1	7/16
11.9	15/32
12.7	1/2
15.1	19/32
15.9	5/8
18.3	23/32
19.1	3/4
22.2	7/8
25.4	1
28.6	1 1/8

CONVERSION TABLE FOR INSULATION R-VALUE	
METRIC (K m ² /W)	ENGLISH (HR FT ² F/BTU)
0.5	3
0.7	4
1.4	8
1.9	11
2.3	13
2.5	14
3.3	19
5.3	30

CONVERSION TABLE FOR VAPOR TRANSMISSION RATING	
METRIC (Perm-m)	ENGLISH (perm-inch)
0.29	0.02

CONVERSION TABLE FOR LOW PRESSURE	
METRIC (Pa)	ENGLISH (Inches of Water Column)
30	0.125
60	0.25
90	0.375
120	0.50
150	0.60
155	0.625
175	0.70
185	0.75
200	0.80
250	1.00
310	1.25

CONVERSION TABLE FOR PRESSURE	
METRIC (kPa)	ENGLISH (psi)
10	1.5
210	30
280	40
350	50
690	100
860	125
1040	150
1100	160
1210	175
1380	200
1730	250
2070	300
2170	315
2410	350
2590	375
2760	400
4830	700
5170	750
5520	800
13800	2000
17200	2500
20700	3000
27600	4000
34500	5000
137900	20000

CONVERSION TABLE FOR MIL THICKNESS	
METRIC (mm)	ENGLISH (inch/1000)
0.10	4
0.13	5
0.15	6
0.50	20
0.75	30
1.00	40

CONVERSION TABLE FOR HVAC DUCTING.	
METRIC (mm)	ENGLISH (inch)
100	4
125	5
150	6
175	7
200	8
225	9
250	10
300	12
360	14
410	16
460	18
510	20
560	22
610	24
660	26
710	28
760	30

CONVERSION TABLE FOR MECHANICAL PIPING		
METRIC (GSP, PVC, BSP, DUCTILE IRON)	METRIC (mm)	ENGLISH (inch)
NPS 1/2	15	1/2
NPS 3/4	20	3/4
NPS 1	25	1
NPS 1 1/4	32	1 1/4
NPS 1 1/2	40	1 1/2
NPS 2	50	2
NPS 2 1/2	65	2 1/2
NPS 3	75	3
NPS 4	100	4
NPS 6	150	6

CONVERSION TABLE FOR LUBRICATION PIPING TUBING WALL THICKNESS	
METRIC (mm)	ENGLISH (inch)
2.1	0.083
0.9	0.035

CONVERSION TABLE FOR HOSE/TUBING SIZES O. D.	
METRIC (mm)	ENGLISH (inch)
6	1/4
10	3/8
13	1/2
16	5/8
19	3/4
22	7/8
25	1

CONVERSION TABLE FOR DRUM SIZES			
METRIC		ENGLISH	
L	kg	gallons	pounds
205	180	55	400
60	55	16	120
19	16	5	35

CONVERSION TABLE FOR POWER	
METRIC (kW)	ENGLISH (HP)
0.037	1/20
0.075	1/10
0.18	1/4
0.25	1/3
0.37	1/2
0.55	3/4
0.75	1
1.1	1 1/2
1.5	2
2.2	3
3.7	5
5.5	7 1/2
7.5	10
11	15
15	20
18.5	25
22	30
30	40
37	50
45	60
55	75
75	100
90	120
110	150

CONVERSION TABLE FOR IMPELLER BALANCE		
SYNCHRONOUS RPM	METRIC (g mm/kg)	ENGLISH (ounce- inch/pound)
720	94	0.059
900	73	0.046
1200	54	0.034
1800	41	0.026
3600	17	0.011

CONVERSION TABLE FOR ELECTRICAL CONDUIT	
METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	EQUIVALENT IMPERIAL SIZE inch
16	1/2
21	3/4
27	1
35	1 1/4
41	1 1/2
53	2
103	4

DIVISION 2. SITEWORK

2.01 CLEARING AND GRUBBING

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of removing all objectionable material from the building site in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Clearing and grubbing shall be performed in advance of any other grading or construction operations.

The area to be cleared and grubbed shall be within the building work construction area.

SITE CONDITIONS.--

Traffic.--Clearing and grubbing shall be conducted to ensure minimum interference with roads, street, walks or other occupied areas.

Protection of existing landscaping and trees.--Existing landscaping and trees which are to remain in place shall be protected from injury or damage. Existing trees shall be protected with a temporary fence around the drip line.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS (Not applicable.)

PART 3.- EXECUTION

SITE CLEARING.--

General.--Remove trees, shrubs, grass and other vegetation, concrete and masonry, improvements, or obstructions interfering with the new construction.

Trees to be removed shall be grubbed to a depth of not less than 0.6 meter below finished grade.

REMOVAL OF WASTE MATERIAL.--

Hauling.--When hauling is done over highways or city streets, and when directed by the Engineer, the loads shall be trimmed and all material removed from shelf areas of the vehicles.

Disposal.--Trees, shrubs, grass, weeds and other vegetation, debris, and any obstructions above or below the ground surface that interfere with the building work, shall be removed and disposed of off the premises.

2.02 EARTHWORK

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of performing earthwork for buildings, paved areas, utilities, and related sitework in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

This Section includes the following:

- Preparing subgrades for slabs-on-grade, walks, and pavements.

- Excavating and backfilling for buildings and structures.

- Subbase course for concrete walks.

- Subbase and base course for asphalt paving.

- Excavating and backfilling for utility trenches.

- Excavating and backfilling trenches for buried mechanical and electrical utilities and pits for buried utility structures.

Attention is directed to the Materials Information Handout for information regarding foundation recommendations and reports that were prepared for use during the design of this project.

Attention is directed to the requirements of "Field Engineering" in Division 1, "General Requirements," of these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Material Test Reports.--From a qualified testing agency indicating and interpreting test results for compliance of the following with requirements indicated:

- Classification according to ASTM D 2487 of each borrow soil material proposed for fill and backfill.

- Laboratory compaction curve according to ASTM D 1557 for each borrow soil material proposed for fill and backfill.

Samples.--Samples of sand weighing not less than 11 kg, shall be submitted to the Engineer at the jobsite for approval.

REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS.--

The Contractor shall conform to applicable Governing Agency standards for paving work on public property.

Dust suppression techniques shall be maintained during construction operations.

SITE CONDITIONS.--

Archaeological sensitive area.—The location of work is in the vicinity of several archaeological sites. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 7 calendar days before start of ground disturbing work so that a State Archaeologist can be scheduled to monitor the work. A monitor shall be required for all ground disturbing activities. If cultural remains are discovered in or adjacent to state right of way during construction activities, all activities around the site area shall cease until a notice to proceed is given by the Archaeologist. If, in the opinion of the Engineer, completion of the work is delayed or interfered with by the archaeological find, the Contractor will be compensated for any resulting loss, and an extension of time will be granted, in the same manner as provided for in Section 8-1.09, "Right of Way Delays," of the Standard Specifications.

Existing underground piping and conduit.--The location of existing underground piping and conduit is based on the best records available. Before beginning work, the Contractor shall accurately locate the piping and conduit involved in the work. If the location of the existing piping or conduit deviates from the location shown on the plans by more than 1.5 meters, or, if no elevations are indicated and the piping or conduit is more than 0.9 meter below grade, the cost of the additional

excavation, backfill, piping or conduit, and removal and replacement of concrete, if any, will be paid for as an ordered change in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 3, "Changes in the Work," of the General Conditions.

Existing surfaced or planted areas.--Existing surfaced or planted areas that are removed, broken or damaged by the Contractor's operations shall be restored to their original condition except as otherwise shown on the plans or specified herein.

Restoration materials shall be equal to or better than the original materials. Surfacing shall be replaced to match the material thickness, grades, and finish of the adjacent surrounding surfaces.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

SOIL MATERIALS.--

General.--The Contractor shall provide borrow soil materials when sufficient satisfactory soil materials are not available from excavations. Soil materials shall conform to the following requirements:

Satisfactory Soils.--ASTM D 2487 Soil Classification Groups GW, GP, GM, SW, SP, and SM, or a combination of these groups; free of rock or gravel larger than **75 mm** in any dimension, debris, waste, frozen materials, vegetation, and other deleterious matter.

Unsatisfactory Soils.--Soil Classification Groups GC, SC, CL, ML, OL, CH, MH, OH, and PT according to ASTM D 2487, or a combination of these groups. Unsatisfactory soils also include satisfactory soils not maintained within 2 percent of optimum moisture content at time of compaction.

Base Course.--Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, crushed stone, and natural or crushed sand; ASTM D 2940; with at least 95 percent passing a 37.5-mm sieve and not more than 8 percent passing a 0.075-mm sieve.

Structure backfill.--Structure and trench backfill shall be free of organic and other deleterious material and shall be suitable for the required compaction. Gravel without sand matrix shall not be used except as free draining granular material beneath slabs and footings.

Engineered Fill.--Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, crushed stone, and natural or crushed sand; ASTM D 2940; with at least 90 percent passing a 37.5-mm sieve and not more than 12 percent passing a 0.075-mm sieve.

Bedding Course.--Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, crushed stone, and natural or crushed sand; ASTM D 2940; except with 100 percent passing a 25-mm sieve and not more than 8 percent passing a 0.075-mm sieve.

Drainage Course.---(Free draining granular material) Narrowly graded mixture of washed crushed stone, or crushed or uncrushed gravel; ASTM D 448; coarse-aggregate grading Size 57; with 100 percent passing a 37.5-mm sieve and 0 to 5 percent passing a 2.36-mm sieve.

Filter Material.--Narrowly graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, or crushed stone and natural sand; ASTM D 448; coarse-aggregate grading Size 67; with 100 percent passing a 25-mm sieve and 0 to 5 percent passing a 4.75-mm sieve.

Sand.--ASTM C 33; fine aggregate, natural, or manufactured sand.

Impervious Fill: Clayey gravel and sand mixture capable of compacting to a dense state.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

PREPARATION & RESTORATION.--

Structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities shall be protected by settlement, lateral movement, undermining, washout, and other hazards created by earthwork operations.

Preparation of subgrade for earthwork operations including removal of vegetation, topsoil, debris, obstructions, and deleterious materials from ground surface is specified in Division 2 Section "Clearing and Grubbing."

Sawcutting.--Prior to excavation or trenching, existing surfacing shall be removed to saw cut lines, or to existing wood dividers or expansion joints, if any. The saw cut shall be to a neat line and have a depth not less than 25 mm.

Restoration.--Surfacing shall be replaced to match the thickness, grades and finish of the adjacent surrounding surfaces.

EXCAVATION.--

General.—The Contractor shall excavate to subgrade elevations regardless of the character of surface and subsurface conditions encountered. Unclassified excavated materials may include rock, soil materials, and obstructions. No changes in the Contract Sum or the Contract Time will be authorized for rock excavation or removal of obstructions. If excavated materials intended for fill and backfill include unsatisfactory soil materials and rock, replace with satisfactory soil materials.

Footing excavation.--The bottom of excavations shall not be disturbed. The contractor shall excavate by hand to the final grade. The bottom of concrete footings shall be poured against undisturbed material. Unless otherwise noted, compaction of the bottom of footing excavation is not required unless the material is disturbed. The footing depths shown on the plans shall be changed to suit field conditions when directed by the Engineer. Solid rock at or near required depths shall not be disturbed. Unsuitable material shall be excavated down to firm bearing as directed by the Engineer. Work and materials required because of excavation in excess of the depths shown on the plans, when such excavation has been ordered by the Engineer, will be paid for as an ordered change in accordance with the requirements in Section 3, "Changes in the Work," of the General Conditions.

Excavate to the elevations and dimensions within a tolerance of ± 12 mm. Limits of the excavation shall allow for adequate working space for installing materials and as required for safety of personnel. Such working space excavation shall be replaced in kind and compacted at the Contractor's expense.

Overdepth excavation for footings shall be backfilled with concrete or such other material recommended by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer. Relative compaction shall be not less than 95 percent.

Excavation for pipes and conduits.--Pipes or conduits in the same trench shall have a minimum clear distance between pipes or conduits of 150 mm. Pipes or conduits shall have not less than 0.75 meter of cover from top of pipes or conduits to finished grade unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified.

Trenching shall be of sufficient depth to permit placing a minimum depth of 100 mm of compacted sand under all pipes and conduits.

Excavation adjacent to trees shall be performed by hand methods where necessary to avoid injury to trees and roots. Roots 50 mm in diameter and larger shall be protected with heavy burlap. Roots smaller than 50 mm in diameter adjacent to trees shall be hand trimmed. Cuts through roots 13 mm in diameter and larger shall be sealed with tree trimmers' asphaltic emulsion. If trenches remain open more than 24 hours, the side of the trench adjacent to the tree shall be shaded with burlap and kept damp. Materials shall not be stockpiled within the drip line of trees.

Dewatering.--Excavations shall be kept clear of standing water. Water shall be removed by pumping if necessary. Water removed from excavation shall be carried away from the building site and disposed of in a manner that will not harm State or adjacent property.

Excavation for walks and pavements.--Surfaces under walks and pavements shall be excavated to indicated lines, cross sections, elevations, and subgrades.

SUBGRADE INSPECTION.--

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer when excavations have reached required subgrade.

If the Engineer determines that unsatisfactory soil is present, excavation shall be continued and replaced with compacted backfill or fill material as directed.

Authorized additional excavation and replacement material will be paid for according to Contract provisions for changes in the Work.

Reconstruct subgrades damaged by freezing temperatures, frost, rain, accumulated water, or construction activities, as directed by Engineer without additional compensation.

Proof-rolling.--Subgrade shall be proof-rolled below the building slabs and pavements with heavy pneumatic-tired equipment to identify soft pockets and areas of excess yielding. Proof-rolling shall not be done on wet or saturated subgrades.

STORAGE OF SOIL MATERIALS.--

Borrow soil materials and excavated satisfactory soil materials shall be stockpiled without intermixing. Stockpiles shall be placed, graded, and shaped to drain surface water and covered to prevent windblown dust.

Soil materials shall be stockpiled away from edge of excavations and not be stored within drip line of remaining trees.

BACKFILLING.--

General.--Unless otherwise noted, backfilling shall be placed and compacted in horizontal layers, not more than 150 mm thick prior to compaction, and to the lines and grades shown on the plans or to original ground.

Structure backfill.--After structures are in place and forms are removed, wood and other debris shall be removed from excavations before placing structure backfill.

Backfilling pipes and conduits.--Backfill placed under pipe and conduits shall be compacted sand, 100 mm minimum depth. Backfill material placed to a level 150 mm above tops of pipes and conduits shall be sand or fine earth and particles shall not exceed 13 mm in greatest dimension. For wrapped, coated, or plastic pipe or conduits, sand shall be used for backfill. Backfill material placed higher than 150 mm above tops of pipes or conduits shall consist of material free of stones or lumps exceeding 100 mm in greatest dimension except:

- (a) The top 300 mm of backfill under roads, walks or paving shall consist of aggregate base material.
- (b) The top 150 mm of backfill in planted areas shall consist of topsoil.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, pipe under roads, with less than 0.75 m of cover over the top of pipe, shall be backfilled with concrete to a level 100 mm above the top of pipe. Concrete for backfill shall be commercial quality concrete containing not less than 350 kg/m³ of cement.

Soil fill.--surfaces steeper than 1 vertical to 4 horizontal receiving pavement shall be plowed, scarified, benched, or broken up sloped so fill material will bond with existing material.

Fill material shall be place and compact in layers to required elevations as follows:

- Under grass and planted areas, use satisfactory soil material.
- Under walks and pavements, use satisfactory soil material.
- Under steps and ramps, use engineered fill.
- Under building slabs, use engineered fill.

GRADING.--

General.--Work areas shall be uniformly graded to a smooth surface, free of irregular surface changes. Comply with compaction requirements and grade to cross sections, lines, and elevations indicated. A smooth transition between adjacent existing grades and new grades shall be provided. The Contractor shall cut out soft spots, fill low spots, and trim high spots to comply with required surface tolerances.

Site Grading.--Grades shall be sloped to direct water away from buildings and to prevent ponding. Subgrades shall be finished to required elevations within the following tolerances:

Lawn or Unpaved Areas.--Plus or minus 25 mm.

Walks.--Plus or minus 25 mm.

Pavements.--Plus or minus 13 mm.

Grading inside Building Lines.--Finish subgrade to a tolerance of 13 mm when tested with a 3-m straightedge.

SUBBASE AND BASE COURSES.--

Base course on subgrades shall be placed free of mud, frost, snow, or ice.

On prepared subgrade, base course shall be placed under pavements and walks as follows:

DRAINAGE COURSE.--

Drainage course shall be placed on subgrades free of mud, frost, snow, or ice. On prepared subgrade, drainage course shall be placed and compacted under cast-in-place concrete slabs-on-grade as follows:

Place drainage course 150 mm or less in compacted thickness in a single layer.

Place drainage course that exceeds 150 mm in compacted thickness in layers of equal thickness, with no compacted layer more than 150 mm thick or less than 75 mm thick.

COMPACTION.--

General.--Relative compaction shall be determined in accordance with California Test 216 or 231.

Unless otherwise noted below, all backfill shall be compacted to a minimum relative compaction of 90 percent.

Unless approved in writing by the Engineer, compaction by jetting or ponding will not be permitted.

Compact original ground.--Original ground surface under fill with surfacing of concrete and asphalt concrete shall be compacted to a relative compaction of not less than 95 percent for a minimum depth of 150 mm.

Subgrade preparation.--Preparation of subgrade material for placing aggregate base, surfacing, or slabs thereon shall include fine grading, compaction, reworking as necessary. The upper 150 mm of the subgrade shall have the same compaction as the fill to be placed over it.

The prism of backfill directly underneath the building foundation and sloping downward at 1:1 shall be compacted to 95 percent.

Structure backfill.--Structure backfill shall be compacted to not less than 95 percent relative compaction.

Drainage course.--Each layer of drainage course shall be compacted to required cross sections and thicknesses to not less than 95 percent.

Trench backfill.--Trench backfill placed beneath slabs or paved areas shall be compacted to a relative compaction of not less than 95 percent.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.—

Testing Agency.—The Contractor shall engage a qualified independent geotechnical engineering testing for field quality-control testing.

The Contractor shall inspect and test subgrades and each fill or backfill layer. Subsequent earthwork shall proceed only after test results for previously completed work comply with requirements.

Footing Subgrade.--At footing subgrades, at least one test of each soil stratum will be performed to verify design bearing capacities. Subsequent verification and approval of other footing subgrades may be based on a visual comparison of subgrade with tested subgrade when approved by Engineer.

In place compaction tests of soils shall be conducted according to California Test 216 or 231., as applicable. Tests shall be performed at the following locations and frequencies:

Paved and Building Slab Areas.--At subgrade and at each compacted fill and backfill layer, at least 1 test for every 186 sq. m or less of paved area or building slab, but in no case fewer than 3 tests.

Foundation Wall Backfill.--At each compacted backfill layer, at least 1 test for each 30 m or less of wall length, but no fewer than 2 tests.

Trench Backfill.--At each compacted initial and final backfill layer, at least 1 test for each 46 m or less of trench length, but no fewer than 2 tests.

When test reports show that subgrades, fills, or backfills have not achieved degree of compaction specified, the Contractor shall scarify and moisten or aerate, or remove and replace soil to depth required; re-compact and retest until specified compaction is obtained.

PROTECTION.--

Protecting Graded Areas.--Newly graded areas shall be protected from traffic, freezing, and erosion. Graded areas shall be kept free of trash and debris.

Grades shall be repaired and re-established to specified tolerances where completed or partially completed surfaces become eroded, rutted, settled, or where they lose compaction due to subsequent construction operations or weather conditions.

Where settling occurs before Project correction period elapses, finished surfacing shall be removed, backfilled with additional soil material, compacted, and surfacing reconstructed.

Appearance, quality, and condition of finished surfacing shall be restored to match adjacent work, and eliminate evidence of restoration to greatest extent possible.

DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS AND WASTE MATERIALS.--

Disposal.--Remove surplus satisfactory soil and waste material, including unsatisfactory soil, trash, and debris, and legally dispose of it off State property.

2.03 HOT-MIX ASPHALT (MINOR)

PART 1 GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of pavement courses composed of mineral aggregate and asphalt material heated and mixed in a central mixing plant and placed on a prepared base course. HMA designed and constructed in accordance with this section shall conform to the lines, grades, thicknesses, and typical cross sections shown on the drawings. Each course shall be constructed to the depth, section, or elevation required by the drawings and shall be rolled, finished, and approved before the placement of the next course.

Related sections.--

Division 2 Section "Earthwork" for aggregate subbase and base courses and for aggregate pavement shoulders.

REFERENCES.--

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to in the text by basic designation only:

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF STATE HIGHWAY AND TRANSPORTATION OFFICIALS (AASHTO)

AASHTO MP 1 (1998) Provisional Specification for Performance Graded Asphalt Binder

AASHTO TP53 (1998; Interim 1999) Determining Asphalt Content of Hot Mix Asphalt by the Ignition Method

AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS (ASTM)

ASTM D 995 (1995b) Mixing Plants for Hot-Mixed, Hot-Laid Bituminous Paving Mixtures
Bituminous Mixture

ASTM D 2950 (1997) Density of Bituminous Concrete in Place by Nuclear Method

ASTM D 4125 (1994e1) Asphalt Content of Bituminous Mixtures by the Nuclear Method

ASPHALT INSTITUTE (AI)

AI MS-02 (1997) Mix Design Methods for Asphalt Concrete and Other Hot-Mix Types

AI MS-22 (1998; 2nd Edition) Construction of Hot-Mix Asphalt Pavements

STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (CDT)

Contract No. 04-207774

DEFINITIONS.—

Hot-Mix Asphalt Paving Terminology.--Refer to ASTM D 8 for definitions of terms.

CDT.--State of California Department of Transportation.

HMA.--Hot mix asphalt

JMD.--Job mix design

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION.--

The Contractor shall provide hot-mix asphalt paving according to materials, workmanship, and other applicable requirements of standard specifications of CDT as outlined in these specifications.

Measurement and payment provisions included in the CDT standard specifications do not apply to these specifications.

SUBMITTALS.--

The Contractor shall submit the following items for approval:

Product Data.--For each type of product indicated. Include technical data and tested physical and performance properties.

Job-Mix Designs.--Certification, by manufacture, of approval of job mix proposed for the work.

Qualification Data.--For manufacturer.

Quality control plan.--Contractor's plan for material quality control including test methods, sampling, and test frequency.

PLANT, EQUIPMENT, AND TOOLS.--

Asphalt Mixing Plant.--Plants used for the preparation of hot-mix asphalt shall conform to the requirements of ASTM D 995 with the following changes:

Air Pollution Control.--Plants shall conform to the air pollution controls and California Division of Occupational Safety and Health requirements of specified in Section 39, article "Asphalt Concrete Plants," of the CDT Standard Specifications.

Truck Scales.--The asphalt mixture shall be weighed on approved certified scales at the Contractor's expense. Scales shall be inspected and sealed at least annually by an approved calibration laboratory.

Inspection of Plant.--The Engineer shall have access at all times, to all areas of the plant for checking adequacy of equipment; inspecting operation of the plant; verifying weights, proportions, and material properties; checking the temperatures maintained in the preparation of the mixtures and for taking samples. The Contractor shall provide assistance as requested, for the Engineer to procure any desired samples.

Storage Bins.--Use of storage bins for temporary storage of hot-mix asphalt will be permitted as follows:

1. The asphalt mixture may be stored in non-insulated storage bins for a period of time not exceeding 3 hours.
2. The asphalt mixture may be stored in insulated storage bins for a period of time not exceeding 8 hours. The mix drawn from bins shall meet the same requirements as mix loaded directly into trucks.

Hauling Equipment.--Trucks used for hauling hot-mix asphalt shall have tight, clean, and smooth metal beds. To prevent the mixture from adhering to them, the truck beds shall be lightly coated with a minimum amount of paraffin oil, lime solution, or other approved material. Petroleum based products shall not be used as a release agent. Each truck shall have a suitable cover to protect the mixture from adverse weather. When necessary to ensure that the mixture will be delivered to the site at the specified temperature, truck beds shall be insulated or heated and covers (tarps) shall be securely fastened.

Asphalt Pavers.--Asphalt pavers shall be self-propelled, with an activated screed, heated as necessary, and shall be capable of spreading and finishing courses of hot-mix asphalt which will meet the specified thickness, smoothness, and grade. The paver shall have sufficient power to propel itself and the hauling equipment without adversely affecting the finished surface.

Receiving Hopper.--The paver shall have a receiving hopper of sufficient capacity to permit a uniform spreading operation. The hopper shall be equipped with a distribution system to place the mixture uniformly in front of the screed without segregation. The screed shall effectively produce a finished surface of the required evenness and texture without tearing, shoving, or gouging the mixture.

Automatic Grade Controls.--If an automatic grade control device is used, the paver shall be equipped with a control system capable of automatically maintaining the specified screed elevation. The control system shall be automatically actuated from either a reference line and/or through a system of mechanical sensors or sensor-directed mechanisms or devices which will maintain the paver screed at a predetermined transverse slope and at the proper elevation to obtain the required surface. The transverse slope controller shall be capable of maintaining the screed at the desired slope within plus or minus 0.1 percent. A transverse slope controller shall not be used to control grade. The controls shall be capable of working in conjunction with any of the following attachments:

1. Ski-type device of not less than 9.14 m 30 feet in length.
2. Taut stringline set to grade.
3. Short ski or shoe for joint matching.
4. Laser control.

Rollers.--Rollers shall be self-propelled tandem type weighing not less than 7260 kg, in good condition, and shall be operated at slow speeds to avoid displacement of the asphalt mixture. The number, type, and weight of rollers shall be sufficient to compact the mixture to the required density while it is still in a workable condition. Equipment which causes excessive crushing of the aggregate shall not be used.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.--

Weather limitations.--The hot-mix asphalt shall not be placed when the underlying layer or surface is below 10° C and, where placement is to be on bridges or other structures when the temperature of the structure is below 5° C. Asphalt concrete and asphalt concrete base shall not be placed when the underlying layer or surface is frozen, or when, in the opinion of the Engineer, weather conditions will prevent the proper handling, finishing or compaction of the material.

PART 2. MATERIALS

AGGREGATES.--

General.--Aggregates shall consist of crushed stone, crushed gravel, crushed slag, screenings, natural sand and mineral filler, as required. The portion of material retained on the 4.75 mm No. 4 sieve is coarse aggregate. The portion of material passing the 4.75 mm No. 4 sieve and retained on the 0.075 mm No. 200 sieve is fine aggregate. The portion passing the 0.075 mm No. 200 sieve is defined as mineral filler.

Coarse Aggregate.--Coarse aggregate shall consist of sound, tough, durable particles, free from films of material that would prevent thorough coating and bonding with the asphalt material and free from organic matter and other deleterious substances.

Fine Aggregate.--Fine aggregate shall consist of clean, sound, tough, durable particles. The aggregate particles shall be free from coatings of clay, silt, or any objectionable material and shall contain no clay balls. All individual fine aggregate sources shall have a sand equivalent value not less than 45 when tested in accordance with ASTM D 2419.

Mineral Filler.--Mineral filler shall be nonplastic material meeting the requirements of ASTM D 242.

Aggregate Gradation.--The aggregate gradation, prior to the addition of asphalt binder, shall conform to the requirements of Section 39, "Asphalt Concrete," of the CDT Standard Specifications for the HMA type as follows:

Type A Asphalt Concrete (Percentage Passing) 12.5-mm Maximum, Medium

Combined aggregate.--The combined aggregate shall conform to section 39, "Asphalt Concrete," of the CDT standard specifications for the following quality requirements prior to the addition of the asphalt binder:

Tests	Calif Test	Asphalt Concrete Type		Open Graded Asphalt Concrete	Asphalt Concrete Base Type	
		A	B		A	B
Percentage of Crushed Particles:	205					
Coarse Aggregate (Min.)		90%	25%	90%	90%	25%
Fine Aggregate (Passing 4.75-mm, Retained on 2.36-mm) (Min.)		70%	20%	90%	70%	20%
Los Angeles Rattler:	211					
Loss at 100 Rev. (Max.)		10%	—	10%	10%	—
Loss at 500 Rev. (Max.)		45%	50%	40%	45%	50%
Sand Equivalent:	217					
Contract Compliance (Min.)		47	42	—	47	42
Operating Range (Min.)		50	45	—	50	45
Film Stripping (Max.) ^a	302	—	—	25%	—	—
K _C Factor (Max.)	303	1.7	1.7	—	1.7	1.7
K _F Factor (Max.)	303	1.7	1.7	—	1.7	1.7

a. After mixing with asphalt binder

ASPHALT MATERIALS.--

Asphalt Binder.--Asphalt cement binder shall conform to ASTM D 3381 Table 2, Viscosity Grade AR-4000 per Sections 39 and 92 of the CDT Standard Specifications.

Prime Coat.--Prime coat shall be MC-70 liquid asphalt conforming to Sections 39 and 93 of the CDT Standard Specifications.

Tack Coat.--Tack coat shall be SS-IH asphalt emulsion conforming to Sections 37 and 94 of the CDT Standard Specifications.

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS.--

Curbs.--Asphalt Mix for curbs shall be the same as pavement surface-course mix with an increase of 1% by mass of the aggregate asphalt binder.

Water.--Potable.

Sand.--AASHTO M 29, Grade Nos. 2 or 3.

MIX DESIGN.--

General.--The Contractor shall develop the HMA mix design. The asphalt mix shall be composed of a mixture of well-graded aggregate, mineral filler if required, and asphalt material. The aggregate fractions shall be sized, handled in separate size groups, and combined in such proportions that the resulting mixture meets the grading requirements of the job mix design (JMD). No hot-mix asphalt for payment shall be produced until a JMD has been approved. The hot-mix asphalt shall be designed using procedures contained in CDT section 39, "Asphalt Concrete," of the Standard Specifications. At the option of the Contractor, a currently used CDT hot mix design may be used in lieu of developing a new hot mix design or mixes using CDT standards, with a history of satisfactory performance in the geographical area where project is located.

Asphalt Concrete Mixture.—HMA composed of the aggregate proposed for use and the optimum amount of asphalt as determined by California Test 367, shall conform to section 39, "Asphalt Concrete," of the CDT Standard Specifications for the following performance requirements:

Tests	Calif Test	Asphalt Concrete Type		Open Graded Asphalt Concrete	Asphalt Concrete Base Type	
		A	B		A	B
Swell (Max.) (Millimeters)	305	0.76	0.76	—	0.76	0.76
Moisture Vapor Susceptibility (Min.)	307	30	25	—	30	25
Stabilometer Value (Min.):						
(9.5-mm & 4.75-mm Max. AC)	366	30	30	—	—	—
All Others	366	37	35	—	37	35

PART 3.- EXECUTION

PREPARATION OF THE UNDERLYING SURFACE.--

Preparation.—Immediately before placing the hot mix asphalt, the underlying course shall be cleaned of dust and debris. A prime coat and/or tack coat shall be applied in accordance with the contract specifications and where directed by the Engineer.

Prime Coat.—A uniform prime coat shall be applied over surface of compacted unbound-aggregate base course at a rate of .0.7 to 2.3 L/sq. m. Enough material shall be applied to penetrate and seal but not flood surface. Prime coat shall be allowed to cure for 72 hours minimum. If prime coat is not entirely absorbed within 24 hours after application, sand shall be spread over surface to blot excess asphalt. Enough sand shall be used to prevent pickup under traffic. Loose material shall be removed by sweeping before pavement is placed and after volatiles have evaporated. Primed substrate shall be protected from damage until ready to receive paving.

Tack Coat.—A uniform tack coat to surfaces of existing pavement at a rate of 0.2 to 0.7 L/sq. m. Tack coat shall be allowed to cure undisturbed before applying hot-mix asphalt paving. Smearing or staining adjoining surfaces, appurtenances, and surroundings shall be avoided. Spillages shall be removed and affected surfaces cleaned.

PREPARATION OF HOT-MIX ASPHALT MIXTURE.--

The aggregates and the asphalt cement shall be weighed or metered and introduced into the mixer in the amount specified by the JMD. The combined materials shall be mixed until the aggregate obtains a uniform coating of asphalt binder and is thoroughly distributed throughout the mixture. Wet mixing time shall be the shortest time that will produce a satisfactory mixture, but no less than 25 seconds for batch plants. The wet mixing time for all plants shall be established by the Contractor, based on the procedure for determining the percentage of coated particles described in ASTM D 2489, for each individual plant and for each type of aggregate used. The wet mixing time will be set to at least achieve 95 percent of coated particles. The moisture content of all hot-mix asphalt upon discharge from the plant shall not exceed 0.5 percent by total weight of mixture as measured by ASTM D 1461.

TRANSPORTING AND PLACING.--

Transporting.—The hot-mix asphalt shall be transported from the mixing plant to the site in clean, tight vehicles. Deliveries shall be scheduled so that placing and compacting of mixture is uniform with minimum stopping and starting of the paver. Adequate artificial lighting shall be provided for night placements. Hauling over freshly placed material will not be permitted until the material has been compacted as specified, and allowed to cool to 60 degrees C. To deliver mix to the paver, the Contractor shall use a material transfer vehicle which shall be operated to produce continuous forward motion of the paver.

Placing.--Hot-mix asphalt shall be placed on prepared surface, spread uniformly, and struck off. Asphalt mix shall be placed by hand to areas inaccessible to equipment in a manner that prevents segregation of mix. Each course shall be placed to required grade, cross section, and thickness when compacted. Place hot-mix asphalt surface course in single lift.

Mix shall be spread at minimum temperature of 121 deg C. Begin applying mix along centerline of crown for crowned sections and on high side of one-way slopes, unless otherwise indicated. Paver machine speed shall be regulated to obtain smooth, continuous surface free of pulls and tears in asphalt-paving mat. Paving shall be placed in consecutive strips not less than 3 m wide unless infill edge strips of a lesser width are required. After first strip has been placed and rolled, succeeding strips shall be placed and rolling extended to overlap previous strips. Complete a section of asphalt base course before placing asphalt surface course. Promptly correct surface irregularities in paving course behind paver. Suitable hand tools shall be used to remove excess material forming high spots. Depressions shall be filled with hot-mix asphalt to prevent segregation of mix; use suitable hand tools to smooth surface.

JOINTS.--

General.--The formation of joints shall be made ensuring a continuous bond between the courses and to obtain the required density. All joints shall have the same texture as other sections of the course and meet the requirements for smoothness and grade.

Transverse Joints.--The roller shall not pass over the unprotected end of the freshly laid mixture, except when necessary to form a transverse joint. When necessary to form a transverse joint, it shall be made by means of placing a bulkhead or by tapering the course. The tapered edge shall be cut back to its full depth and width on a straight line to expose a vertical face prior to placing material at the joint. The cutback material shall be removed from the project. In both methods, all contact surfaces shall be given a light tack coat of asphalt material before placing any fresh mixture against the joint.

Longitudinal Joints.--Longitudinal joints which are irregular, damaged, uncompacted, cold (less than 80 degrees C at the time of placing adjacent lanes), or otherwise defective, shall be cut back a minimum of 50 mm from the edge with a cutting wheel to expose a clean, sound vertical surface for the full depth of the course. All cutback material shall be removed from the project. All contact surfaces shall be given a light tack coat of asphalt material prior to placing any fresh mixture against the joint. The Contractor will be allowed to use an alternate method if it can be demonstrated that density, smoothness, and texture can be met.

COMPACTION.--

General.--Compaction shall begin as soon as placed hot-mix paving will bear roller weight without excessive displacement. Hot-mix paving shall be compacted with hot, hand tampers or vibratory-plate compactors in areas inaccessible to rollers. Compaction shall be complete before mix temperature cools to 95 deg C.

Breakdown Rolling.--Breakdown or initial rolling shall be completed immediately after rolling joints and outside edge. Surface shall be examined immediately after breakdown rolling for indicated crown, grade, and smoothness. Laydown and rolling operations shall be corrected to comply with requirements.

Intermediate Rolling.--Intermediate rolling shall begin immediately after breakdown rolling while hot-mix asphalt is still hot enough to achieve specified density. Rolling shall be continued until hot-mix asphalt course has been uniformly compacted to the following density:

Average Density.--96 percent according to California Test 304 and 375, but not less than 94 percent nor greater than 100 percent.

Finish Rolling.--Paved surfaces shall be finished rolled to remove roller marks while hot-mix asphalt is still warm.

Edge Shaping.--While surface is being compacted and finished, edges of pavement shall be trimmed to proper alignment. Edges shall be beveled while asphalt is still hot and compacted thoroughly.

Repairs.--Paved areas that are defective or contaminated with foreign materials shall be repaired and replaced with fresh, hot-mix asphalt. Repaired shall be compacted by rolling to specified density and surface smoothness.

Protection.--After final rolling, vehicular traffic shall not be permitted on pavement until it has cooled and hardened. Barricades shall be erected to protect paving from traffic until mixture has cooled enough not to become marked.

INSTALLATION TOLERANCES.--

Installation tolerances shall conform to the following:

Thickness.--Compact each course to produce the thickness indicated within the following tolerances: Retain thickness tolerances below or revise to suit Project.

Surface Course.--Plus 6 mm, no minus.

Surface Smoothness.--Each course shall be compacted to produce a surface smoothness within the following tolerances as determined by using a 3-m straightedge applied transversely or longitudinally to paved areas:

Surface Course.-- 3 mm.

ASPHALT CURBS.--

General.--Hot-mix asphalt curbs shall be constructed over compacted pavement surfaces where indicated on the plans. A light tack coat shall be applied unless pavement surface is still tacky and free from dust. The mix shall be spread at minimum temperature of 121 deg C.

Placement.--Hot-mix asphalt shall be placed to curb cross section indicated by machine or by hand in wood or metal forms. Hand-placed materials shall be tamped and screed to smooth finish. Forms shall be removed after hot-mix asphalt has cooled.

SURFACE TREATMENTS.--

Fog Seal.--Fog seal shall be applied at a rate of 0.45 to 0.7 L/sq. m to existing asphalt pavement and allow to cure. With a fine sand, lightly dust areas receiving excess fog seal.

CONTRACTOR QUALITY CONTROL.--

General.--The Contractor shall engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and to prepare test reports. Testing shall be conducted and interpreted and state in each report whether tested Work complies with or deviates from specified requirements. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, shall be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.

Quality Control Testing.--The Contractor shall perform all quality control tests applicable to these specifications and as set forth in the Quality Control Plan. Testing shall include, but not be limited to, tests for the control of asphalt content, aggregate gradation, temperatures, aggregate moisture, moisture in the asphalt mixture, laboratory air voids, stability, flow, in-place density, grade and smoothness. CDT California Test Methods shall be utilized unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

Additional Testing.--Any additional testing, which the Contractor deems necessary to control the process, may be performed at the Contractor's option.

QC Monitoring.--The Contractor shall submit all QC test results to the Engineer on a daily basis as the tests are performed. The Engineer reserves the right to monitor any of the Contractor's quality control testing and to perform duplicate testing as a check to the Contractor's quality control testing.

Sampling.--When directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall sample and test any material which appears inconsistent with similar material being produced, unless such material is voluntarily removed and replaced or deficiencies corrected by the Contractor.

DISPOSAL.--

Except for material indicated to be recycled, excavated materials shall be removed from Project site and legally disposed of in an EPA-approved landfill. Excavated materials shall not be allowed to accumulate on-site.

2.04 PAINTED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

PART 1.- GENERAL.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and applying paint for pavement markings in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Pavement markings include, but are not limited to, word and symbol markings, and parking stall markings.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS.--

PAVEMENT MARKING.--

Paint shall be top commercial quality for pavement marking, formulated for the use intended, and manufactured by a nationally recognized manufacturer of paint and other coating products. Paint type shall be alkyd-resin type, lead and chromate free, ready mixed, complying with FS TT-P-115, Type II or AASHTO M 248, Type F.

PART 3.- EXECUTION.--

ALIGNMENT AND LAYOUT.--All necessary alignment and layout work shall be performed by the Contractor, in a manner that will not damage the pavement.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the width of parking stall markings shall be 105 mm.

EQUIPMENT AND OPERATION.--Mechanical means shall be used to paint pavement markings.

All equipment used in the application of paint shall produce pavement markings of uniform quality.

All spray equipment shall be the proper type and of adequate capacity for the work involved.

Air atomized spray equipment shall be equipped with oil and water extractors and pressure regulators, and shall have adequate air volume and compressor recovery capacity. Spray gun tip needle assemblies and orifices shall be the proper size.

Rapid dry paint shall be applied only with airless type equipment.

Stencils and hand spray equipment shall be used to paint word and symbol markings. Stencils shall be furnished by the Contractor. The stencil layout shall conform to the dimensions shown on the plans.

SURFACE PREPARATION.--Surfaces which are to receive paint shall be cleaned of all dirt and loose material.

APPLICATION.--Paint shall be applied only on dry surfaces, and only during periods of favorable weather, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

On new surfacing, paint shall be applied in 2 coats. The first coat shall be dry before application of the second coat is applied.

On existing surfacing, paint shall be applied in one coat.

Completed pavement markings shall have clean and well-defined edges, and shall conform to the dimensions shown on the plans or as specified in these special provisions.

Drips, oversprays, improper markings, and paint material tracked by traffic shall be immediately removed from the pavement by methods approved by the Engineer. All such removal shall be at the Contractor's expense.

If used, striping tape shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

APPLICATION RATES.--Each application of paint shall be applied at the rates recommended by the paint manufacturer for the type of surface involved.

PROTECTION.--Newly placed pavement markings shall be protected from damage by traffic or other causes until the paint is thoroughly dry.

DISABLED ACCESSIBLE PARKING STALL SYMBOL.--Each parking space reserved for persons with physical disabilities shall have a minimum 0.9 m x 0.9 m surface identification with the international symbol of accessibility. The symbol and border shall be white and the background shall be blue conforming to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090.

2.05 GUARD POSTS

PART 1.- GENERAL

Scope.--This work shall consist of constructing guard posts in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Steel posts.--

Steel posts for guard posts shall be standard weight, galvanized steel pipe conforming to the details shown on the plans.

Concrete.--

Concrete for guard posts shall be commercial quality concrete, proportioned to provide a workable mix suitable for the intended use, with not less than 300 kilograms of cement per cubic meter.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Installation.--The length and diameter of the guard posts shall conform to the details shown on the plans.

Guard posts shall be placed in holes excavated to the depth and cross section shown on the plans, and shall be installed plumb.

Guard posts shall be backfilled with concrete as shown on the plans.

Painting.--Guard posts shall be prepared and painted in accordance with the requirements specified under "Painting" in Division 9, "Finishes," of these special provisions.

2.06 PARKING BUMPERS

PART 1.- GENERAL

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing precast concrete parking bumpers in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Parking bumpers.--

Parking bumpers shall be commercially available precast parking bumpers.

Parking bumpers shall be 1220 mm long, nominal 200 mm wide and 150 mm high with both top longitudinal corners continuously chamfered, and anchor holes 230 mm from each end.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Layout.--Arrangement of parking bumpers shall be coordinated with the layout of parking stalls and traffic aisles, providing the proper angle to engage wheels and proper location to prevent overtravel of vehicles.

Parking bumpers shall be anchored with two 19 mm diameter reinforcing bars 380 mm in length. The reinforcing bars shall be installed such that the top of the bars is flush with the top of the parking bumper.

2.07 ACCESSIBLE PARKING AND AUTHORIZATION SIGNS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing accessible parking and authorization signs in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and sign fastening details shall be submitted for approval.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Disabled parking stall identification sign.--

Disabled parking stall identification sign shall be a metal sign with baked enamel finish and the international symbol of accessibility. Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090. Symbol, lettering and border shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 17886.

Van accessible sign.--

Van accessible sign shall be a metal sign with baked enamel finish and the international symbol of accessibility. Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090. Lettering and border shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 17886.

Unauthorized vehicles parking sign.--

Unauthorized vehicles parking sign shall be a metal sign with baked enamel finish. Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090. Lettering and border shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 17886. Lettering shall be not less than 25 mm in height and shall read as shown on the plans.

Support post.--

Support post shall be commercial quality, standard weight, galvanized steel pipe. Pipe diameter shall be 35 mm.

Fastening hardware.--

Fastening hardware shall be galvanized or cadmium plated.

Concrete.--

Concrete for support posts shall be commercial quality concrete, proportioned to provide a workable mix suitable for the intended use, with not less than 300 kilograms of cement per cubic meter.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Installation.--Support posts shall be placed in holes excavated to the depth and cross-section shown on the plans. Posts shall be set vertical and shall be firmly embedded in concrete backfill. The top of the concrete backfill around the post shall be crowned to drain water.

Support posts shall be fitted with a rainproof top.

Sign shall be fastened rigidly and securely to the support post.

The Engineer will provide the Contractor with the necessary information for the disabled authorization sign.

DIVISION 3. CONCRETE AND REINFORCEMENT

3.01 CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of constructing cast-in-place concrete facilities in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data for admixtures, expansion joint material, vapor barrier, hardener, and sealer shall be submitted for approval.

Descriptive data shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished for cement, reinforcement and admixtures in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 4-1.04, "Certificates of Compliance," of the General Conditions.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

CONCRETE MIXES.--

Concrete (structural work).--

Commercial quality concrete shall be proportioned to provide a workable mix suitable for the intended use; shall have not less than 350 kg/m³ of cement; 0 to 50 mm penetration, inclusive, as determined by California Test 533.

Concrete (minor work).--

Commercial quality concrete for concrete curb ramps, walkways, aprons, pads, and collars shall be proportioned to provide a workable mix suitable for the intended use; shall have not less than 300 kg/m³ of cement; 0 to 50 mm penetration, inclusive, as determined by California Test 533.

CONCRETE MATERIALS.--

Cement.--

Cement shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 150, Types II, or III portland cement; or Type IP (MS) Modified cement. Type IP (MS) Modified shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 595 and shall be comprised of an intimate mixture of Type II Modified cement and not more than 20 percent of a pozzolanic material.

Aggregates.--

Aggregates shall be free from deleterious coatings, clay balls and other extraneous materials.

Admixtures.--

Admixtures used in portland cement concrete shall be included on the Department's current list of approved admixtures, and shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 494, Types A, B, D, F or G for chemical admixtures; ASTM Designation: C 260 for air-entraining admixtures; and ASTM Designation: C 618 for mineral admixtures, except loss on ignition shall not exceed 4 percent. Properties of admixtures shall be uniform in each lot.

FORM MATERIALS.--**Forms for exposed finish concrete.--**

Forms for exposed surfaces shall be plywood, metal or other panel type materials. Plywood shall be not less than 16 mm thick and without scars, dents, and delaminations. Forms shall be furnished in largest practical pieces to minimize number of joints.

Plywood shall conform to the requirements of U. S. Product Standard PS-1 for Exterior B-B (Concrete Form) Class I.

Forms for edges of slabs shall be nominal 50 mm solid stock lumber, plywood, or metal forms.

Forms for unexposed finish concrete.--

Forms for unexposed finish concrete surfaces shall be plywood, lumber, metal or other acceptable material.

Forms for cylindrical columns or supports.--

Forms for cylindrical columns shall be metal, fiberglass reinforced plastic, paper or fiber tubes. Paper or fiber tubes shall be constructed of laminated plies using water-resistant adhesive with wax-impregnated exterior for protection against weather or moisture.

Form ties.--

Form ties shall be factory fabricated, removable or snapoff metal ties for use as necessary to prevent spreading of forms during concrete placement.

Form oil.--

Form oil shall be commercial quality form oil which will permit the ready release of the forms and will not discolor the concrete.

REINFORCING MATERIALS.--**Bar reinforcement.--**

Bar reinforcement shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 615/A 615M, Grade 60 [420], or ASTM Designation: A 706/A 706M.

Bar supports.--

Bar supports for reinforcement shall be precast mortar blocks or ferrous metal chairs, spacers, metal hangers, supporting wires, and other approved devices of sufficient strength to resist crushing under applied loads.

RELATED MATERIALS.--

Anchor bolts, nuts, and washers.--

Nonheaded anchor bolts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 572/A 572M, Grade 50 [345], with a minimum hook length of 6.2 diameters.

Nuts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 563M, Grade A.

Washers for anchor bolts shall be commercial quality.

Exposed anchor bolts, nuts, and washers shall be hot dipped galvanized.

Expansion joint material.--

Expansion joint material shall be commercial quality asphalt impregnated pressed fiber sheets, 13 mm minimum thickness.

Vapor barrier.--

Vapor barrier shall be commercial quality polyethylene sheets not less than 0.15 mm thick.

Type A control joints.--

Type A control joints shall be commercial quality, preformed, T-shaped plastic strips with detachable top flange.

Keyed construction joint forms.--

Keyed construction joint forms shall be commercial quality, galvanized metal or plastic, factory fabricated construction joint forms. Forms shall produce a rabbeted key type joint.

Mortar.--

Mortar shall consist of one part cement to 2 parts clean sand and only enough water to permit placing and packing.

Curing compound.--

Curing compound shall be a non-pigmented curing compound with fugitive dye conforming to the requirements of ASTM Designation: C 309, Type 1-D, Class A.

Concrete hardener.--

Concrete hardener shall be commercial quality water borne penetrating type magnesium fluosilicate, zinc fluosilicate or combination thereof.

Concrete sealer.--

Concrete sealer shall be commercial quality VOC-compliant, silane type sealer with hydrophobic and oleophobic properties. Concrete sealer shall be ProSoCo, Inc., Standoff Tile and Masonry Protector (TMP); Tamms Industries, Hey'Di H.O.S.; Textured Coatings of America, Inc., Rainstopper 1750W-Clear; or equal.

ADMIXTURES.--

General.--Admixtures shall be used when specified or ordered by the Engineer and may be used at the Contractor's option to conserve cement or to facilitate any construction operation.

Calcium chloride shall not be used in any concrete.

Admixtures shall be combined with concrete materials by methods that produce uniform properties throughout the concrete.

If more than one admixture is used, said admixtures shall be compatible with each other so that the desirable effects of all admixtures will be realized.

Mineral admixtures may be used to replace up to 15 percent of Type II portland cement provided the weight of mineral admixture used is not less than the weight of cement replaced. Mineral admixtures shall not be used to replace Type IP (MS) Modified or Type III cements. Chemical admixtures may be used to reduce up to 5 percent of the portland cement except that the cement content shall not be less than 300 kg/m³. When both chemical and mineral admixtures are used with Type II cement, the weight of cement replaced by mineral admixture may be considered as cement in determining the resulting cement content.

Mineral admixtures will be required in the manufacture of concrete containing aggregates that are determined to be "deleterious" or "potentially deleterious" when tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: C 289. The use of mineral admixture in such concrete shall conform to the requirements in this section except that the use of set retarding admixtures will not be permitted.

When the use of a chemical admixture is specified or is ordered by the Engineer, the admixture shall be used at the rate specified or ordered. If no rate is specified or ordered, or if the Contractor uses a chemical admixture for his own convenience, the admixture shall be used at the dosage normally recommended by the admixture manufacturer.

When air-entrainment is specified or is ordered by the Engineer, the air-entraining admixture shall be used in amounts to produce concrete having the specified or ordered air content as determined by California Test 504. If the Contractor uses air-entrainment for his own convenience, the average air content shall not exceed 4 percent and no single test shall exceed 5 1/2 percent.

Chemical admixtures and air-entraining admixtures shall be dispensed in liquid form. Dispensers shall have sufficient capacity to measure at one time the total quantity required for each batch. If more than one liquid admixture is used in the concrete, a separate measuring unit shall be provided for each liquid admixture and dispensing shall be such that the admixtures are not mixed at high concentrations. When air-entraining admixtures are used with other liquid admixtures, the air-entraining admixtures shall be the first to be incorporated into the mix. Unless liquid admixtures are added to premeasured water for the batch, they shall be discharged to flow into the stream of water so that the admixtures are well dispersed throughout the batch.

BAR REINFORCING STEEL.--

Bending.--Reinforcing steel bars shall accurately conform to the dimensions shown on the plans.

Bars shall be bent or straightened in a manner that will not crack or break the material. Bars with kinks or improper bends shall not be used.

Hooks, bends and splices shall conform to the provisions of the Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete of the American Concrete Institute.

MIXING AND TRANSPORTING CONCRETE.--

General.--When a truck mixer or agitator is used for transporting concrete to the delivery point, discharge shall be complete within 1 1/2 hours, or before 250 revolutions of the drum or blades, whichever comes first, after the introduction of cement to the aggregates.

The temperature of mixed concrete, immediately before placing, shall be not less than 10°C nor more than 32°C.

Truck mixers or agitator shall be equipped with electrically or mechanically actuated revolution counters by which the number of revolutions of the drum or blades may readily be verified. The counters shall be of the continuous-registering type, which accurately register the number of revolutions and shall be mounted on the truck so that the Engineer may safely and conveniently inspect them from alongside the truck. Under conditions contributing to quick stiffening of the concrete, or when the temperature of the concrete is 30°C or above, a time less than 1 1/2 hours may be required.

When non-agitating hauling equipment is used for transporting concrete to the delivery point, discharge shall be complete within one hour after the introduction of cement to the aggregates. Under conditions contributing to quick stiffening of the concrete, or when the temperature of the concrete is 30°C, or above, the time between the introduction of cement to the aggregates and discharge shall not exceed 45 minutes.

Each load of concrete for the work shall be accompanied by a trip ticket, a copy of which shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite. The trip ticket shall show volume of concrete, weight of cement and aggregates, quantity of each admixture, quantity of water including water added at the jobsite, time of day the concrete is batched, and revolution counter readings on transit mix trucks at the times the truck is charged and unloaded.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

PREPARATION.--

Existing concrete construction.--Where fresh concrete joins existing or previously placed concrete or masonry, the contact surfaces of the existing or previously placed material shall be roughened, cleaned, flushed with water and allowed to dry to a surface dry condition immediately prior to placing the fresh concrete. The roughened surface shall be no smoother than a wood trowelled surface. Cleaning of the contact surfaces shall remove laitance, curing compounds, debris, dirt and such other substances or materials which would prevent bonding of the fresh concrete.

Abrasive blast methods shall be used to clean horizontal construction joints to the extent that clean aggregate is exposed.

Exposed reinforcing steel located at the contact surfaces which is to be encased in the fresh concrete shall be cleaned to remove any substance or material that would prevent bonding of the fresh concrete.

Forms.--Forms shall be mortar tight, true to the dimensions, lines, and grades shown on the plans, securely fastened and supported, and of adequate rigidity to prevent distortion during placing of concrete.

Forms for exposed surfaces shall be constructed with triangular fillets not less than 19 mm x 19 mm attached so as to prevent mortar runs and to produce smooth straight chamfers at all sharp edges of the concrete.

Form fasteners shall be removable without chipping, spalling, heating or otherwise damaging the concrete surface. Form ties shall be removed to a depth of at least 25 mm below the surface of the concrete.

The inside surfaces of forms shall be cleaned of all dirt, mortar and foreign material. Forms shall be thoroughly coated with form oil prior to use.

Forms shall not be stripped until at least 40 hours after placing concrete, except soffit forms and supports shall not be released or removed until at least 10 days after placing concrete.

Anchorage and embedded items shall be placed and rigidly secured at their planned locations prior to placing concrete.

Reglets or embedded flashing shall be installed on concrete forms before the concrete is placed.

Vapor barrier.--Vapor barrier shall be lapped 150 mm and securely taped at splices. Vapor barrier shall be protected with a 75 mm layer of clean uncompacted sand cover.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, vapor barrier shall be placed under portions of the floor slab scheduled to receive finish flooring.

Placing reinforcing steel.--Reinforcing steel bars shall be accurately placed to the dimensions shown on the plans.

Bar reinforcement shall be lapped at least 45 diameters.

Bars shall be firmly and securely held in position by means of wiring and approved bar supports. The spacing of supports and ties shall prevent displacement of the reinforcing or crushing of supports.

Tie wire shall be clear of concrete formwork and concrete surfaces.

All reinforcing steel shall be in place and inspected before concrete placement begins. Placing of bars on fresh layers of concrete will not be permitted.

Ground bar.--A continuous reinforcing steel bar shall be installed in the building foundation at the location indicated on the plans for the electrical ground bar. The use of epoxy coated reinforcing bar is not permitted. The end of the ground bar shall extend beyond the concrete surface and shall be protected from damage by construction operations.

PLACING CONCRETE.--

General.--Concrete shall be placed and consolidated by means of internal vibrators to form dense, homogeneous concrete free of voids and rock pockets.

Forms and subgrade shall be thoroughly moistened with water immediately before placing concrete.

Concrete shall be placed as nearly as possible to its final location and the use of vibrators for extensive shifting of the concrete will not be permitted.

Concrete shall be deposited and consolidated in a continuous operation within limits of construction joints, until the placing of the panel or section is completed.

When concrete is to be placed in large areas requiring more than two pours, concrete shall be placed in alternate long strips between construction joints and the final slab infilled.

FINISHING CONCRETE SURFACES.--

Finishing unformed surfaces.--Slabs shall be placed full thickness to finish elevation and leveled to screeds by use of long straightedges. The screeds shall be set to grade at approximately 1.8 meter centers. After leveling, screeds shall be removed and the surface shall be floated with wooden floats.

Type A control joint strips shall be inserted into the floated concrete so that the bottom of the top flange is flush with the finish elevation. Strips shall be standard manufactured lengths and shall be placed on an approximate straight line. The top flange of the strips shall be removed after the concrete has set and cured.

The floated surface shall be trowelled with steel trowels. Troweling shall form a dense, smooth and true finish. Walkways, pedestrian ramps and outdoor slabs for pedestrian traffic shall be given a non-slip broom finish unless a different finish is called for on the plans or in these special provisions.

The application of cement dust coat will not be permitted.

Steel trowel finish and broom finish will not be required for slabs to receive exposed aggregate finish nor for slabs to be covered with ceramic tile.

Concrete floor surfaces to receive ceramic tile shall be floated to grade and then, before final set of the concrete, the floated surfaces shall be roughened with stiff bristled brushes or rakes.

Finished surfaces of floor slabs shall not deviate more than 3 mm from the lower edge of a 3-meter long straight edge.

Finishing formed surfaces.--Formed concrete surfaces shall be finished by filling holes or depressions in the surface, repairing all rock pockets, and removing fins. All surfaces of formed concrete exposed to view shall have stains and discolorations removed, unsightly bulges removed, and all areas which do not exhibit the required smooth, even surface of uniform texture and appearance shall be sanded with power sanders or other approved abrasive means until smooth, even surfaces of uniform texture and appearance are obtained.

Cement mortar, patching and finishing materials used to finish exposed surfaces of concrete shall closely match the color of surrounding surfaces.

CURING CONCRETE.--

General.--Freshly placed concrete shall be protected from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures.

Initial curing of floor slabs shall start as soon as free water has disappeared from the concrete surface. The concrete shall be kept continuously wet by application of water for not less than 7 days after the concrete has been placed.

Cotton mats, rugs, carpets, or sand blankets may be used as a curing medium to retain the moisture during the curing period. Curing materials that will stain or discolor concrete shall not be used on surfaces exposed to view.

Prior to placing the curing medium, the entire surface of the concrete shall be kept damp by applying water with a nozzle that so atomizes the flow that a mist and not a spray is formed, until the surface of the concrete is covered with the curing medium. At the expiration of the curing period, the concrete surfaces shall be cleared of all curing mediums.

Concrete surfaces, other than floor slabs, shall be kept moist for a period of at least 5 days by leaving the forms in place or by covering the exposed surfaces using moist rugs, cotton mats or other curing materials approved by the Engineer.

Concrete curb ramps, walkways, aprons, pads and collars may be cured with a curing compound.

PROTECTING CONCRETE.--

General.--Concrete shall not be placed on frozen or frost covered surfaces.

Concrete shall be protected from damage due to rain, freezing or inclement weather, and shall be maintained at a temperature of not less than 4°C for 72 hours. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall provide a written outline of his proposed methods of protecting concrete.

Vehicles, equipment, or concentrated loads weighing more than 140 kg individually and material stockpiles weighing more than 240 kg/m² will not be permitted on the concrete within 10 calendar days after placing.

SPECIAL TREATMENTS.--

Concrete hardener.--Chemical concrete hardener shall be applied to the floor surfaces shown on the plans, prior to the application of concrete sealer. Surfaces shall be clean and dry before the application of hardener.

The solution shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
After the hardener has dried, the surface shall be mopped with water to remove encrusted salts.

Concrete sealer.--Concrete sealer shall be applied to the concrete surfaces designated on the plans in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions for heavy duty use. The sealer shall be applied to dry concrete surfaces.

DIVISION 4. MASONRY

4.01 CONCRETE MASONRY

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of constructing fully grouted reinforced hollow-unit concrete masonry in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Related work.--Water repellent coating shall be applied in accordance with the requirements specified under "Water Repellent Coating" in Division 7, "Thermal and Moisture Protection," of these special provisions.

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS.--

Compressive Strength, $f'm$.--Provide concrete masonry that develops a net area compressive strength ($f'm$) equal to 10.3 MPa at 28 days.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data for each type of masonry unit, accessory, and other manufactured products shall be submitted for approval.

Samples.--Two samples of masonry units of each color and architectural finish shall be submitted for approval.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Masonry preconstruction testing service.--The Contractor shall employ and pay all costs for the services of a testing laboratory acceptable to the Engineer and experienced in performing preconstruction masonry tests. The testing laboratory shall comply with the requirements of ASTM Designation: E 329.

Preconstruction tests shall be performed on the following materials by the Unit Strength Method as defined by Section 2105, "Quality Assurance," of the Uniform Building Code:

Concrete masonry units shall be tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: C 140.

Grout shall be tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: C 1019.

In addition:

Mortar shall be tested in accordance with Uniform Building Code Standard: 21-16.

Test results shall be reported in writing to the Engineer and the Contractor on the same day the tests are made.

Single source responsibility.--Exposed masonry units of uniform color and texture shall be obtained from one manufacturer for each different product required for each continuous surface or visually related surfaces.

Mortar ingredients of uniform quality, including color for exposed masonry, shall be obtained from one manufacturer for each cementitious component and from one source and producer for each aggregate.

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificate of Compliance shall be furnished for masonry units, aggregate for grout and transit mixed grout in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 4-1.04, "Certificates of Compliance," of the General Conditions.

DELIVERY, HANDLING AND STORAGE.--

Delivery.--Masonry materials shall be delivered to the project in an undamaged condition.

Storage and handling.--Masonry materials shall be stored and handled in order to prevent deterioration or damage due to moisture, temperature changes, contamination, corrosion or other causes as defined by Section 2104, "Construction" of the Uniform Building Code.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS.--

Concrete masonry units.--

Concrete masonry units shall be nominal size, color and architectural finish as shown on plans; hollow load bearing, light weight or medium weight, Grade N, Type II, conforming to ASTM Designation: C 90; standard or open ended masonry units.

Special shapes shall be provided where required for lintels, corners, jambs, sash, control joints, headers, bonding and other special conditions.

MORTAR AND GROUT MATERIALS.--

Cement.--

Cement for mortar shall be Type II, low alkali portland cement conforming to ASTM Designation: C 150; or mortarcement conforming to ASTM Designation: C 1329.

Cement for grout shall be Type II portland cement conforming to ASTM Designation: C 150 with maximum 15 percent Class N, F, or C mineral admixture conforming to ASTM Designation: C 618 except that the loss on ignition shall not exceed 4 percent; or Type IP(MS) blended hydraulic cement conforming to ASTM Designation: C 595.

Aggregate.--

Aggregate for mortar shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 144, except not more than 10 percent shall pass the 150 μ m (No. 100) sieve.

Aggregate for grout shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 404, except 100 percent of the coarse aggregate shall pass the 9.5 mm (3/8 in) sieve. Soundness loss shall not exceed 10 percent as determined by California Test 214.

Coloring for mortar.--

Coloring for mortar shall be chemically inert, fade resistant mineral oxide or synthetic type.

Lime.--

Lime shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 207, Type S.

Premixed mortar or grout.--

A premixed packaged blend of cement, lime, and sand, with or without color, that requires only water to prepare for use as masonry mortar or grout may be furnished. Packages of premix shall bear the manufacturer's name, brand, contents, weight, and color identification.

Transit mixed grout.--

Transit mixed grout shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 94, except aggregate shall be as specified herein for aggregate for grout. The minimum compressive strength shall be 17236 kPa at 28 days when tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: C 39. Admixtures, if used, shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 494, Types A, E or F and shall not contain chlorides.

REINFORCEMENT, TIES AND ANCHORING DEVICES.--**Bar reinforcement.--**

Bar reinforcement shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 615/A 615 M, Grade 60 [420], or ASTM Designation: A 706/A 706 M.

Anchor bolts, nuts and washers.--

Nonheaded anchor bolts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 572/A 572M, Grade 50 [345] with a minimum hook length of 6.2 diameters.

Nuts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 563M, Grade A.

Washers for anchor bolts shall be commercial quality.

Exposed anchor bolts, nuts and washers shall be hot dipped galvanized.

Anchors, ties, angles, and metal lath.--

Anchors, ties, angles, and metal lath shall be commercial quality, and shall be galvanized.

Dry pack.--

Dry pack to set items into masonry shall be one part portland cement to not over 3 parts of clean sand and with a minimum amount of water for hydration and packing.

PROPORTIONING MORTAR AND GROUT.--

General.--Mortar shall be proportioned by loose volume and shall have one part cement, one quarter part of hydrated lime and 2 1/4 to 3 parts aggregate. Mortar shall be tinted with coloring to match the masonry units.

Grout, except transit mixed and packaged premix grout, shall be proportioned by loose volume and shall have one part cement, not more than 1/10 part hydrated lime, 2 1/4 to 3 parts sand aggregate, and not more than 2 parts gravel aggregate.

Aggregate shall be measured in a damp loose condition.

Grout shall be mixed with sufficient water to produce a mix consistency suitable for pumping without segregation. Slump shall not exceed 229 mm.

PART 3.- EXECUTION**CONSTRUCTION.--**

General.--Masonry units shall be laid in running bond, except as otherwise shown on the plans.

Surfaces of metal, glass, wood, completed masonry, and other such materials exposed to view shall be protected from spillage, splatters and other deposits of cementitious materials from masonry construction. All such deposits shall be removed without damage to the materials or exposed surfaces.

Construction will comply with Section 2104 Construction of the Uniform Building Code. Tolerances specified in Section 2104 shall be in affect unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Where fresh masonry joins concrete or masonry, the contact surfaces of existing material shall be roughened, cleaned and lightly wetted. The roughened surface shall be no smoother than a wood troweled surface. Cleaning shall remove laitance, curing compounds, debris, dirt and any substance which decreases bond to the fresh masonry.

Masonry shall not be erected when the ambient air temperature is below 5° C.

Surfaces of masonry erected when the ambient air temperature exceeds 38° C. shall be kept moist with water for a period of not less than 24 hours. Water shall be uniformly applied with a fog spray at the intervals required to keep the surfaces moist but not to exceed 3 hours unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

All anchors, bolts, dowels, reglets and other miscellaneous items to be cast into the wall, shall be firmly secured in place before grout is poured.

Shoring for concrete masonry lintels shall remain in place a minimum of 15 days after the wall has been completed.

Laying masonry units.--Concrete masonry units shall be laid dry.

During laying of units all cells shall be kept dry in inclement weather by suitably covering incomplete walls. Wooden boards and planks shall not be used as covering materials. The covering shall extend down each side of masonry walls approximately 600 mm.

Chases shall be kept free from debris and mortar.

Bond beam units with an opening at each cross web shall be used at all horizontal reinforcing bars.

Where masonry unit cutting is necessary, all cuts shall be made with a masonry saw to neat and true lines. Blocks with excessive cracking or chipping of the finished surfaces exposed to view will not be acceptable.

Lintels.--Masonry lintels shall be as shown on the plans. Lintels shall be formed using U-shaped lintel units with reinforcing bars placed as shown on the plans. Formed-in-place lintels shall be temporarily supported.

Bar reinforcement.--Bar reinforcement shall be accurately positioned in the center of the cell and securely held in position with either wire ties or spacing devices near the ends of bars and at intervals not exceeding 192 bar diameters. Wire shall be 16-gage or heavier. Wooden, aluminum, or plastic spacing devices shall not be used. Tolerances for the placement of vertical reinforcement in walls and flexural elements shall be ± 12 mm. Tolerance for longitudinal reinforcement in walls shall be ± 50 mm.

The minimum spacing for splices in vertical reinforcement for masonry walls shall be 1220 mm plus lap.

Bar reinforcement shall not be placed in the plane of mortar joints.

Mortar.--Mortar joints shall be approximately 9.5 mm wide. Units shall be laid with all head and bed joints filled solidly with mortar for the full width of masonry unit shell. Head joints shall be shoved tight. Exposed joints shall be concave, tooled smooth, unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Mortar that has been mixed more than one hour shall not be retempered.

Mortar placed in joints shall preserve the unobstructed vertical continuity of the concrete filling. Any overhanging mortar projecting more than 12 mm, or other obstruction or debris shall be removed from the inside of such cells.

GROUTING.--

General.--All cells shall be filled solidly with grout. All grout in the cells shall be consolidated at the time of placement by vibrating and reconsolidated after excess moisture has been absorbed but before plasticity is lost. Slicing with a trowel is not acceptable.

Masonry units may be placed full height of the masonry work before grouting, or they may be placed in increments for individual grout pours.

Cleanouts shall be provided for all grout pours over 1524 mm in height. Such cleanouts shall be provided in the bottom course at every cell containing vertical reinforcement. After cell inspection, the cleanouts shall be sealed before filling with grout.

Masonry units shall be placed full height of the grout pour. Grout shall be placed in a continuous pour in grout lifts not exceeding 1828 mm. The interruption between placing successive lifts of grout shall be not more than one hour.

Between grout pours, a horizontal construction joint shall be formed by stopping the grout a minimum of 38 mm below the top of the last course, except if the joint is at a bond beam, it shall be 12 mm below the top of the bond beam unit, or at the top of the wall.

CLEANING AND PROTECTING MASONRY.--

General.--Splashes, stains or spots on the faces of the masonry exposed to view shall be removed. Completed masonry shall be protected from freezing for a period of at least 5 days.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--

General.--The Contractor shall employ and pay all costs for a special inspector and testing laboratory to perform structural tests and inspections of masonry to verify that the construction conforms to the Uniform Building Code in accordance with the requirements in Section 1701, "Special Inspections," and Section 2105, "Quality Assurance," of the Uniform Building Code. The Contractor shall submit a written Field Quality Control Plan that identifies the inspector, the lab, and the procedures used. The Field Quality Control Plan shall conform to these specifications and the 1997 Uniform Building Code. The Contractor's Field Quality Control Plan shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval. The Engineer shall have three weeks to approve the plan.

The Contractor shall designate in the Field Quality Control Plan a masonry Quality Control Manager (QCM). The QCM shall be responsible directly to the Contractor for the quality of masonry, including materials and workmanship, performed by the Contractor and all subcontractors.

The QCM shall be the sole individual responsible to the Contractor for submitting, receiving, and approving all correspondence, required submittals, and reports to and from the Engineer.

The QCM shall not be employed or compensated by any subcontractor, or by other persons or entities hired by subcontractors, who will provide other services or materials for the project. The QCM may be an employee of the Contractor.

Masonry special inspection personnel or testing firms to be used in the work shall not be employed or compensated by any subcontractor, or by other persons or entities hired by subcontractors, who will provide other services or materials for the project, except for the following conditions:

Special Inspector.--The special inspector shall be, as a minimum, an International Conference of Building Officials (ICBO) certified Special Masonry Inspector. The special masonry inspector shall perform the inspections required under Section 1701.5.7, "Structural masonry," Item 7.2 of the Uniform Building Code. The special inspector shall prepare a "Daily Field Report" providing information regarding the specific operations witnessed, including placing of masonry units and bar reinforcing, grouting, fabrication of test specimens, and other observations of importance to the work. A "Daily Field Report" is required for each day that the Special Inspector is on the jobsite. A copy of these reports shall be delivered to the Engineer on the day following the preparation. The special inspector shall submit a final signed report to the Engineer and Contractor stating whether the work requiring special inspection was, to the best of the inspector's knowledge, in conformance with the approved plans, specifications, and the applicable workmanship provisions of these specifications and the Uniform Building Code.

Testing.--The testing laboratory shall comply with the requirements of ASTM Designation: E 329. Test results shall be reported in writing to the Engineer and the Contractor on the same day the tests are made. Testing shall be done in accordance with Section 2105.3, "Compliance with f'm" of the UBC. The Contractor can establish f'm by either sections 2105.3.2, 2105.3.3, or 2105.3.4. A set of tests shall be done for each 465 m² of wall area, but not less than one test per project. Tests shall be performed on the following materials by the Unit Test Method as defined:

Concrete masonry units shall be tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: C 140.

Grout shall be tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: C 1019.

In addition:

Mortar shall be tested in accordance with Uniform Building Code Standard: 21-16.

Any work not meeting the requirements of section 2105 shall be redone and retested. Sampling, inspecting, reworking and retesting of material will be done at the Contractor's expense.

DIVISION 5. METALS

5.01 STRUCTURAL STEEL FOR BUILDINGS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of fabricating, assembling, furnishing and erecting structural steel in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Structural steel consists of:

- Wide flange beams and tube steel beams
- Channels
- Bracing
- Tube steel columns
- Plates, angles and connections

Pre-engineered roof joists and girders shall be as specified under "Open Web Steel Joists" elsewhere in this Division 5.

Source quality control.--Materials and fabrication procedures are subject to inspection and tests in mill, shop and field, conducted by the Engineer or a qualified inspection agency. The Contractor or fabricator shall provide access to the Engineer or testing agency to places where the structural steel work is being fabricated or produced so that the required inspection and testing can be accomplished. Such inspections and tests will not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for providing materials and fabrication procedures in compliance with specified requirements. The testing agency may inspect the structural steel at the plant before shipment; however, the Engineer reserves the right, at any time before final acceptance to reject the material that does not conform to the contract requirements.

REFERENCES.--

General.--Structural steel shall be fabricated, assembled and erected in accordance with American Institute of Steel Construction (AISC), "Specifications for the Design, Fabrication and Erection of Structural Steel for Buildings."

Welding shall be in accordance with American Welding Society (AWS) D1.1, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Product data for items to be incorporated into the work, including structural steel, high strength bolts, nuts and washers and alternative connectors, shall be submitted for approval.

Shop drawings.--Shop drawings and calculations shall be submitted for approval.

Shop drawings shall show any changes proposed in the work, details of connections and joints exposed to the weather, details for connections not dimensioned on the plans, the sequence of shop and field assembly and erection, welding sequences and procedures. If required, the location of butt welded splices on a layout drawing of the entire structure, and the location and details of any temporary supports that are to be used.

Calculations and shop drawings for falsework to be used for the erection of structural steel shall be submitted for approval. The falsework shall be designed and constructed to provide the necessary rigidity and to support loads which will be applied. Shop drawings and design calculations shall be stamped and signed by an engineer who is registered as a Civil or Structural Engineer in the State of California. The expiration date of the registration shall be shown.

CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS.--

Final drawings.--At the completion of each building on the contract, one set of reduced prints on 27 kg (minimum) bond paper, 280 mm x 432 mm in size, of the corrected original tracings of all approved drawings for each building shall be furnished to the Engineer. An index prepared specifically for the drawings for each building containing sheet numbers and

titles shall be included on the first reduced print in the set for each building. Reduced prints for each building shall be arranged in the order of drawing numbers shown in the index.

The edge of the corrected original tracing image shall be clearly visible and visually parallel with the edges of the page. A clear, legible symbol shall be provided on the upper left side of each page to show the amount of reduction and a horizontal and vertical scale shall be provided on each reduced print to facilitate enlargement to original scale.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Qualifications for welding.--A certified copy of qualification test record for welders shall be submitted to the Engineer at the jobsite. Descriptive data for equipment for field welding structural steel, including type and electric power requirements, shall be submitted for approval.

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificate of Compliance shall be furnished for structural steel products in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 4-1.04, "Certificates of Compliance," of the General Conditions. Certificate of Compliance shall include mill test certificates for each heat number used in the work.

DELIVERY, HANDLING AND STORAGE.--

Structural materials shall be loaded, transported, unloaded and stored so that it is kept clean and undamaged. Material shall be stored above ground on platforms, skids, or other supports. Covers and protection shall be provided to protect the materials from corrosion.

Anchorage and anchor bolts, which are to be embedded in concrete or masonry, shall be delivered in ample time to not delay the work.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MATERIALS.--

Steel bars, plates and shapes.--

Steel bars, plates and shapes shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 572/A 572M, Grade 50 [345].

Steel tubing.--

Steel tubing shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 500, Grade B.

Stud connectors.--

Stud connectors shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 108, Grades 1018 through 1020, cold drawn, either semi- or fully killed.

Anchor bolts, nuts and washers.--

Nonheaded anchor bolts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 572/A 572M, Grade 50 [345], with a minimum hook length of 6.2 diameters.

Nuts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 563M, Grade A.

Washers for anchor bolts shall be commercial quality.

Machine bolts, nuts and washers.--

Machine bolts and nuts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 307.

Washers for machine bolts shall be commercial quality.

High strength (HS) bolts, nuts and washers.--

High strength (HS) bolts, nuts and washers shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 325M.

Direct tension indicators.--

Direct tension indicators shall conform to ASTM Designation: F 959.

Tension control fasteners.--

Tension control bolts shall have a splined end extending beyond the threaded portion of the bolt and which shears off when the specified bolt tension is attained.

Mortar.--

Mortar shall consist of one part cement, measured by volume, to 2 parts clean sand and only enough water to permit placing and packing.

FABRICATION.--

Shop fabrication and assembly.--Workmanship and finish shall be equal to the best general practice in modern shops.

Cuts shall not deviate more than 2 mm from the intended line. Roughness, notches or gouges shall be removed.

Bearing stiffeners at points of loading shall be square with the web and shall have at least 75 percent of the stiffener in contact with the flanges.

Finished members shall be true to line, shall have square corners and smooth bends and shall be free from twists, kinks, warps, dents and open joints.

Exposed edges and ends of metal shall be dressed smooth, with no sharp edges and with corners slightly rounded.

Stud connectors.--Steel surfaces shall be prepared as recommended by the manufacturer of the stud connectors. Stud connectors shall be welded to the flanges of beams or girders as shown on the plans. Automatic end welding of headed stud connectors shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Connections.--Abutting surfaces at connections shall be clean.

Cutting and welding at the jobsite will not be allowed except as shown on the approved drawings or specifically approved by the Engineer.

Finished holes for bolts shall be cylindrical and perpendicular to the plane of the connection. Subpunched and subdrilled holes shall be 6 mm smaller in diameter than the diameter specified for the finished hole.

Bolted Connections.--Bolts for connecting steel to steel shall be machine bolts conforming to ASTM Designation: A 307 or high-strength bolts conforming to ASTM Designation: A 325M as shown on the plans.

High-strength structural steel bolts, or equivalent fasteners, other bolts attached to structural steel, nuts, and washers shall be galvanized by mechanically deposited coating.

Holes for other work.--Holes for securing other work to structural steel and passage of other work through steel framing members shall be as shown on the approved drawings.

Threaded nuts or specialty items for securing other work to steel members shall be as shown on the approved drawings.

Holes shall be cut, drilled or punched perpendicular to metal surfaces. Holes shall not be flame cut or enlarged by burning. Holes are to be drilled in bearing plates.

SHOP PAINTING.--

General.--Structural steel members, except those to receive sprayed-fireproofing, shall be painted.

Surface preparation.--Surfaces of structural steel to be painted shall be blast cleaned in accordance with Steel Structures Painting Council, SSPC-SP 6, "Commercial Blast Cleaning."

Bolted connections.--Contact surfaces of high strength bolted connections and ungalvanized anchor bolt assemblies shall be blast cleaned and primed with red oxide primer designed for steel surfaces before assembly. The total thickness of primer on each surface shall be between 0.025 mm to 0.076 mm and may be applied in one application.

Painting.--Immediately after surface preparation, surfaces of structural steel shall receive an undercoat of red oxide primer designed for steel surfaces.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

ERECTION AND ASSEMBLY.--

Field splices.--Field splices shall be made only at the locations shown on approved shop drawings.

The parts shall be accurately assembled in their final position as shown on the plans and in true alignment with related and adjoining work before final fastening.

All parts shall be supported adequately and at locations to provide a vibration free, rigid, and secure installation.

Bolted connections.--All high strength bolted connections shall be made with high strength bolts installed with direct tension indicator washers or tension control fasteners.

When used, one mechanically galvanized direct tension washer shall be installed with each high strength bolt. Bolts shall be tightened until a direct tension indicator washer gap is 0.13 mm or less. A zero gap will not be cause for rejection.

During installation of tension control bolts, the torque required to turn the nut on the tension control bolt shall be counterbalanced by the torsion shear resistance of the splined end of the bolt.

The bolt head type and head location shall be consistent within a joint.

Nuts shall be on side of member least exposed to view.

Setting bases and bearing plates.--Concrete and masonry surfaces shall be cleaned and roughened to improve bond. Bottom of base and bearing plates shall be clean.

Base plates and bearing plates for structural members shall be set on wedges or other adjusting devices.

Anchor bolts shall be wrench tightened after supported members have been positioned and plumbed.

Mortar shall be solidly packed between bearing surfaces and base or bearing plates to ensure that no voids remain. Exposed surfaces shall be finished and allowed to cure.

FIELD PAINTING.--

Touch-up painting.--After erection, the Contractor shall clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint and apply the same materials as applied for shop painting.

Surfaces which are scheduled to receive finish coats shall be painted with an additional prime coat and finish coats in accordance with the requirements specified for shop primed steel under "Painting" in Division 9.

QUALITY CONTROL.--

Testing and inspection.--Ultrasonic examination shall be performed by the Contractor on at least 50 percent of all full penetration butt-welded splices in accordance with the requirements of AWS D1.1 and these special provisions.

Welding procedures and methods shall be subject to inspection for conformance with AWS D1.1.

Butt welds shall be tested in accordance with AWS D1.1, Chapter 6, Part C, Ultrasonic Testing of Groove Welds.

Examination, reporting and disposition of tests shall be in accordance with the provisions of 6.12, AWS D1.1.

In addition to ultrasonic examinations by the Contractor, welds may be subject to inspection or non-destructive testing by the Engineer.

When additional inspection or non-destructive testing is required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall provide sufficient access facilities in the shop and at the jobsite to permit the Engineer or his agent to perform such inspection and testing.

The Contractor shall correct all deficiencies in the structural steel work which inspections and laboratory test reports have indicated to be not in compliance with these special provisions. Additional tests shall be performed by the Contractor at his expense to reconfirm any non-compliance of original work, and to show compliance of the corrected work.

5.02 OPEN WEB STEEL JOISTS

PART 1.- GENERAL

Scope.--This work shall consist of designing, fabricating, furnishing and erecting pre-engineered, factory fabricated steel joists and joist girders and accessories in accordance with the detail shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturers descriptive data, layout and anchorage details, quality control manual, welder qualifications, and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

Shop drawings.--Complete shop drawings and design calculations for the pre-engineered steel joists and joist girders, permanent bracing, continuity angles and connection details shall be submitted for approval. Submittals shall be approved prior to the start of fabrication.

Shop drawings shall show the size and shape of the truss members and temporary and permanent bracing members. Joint and connection details shall be shown.

Shop drawings shall include a location plan which shows the location and identification of each steel joist and joist girder.

Calculations for the design of the steel joists and joist girders, bracing and connections shall include a list of applied loads and load combinations with the resulting member forces and member stresses. Steel joists and joist girders and connections shall be designed for the chord forces shown on the plans.

Design calculations shall be stamped and signed by an engineer who is registered as a Civil or Structural Engineer in the State of California. The expiration date of the registration shall be shown.

If the design calculations contain or consist of computerized or tabulated calculations, the values pertaining to the design shall be identified, described or indexed in such a manner that a design review can be performed.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Manufacturer Qualification.--Steel joists and joist girders shall be manufactured by a firm experienced in manufacturing steel joists and joist girders similar to those specified and with a record of successful in-service performance. Manufacturer shall be certified by SJI to manufacture joists and joist girders complying with SJI standard specifications and load tables.

Codes and Standards.--Steel joists and joist girders and permanent bracing shall be designed for the loads shown on the plans and other applied loads, including fire sprinkler systems. The design shall be in accordance with the requirements of the California Building Code (CBC) and the Steel Joist Institute "Standard Specifications, Load Tables and Weight Tables for Steel Joists and Joist Girders" (SJI-01).

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished for the steel joists and joist girders in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 4-1.04, "Certificates of Compliance," of the General Conditions.

Identification.--Each joist and joist girder shall be stamped or marked with a location identification mark or symbol and with the name and address of the manufacturer.

DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING.--

General.--Steel joists and joist girders shall be delivered to the site in undamaged condition and stored off the ground in a well drained location, protected from damage, and easily accessible for inspection and handling. Covers shall be provided to protect the materials from corrosion.

Steel joists and joist girders shall be handled in such a manner as to prevent damage due to bending and warping.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Open web steel joist girders.--

Open web steel joists shall conform to SJI-01 and shall be designed to support the loads shown on the plans.

Open web steel joists.--

Open web steel joists shall conform to SJI-01, K- and LH-Series. Joists shall be tapered and shall be designed to support the loads shown on the plans.

Bearing plates, fasteners and accessories.--

Bearing plates, fasteners and accessories shall be as shown on the approved shop drawings.

Anchors.--

Anchors shall conform to the requirements in "Building Miscellaneous Metal" specified under Division 5, "Metals," of these special provisions.

FABRICATION.--

General.--Workmanship and finish shall be equal to the best general practice in modern steel fabrication shops. Construction shall conform to the SJI Code of Standard Practice.

Camber, if required by the design, shall be built into the joists.

CLEANING AND SHOP PAINTING.—

Painting.--Immediately after cleaning, surfaces of steel joists shall receive a one-coat shop applied steel prime coat of red oxide ferrous metal primer at a rate to provide a dry film thickness of not less than 0.04 mm.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

EXAMINATION.—

General.—The Contractor shall examine supporting substrates, embedded bearing plates, and abutting structural framing for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

ERECTION.--

General.--Installation of joists and joist girders shall be in accordance with the approved shop drawings. Steel joists and joist girders and bracing members shall be accurately cut to provide tightly fitted joints and connections.

Joists and joist girders shall be handled in a manner to avoid damage. Damaged members shall be removed from the site, except when field repair is approved by the Engineer and such repairs are satisfactorily made in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

Installation.--Steel joists and joist girders shall be erected plumb and true and shall be secured rigidly in place in accordance with the approved shop drawings. Members shall not be field cut or otherwise altered without the written approval of the Engineer.

Temporary bracing shall be installed during erection to hold the joists plumb and true and in a safe position until sufficient permanent construction is in place to provide full stability.

Bearing plates shall have full bearing after the supporting members have been plumbed and properly positioned, prior to placing superimposed loads.

Connectors, fasteners and other hardware accessories shall be coordinated for placement in the proper locations and positions.

Joist bridging and anchoring shall be secured in place prior to the application of any construction loads. Any temporary loads shall be distributed so that the design carrying capacity of any joist is not exceeded. Loads shall not be applied to bridging during construction or in the completed work.

All permanent bracing shall be secured in place before any sustained permanent loads are applied to the joist and joist girder system.

Welding shall be by the tungsten inert gas arc welding method or the consumable electrode inert gas method. Welding processes that require the use of flux are not permitted.

All welds shall conform to the requirements of Section 8.15, "Quality of Welds," of the American Welding Society publication No. AWS D 1.1, "Structural Welding Code."

Exposed welds shall be ground smooth and flush.

CLEANING.—

General.—After erection, abraded, corroded, and field welded areas shall be cleaned and touched up with the same type of paint used in the shop painting.

5.03 METAL DECK

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.—This work shall consist of furnishing and installing metal deck in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Metal deck includes ribbed sheet steel decking units, bent plates, accessories, fasteners and such other components, not mentioned, but required for a rigid, secure and complete installation.

REFERENCES.--

General.—The design, fabrication and erection of metal deck shall conform to the applicable requirements of the American Iron and Steel Institute (AISI) publication, "Specifications for the Design of Light Gauge Cold Formed Steel Structural Members," and the applicable Steel Deck Institute Design Manual and these special provisions.

Welding shall be in accordance with American Welding Society (AWS) D1.3, "Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel."

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.—Manufacturer's descriptive data for each type of deck and accessories shall be submitted for approval.

Shop drawings.—Shop drawings showing complete erection layouts, details, dimensions, deck section properties shall be submitted for approval. Drawings shall show types and gages, fastening methods, including the location, type and sequence of connections, sump pans, cut openings, surface finishes and temporary supports or bracing.

The metal deck supplier shall submit a fastening schedule and calculations stamped by an engineer who is registered as a Civil or Structural Engineer in the State of California showing that the metal roof panels, clips, and fasteners conform to the span and design loads shown on the plans and the wind uplift requirements of the Uniform Building Code as amended by Title 24, Part 2, California Code of Regulations.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Qualification of field welding.—Welding processes and welding operators shall be qualified in accordance with "Welder Qualification," procedures in American Welding Society (AWS) D1.1, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."

Welding decking in place is subject to inspection and testing. Defective work shall be removed and replaced with acceptable work.

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished for the metal decking in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 4-1.04, "Certificates of Compliance," of the General Conditions.

DELIVERY, HANDLING AND STORAGE.--

General.--Metal deck units and accessories shall be transported, stored and erected in a manner that will prevent corrosion, distortion or other damage.

Deck units shall be stored off the ground with one end elevated to provide drainage.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MANUFACTURERS.--Acceptable manufacturers shall be; Verco Manufacturing Co.; BHP Co.; or equal.

MATERIALS.--

Deck units.--

Deck units, closures and plates shall be fabricated from galvanized sheet steel conforming to ASTM Designation: A 653/A 653M, Grade 33 [230].

Galvanizing shall conform to the requirements of ASTM Designation: A 924/A 924M, G60 [Z180].

Miscellaneous steel shapes.--

Miscellaneous steel shapes shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 36/A 36M.

Anchor clips, vent clips, flashing, saddle plates, flexible closure strips and other accessories.--

Anchor clips, vent clips, flashing, saddle plates, flexible closure strips and other accessories shall be as recommended by the decking manufacturer.

FABRICATION.--

General.--Deck units shall be formed to span 3 or more supports, with flush, telescoped or nested 50 mm laps at ends and interlocking or nested side laps unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Deck units shall conform to the configurations, metal thickness, depth and width and section properties shown on the plans.

End bearing shall be not less than 38 mm.

Metal closure strips.--Metal closure strips for opening between deck units and other construction shall be fabricated from the same gage and material as the adjacent deck units. Strips shall be formed to provide tight-fitting closures at end of cells or flutes and sides of decking.

Roof sump pans.--Sump pans shall be fabricated from single piece of galvanized sheet steel with level bottoms and sloping sides to direct water flow to drain. Sump pans shall be of adequate size to receive roof drains and with bearing flanges not less than 75 mm wide. Pans shall be recessed not less than 40 mm below roof deck surface unless otherwise shown or required by deck configuration. Holes for drains shall be cut in the field.

Cleaning.--When spray-on fireproofing is specified, the decking manufacturer shall supply decking free of amounts of oil or lubricants which would significantly impair the adhesion of the spray-on fireproofing.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

General.--Deck units and accessories shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and approved drawings and these special provisions.

Units shall be placed on supporting steel framework, adjusted in place and properly aligned before being permanently fastened. Ends of units shall have positive bearing over structural supports.

Cutting and fitting shall present a neat and true appearance with exposed burrs removed. Openings through the decking shall be cut square and shall be reinforced as recommended by the decking manufacturer.

The metal deck shall not be used as a working platform before deck units are fastened in place. Supplies, equipment or other loads shall not be stored on the deck. Mechanical equipment or other loads shall not be hung from metal roof decking.

Welding.--Welding shall conform to AWS requirements (D1.1 and D1.3) and procedures for manual shielded metal arc welding, appearance and quality of welds, and methods used in correcting welding work.

Welding washers shall be used where recommended by the manufacturer.

Fastening roof deck units.--Roof deck units shall be fastened to supporting steel members as shown on the structural plans.

Fastening side laps.--Side laps of adjacent deck units shall be fastened as shown on the plans.

Roof sump pans.--Roof sump pans shall be placed over openings provided in roof and welded to top decking surface. Welds are to be spaced at not more than 305 mm with at least one weld in each corner. Cut opening in sump bottom to accommodate drain size indicated.

Field painting.--Immediately following erection, field welds, bolted connections and abraded areas shall be cleaned with a wire brush.

Galvanized surfaces shall be touched-up with galvanizing repair paint recommended by the manufacturer.

5.04 COLD FORMED METAL FRAMING

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing cold formed metal framing, including non-load bearing "C" shaped studs, "C" shaped header joists, "U" shaped tracks, blocking and accessories necessary for a complete installation, in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

REFERENCES.--

Component design.--Structural properties of cold formed metal framing members shall be computed in accordance with American Iron and Steel Institute (AISI), 1996 "Specification for Designing of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members."

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions for each item of cold-formed metal framing and accessories shall be submitted for approval.

Shop drawings.--Shop drawings and calculations for cold formed metal framing components not fully dimensioned in manufacturer's descriptive data shall be submitted for approval.

Shop drawings shall include framing members showing size and gage designations, number, type, location and spacing. Shop drawings shall include reinforcing channels, opening framing, supplemental framing, strapping, bracing, splices, bridging, accessories, and connections details required for proper installation.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.—

Certificates of Compliance.—Certificate of Compliance shall be furnished for cold formed steel products in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 4-1.04, "Certificates of Compliance," of the General Conditions.

Fire-rated assemblies.--Where cold formed metal framing units are components of assemblies indicated to be fire-rated, provide units which have been approved for the rating indicated on the plans.

DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING.--

General.--Cold formed metal framing components shall be protected from rusting and damage. Components shall be delivered to the jobsite in manufacturer's unopened containers or bundles, fully identified with name, brand, type and grade. Components shall be stored off ground in a dry ventilated space.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

STEEL STUDS, JOISTS, TRACKS, BLOCKING AND ACCESSORIES.—

Framing.--Framing components shall conform with ASTM Designation: C 955 and the following:

Studs, joists, tracks and blockings.--Materials shall be corrosion-resistant steel complying with ASTM Designation": A 653/A 653M, Grade 33 [230] for 18 gage. Coating shall be G60 minimum zinc coating.

Accessories.--Steel framing accessories shall be of the same material and finish used for framing members, with a yield strength of 344 MPa. Provide accessories of manufacturer's standard thickness and configuration, unless otherwise indicated, as follows:

- Supplementary framing
- Bracing
- Web stiffeners
- End clips
- Foundation clips
- Hole reinforcing plates
- Backer plates

FASTENERS.--

Screws for steel-to-steel connections shall be hot-dipped galvanized, self-drilling, self-tapping screws. Screw penetration through joined materials shall not be less than three exposed threads. Screws covered by sheathing materials shall have low profile heads.

ANCHORS.--

Anchors shall be ICBO approved for the purpose intended, integral stud type, powder driven or drilled expansion bolts.

FABRICATION.--

General.--Cold formed metal framing components shall be fabricated in place or prefabricated into panels to the maximum extent possible prior to erection. Panels shall be fabricated plumb, square, true to line and braced against racking with joints welded. Lifting of prefabricated panels shall be performed in a manner to prevent damage or distortion.

Panels shall be fabricated in jig or templates to hold members in proper alignment and position to assure accurate placement.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

Studs.--Studs shall be erected plumb, except as needed for diagonal bracing or similar requirements. Channel tracks shall be aligned accurately to the wall layout at both floor and ceiling. Tracks shall be secured to floor and ceiling with fasteners spaced at not more than 405 mm intervals. Fasteners shall be provided at corners and ends of track.

Studs shall extend from floor to underside of ceiling except at wall openings. Each stud shall be secured to tracks at both top and bottom by screw fastening at both inside and outside flanges. Field welding shall not be permitted. Door openings shall have double studs continuous across head and from floor to ceiling on each jamb.

Studs at openings shall be fastened solidly and securely to floor clips. Floor clips shall be fastened to the floor with 2 anchors unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Supplemental framing, blocking and bracing shall be installed in steel stud system wherever walls or partitions are to support fixtures, equipment, services, casework, heavy trim and furnishings, and similar work requiring attachment to the wall or partition.

One continuous, horizontal 19 mm channel reinforcement shall be placed approximately 152 mm above all wall openings. The reinforcement shall pass through the web openings in the studs and shall extend through the first stud located beyond the double studs at either side of the opening and shall be saddle tied to each stud it passes through.

Joists.--Joists shall be installed directly over bearing studs or a load distribution member shall be installed at the top track.

Web stiffeners shall be provided at reaction points where shown on the plans.

Ends of joists shall be reinforced with end clips, steel hangers, steel angle clips, steel stud section, or as otherwise recommended by the manufacturer.

Joists shall be secured to interior support systems to prevent lateral movement of bottom flanges.

5.05 BUILDING MISCELLANEOUS METAL

PART 1.- GENERAL

Scope.--This work shall consist of fabricating, furnishing and installing building miscellaneous metal in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Building miscellaneous metal shall consist of roof drain pipes and miscellaneous bars, plates and shapes, including all anchors, fastenings, hardware, accessories and other supplementary parts necessary to complete the work.

REFERENCES.--

Codes and standards.--Welding of steel shall be in accordance with American Welding Society (AWS) D 1.1, "Structural Welding Code-Steel" and D 1.3, "Structural Welding Code-Sheet Steel."

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Submit manufacturer's specifications, anchor details and installation instructions for products used in miscellaneous metal fabrications.

Shop drawings.--Shop drawings of fabricated items shall be submitted for approval.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Shop assembly.--Preassemble items in shop to the greatest extent possible to minimize field splicing and assembly. Disassemble units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Clearly mark all units for reassembly and installation.

Inspection and tests.--Materials and fabrication procedures shall be subject to inspection and tests by the Engineer, in mill, shop and field. Such tests will not relieve the Contractor of responsibility of providing materials and fabrication procedures in compliance with specified requirements.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MATERIALS.--

Steel bars, plates and hot-rolled shapes.--

Steel bars, plates and hot-rolled shapes shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 572/A 572M, Grade 50 [345].

Pipe.--

Pipe shall be commercial quality standard galvanized steel pipe.

Bolts, studs, threaded rods, nuts and washers.--

Bolts, studs, threaded rods, and nuts for general application shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 307.

Washers shall be commercial quality.

Expansion anchors.--

Expansion anchors shall be ICBO approved for the purpose intended, integral stud type anchor or internally threaded type with independent stud, hex nut and washer.

Powder driven anchors.--

Powder driven anchors shall be plated, spring steel alloy drive pin or threaded stud type anchors for use in concrete or steel. Spring steel shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 227M, Class 1. The diameter, length and type of shank and the number and type of washer shall be as recommended by the manufacturer for the types and thickness of material being anchored or fastened.

Mortar.--

Mortar shall consist of one part cement, measured by volume, to 2 parts clean sand and only enough water to permit placing and packing.

FABRICATION.--

Workmanship and finish.--Workmanship and finish shall be equal to the best general practice in modern shops.

Miscellaneous metal shall be clean and free from loose mill scale, flake rust and rust pitting, and shall be well formed and finished to shape and size with sharp lines and angles. Bends from shearing or punching shall be straightened.

The thickness of metal and details of assembly and support shall give ample strength and stiffness.

Built-up parts shall be true to line and without sharp bends, twists and kinks. Exposed ends and edges of metal shall be milled or ground smooth, with corners slightly rounded.

Joints exposed to the weather shall be made up to exclude water.

Galvanizing.--Items indicated on the plans to be galvanized shall be hot-dip galvanized after fabrication. The weight of galvanized coating shall be at least 460 grams per square meter of surface area.

Painting.--Building miscellaneous metal items not galvanized shall be cleaned and prime painted prior to erection in accordance with the requirements specified for steel and other ferrous metals under "Painting" in Division 9, "Finishes," of these special provisions.

Loose bearing and leveling plates.--Loose bearing and leveling plates shall be furnished for steel items bearing on masonry or concrete construction, made flat, free from warps or twists, and of required thickness and bearing area. Plates shall be drilled to receive anchor bolts. Galvanize after fabrication.

Drain pipes.--Drain piping shall have connections sealed watertight.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

GENERAL.--

Anchorage.--Anchorage devices and fasteners shall be provided for securing miscellaneous metal in-place construction; including threaded fasteners for concrete and masonry inserts, toggle bolts, through bolts, lag bolts, wood screws and other connectors.

Cutting, drilling and fitting shall be performed as required for installation of miscellaneous metal fabrications. Work is to set accurately in location, alignment and elevation, plumb, level, true and free of rack, measured from established lines and levels.

Loose leveling and bearing plates.--Plates shall be set on wedges or other adjustable devices. Anchor bolts shall be wrench tightened after the plates have been positioned and plumbed. Mortar shall be packed solidly between bearing surfaces and plates to ensure that no voids remain.

Powder driven anchors.--Powder driven anchors shall be installed with low velocity powder actuated equipment in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and State and Federal OSHA regulations.

DAMAGED SURFACES.--

General.--Galvanized surfaces that are abraded or damaged at any time after the application of the zinc coating shall be repaired by thoroughly wire brushing the damaged areas and removing all loose and cracked coating, after which the clean areas shall be painted with 2 applications of unthinned zinc-rich primer (organic vehicle type). Aerosol cans shall not be used.

5.06 EXPANSION JOINT ASSEMBLIES

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing vertical and horizontal expansion joint assemblies, fillers and sealers for expansion and seismic joints in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions for vertical and horizontal expansion joint assemblies, seals and sealants shall be submitted for approval.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MANUFACTURERS.--

Acceptable manufacturers.--Subject to these special conditions, acceptable manufacturers shall be D. S. Brown Co.; Watson Bowman Acme Corp.; or equal.

MATERIALS.--

General.--Expansion joint closures and seals shall be aluminum extrusions and neoprene or silicone rubber seals of the type and size to suit the construction as shown on the plans.

Aluminum retainers and cover plates.--

Aluminum retainers and cover plates shall conform to ASTM Designation: B 221M, 6063-T5, anodized, of the configuration and size indicated or recommended by the expansion control system manufacture.

Visual seals.--

Visual seal shall be dense neoprene or dense silicone synthetic rubber conforming to ASTM Designation: C 864, 70 durometer hardness, plus or minus 5.

Functional seal.--

Functional seal shall be closed cell neoprene synthetic rubber conforming to ASTM Designation: C 509, medium density.

Fasteners.--

Fasteners shall be the expansion joint assembly manufacturer's standard corrosion resistant fasteners.

Sealant.--

Sealant shall be as recommended by the expansion joint assembly manufacturer.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

PREPARATION.--

Surface preparation.--Supporting joint surfaces shall be prepared as recommended by the manufacturer. Edges of the substrate shall be level and sound.

INSTALLATION.--

General.--Expansion joint assemblies shall be installed and set to the proper width for the ambient temperature at the time of setting.

Nominal width shall be based on an ambient width shown on the plans.

Expansion joint assemblies shall be set according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

CLEANING.--

General.--Unused materials, containers, and equipment shall be removed from the work area. Surfaces that are stained, marred or otherwise damaged shall be cleaned and repaired.

DIVISION 6. WOOD AND PLASTICS

6.01 ROUGH CARPENTRY

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing materials and performing rough carpentry work including wood framing, furring, and sheathing in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Rough carpentry includes carpentry work not specified as part of other sections and which is generally not exposed.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product Data.--Manufacturer's material data and installation instructions shall be submitted for gypsum sheathing, framing hardware and underlayments.

Wood treatment data.--Chemical treatment manufacturer's instructions shall be submitted for the handling, sorting, installation, and finishing of treated materials.

For each type of preservative treatment used, certification by treating plant shall include type of preservative solution and pressure process used, net amount of preservative retained and conformance with the applicable standards of the American Wood Preservers Association.

DELIVERY, HANDLING AND STORAGE.--

Delivery and storage.--Materials shall be kept under cover and dry. All materials shall be protected from exposure to weather and contact with damp or wet surfaces with blocking and stickers. All lumber, plywood and other panels shall be stacked in such a manner to provide air circulation within and around the stacks.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

LUMBER.--

General.--Lumber shall be manufactured to comply with PS 20, "American Softwood Lumber Standard," and with applicable grading rules of inspection.

Softwood lumber shall be quality grade stamped or shall be accompanied by a certificate of inspection. Inspection certificates or grade stamps shall indicate compliance with the grading requirements of WWPA, WCLIB, RIS, or other approved lumber inspection agencies.

All lumber used shall be nominal sized and dressed S4S unless otherwise specified in these special provisions.

Framing lumber shall be solid stock lumber, Douglas Fir-Larch, and the grades indicated under WCLIB or WWPA rules. Moisture content shall not exceed 19 percent and shall be grade stamped "S-Dry."

DIMENSION LUMBER.--

Except as otherwise shown on the plans, lumber shall have the following grades.

Vertical framing lumber.--

Vertical framing lumber, nominal 51 mm x 51 mm through 102 mm x 102 mm, shall be Construction grade or better.

Vertical framing lumber, nominal 51 mm x 152 mm through 102 mm x 152 mm shall be No. 2 or better.

Horizontal framing lumber.--

Horizontal framing lumber, nominal 51 mm x 102 mm and wider, including joists and rafters, shall be No. 2 or better.

Horizontal framing lumber, nominal 102 mm x 102 mm and wider, including joist and rafters, shall be No. 1 or better.

Miscellaneous lumber.--

Miscellaneous lumber for support or attachment of other work including rooftop equipment curbs and support bases, cant strips, bucks, nailers, blocking, furring, grounds, stripping and similar members shall be not less than No. 2 or better.

Lumber in contact with concrete or masonry construction shall be pressure treated Douglas Fir-Larch.

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS.--**Rough Carpentry Hardware.--**

Steel plates and rolled sections shall be mild, weldable steel, conforming to AISI grades 1016 through 1030 except 1017.

Nails, screws, bolts, nuts, washers shall be commercial quality. Exposed fasteners shall be hot dipped galvanized or stainless steel.

Joist hangers, clips and other standard framing hardware shall be ICBO approved, commercial quality, galvanized sheet steel or hot dipped galvanized, of the size shown on the plans.

Expansion anchors and powder driven anchors shall be as specified under "Building Miscellaneous Metal," in Division 5, "Metals," of these special provisions.

Nails.--

Nails shall conform to ASTM F 1667-95. "Common" nails shall conform to the following table:

Nail Size	Length (mm)	Diameter (mm)
8d	63.5	3.33
10d	76.2	3.76
16d	88.9	4.11

Adhesive.--

Adhesive for plywood glue-nailed systems shall conform to APA Specification: AFG-01.

WOOD TREATMENT BY PRESSURE PROCESS.--**Preservative treatment.--**

Preservative treatment shall be copper naphthenate, pentachlorophenol or water-borne arsenicals (ACQ, CCA or ACZA).

The following items shall be treated:

Wood cants, nailers, curbs, equipment support bases, blocking, stripping and similar members in connection with roofing, flashing, vapor barriers and waterproofing.

Wood sills, sleepers, blocking, furring and other similar members in contact with concrete or masonry.

All holes, daps and cut ends of treated lumber shall be thoroughly swabbed with 2 applications of copper naphthenate.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

Wood framing.--Wood framing shall be in accordance with Chapter 23 of the California Building Code.

Framing members shall be of sizes and spacing shown on the plans. Wood framing shall be accurately cut and assembled to provide closely fitted members. Framing shall be erected true to the lines and grades shown on the plans and shall be rigidly secured in place as shown and as required by recognized standards. Bracing shall be placed wherever necessary to support all loads on the structure during erection.

The size and spacing of fasteners and the edge distance for nails shall be as shown on the plans.

Nailing schedule shall be as shown on the plans and shall comply with the California Building Code.

6.02 FINISH CARPENTRY

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work consists of furnishing and installing materials and performing finish carpentry, including interior trim, and plywood paneling, as shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Finish carpentry includes carpentry work not specified as part of other sections and which is generally exposed to view.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's specifications and installation instructions for each item of factory-fabricated siding and paneling.

Samples.--One sample shall be submitted to the Engineer at the jobsite for each species and cut or pattern of finish carpentry as shown below:

Interior standing and running trim - 610 mm long by full board or molding width, finished on one side and one edge.

Plywood paneling - 610 mm long x full panel width, finished on one side.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Factory marks.--Each piece of lumber and plywood shall be marked with type, grade, mill and grading agency identification. Marks shall be omitted from surfaces to receive transparent finish. A mill certificate stating that material has been inspected and graded in accordance with requirements shall be furnished if marks cannot be placed on concealed surfaces.

PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING.--

Delivery.--Carpentry materials shall be delivered after painting, wet work and similar operations have been completed.

Protection.--Finish carpentry materials shall be protected during transit, delivery, storage and handling to prevent damage, soiling and deterioration.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

WOOD PRODUCT QUALITY STANDARDS.--

Softwood lumber.--Softwood lumber shall conform to the requirements of PS 20, "American Softwood Lumber Standard," with applicable grading rules of inspection.

Plywood.--Plywood shall conform to the requirements of Voluntary Products Standard PS-1, "U. S. Product Standard for Construction and Industrial Plywood."

Hardwood lumber.--Hardwood lumber shall conform to the requirements of the National Hardwood Lumber Association (NHLA) rules.

MATERIALS.--

General.--Lumber sizes indicated shall be nominal sizes except as indicated by detailed dimensions. Lumber which is to be dressed or worked and dressed shall be manufactured to the actual sizes as required by PS 20.

Lumber that is to be painted may be solid or glued-up lumber at the contractor's option.

Plywood paneling and wainscotting.--

Plywood paneling and wainscotting shall be APA Interior Grade A-C, Group 1, Exposure 1 plywood. Thickness shall be as shown on the plans.

Interior standing and running trim.--

Standing and running trim to be painted shall be paint-grade pine, solid stock or finger jointed.

Miscellaneous Materials.--

Nails, screws and other anchoring devices of the type, size, material and finish required shall be provided for secure attachment, concealed where possible.

Fasteners and anchorages for exterior use shall be hot dip galvanized.

Preservative treatment.--

Preservative treatment shall be copper naphthenate, pentachlorophenol or water-borne arsenicals (ACQ, CCA or ACZA).

Wood members, except those of redwood, in contact with mortar setting beds, concrete block walls, slab on grade and other concrete work, and wood used for roofing cant and curbs shall be pressure treated with leach resistant preservative. Each piece of pressure treated lumber shall bear the AWP label.

All holes, daps, or cuts made after treating shall be thoroughly swabbed with copper naphthenate

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

General.--All work shall be installed plumb, level and true with no distortions.

Standing and running trim.--Standing and running trim shall be installed with minimum number of joints possible, using full length pieces to the greatest extent possible.

Anchor finish carpentry.--Finish carpentry shall be anchored to framing or blocking built in or attached directly to the substrate.

Interior carpentry shall be attached to grounds, stripping and blocking with countersunk, concealed fasteners and blind nailing where required for complete installation. Fine finish nails shall be used for exposed nailing, countersunk and filled flush with finished surface and matching final finish where transparent finish is indicated.

ADJUSTMENT, CLEANING, FINISHING AND PROTECTION.--

General.--Damaged and defective finish carpentry work shall be repaired or replaced.

All exposed or semi-exposed surfaces shall be cleaned.

Finish carpentry shall be finished in accordance with the requirements specified under "Painting" in Division 9, "Finishes," of these special provisions.

6.03 CABINETS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing wood cabinets and plastic laminate tops, splashes and returns as shown on the plans and in these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's product data for plastic laminates and cabinet hardware shall be submitted for approval.

Samples.--Three samples shall be submitted for each of the items shown below:

Lumber with or for transparent finish: 152 mm x 19 mm x 457 mm, finished on one side and one edge.

Wood veneer faced panel products, with or for transparent finish, finished, 203 mm x 254 mm.

Plastic laminate, 203 mm x 254 mm for each type, color, pattern and surface finish.

Shop drawings.--Shop drawings for cabinets showing location of cabinets, dimensioned plans and elevations, attachment devices and other components shall be submitted for approval. Shop drawings shall bear the "WIC Certified Compliance Label," on the first sheet of the drawings.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Cabinets shall be manufactured and installed in accordance with the Manual of Millwork of the Woodwork Institute of California (WIC) requirements for the grade or grades specified or shown on the plans.

Certificates of Compliance.--Prior to delivery to the jobsite, the cabinet manufacturer shall issue a WIC Certified Compliance Certificate indicating that the products he will furnish for this job and certifying that they will fully meet all the requirements of the grade or grades specified.

WIC Certified Compliance Label shall be stamped on all cabinet work.

Each plastic laminate top shall bear the WIC Certified Compliance Label.

Prior to completion of the contract, a WIC Certified Compliance Certificate for Installation shall be delivered to the Engineer.

DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING.--

Protection.--Cabinets shall be protected during transit, delivery, storage and handling to prevent damage, soiling and deterioration.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS.--

Manufacturers.--Subject to compliance with these specifications, high pressure decorative laminates shall be Consoweld Corp.; Formica Corp.; Nevamar Corp.; or equal.

MANUFACTURED UNITS.--

General.--Cabinets shall be fabricated to the dimensions, profiles, and details shown on the plans with openings and mortises precut, where possible to receive hardware and other items and work.

Fabrication, assembly, finishing, hardware application, and other work shall be completed to the maximum extent possible prior to shipment to the jobsite.

Laminate clad cabinets.--

Laminate clad cabinets shall be custom grade, flush overlay construction.

Laminate cladding shall be high pressure decorative laminate complying with NEMA LD 3. Color, pattern and finish shall be as shown on the plans. Laminate surface and grade shall be as follows:

Horizontal and vertical surfaces other than tops shall conform to GP-50 (1.27 mm nominal thickness).

Postformed surfaces shall conform to PF-42 (1.07 mm nominal thickness).

Laminated counter tops and splashes.--

Laminated counter tops and splashes shall be WIC custom grade.

Surface material shall be high pressure laminated plastic conforming to NEMA LD-3, 1.27 mm thickness.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, splashes shall be 102 mm high from the surface of the deck. Back splashes shall be continuous formed and coved. Side splashes shall be top set.

Laminated counter tops self edged, counter tops to receive sinks or plumbing fixtures shall have a bullnose.

The underside of tops and backsides of splashes shall be covered with an approved backing sheet.

CABINET HARDWARE AND ACCESSORY MATERIALS.--

General.--Cabinet hardware and accessory materials shall be provided for cabinets.

Hardware shall be provided with standard US 26D metal plated finish.

Drawer slides.--

Drawer slides shall be side mounting full extension with fully enclosed rolling balls and rollers. Concealed slides and bearings, and positive stop. Capacity shall be not less than 35 kg, except capacity shall be not less than 45 kg for heavy duty drawers.

Door guides.--

Sliding door guides shall be continuous, dual channel, metal guides, top and bottom. Bottom guide shall have crowned track.

Shelf supports.--

Shelf supports shall be adjustable, semi-recessed, chrome finished pressed metal, heavy duty standards and support clip, with one inch adjustment increments.

Cabinet hinges.--

Cabinet hinges shall be steel. Length of jamb leaf shall be 64 mm. The type of hinge shall be as shown on the plans.

Cabinet hinge manufacturers shall be Stanley, Hager, McKinney, or equal.

Cabinet catches.--

Cabinet catches shall be self aligning magnetic type in aluminum case with zinc plated steel strike.

Cabinet catch manufacturers shall be Stanley, Hager, McKinney, or equal.

Cabinet pulls.--

Cabinet pulls shall be 8 mm diameter rod, with 33 mm projection and 75 mm center to center fastening.

Cabinet pull manufacturers shall be Stanley, Hager, McKinney, or equal.

FABRICATION.--

Shop assembly.--Nails shall be countersunk and the holes filled, molds shall be neatly mitered and all joints shall be tight and true.

As far as practicable, work shall be assembled at the mill and delivered to the building ready to be set in place. Parts shall be smoothly dressed and interior work shall be belt sanded at the mill and hand sanded at the building. After assembly, work shall be cleaned and made ready for the specified finish.

Veneer sequence matching shall be maintained of cabinets with transparent finish.

All work shall be prepared to receive finish hardware. Finish hardware shall be accurately fitted and securely fastened as recommended by the manufacturer. Finish hardware shall not be fastened with adhesives.

Drawers shall be fitted with dust covers of 6 mm plywood or hardboard above compartments and drawers except where located directly under tops.

Precut openings.--Openings for hardware, appliances, plumbing fixtures, and similar items shall be precut where possible. Openings shall be accurately located and templates used for proper size and shape. Edges of cutouts shall be smoothed and edges sealed with a water-resistant coating.

PART 3.- EXECUTION**INSTALLATION.--**

Cabinets.--Cabinets shall be installed without distortion so that doors and drawers fit openings properly and are accurately aligned. Hardware shall be adjusted to center doors and drawers in openings and to provide unencumbered operation. Installation of hardware and accessory items shall be completed as indicated on the approved drawings.

Laminate tops.--Laminate tops shall be securely fastened to base units and other support systems as indicated on the approved drawings.

Cabinet hardware.--Doors for cabinets shall be equipped with one pair of hinges and one catch per leaf, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Each door leaf shall be equipped with one pull.

Drawers up to 610 mm wide shall have one pull and drawers over 610 mm wide shall have two pulls.

DIVISION 7. THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

7.01 WATER REPELLENT COATING

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and applying water repellent coating to concrete or masonry surfaces in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

The water repellent coating shall be applied to all exterior concrete or masonry surfaces as shown on the plans.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, application instructions and general recommendations for water repellents shall be submitted for approval.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Water repellent coatings shall comply with all rules and regulations concerning air pollution in the State of California.

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished with each shipment of water repellent coating material in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 4-1.04, "Certificates of Compliance," of the General Conditions.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Water repellent coating.--

Water repellent coating shall be clear, colorless, water-based sealer. Water repellent coating shall be Hydrozo Inc., Clear Double 7; Euclid Chemical Co., Architectural Seal VOX; Tamms Industries Co., Chemstop; or equal.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Preparation.--All surfaces to receive water repellent coating shall be dry and cleaned by removing contaminants that block pores of the surface. Cleaning methods shall be as recommended by the water repellent manufacturer.

Application.--The water repellent solution shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's printed instructions. The time period between applications of water repellent coating shall be not less than 24 hours.

Protection.--Surfaces of other materials surrounding or near the surfaces to receive the water repellent coating shall be protected from overspray or spillage from the waterproofing operation. Water repellent coating applied to surfaces not intended to be waterproofed shall be removed and the surfaces restored to their original condition.

7.02 INSULATION (GENERAL)

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing insulation in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Insulation materials shall be as specified in these special provisions, and shall be compatible with existing or new materials incorporated in the building.

Pipe and duct insulation shall be as specified under "Mechanical Insulation" in Division 15, "Mechanical," of these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--A list of materials, manufacturer's descriptive data, location schedule, and time schedule shall be submitted for approval.

The list of materials to be used shall include the trade name, manufacturer's name, smoke developed and flame spread classification, resistance rating and thickness for the insulation materials and accessories.

Schedules.--A location schedule and time schedule shall be submitted for approval.

The location schedule shall show where each material is to be installed.

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer at the jobsite with an accurate time schedule of the areas of the building to be insulated each day. The time schedule shall be submitted 3 working days in advance of the work.

Samples.--Samples of insulation material shall be submitted to the Engineer at the jobsite.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--All insulating materials shall be certified to comply with the California Quality Standards for Insulating Materials and shall be listed in the Department of Consumer Affairs publication "Consumer Guide and Directory of Certified Insulation Material."

DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING.--

General.--Insulating materials shall be delivered to the jobsite and stored in a safe dry location with labels intact and legible.

Insulating materials shall be protected from physical damage and from becoming wet or soiled.

In the event of damage, materials shall be repaired or replaced as necessary to comply with these specifications.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS (Not applicable.)

PART 3.- EXECUTION (Not applicable.)

7.03 BATT AND BLANKET INSULATION

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing batt or blanket insulation in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Batt insulation shall include faced batts in walls and ceilings and acoustical batts for sound control for walls.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Laminator's qualifications.--Laminator for bonding polyethylene vapor-retarder to insulating batts shall be approved by the insulation manufacturer.

The name of the laminator shall be submitted with the Product Data.

Codes and standards.--All batt or blanket insulation, including facings such as vapor barriers, shall have a flame-spread rating not to exceed 25 and a smoke density not to exceed 450 when tested in accordance with UBC Standard No. 8-1.

The flame-spread and smoke density limitations do not apply to facings on batt insulation installed between ceiling joists, or in roof-ceiling or wall cavities, provided the facing is installed in substantial contact with the surface of the ceiling or wall finish.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

INSULATING MATERIALS.--

General.--Fiberglass batts shall be thermal insulation produced by combining glass fibers with thermosetting resins to comply with ASTM Designation: C 665.

Wall insulation.--

Wall insulation shall be $R-2.3 \text{ K} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{W}$ fiberglass batts with paper-laminate vapor-retarder membrane on one face. Insulation shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 665, Type II, Class C.

Ceiling insulation.--

Ceiling insulation shall be $R-5.3 \text{ K} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{W}$ fiberglass batts with paper-laminate vapor-retarder membrane on one face. Insulation shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 665, Type II, Class C.

Acoustical insulation.--

Acoustical insulation shall be 89 mm, unfaced fiberglass insulation batts. Insulation shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 665, Type I.

VAPOR-RETARDERS.--

Paper-laminate vapor-retarder.--

Paper-laminate vapor-retarder shall be kraft paper sheets laminated together with asphalt or other vapor retarding compounds, scrim reinforced at edges of sheets.

Polyethylene vapor-retarder.--

Polyethylene vapor-retarder shall be factory-applied, 0.076 mm, white polyethylene film, a blend of fiberglass and polyester yarn reinforcement, and metallized polyester film laminated with a flame resistant adhesive, and a Class I flame-spread classification. Vapor-retarder shall be Certainteed; White Poly Scrimkraft (PSK – Face); Owens Corning; Flame Spread 25 (White); or equal.

AUXILIARY INSULATION MATERIALS.--

Insulation tape.--

Insulation tape shall be as recommended by the insulation manufacturer.

Insulation adhesive.--

Insulation adhesive shall be the type recommended by the insulation manufacturer and complying with the requirements for fire resistance.

Line wire.--

Line wire shall be commercial quality 0.89 mm (20-gage) galvanized steel wire.

FABRICATION--

General.--Polyethylene shall be factory laminated to fiberglass batts or blankets by an applicator approved by the manufacturer of the batts or blankets.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

General.--The vapor retarder on faced batts shall be toward the interior and shall be fastened to provide a sealed retarder. Punctures and holes in the retarder shall be repaired.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified elsewhere in these special provisions, insulation shall be kept 75 mm to 100 mm clear of lighting fixtures and heat producing electrical appliances and equipment.

Installing batt type insulation.--Insulation batts shall be installed to completely fill the space between framing members. Apply a single layer of insulation of required thickness, unless otherwise shown on the plans or required to make up total thickness. Installation shall conform to the manufacturer's recommendations and these special provisions.

7.04 RIGID WALL INSULATION

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing rigid wall insulation in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Rigid insulation shall include rigid insulation, wood nailers, fasteners and such other materials, not mentioned, which are required for the complete installation of the rigid insulation system.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Rigid foam insulation shall have a flame-spread rating not to exceed 75 and a smoke density not to exceed 450 when tested in accordance with UBC Standard No. 8-1. Rigid foam insulation shall be approved in accordance with UBC Standard 26-3 to be installed exposed, or without a thermal barrier on the room side of the insulation.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Rigid insulation.--

Rigid insulation shall be rigid rectangular boards of polyisocyanurate foam with aluminum foil facing on both sides and an aged thermal resistance of $R-1.9 \text{ K} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{W}$. Facing on exposed insulation shall be white tinted aluminum foil.

Wood nailers.--

Wood nailers shall be Douglas fir, Hem-fir or equivalent western softwood. Nailers in contact with masonry or concrete shall be pressure treated after fabrication. Wood preservatives shall be waterborne type.

Insulation tape.--

Insulation tape shall be as recommended by the insulation manufacturer.

Adhesive.--

Adhesive shall be construction grade panel adhesive as recommended by the insulation manufacturer.

PVC strips.--

PVC strips shall be interlocking male and female white PVC strips.

Fasteners.--

Fasteners shall be concrete nails; Bostich, Pneumatic Nail System; Buildex, Tampcon Fasteners; or equal.

EXECUTION.--

Installation of rigid insulation.--The preparation of the wall surfaces and the installation of insulation shall conform to the manufacturer's recommendations and these special provisions.

Rigid insulation placed behind plywood or gypsum board shall be tight fitting between nominal 51 mm x 102 mm wood nailers laid flat and spaced 0.6 meter on center. Wood nailers shall also be placed at the top and bottom of the plywood or gypsum board.

Exposed rigid insulation shall be installed tight fitting between PVC strips spaced at 1.2 meter on center. PVC strips shall align with the vertical joints of the plywood below. Adhesive shall be applied to the PVC strips and the wall as recommended by the insulation manufacturer. Exposed insulation shall have no horizontal joints between the top of the plywood and the bottom of the trusses.

All joints between insulation boards and between insulation boards and wood nailers shall be taped.

Insulation panels with broken or crushed corners or edges shall be trimmed free of such defects or shall be discarded. Replacement boards less than 300 mm wide shall not be used.

Damaged insulation in the completed work shall be removed and replaced. Insulation that has been wet or is wet shall be considered damaged.

7.05 RIGID ROOF INSULATION**PART 1.- GENERAL****SUMMARY.--**

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing rigid roof insulation in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Rigid insulation shall include rigid insulation, underlayment, fasteners and such other materials, not mentioned, which are required for the complete installation of the rigid insulation system. Materials and installation shall be coordinated with the roof covering system to meet the requirements for a Class 1 Factory Mutual approved assembly.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS**Underlayment.--**

Underlayment shall be building paper, Type I (No. 15) asphalt roofing felt, or rosin-sized paper.

Rigid roof insulation.--

Rigid roof insulation shall be multilayer, preformed board roof insulation having thermal conductance or resistance as shown on the plans. Glass fiber board conforming to ASTM Designation: C 726, or expanded perlite board conforming to ASTM Designation: C 728, or wood fiber board conforming to ASTM Designation: C 208.

Surface-Burning characteristics shall pass the requirements of ASTM E 84 for the product selected. Maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed shall be indices of 25 and 50, respectively

Insulation tape.--

Insulation tape shall be as recommended by the insulation manufacturer.

Bitumen.--

Bitumen shall conform to ASTM Designation: D 312, for Type III roofing asphalt.

Fastener (metal decking).--

Fastener (metal decking) shall be galvanized spring steel barbed clip driven through galvanized 25 mm minimum nominal diameter caps; galvanized hardened steel nail with 25 mm minimum nominal diameter head and serrated shank to provide backout resistance; or threaded self tapping screw driven through 75 mm minimum nominal diameter galvanized cap.

PART 3.-EXECUTION

Preparation.--The preparation of the deck surfaces shall conform to the manufacturer's recommendations and these special provisions.

The deck surface shall be made smooth and level.

Installation.--Underlayment shall be fastened to nailable decks with randomly located roofing nails.

Insulation panels shall be placed in at least 2 layers with end joints staggered and with joints of the second layer offset at least 150 mm from joints in the first layer.

Insulation panels shall be oriented with the long side perpendicular to the direction roofing felts are to be laid. End joints between panels shall be staggered.

Insulation clips and fasteners shall resist the wind uplift classification specified for the roof covering.

The first layer of insulation shall be mechanically fastened as recommended by the manufacturer to meet the requirements of the Factory Mutual Loss Prevention Data 1-28. At least one fastener per 0.2 square meter of insulation panel shall be used. Panels that are cracked or broken by the installation of the mechanical fasteners shall be replaced.

Additional layers of insulation shall be secured with a solid uniform application of hot bitumen applied at the rate of 14.6 kilograms per 10 square meters.

The completed layer of insulation shall be smooth and level, and suitable for the proper bedding of succeeding layers of roofing material.

Insulation shall be laid just before application of roofing felts. Units shall be laid in parallel courses with transverse joints staggered, in moderate contact with adjoining surfaces.

No more insulation shall be laid than can be covered with roofing the same day. Cutoffs of 2 layers of hot mopped Type I (No. 15) asphalt saturated felt shall be installed, not less than 100 mm onto completed work and extended out not less than 150 mm onto the deck, at exposed edges of insulation at the end of each day's work. Cutoffs shall be removed when work is resumed.

Joints in the top layer of glass fiber roof insulation shall be taped with 150 mm wide felt stripping set in hot asphalt mopping.

Continuous joints between insulation units and parallel to decking flutes shall not occur over the flute openings. Both units shall have full edge bearing on rib tops.

Insulation panels with broken or crushed corners or edges shall be trimmed free of such defects or shall be discarded. Replacement boards less than 305 mm wide shall not be used.

Damaged insulation in the completed work shall be removed and replaced. Insulation that has been wet or is wet shall be considered damaged.

7.06 ROOF BOARD**PART 1.- GENERAL****SUMMARY.--**

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing roof board in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Roof board shall include, fasteners and such other materials, not mentioned, which are required for the complete installation of the roof board system. Materials and installation shall be coordinated with the roof covering system to meet the requirements for a Class 1 Factory Mutual approved assembly.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION.--

Design Requirements.--The roof board installation shall conform to the wind design requirements for uplift in Chapter 16 of the Uniform Building Code for the wind speed and exposure shown on the plans.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product Data.--Manufacturer's technical product data, installation instructions, and recommendations for each type of roof board material shall be submitted for approval.

Product data shall include the manufacturer's name and a complete material description of all components of the roof board installation.

Shop Drawings.--Shop drawings showing the layout and details of the roof board installation shall be submitted for approval.

Shop drawings shall show the shape, size, thickness, and method of attachment for each component used in the work; the layout and spacing of fasteners; and details of connections.

Design calculations for the fastening system with the metal roof decking shown on the plans shall be submitted to verify compliance with the design requirements.

Shop drawings and design calculations shall be stamped and signed by an engineer who is registered as a Civil or Structural Engineer in the State of California. The expiration date of the registration shall be shown. The Engineer's signature shall be original.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of compliance shall be furnished for the roof board system in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 4-1.04, "Certificates of Compliance," of the General Conditions.

DELIVERY, HANDLING AND STORAGE.--

Delivery and handling.--Panels shall be protected against damage and discoloration.

Storage.--Panels shall be stored above ground, with one end elevated for drainage and protected against standing water and condensation between adjacent surfaces.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Roof board.--

Roof board shall be panels 1.2 m by 2.4 m or greater long, 13 mm to 16 mm in thickness. Long edges of panels shall be interlocking and panels shall have guide markings clearly printed on the top surface of each board to facilitate the proper location and spacing of the screw fasteners. Roof board shall be Loadmaster, Mineral Board; Georgia Pacific, DensDeck; or equal. Alternatively, roof board may be minimum 12 mm plywood, APA Rated Sheathing, Exposure 1.

Fastener (metal decking).—

Fastener (metal decking) shall be galvanized spring steel barbed clip driven through galvanized 25 mm minimum nominal diameter caps; galvanized hardened steel nail with 25 mm minimum nominal diameter head and serrated

shank to provide backout resistance; or threaded self tapping screw driven through 75 mm minimum nominal diameter galvanized cap.

PART 3.- EXECUTION.--

Preparation.--The preparation of the insulation surfaces shall conform to the manufacturer's recommendations and these special provisions.

The insulation surface shall be made smooth and level.

Installation.--The roof board shall be mechanically fastened as shown on the approved shop drawings. Panels that are cracked or broken by the installation of the mechanical fasteners shall be replaced.

The completed layer of roof board shall be smooth and level, and suitable for the proper bedding of succeeding layers of roofing material.

Continuous joints between roof board units and parallel to insulation units below shall be offset 150 mm.

Roof boards with broken or crushed corners or edges shall be trimmed free of such defects or shall be discarded. Replacement boards less than 305 mm wide shall not be used.

Damaged roof board in the completed work shall be removed and replaced. Roof board that has been wet or is wet shall be considered damaged.

7.07 THROUGH-PENETRATION FIRESTOPPING

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing firestopping materials at penetrations in fire-rated walls, floors, and ceilings in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--A list of materials, manufacturer's descriptive data, and location schedule shall be submitted for approval.

Descriptive data shall include trade names, manufacturers' names, complete information on the materials to be applied, California State Fire Marshal Listing, the material thickness for the required fire resistance ratings, and the manufacturer's printed instructions for installation. Manufacturer's assembly shall be California State Fire Marshal approved.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished with each shipment of firestopping material in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 4-1.04, "Certificates of Compliance," of the General Conditions.

DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING.--

Delivery.--Materials to be applied shall be delivered in original unopened packages. Packages shall be identified by the manufacturer's label and shall bear proper labels for fire resistance classification.

Storage.--Materials shall be stored above ground, under cover, and in a dry location until ready for use. Packages which have been exposed to moisture before use shall be discarded.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Fire-rated caulk.--

Fire-rated caulk shall conform to ASTM Designation: E 814 and shall be rated for use in 2 and 3-hour fire-rated assemblies. Fire-rated caulk shall be 3M Brand, Fire Barrier Caulk; Dow Corning, Fire Stop Sealant; Standard Oil, Fyre Putty; or equal.

Wrap strip.--

Wrap strip shall be nominal 6 mm thick intumescent elastomeric material in 50 mm wide strips, faced one side with aluminum foil, and rated for use in 1-hour and 2-hour fire-rated systems.

Packing material.--

Packing material shall be polyethylene backer rod or nominal one inch thickness of tightly packed ceramic (alumina silica) fiber blanket, mineral-wool batt or glass fiber insulation material.

Fire-rated mortar.--

Fire-rated mortar shall be non-asbestos, 753 to 913 kilograms per cubic meter air dried density portland cement fly ash through-penetration firestopping mortar. Fire-rated mortar shall conform to ASTM Designation: E 814 and shall be rated for use in 3-hour fire-rated systems at 75 mm minimum thickness.

Fire safing insulation.--

Fire safing insulation shall be inorganic 56 kilograms per cubic meter minimum density, non-combustible fiber insulation conforming to Federal Specifications HH-1-521F, when tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: E 119 and ASTM Designation: E 136 for 3 hour fire resistance.

PART 3.-EXECUTION.--

Installation.--Firestopping materials shall be installed to conform to the requirements of the California State Fire Marshal Listing and the manufacturer's recommendations.

7.08 METAL ROOFING

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing preformed metal roofing in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Metal roofing system shall consist of underlayment, prefinished metal roof panels, concealed fasteners, sealants, and other accessories and components, not mentioned, which are required for a complete, securely fastened and weathertight installation.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION.--

Design Requirements.--The roofing system shall conform to the wind design requirements for uplift in Chapter 16 of the Uniform Building Code for the wind speed and exposure shown on the plans.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product Data.--Manufacturer's technical product data, installation instructions, and recommendations for each type of roofing material shall be submitted for approval.

Product data shall include the manufacturer's name and a complete material description of all components of the metal roofing system.

Samples.--Material samples shall include a 305 mm x 305 mm sample of the roofing panel for each color to be installed and a sample of each anchor clip and fastening device.

Shop Drawings.--Shop drawings showing the layout and details of the metal roofing shall be submitted for approval.

Shop drawings shall show the shape, size, thickness, and method of attachment for each component used in the work; the layout and spacing of fasteners; details of connections and closures; and details for expansion joints and weathertight joints.

Design calculations for the fastening system with the substrate shown on the plans shall be submitted to verify compliance with the design requirements.

Shop drawings and design calculations shall be stamped and signed by an engineer who is registered as a Civil or Structural Engineer in the State of California. The expiration date of the registration shall be shown. The Engineer's signature shall be original.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of compliance shall be furnished for the metal roofing system in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 4-1.04, "Certificates of Compliance," of the General Conditions.

DELIVERY, HANDLING AND STORAGE.--

Delivery and handling.--Panels shall be protected against damage and discoloration.

Storage.--Panels shall be stored above ground, with one end elevated for drainage and protected against standing water and condensation between adjacent surfaces.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MATERIALS.--

SHEET MATERIAL.--

Base metal.--

Base metal shall be cold formed, 0.71 mm (24-gage), galvanized sheet steel conforming to ASTM Designation: A 653/A 653M, Grade 33 [230] with G90 [Z275] coating, except where a higher strength is required for performance, extra smooth; or cold formed aluminum-zinc alloy-coated, commercial quality, sheet steel conforming to ASTM Designation: A 792/A 792M, Grade 40 [275] with AZ55 [AZM 165], coating extra smooth.

Configuration.--

Metal roofing system shall be batten roofing system. Battens may be snap-on or integral to the roofing panel. Panel edges at batten shall stand a minimum of 25 mm high. Battens shall be a minimum of 45 mm high and spaced not less than 305 mm nor more than 460 mm on center.

METAL FINISHES.--

General--Coatings shall be applied before or after forming and fabricating panels, as required for maximum coating performance capability.

Colors or color matches shall be as shown on the plans or, if not otherwise shown, shall be as selected by the Architect from the manufacturer's standard color palette.

Fluoropolymer coating.--

Finish shall be the manufacturer's standard Kynar coating with a baked on primer (0.005 mm) and a finish coat of 0.02 mm nominal for a total dry film thickness of approximately 0.025 mm nominal.

Interior finish shall consist of a 0.004 mm epoxy primer and a backer coat.

MISCELLANEOUS METAL SHAPES.--**Perforated soffit.--**

Perforated soffit shall be formed from the same material, gage and in the same finish as the roof panels.

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS--**Fastener clips.--**

Fastener clips shall be noncorrosive ferrous metal fasteners as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer to resist the design loads.

Fasteners.--

Fasteners shall be as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer. Sheet metal screws shall not be used except to fasten trim and flashings.

Underlayment.--

Underlayment shall be as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer, but not less than 7 kilograms minimum asphalt impregnated fiber glass mat roofing felt.

Sealant and sealant tape.--

Sealant and sealant tape shall be as recommended by the roofing manufacturer.

Closures.--

Closures shall be rubber, neoprene, closed cell plastic or prefinished metal.

FABRICATION.--

General.--Unless otherwise shown on the plans, or specified herein, roof panels shall be fabricated in continuous lengths for the length of the roof, from ridge or peak to eave, except such length shall not exceed the manufacturer's maximum production length. Roofing panels shall be factory formed. Field formed panels are not acceptable.

PART 3.- EXECUTION.--**INSTALLATION.--**

Underlayment.--The roof and fascia panels shall be installed over underlayment. Underlayment shall be laid parallel to the eaves, shingle fashion with 152 mm edge laps and 305 mm end laps and shall be fastened as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer.

Roof panels.--The roof system shall be installed and fastened in accordance with the details shown on the plans and the approved shop drawings. Cutting and fitting shall present a neat and true appearance with exposed burrs removed. Openings through roof panels shall be cut square and shall be reinforced as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer.

Roof panels shall be adjusted in place and properly aligned for the detailed conditions before fastening. Panels shall not be warped, bowed or twisted. The surface finish on the panels shall not be cracked, blemished or otherwise damaged.

Gaskets, joint fillers, sealants and sealing tape shall be installed where indicated on the approved drawings or as required for weatherproof performance of panel systems.

Fasteners shall not be driven through roof panels or batten covers.

Miscellaneous metal shapes.--Trim, fascia, caps, and other prefinished metal work shall be positioned to the correct alignment for each detailed condition. Metal work shall be securely attached to backing using fasteners at the spacing shown on approved shop drawings. Prefinished metal to be installed over concrete or masonry shall be back-coated with asphaltic paint as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer.

Roof panels, trim, and other prefinished metal that are marred, punctured, incorrectly bent, or incorrectly installed will be considered damaged and shall be replaced with undamaged units.

The metal roofing system shall be installed weathertight. Closures shall be tight fitting and shall be provided at the ends of panels, at the boundary of the roof, and as indicated on the approved shop drawings.

CLEAN UP AND CLOSE OUT.--

Clean up.--Adjacent surfaces shall be protected during the roofing system installation and sealant work. Excess sealant shall be removed as the installation progresses.

Roof panels, molding, trim, and other prefinished metal surfaces shall be cleaned after installation as recommended by the manufacturer. Exposed cuts shall be touched-up with a matching durable primer and paint as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer.

Touch up.--Damaged paint surfaces shall be touched up by using an air dry touch up paint supplied by the metal roofing system manufacturer. Only a small brush shall be used for touching up. No spraying of touch up paint is to be performed.

Damaged units.--Panels and other components of the work which have been damaged or have deteriorated beyond successful repair shall be removed and replaced.

7.09 SINGLE-PLY ROOFING

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a fully adhered single-ply sheet roofing in accordance with the detail shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Single-ply roofing includes membrane, fasteners, bonding adhesive, flashing and other materials required, but not necessarily mentioned, to provide a complete and waterproof installation.

Single-ply roofing shall be classified by Underwriters Laboratories as a Class A sheathing material for use in construction of a Class A fire retardant roofing assembly.

The single-ply roofing system shall be tested and meet the requirements of Factory Mutual Research Corp. Class I, I-150, as outlined in FM Standard 4470.

Single-ply roofing shall conform to the wind design requirements for uplift in Chapter 16 of the Uniform Building Code for the wind speed and exposure shown on the plans.

Related work.--Roof substrate shall conform to the requirements in "Metal Decking" in Division 5 "Metals," and "Rigid Roof Insulation" and "Roof Board" in this Division 7 "Thermal and Moisture Protection," of these special provisions.

Wood nailers shall conform to the requirements in "Rough Carpentry" in Division 6 "Wood and Plastic," of these special provisions.

Metal flashing shall conform to the requirements in "Sheet Metal Flashing" in this Division 7 "Thermal and Moisture Protection," of these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, Factory Mutual test reports, product specifications, storage requirements and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

Shop drawings.--Complete shop drawings showing roof configuration, sheet layout, seam locations, seam details, details at perimeter and special conditions shall be submitted for approval.

Samples.--Three samples of finished roofing sheets, not less than 305 mm by 305 mm, including T-shaped side and end lap seam shall be submitted for approval.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished for single-ply roofing membrane in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 4.104, "Certificates of Compliance," of the General Conditions..

Single source responsibility.--Single-ply roofing materials shall be obtained from a single manufacturer. Secondary materials shall be as recommended by the single-ply roofing manufacturer.

Installer's qualification.--Single-ply roofing installer shall be approved and certified by the single-ply roofing manufacturer as qualified to install this type of roofing. A copy of the manufacturer's certification shall be given to the Engineer prior to the installation of any roofing materials.

Pre-roofing conference.--Prior to installation of roofing or associated work, the Contractor shall convene a pre-roofing conference with the installer, roofing manufacturer and the Engineer. Discussions and agreements shall be recorded and copies furnished to each participant.

Advance notice of the meeting shall be given in writing to each participant at least 72 hours prior to the meeting.

PROJECT CONDITIONS.--

Weather.--Roofing work shall proceed when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit the work to be performed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and warranty requirements.

WARRANTY.--

Special project warranty.--A written warranty, signed by the manufacturer of the primary roofing materials, agreeing to replace or repair defective materials and workmanship as required to maintain roofing system in watertight condition shall be given to the Engineer prior to completion of the project.

Warranty shall be for a period of not less than 5 years after acceptance of the contract.

DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING.--

Delivery, storage and handling.--Materials shall be delivered to the job site in manufacturer's original unopened packages clearly labeled with manufacturer's name and identification numbers. Materials shall be stored in strict accordance with the manufacturer's printed storage requirements. Material shall be handled in such a manner as to prevent damage and premature curing.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

GENERAL.--

Performance.--Roofing materials shall be provided which are recognized to be of generic type indicated and tested to show compliance with indicated performances.

Compatibility.--Products which are recommended by the manufacturer to be fully compatible with the substrate shall be provided.

MANUFACTURERS.--

Available manufacturers.--Subject to compliance with the requirements, manufacturers offering products which may be incorporated into the work include, but are not limited to Genflex; Firestone; or equal.

MATERIALS.--

Membrane.--

Membrane shall be a thermoplastic polyolefin compound of ethylene and propylene not less than 1.5 mm thick. The exposed surface of the membrane shall be white.

Walkway pad.--

Walkway pad shall be a thermoplastic polyolefin compound of ethylene and propylene not less than 3.0 mm thickness.

Fasteners.--

Fasteners used to bond the roof membrane to the substrate as recommended by the roofing manufacturer.

Bonding Adhesive.--

Bonding adhesive shall be a contact-type adhesive used to bond the roof membrane to the substrate as recommended by the roofing manufacturer.

Flashing material.--

Flashing material shall be the manufacturer's standard materials and systems compatible with the roofing membrane.

Cant strips, tapered edge strips and accessories.--

Cant strips, tapered edge strips and accessories, including adhesive tapes, flashing cements and sealants, shall be as recommended by the roofing manufacturer and shall be provided at locations shown on the plans and at locations recommended by the manufacturer.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

PREPARATION.--

General.--The roof deck substrate shall be completely installed prior to installation of the roofing membrane. The roof deck surface shall be swept clean and be free of sharp edges, cracks, debris, oil and grease and otherwise suitably prepared to accept the roofing membrane.

Cant strips, flashings, and accessory items shall be installed as shown on the plans, and as recommended by the roofing system manufacturer.

INSTALLATION.--

General.--Installation shall conform to the manufacturer's instructions, except where more stringent requirements are indicated on the plans or in these special provisions.

Membrane installation.--Installation shall be started only in the presence of the manufacturer's representative if required by the manufacturer.

Membrane shall be installed in strict accordance with manufacturer's written instructions, the approved working drawings and the written record of the pre-roofing conference.

CLEAN-UP.--

General.--Upon completion of the installation, the roof surface shall be broom cleaned of all construction debris.

7.10 SHEET METAL FLASHING

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of fabricating, furnishing and installing sheet metal flashing in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Sheet metal shall include metal flashings, counterflashings,-gutters, downspouts,-copings and screen type vents.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Sheet metal work shall in accordance with the requirements in the latest edition of the Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association (SMACNA) "Standard Practice in Architectural Sheet Metal Work."

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MATERIALS.--

Galvanized sheet steel.--

Galvanized sheet steel shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 653/A 653M with G 90 [Z275] coating, not less than 0.71 mm (24-gage), unless otherwise shown on the plans. Surfaces to be painted shall not have factory coatings on galvanizing that cannot be removed by paint thinner.

Solder.--

Solder shall conform to ASTM Designation: B 32, Alloy Grade Sn50.

Soldering flux.--

Soldering flux shall be acid type, conforming to Federal Specification: O-F-506C, Type I, Form A.

Insect screen.--

Insect screen shall be industrial wire cloth and screen, medium grade, 18 mesh, 0.43 mm diameter, 1 mm openings, plain weave, galvanized steel conforming to ASTM Designation: E 437.

Lap joint sealant.--

Lap joint sealant for concealed locations shall be a non-drying butyl.

Flashing cement.--

Flashing cement shall be a bituminous plastic cement, asbestos free, conforming to ASTM Designation: D 4586, Type II.

Sealant.--

Sealant for exposed locations shall be a silicone sealant conforming to ASTM Designation: C 920.

Primer.--

Primer shall be as recommended by the sealant manufacturer.

FABRICATION.--

General.--Sheet metal shall be assembled to Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association Standards.

Sheet metal shall be formed to the sizes, shapes and dimensions shown on the plans or as specified herein with angles and lines straight, sharp and in true alignment. The number of joints shall be kept to a minimum.

Angle bends and folds for interlocking the metal shall be made with full regard for expansion and contraction to avoid buckling or fullness in the metal after it is installed.

Joints in sheet metal work shall be closed watertight unless slip joints are specifically required. Watertight joints shall be mechanically interlocked and then thoroughly soldered for metals other than aluminum. Watertight joints in aluminum or between aluminum and other metals shall be sealed with acrylic sealant.

Sheet metal joints to be soldered shall be cleaned with steel wool or other means, pre-tinned and soldered watertight.

All joints shall be wiped clean of flux after soldering. Acid flux shall be neutralized by washing the joints with sodium bicarbonate.

Flashings shall have a 45 degree drip return at bottom edges. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, counterflashing shall extend not less than 100 mm over roofing or other materials protected by the counterflashing and shall be arranged so that roofing or materials can be repaired without damage to the counterflashing.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

PREPARATION.--Surfaces to receive sheet metal shall be clean, smooth and free from defects.

INSTALLATION.--

Roof penetration flashings.--All pipes, ducts, vents and flues passing through roofs shall be made waterproof with flashings of storm collars or counterflashings.

Roof penetration flashings shall be fabricated from galvanized sheet steel, not less than 0.71 mm (24-gage). Size and shape shall be as shown on the plans.

Hung gutters.--Hung gutters shall be fabricated from galvanized sheet steel, not less than 0.71 mm (24-gage). Gutters shall be size and shape as shown on the plans.

Gutters shall be fabricated in sections not less than 3 meters in length. Use sections as long as practicable for lengths over 3 meters.

Joints shall be lapped at least 38 mm, rivet and solder watertight. Butt type expansion joints, 19 mm wide, shall be provided at midpoint between down spouts and where expansion joints occur in the structure.

Downspouts.--Downspouts shall be fabricated from galvanized sheet steel, not less than 0.71 mm (24-gage). Size and shape shall be as shown on the plans.

Downspouts shall be installed as shown on the plans, secured to the wall with straps near top, bottom and at intermediate points not more than 2.4 meters apart. Straps shall extend 50 mm out on wall and be secured with suitable anchors.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the lower end of downspout shall terminate with mitered 45 degree elbow.

7.11 SKYLIGHTS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing skylights in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION.—

Design requirements.--Skylights shall conform to the requirements in Section 2603.7 of the Uniform Building Code. Skylights shall be rated by the manufacturer to withstand a 200 kilograms per square meter live loading.

Skylight shall conform to the wind design requirements for uplift in Chapter 16 of the Uniform Building Code for the wind speed and exposure shown on the plans.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

Samples.--A sample of the acrylic and the anodized framing shall be submitted for approval.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of compliance shall be furnished for the skylights in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 4-1.04, "Certificates of Compliance," of the General Conditions.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Skylight.--

Skylight shall be industrial type, insulated curb mounted skylight with double glazed light bronze colored acrylic plastic dome mounted in dark bronze colored anodized extruded aluminum framing. Dome shall be distortion free.

Retaining and curb framing shall have full welded corners and condensation weeps to the outside.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Installation.--Skylights shall be installed rigidly and securely in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. The installation shall be flashed and shall be weathertight.

Cleaning and protection.--Plastic skylight units shall be cleaned and polished inside and out.

7.12 TUBULAR SKYLIGHTS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing tubular skylights in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION.--

Design requirements.--Tubular skylights shall conform to the requirements in Section 2603.7 of the Uniform Building Code.

Tubular skylights shall conform to the wind design requirements for uplift in Chapter 16 of the Uniform Building Code for the wind speed and exposure shown on the plans.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

Shop drawings.--Shop drawings showing complete layouts, elevations, sections, details and attachments to other work shall be submitted for approval

Samples.--A sample of the polycarbonate or acrylic plastic shall be submitted for approval.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of compliance shall be furnished for the tubular skylights in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 4-1.04, "Certificates of Compliance," of the General Conditions.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MANUFACTURERS.--

Acceptable manufacturers.--Subject to compliance with the contract provisions, tubular skylights shall be Solatube International Inc.; or equal.

COMPONENTS.--

Roof Dome.--

Roof dome shall be UV protected acrylic or polycarbonate plastic and shall have a 356 mm diameter and a minimum thickness of 3.2 mm.

Roof Flashing.--

Roof flashing shall be as recommended by manufacturer and shall complement roofing materials.

Light Tube.--

Light tube shall be fabricated from aluminum sheet conforming to ASTM Designation: B 209. Light tube shall be 0.51 mm minimum thick and shall have a reflective silver film finish on the interior.

Ceiling Diffuser.--

Ceiling diffuser shall be acrylic or polycarbonate plastic with a minimum thickness of 2.2 mm. Ceiling diffuser shall be flushed type.

Accessories.--

Ceiling and dome rings, seals, weather seals, sealant and other accessories shall be as recommended by the manufacturer.

Fasteners shall be the same as metals being fastened or other non-corrosive metal as recommended by the manufacturer. Exposed fasteners shall be finished to match material being fastened.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Installation.—Tubular skylights shall be installed rigidly and securely in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. The installation shall be flashed and shall be weathertight.

7.13 SEALANTS AND CAULKING**PART 1.- GENERAL****SUMMARY.--**

Scope.—This work shall consist of furnishing and applying sealants and caulking which are required for this project, but not specified elsewhere, in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Certificates of Compliance.—Certificates of compliance shall be furnished for the sealants and caulking in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 4-1.04, "Certificates of Compliance," of the General Conditions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.—Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions for all sealants shall be submitted for approval.

Samples.—Color samples of all sealants shall be submitted for approval. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, colors will be selected by the Engineer from the manufacturer's standard colors.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS**MATERIALS.--**

General.—All sealants, primers and accessories shall be non-staining to adjacent exposed surfaces. Products having similar applications and usage shall be of the same type and same manufacturer. Gun consistency compound shall be used unless otherwise required by the job conditions.

Acrylic sealant.--

Acrylic sealant shall be one compound, solvent release acrylic sealant.

Butyl sealant.--

Butyl sealant shall be one component, skinning type.

Silicone sealant.--

Silicone sealant shall be one component, low modulus building sealant. Sealant shall be tack-free in one hour, shall not sag or flow, shall be ozone resistant and capable of 100 percent extension without failure.

Joint sealant.--

Joint sealant shall be a two-part, non sag polysulfide base, synthetic rubber sealant formulated from liquid polysulfide polymer.

Backer rod.--

Backer rod shall be round, open or closed cell polyurethane. Backer rod shall be sized such that it must be compressed between 25 and 75 percent of its uncompressed diameter during installation in the joint.

Neoprene.--

Neoprene shall conform to the requirements of ASTM Designation: C 542.

PART 3.- EXECUTION**APPLICATION.--**

General.--Unless otherwise shown on the plans, sealants shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Silicone sealants shall not be used in locations where painting is required.

Butyl sealants shall not be used in exterior applications, and acrylic sealants shall not be used in interior applications.

Sealants shall be applied in a continuous operation for the full length of the joint. Immediately following the application of the sealant, the sealant shall be tooled smooth using a tool similar to that used to produce concave masonry joints. Following tooling, the sealant shall remain undisturbed for not less than 48 hours.

DIVISION 8. DOORS AND WINDOWS**8.01 HINGED DOORS**

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing hinged doors and frames in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, installation instructions for fire rated assemblies and a door schedule shall be submitted for approval. The door schedule shall include a description of the type, location and size of each door and frame.

PRODUCTS.--**Metal door.--**

Metal door shall be flush, seamless steel door factory prepared and reinforced to receive hardware and having cold rolled stretcher leveled sheet steel face sheets not less than 1.2 mm thick (18-gage). Face sheets shall be bonded with thermosetting adhesive to rigid board honeycomb or precured foam core; or face sheets shall be welded to all parts of an assembled grid of cold formed pressed metal stiffeners and framing members located around edges, ends, openings and at all locations necessary to prevent buckling of face sheets. Seams shall be tack welded, filled and ground smooth. Bottom edge and internal stiffeners of grid type core shall have moisture vents. Welds on exposed surfaces shall be ground smooth. Louvered or glazed openings shall be provided where shown on the plans.

Where fire rated doors are required, doors shall be listed and labeled for the fire rating shown on the plans.

Active leaf of double door shall have a full height astragal of 3 mm flat bar or folded sheet strip, not less than 1.5 mm thick (16-gage), welded on the outside of the active leaf.

Door shall be cleaned and treated by the bonderized process or approved phosphatizing process and then given one factory application of metal protective rust inhibitive primer. Primer shall not contain lead type pigments.

Glazing for doors.--

Glazing for doors shall be safety glass as specified under "Glazing" in Division 8, "Doors and Windows," of these special provisions. Glazing shall be not less than 5 mm thick.

Pressed metal frame.--

Pressed metal frame shall be not less than 1.5 mm thick (16-gage) sheet steel with integral stop, mitered corners, face welded and ground smooth corners. Frames shall be reinforced for all hardware and shall be cleaned and treated by the bonderized process or an approved phosphatizing process and then given one factory application of metal protective rust inhibitive primer. Primer shall not contain lead type pigments.

Frames for fire rated doors shall be listed for the same rating shown on the plans for fire rated doors.

Sealants.--

Sealants shall be ultraviolet and ozone resistant, gun grade polysulfide or polyurethane, multicomponent, Federal Specification: TT-S-227.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Doors and frames shall be installed rigidly, securely, plumb and true and in such a manner that the doors operate freely without rubbing or binding. Clearance between frame and door shall be not more than 3 mm. The exterior frame shall be sealed weathertight.

Pressed metal frames shall be secured with clips and anchors as shown on the plans.

Fire rated assemblies shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

Fire rated assemblies shall include doors, door frames, automatic smoke-actuated closers, self-closing mechanisms, panic hardware, wire glass, and fire rated louvers. Assemblies shall be approved by the California State Fire Marshal.

PAINTING.--Except for the primer application specified herein, doors and frames shall be cleaned, prepared and painted in accordance with the requirements specified under "Painting" in Division-9, "Finishes," of these special provisions.

8.02 ATTIC AND ROOF ACCESS DOORS

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing attic and roof access doors in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

PRODUCTS.--

Access doors.--

Access doors shall be factory assembled and factory prime painted steel. Door panel shall be 1.90 mm thick (14-gage) and door frame shall be 1.5 mm thick (16-gage). The door and frame assembly shall have standard screw driver operated cam locks, concealed springs or continuous piano hinge and inside release handle. Access doors shall be by Babcock-Davis Hatchways, Bar-Co Access Doors, Inryco-Milcor, J.L. Industries, or equal.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Access doors shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. The access door assemblies shall be painted to match the color of the adjacent surrounding surfaces.

8.03 SECTIONAL OVERHEAD DOORS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing sectional overhead doors in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, roughing-in diagram and installation instructions for each size and type of door shall be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall include door panel construction and material thickness, door track size and material thickness, counterbalance spring service life and motor operator specifications.

Materials list shall contain all items proposed to be furnished and installed under this section of these special provisions.

Shop drawings shall show details of special components and installations which are not fully dimensioned or detailed in manufacturer's descriptive data.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Single source.--Each sectional door shall be provided as a complete unit produced by one manufacturer, including frames, sections, bracket guides, tracks, counterbalance mechanisms, hardware, operators and installation accessories, to suit opening and head room available.

Wind loading.--Design and reinforce section overhead doors to withstand a 960 PA wind load with a midspan deflection not to exceed 1/120 span.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MANUFACTURERS.--

Available manufacturers.--Subject to compliance with the specifications, manufacturers offering products which may be incorporated into the work include, but are not limited to the following: Clopay Corp.; Overhead Door Corp.; Raynor Garage Doors.

STEEL SECTIONS.--

Door sections.--

Door sections shall be galvanized commercial quality steel sheets and a minimum of G60 zinc coating complying with ASTM Designation: A 525.

Face sheets shall be not less than 0.86mm (20-gage). Back sheet shall be not less than 0.45 mm (26-gage).

Sections shall be fabricated from a single sheet to provide sections not more than 610 mm high, and nominal 50 mm deep. Meeting horizontal edges shall be rolled to a continuous shiplap, rabbeted, or keyed weather seal, with a reinforcing flange return.

Intermediate and end stiles shall be 1.52 mm (16-gage) galvanized steel welded in place. Intermediate stiles shall be spaced at not more than 1220 mm on center.

Bottom section shall be reinforced with a continuous channel or angle conforming to the bottom section profile.

Insulation.--

Insulation shall be the manufacturer's glass fiber, polystyrene or polyurethane foam type insulation and have an R-Value not less than $1.4 \text{ K}\cdot\text{m}^2/\text{W}$.

Finish.--

Finish shall be the manufacturer's standard baked on polyester or epoxy prime and finish coats, applied to interior and exterior faces.

TRACKS, SUPPORTS. AND ACCESSORIES.--

Door tracks.--

Door tracks shall be the manufacturers standard galvanized steel track system, sized for door size and weight, and designed for the clearances shown on the plans. Complete track assembly shall be provided, including brackets, bracing and reinforcing for rigid support of ball bearing roller guides, for required door type and size.

Track reinforcement and supports.--

Track reinforcement and supports shall be galvanized steel. Tracks shall be reinforced and supported as required for the size and weight of door to provide strength and rigidity, and to ensure against sag, sway and vibration during operation.

Door seals.--

Doors shall have perimeter gasket seals at head and jambs and seal shall have a replaceable vinyl or neoprene bottom seal.

Vision panels.--

Vision panels shall be door manufacturer's standard glazed opening with wire safety glass, metal frame and vinyl or neoprene glazing gasket for water tight construction. The approximate size shall be as shown on the plans.

Adjustable louvers.--

Adjustable louvers shall be factory fabricated units of extruded aluminum alloy not less than 2.0 mm thick or galvanized steel not less than 0.91 mm thick (20-gage) with standard "Z" type blades set in a continuous channel frame, with a 6 mm mesh galvanized bird-screen in a removable frame on the inside.

Blades shall have center pivot on 10 mm aluminum rods in stainless steel ball bearings in cadmium plated races.

Adjustable louvers shall be equipped with hand-hold fixed to the operating bar for easy adjustment with wingnut spring tension to lock louvers in desired position.

HARDWARE.--

General.--Hardware shall be heavy-duty, rust-resistant, with galvanized or cadmium-plated or stainless steel fasteners, to suit type of door.

Hinges.--

Heavy steel hinges shall be provided at each end stile and at intermediate stiles, per manufacturer's recommendations for size of door.

Rollers.--

Rollers shall be heavy-duty with steel ball bearings in case-hardened steel races, mounted to suit slope of track. Rollers shall have case-hardened tires.

COUNTERBALANCE MECHANISMS.--**Counterbalance spring.--**

The door shall have a torsion spring counterbalance on a continuous cross header shaft; the entire assembly shall be all-bearing mounted. The spring shall have a rated service life of not less than 25,000 cycles.

ELECTRIC DOOR OPERATORS.--

Door operator shall be heavy duty, commercial type. Motor shall be a 230-volt, single-phase, high starting torque motor with single reduction worm gear, completely housed and running in an oil bath. Motor shall be of sufficient capacity to raise and lower the door at speed of approximately 0.2 m per second.

Door operator and assembly shall be equipped with solenoid brake, limit switches for upper and lower limits of door travel, emergency hand chain with electrical interlock to break motor circuit when hand chain is engaged, 3-button operating station in a NEMA Type 4 enclosure, and a factory wired NEMA Type 1 control panel.

Control panel shall contain an instrument transformer, reversing magnetic contactor with overload relay, and all necessary control relays and other devices required for complete automatic operation of the door. Motor shall be removable for repair without affecting emergency operation. Motor shall be centermounted or sidemounted as shown on the plans.

Reversing door edge.--

Reversing door edge shall be an electrically or pneumatically operated safety device extending across the full width of the bottom of the door which shall cause the door to stop automatically and return to open position upon contact with any obstruction.

PART 3.- EXECUTION**INSTALLATION.--**

General.--Door, track, and operating equipment, complete with necessary hardware, jamb and head mold stops, anchors, inserts, hangers, and equipment supports, shall be installed in accordance with the final drawings, manufacturer's installation instructions and these special provisions.

Vertical track assembly shall be fastened to framing at not less than 610 mm on center. Horizontal track shall be hung from structural overhead framing with angle or channel hangers, welded or bolted into place. Sway bracing, diagonal bracing, and reinforcing as required for rigid installation of track and door operating equipment.

8.04 WINDOWS**PART 1.- GENERAL**

SUMMARY.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing windows in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Windows shall be commercial (C) grade aluminum prime windows unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Windows shall meet the requirement of NAFS-1, "Voluntary Performance Specification for Windows, Skylights, and Glass Doors," and shall meet the C30 (Commercial) product designation unless otherwise shown on the plans. Windows shall be labeled with the AAMA label.

Finish for windows shall be Architectural Class I, clear anodized finish meeting American Architectural Manufacturer's Association Standard 611 unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Glazing for windows shall be in accordance with the requirements specified under "Glazing" in Division 8, "Doors and Windows," of these special provisions.

CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE.--Certificates of compliance shall be furnished for all windows in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 4-1.04, "Certificates of Compliance," of the General Conditions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, installation instructions and schedule shall be submitted for approval. Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions shall show window elevations, plan views, full size sections, anchoring details to all substrates, anchors and hardware. Installation schedule shall show location, size and type for each window.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Fixed windows.--

Fixed windows shall be non-operable glazed panel inserted into a frame to include muntins, glazing stops, and glazing accessories.

Horizontal sliding windows.--

Horizontal sliding windows shall be horizontal slide by windows with tightly contacting weatherstripped meeting stiles, self-lubricating rollers, glazing accessories, tubular sill, snap locks and push handle. Vents shall be screened.

Aluminum.--

Aluminum shall be extruded 6063-T5 aluminum alloy.

Screws, fasteners and window accessories.--

Screws, fasteners and window accessories shall be non-corrosive metals compatible with aluminum except guides and rollers may be vinyl and nylon respectively. Finish for locks, operators, strikes, keepers and other metal hardware shall match window finish.

Weatherstripping.--

Weatherstripping shall be continuous, replaceable type, wool pile mounted in metal or double runs of ultraviolet resistant neoprene or vinyl.

Vent screen.--

Vent screen shall be aluminum frame with 18 x 14 mesh aluminum screening and polyvinyl-chloride splines. Screen frames shall be removable from interior of building. Finish of screen frame shall match window finish.

Sealant.--

Sealant shall be single-component, solvent type acrylic, self-leveling, non-sag, conforming to Federal Specification: TT-S-230.

Tape.--

Tape shall be compatible with sealant; Pecora, "B-44 Extra-Seal;" Pittsburg Plate Glass, "Duribbon;" Protective Treatment, "PTU 606;" Tremco, "440 Tape;" or equal.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

FABRICATION.--Frame and sash shall be accurately machined and fitted to hairline joinery that develops the members. Joints shall be factory sealed weathertight.

Sash shall be removable from the interior only. Sash shall have concealed condensation weeps to the outside.

DELIVERY AND STORAGE.--Windows shall be delivered in original, unopened, unbroken containers, wrappings, or bags with labels bearing the brand name, name of manufacturer or supplier, standard of manufacture, and product description. Windows and accessories shall be stored off the ground, kept dry, fully protected from weather and damage

INSTALLATION.--Window units shall be set straight, level, plumb and in true alignment in prepared openings. Windows shall be centered in openings. Clearance between the window unit and the building framing shall be from 4 mm to 6 mm at the sides and 13 mm at the top. Ventilator sash shall be adjusted after glazing for easy, smooth and proper operation.

The installation shall be flashed and sealed weathertight.

All aluminum surfaces in contact with masonry, steel or other incompatible materials shall be isolated with pressure sensitive tape, zinc chromate primer, bituminous paint or such other material recommended by the window manufacturer and approved by the Engineer.

8.05 FINISH HARDWARE

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing hardware items for doors in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Hardware for special doors and frames, if required, shall be as specified under "Hinged Doors" in Division 8, "Doors and Windows," of these special provisions.

Hardware assemblies shall comply with the fire code and the disabled accessibility requirements indicated on the plans and specified in these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.—

Manufacturer's technical information and catalog cuts for each item of door hardware and a door hardware schedule shall be submitted for approval prior to installation.

Manufacturer's catalog cuts shall include catalog numbers, material, grade, type, size, function, design, quality and finish of hardware.

The door hardware schedule shall indicate the location and size of door opening, the door and frame material, and the size, style, finish and quantity of the hardware components required.

FINISHES.—

Hardware shall be provided with standard US 26D metal plated finish or matching sprayed finish where indicated.

KEYING INSTRUCTIONS.—

New locks shall be compatible with the master key system of the existing facility and shall be keyed to the existing lock system in use.

Locks and cylinders shall be provided with six pin "O" cylinders and blank keys. Cylinders and blank keys shall be delivered to the Engineer for combining of cylinders and cutting of keys.

The Contractor shall provide cylinders for use during construction. Construction cylinders shall remain in place until permanent cylinders are installed. Construction cylinders shall remain the property of the Contractor.

Key bows shall be stamped "State of California" and "Do Not Duplicate."

PART 2.- PRODUCTS.--

GENERAL.—

Door hardware equal in material, grade, type, size, function, design, quality and manufacture to that specified herein may be submitted for approval.

Butt hinges.--

Butt hinges shall be steel, 1 1/2-pair per door unless otherwise specified or shown on the plans. Nonremovable pins shall be provided at outswing exterior doors. Hinge size shall be 114 mm x 114 mm unless otherwise noted.

Standard weight hinges shall be:

Hager	BB 1279
McKinney	TB 2714
Stanley	BB 179
or equal.	

Mortise locksets.--

Mortise locksets shall be steel case with 32 mm x 203 mm face plate and 70 mm backset. Door and frame preparation for mortise locksets shall conform to ANSI A115.1.

Lever operated lockset shall be:

Best	35H 6FW 15H
Falcon	LM521 DG
Schlage	L9453R x 06
or equal.	

Cylindrical locksets, latchsets and privacy sets.--

Cylindrical locksets, latchsets and privacy sets shall be steel chassis, 54 mm diameter, 70 mm backset. Door and frame preparation for cylindrical locksetlatchsets and privacy sets shall conform to ANSI A115.1.

Lever operated lockset shall be:

Best	93K6 AB 9C
Schlage	D53RD RHO
Falcon	LY501 DG
or equal.	

Lever operated latchset shall be:

Best	93K ON 9C
Falcon	LY101 DG
Schlage	D10S RHO
or equal.	

Lever operated privacy set shall be:

Best	93K OL 9C
Falcon	LY301 DG
Schlage	D40S RHO
or equal.	

Cylindrical Lever Lock.--

Cylindrical lever lock shall be heavy-duty cylindrical lock set, steel, brass alloy construction, lever 4 ¾" long; Rose 3 ½" dia.; projection 2 7/16". Store room lock set – lock operated by key or inside knob. Outer knob always rigid, inside knob always free.

Flush bolts.--

Flush bolts shall be installed at the top and bottom of the inactive leaf of pairs of doors. Provide automatic bolts on UL rated pairs of doors.

Flush bolts for manual operation shall be:

Trimco	3915
Glynn Johnson	FB6
H.B. Ives	457
or equal.	

Door closers.--

Parallel arms for closers shall be installed at outswing exterior doors. Closers shall have sprayed finish to match other hardware on door.

Door closers shall be:

LCN	4040
Norton	3501-BF
Dorma	7800
or equal.	

Kickplates.--

Kickplates shall be 254 mm in height x 51 mm less than door width x 1.52 mm (16-gage).

Kickplates shall be:

Builders Brass	37X
Quality	48
Trimco	K0050
or equal.	

Floor mounted stops.--

Floor mounted stops shall be dome type. The height of the stop shall be determined by the clearance required when a threshold is used or not used.

Stops for openings with thresholds shall be:

Builders Brass	8063
Quality	431
Trimco	1213
or equal.	

Wall or door mounted door stop.--

Wall or door mounted door stop shall have a 95 mm projection and 3-point anchoring.

Wall or door mounted door stop shall be:

Builders Brass	W96
Quality	38
Trimco	1236-1/4-2
or equal.	

Wall bumpers.--

Wall bumpers base diameter shall be 64 mm with a 25 mm projection.

Bumpers shall be:

Builders Brass	WC9
Quality	302
Trimco	1270CV
or equal.	

Automatic door bottom.--

Automatic door bottom shall be heavy duty, full mortise.

Bottom shall be:

Pemko	434 AR
Zero	360
or equal.	

Thresholds, rain drips, door sweeps and door shoes.--

Thresholds, rain drips, door sweeps and door shoes shall conform to the sizes and configurations shown on plans. Thresholds at door openings with accessibility requirements shall not exceed 13 mm in height.

Threshold, rain drip, door sweep and door shoe manufacturers shall be Pemko, Reese, Zero, or equal.

Threshold bedding sealant.--

Threshold bedding sealant shall conform to Federal Specification: SS-C-153.

Weatherstrip and smoke seal.--

Weatherstrip and smoke seal shall conform to the sizes and shapes shown on plans. Assemblies shall be UL listed and shall be provided where shown on the plans or as specified in these special provisions.

Weatherstrip and smoke seal manufacturers shall be Pemko, Reese, Zero, or equal.

Door signs and name plates.--

Door signs and name plates shall be as specified under "Signs" in Division 10, "Specialties," of these special provisions.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

DOORS AND FRAMES.--Doors and frames shall be set square and plumb and be properly prepared before the installation of hardware.

INSTALLATION.--Hardware items shall be accurately fitted, securely applied, and adjusted and lubricated in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Installation shall provide proper operation without bind or excessive play.

Hinges shall be installed at equal spacing with the center of the end hinges not more than 244 mm from the top and bottom of the door. Locksets, latchsets, privacy sets and panic exit mechanisms shall be 1024 mm from the finished floor. Kickplates shall be mounted on the push side of the doors, 25 mm clear of door edges.

Thresholds shall be set in a continuous bed of sealant material.

Door controls shall be set so that the effort required to operate doors with closers shall not exceed 37.8 N maximum for exterior doors and 22.3 N maximum for interior doors. The effort required to operate fire doors may be increased above the values shown for exterior and interior doors but shall not exceed 66.7 N maximum.

Door stops located on concrete surfaces shall be fastened rigidly and securely in place with expansion anchoring devices. Door stops mounted elsewhere shall be securely attached with wood screws or expansion devices as required.

Backing shall be provided in wall framing at wall bumper locations.

The location and inscriptions for door signs and name plates shall be as shown on the plans.

Hardware, except hinges, shall be removed from surfaces to be painted before painting.

Upon completion of installation and adjustment, the Contractor shall deliver to the Engineer all dogging keys, closer valve keys, lock spanner wrenches, and other factory furnished installation aids, instructions and maintenance guides.

DOOR HARDWARE GROUPS AND SCHEDULE.--Hardware groups specified herein shall correspond to those shown on the plans:

GROUP 1 (Doors 19 thru 21, 26 thru 27, and 33)

All hardware supplied by door manufacturer.

GROUP 2 (Doors 1, 10, 18, 25, 28)

- 1 1/2-pair butt hinges
- 1 each cylindrical lever lock
- 1 each floor mounted stop
- 1 each automatic door bottom
- 1 each weatherstrip
- 1 each door shoe with rain drop and door sweep
- 1 each door closer
- 1 each threshold

GROUP 3 (Doors 2 thru 9, 11 thru 12, 14, 17, and 30 thru 32)

- 1 1/2-pair butt hinges
- 1 each cylindrical lever lock
- 1 each door mounted door stop
- 2 each weatherstrip
- 2 each door closer
- 2 each smoke seal (door 31 only)

GROUP 4 (Doors 15 thru 16, and 29)

- 1 1/2-pair butt hinges
- 1 each lever operated cylindrical privacy set
- 1 each door mounted door stop
- 1 each wall bumper
- 1 each threshold

GROUP 5 (Door 13)

- 3-pair butt hinges
- 1 each lever operated cylindrical lockset
- 1 each flush bolt top and bottom
- 2 each weatherstrip
- 2 each door shoe with raindrop
- 2 each threshold

GROUP 6 (Doors 22 thru 24, and 34 thru 35)

- 3-pair butt hinges
- 1 each lever operated cylindrical latch set
- 1 each lever operated cylindrical lockset (doors 22 thru 24 only)
- 1 each flush bolt top and bottom
- 2 each weatherstrip
- 2 each door closer
- 2 each wall mounted stop

8.06 GLAZING

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.---

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing glazing in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Glazing shall consist of glass for windows, doors and other glazed openings.

All glass shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 1036 and the classifications specified herein and shall be clear glass except as noted.

Safety glass shall be furnished and installed at all locations designated in Consumer Product Safety Commission's Safety Standard For Architectural Glazing Materials 16 CFR 1201.

SUBMITTALS.—

A detailed list of glazing materials including glass, sheet, sealants, tapes, setting blocks, shims, compression seals, and glazing channels shall be submitted for approval. The list shall include a schedule of the materials to be used at each location.

LABELS.—

Each individual pane of heat strengthened or fully tempered glass shall bear an identification label in accordance with ASTM Designation: C 1048.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Sheet glass, float glass, or plate glass.--

Sheet glass, float glass, or plate glass shall be Type I, Class 1, Quality q4 or better, double strength for panes to 0.93 m², 5 mm thick for panes between 0.93 m² and 2.6 m², and 6 mm thick for panes over 2.6 m², except as otherwise shown on the plans.

Safety glass.--

Safety glass shall conform to Consumer Product Safety Commission Safety Standard For Architectural Glazing Materials: 16 CFR 1201, and ANSI Standard Z97.1 and shall be one of the following:

Tempered glass.--

Tempered glass shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 1048, Kind FT, Condition A, Type 1, Quality q4 or better.

Wire glass.--

Wire glass shall be Type II, Class 1, Form 1, Mesh m1; 6 mm thick clear polished wire glass with diamond mesh.

Insulating glass assemblies.--

Insulating glass assemblies shall be double pane units consisting of 2 pieces of glass separated by a spacer and hermetically sealed with double seal sealants. The entrapped air shall be at atmospheric pressure and maintained in a hydrated condition by a drying agent located in the spacer

Seals, caulks, putties, setting blocks, shims, tapes, compression seals, felt, spacers, and channels.--

Seals, caulks, putties, setting blocks, shims, tapes, compression seals, felt, spacers, and channels shall be top grade, commercial quality, as recommended by the glass or sheet manufacturer and shall conform to the requirements in the publications of the Flat Glass Marketing Association.

PART 3.- EXECUTION**INSTALLATION.—**

Glazing shall conform to the general conditions and applicable details in the publications of the Flat Glass Marketing Association.

Panes shall be bedded fully and evenly, set straight and square within panels in such a manner that the pane is entirely free of any contact with metal edges and surfaces.

For all panes on the exterior of the building, the glazing on both sides of window panes shall provide a watertight seal and watershed. Seals shall extend not more than 2 mm beyond the holding members. A void shall be left between the vertical edges of the panes and the glazing channel. Weep systems shall be provided to drain condensation to the outside.

Panes in assemblies using extruded gasket glazing shall be set in accordance with the assembly manufacturer's instructions using gaskets and stops supplied by the manufacturer.

Whenever welding or burning of metal is in progress within 4.6 m of glazing materials, a protective cover shall be provided over exposed surfaces.

REPLACEMENT AND CLEANING.—

All broken or cracked glass and glass with scratches which reduce the strength shall be replaced before completion of the project.

Panes shall be kept clean of cement and plaster products, cleansers, sealants, tapes and all other foreign material that may cause discoloration, etching, staining, or surface blemishes to the materials.

Excess sealant left on the surface of the glass or surrounding materials shall be removed during the work life of the sealant.

Solvents and cleaning compounds shall be chemically compatible with materials, coatings and glazing compounds to remain. Cleaners shall not have abrasives that scratch or mar the surfaces.

All panes shall be cleaned just before the final inspection. All stains and defects shall be removed. Paint, dirt, stains, labels (except etched labels), and surplus glazing compound shall be removed without scratching or marring the surface of the panes or metal work.

DIVISION 9. FINISHES**9.01 GYPSUM WALLBOARD**

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing, installing and finishing gypsum wallboard in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Where assembly fire ratings are indicated on the plans, construction shall provide the fire resistance in accordance with the applicable standards in the Fire Resistance Design Manual published by the Gypsum Association.

Wallboard backing for use in restroom and shower areas shall be water-resistant gypsum backing board.

PRODUCTS.--

Gypsum wallboard.--

Gypsum wallboard shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 36/C 36M.

Gypsum backing board.--

Gypsum backing board shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 442/C 442M.

Water-resistant gypsum backing board.--

Water-resistant gypsum backing board shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 630/C 630M.

Joint tape and joint and finishing compound.--

Joint tape and joint and finishing compound shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 475.

Corner beads, metal trim and control joints.--

Corner beads, metal trim and control joints shall be galvanized steel of standard manufacture.

Fasteners.--

Fasteners shall be gypsum wallboard nails conforming to ASTM Designation: C 514 or steel drill screws conforming to ASTM Designation: C 1002 or C 954.

EXECUTION.--

DELIVERY AND STORAGE.--Materials shall be delivered in original packages, containers or bundles bearing brand name, applicable standard of manufacture, and name of manufacturer or supplier and shall be kept dry and fully protected from weather and direct sunlight exposure. Gypsum wallboard shall be stacked flat with adequate support to prevent sagging or damage to edges, ends and surfaces.

INSTALLATION.--Wallboard panels to be installed on ceilings and soffits shall be installed with the long dimension of the panels perpendicular to the framing members. Wallboard panels to be installed on walls may be installed with the long dimension of the panels either parallel or perpendicular to the framing members. The direction of placing the panels shall be the same on any one wall or partition assembly.

Edges of wallboard panels shall be butted loosely together. All cut edges and ends shall be smoothed as needed for neat fitting joints.

All edges and ends of gypsum wallboard panels shall coincide with the framing members, except those edges and ends which are perpendicular to the framing members. End joints on ceiling and on the opposite sides of a partition assembly shall be staggered.

Except where closer spacings are shown on the plans, the spacing of fasteners shall not exceed the following:

Nails	175 mm
Screws	300 mm
Screws at perimeter of panels for fire resistive assemblies having metal framing	200 mm

Type S steel drill screws shall be used to fasten wallboard to metal framing. Nails or Type W steel drill screws shall be used to fasten wallboard to wood framing. Except as shown on the plans, screws shall not be used in fire resistive assemblies.

Adhesives shall not be used for securing wallboard to framing.

Gypsum wallboard panels shall be fastened to all framing members except at the following locations:

At internal angles formed by ceiling and walls; ceiling panels shall be installed first with the fasteners terminating at a row 175 mm from the walls, except for walls parallel to ceiling framing. Wall panels shall butt the ceiling panels. The top row of wall panel fasteners shall terminate 200 mm from the ceiling.

At internal vertical angles formed by the walls; fasteners shall not be installed along the edge or end of the panel that is installed first. Fasteners shall be installed only along the edge or end of the panel that butts and overlaps the panel installed first.

Fasteners shall be located at least 10 mm from wallboard panel edges and ends. Nails shall penetrate into wood framing at least 30 mm. Screws shall penetrate into wood framing at least 20 mm. All metal fasteners shall be driven slightly below surface level without breaking the paper or fracturing the core.

Metal trim shall be installed at all free edges of panels, at locations where wallboard panels abut dissimilar materials and at locations shown on the plans. Corner beads shall be installed at external corners. Control joints shall be installed at the locations shown on the plans.

Joints between face panels, the internal angles formed by ceiling and walls and the internal vertical angles formed by walls shall be filled and finished with joint tape and at least 3 coats of joint compound. Tape in the corners shall be folded to conform to the angle of the corner. Tape at joints and corners shall be embedded in joint compound.

Dimples at nail and screw heads, dents, and voids or surface irregularities shall be patched with joint compound. Each patch shall consist of at least 3 coats and each coat shall be applied in a different direction.

Flanges of corner beads, control joints and trim shall be finished with a least 3 coats of joint compound.

Each coat of joint compound shall be feathered out onto the panel surface and shall be dry and lightly sanded before applying the next coat. The finished surfaces of joint compound at the panel joints, internal angles, patches and at the flanges of trim, corner beads and control joints shall be flat and true to the plane of the surrounding surfaces and shall be lightly sanded.

Good lighting of the work area shall be provided during the final application and sanding of the joint compound.

Gypsum wallboard used as backing boards for tile or rigid sheet wall covering or wainscoting shall be water resistant. Joints in backing board shall not be taped or filled and dimples at the fastener heads shall not be patched. Edges of cuts and holes in backing board shall be sealed with a primer or sealer that is compatible with the wall covering or wainscoting adhesive to be used.

Surfaces of wallboard to be textured shall receive an orange peel texture, unless otherwise shown on the plans.

9.02 CERAMIC TILE

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing ceramic tile in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Ceramic tile shall include glazed wall tile, matte porcelain tile, trim tile, setting materials, grouts and such other materials as maybe required for a complete installation.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, a list of materials to be used, and installation instructions for all materials required for the work shall be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall be submitted for each type of tile, mortar bed materials, bond coat materials and additives, and grout materials and additives.

Materials list and installation instructions shall include all products and materials to be incorporated into the work.

Friction reports shall be submitted for tile products to be used on floors and other pedestrian surfaces.

Samples.--Samples shall include 2 individual samples of each type and color of tile and trim to be installed and shall be of the same size, shape, pattern and finish as the tile and trim to be installed.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Single source responsibility.--Each type and color of tile, grout and setting materials shall be obtained from a single source.

Master Grade Certificates.--Each shipment of tile to the project site shall be accompanied by a Master Grade Certificate issued by the tile manufacturer.

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of compliance shall be furnished for bond coat materials, setting bed materials and grout in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 4-1.04, "Certificates of Compliance," of the General Conditions.

DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING.--

Delivery.--Tile and packaged materials shall be delivered to the job site in sealed, unbroken, unopened containers with the labels intact. Tile containers shall bear the Standard Grade label.

Storage and handling.--Materials shall be stored and handled in such a manner as to prevent damage or contamination by water, freezing or foreign matter.

PROJECT CONDITIONS.--

Protection.--Tile work shall be protected and environmental conditions maintained during and after installation to comply with the reference standards and manufacturer's printed instructions.

Temperatures.--Unless otherwise specified in the manufacturer's installation instructions, the ambient temperature shall be maintained at not less than 10°C nor more than 38°C in tiled areas during installation and for 7 days after completion. Exterior work areas shall be shaded from direct sunlight during installation.

Tile shall not be installed when the temperature of the substrate is greater than 32°C or is frost covered.

Illumination.--Interior work areas shall be illuminated to provide the same level and angle of illumination as will be available during final inspection.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MANUFACTURERS.--

Available manufacturers.--Subject to compliance with the specifications, tile shall be American Olean Tile Co., Inc.; Summitville Tiles, Inc.; United States Ceramic Tile Co.; or equal.

GENERAL.--

Ceramic tile.--Ceramic tile shall conform to the requirements in ANSI Standard: A137.1, "American National Standard Specifications for Ceramic Tile" for types and grades of tile indicated.

Ceramic tile shall conform to the "Standard Grade" requirements.

Tile installation materials.--Tile installation materials shall conform to the requirements in ANSI standard referenced with products and materials indicated for setting and grouting.

Tile color and size.--Tile color shall be as shown on the plans; tile size shall be as indicated in the Schedule elsewhere in this special provision.

Slip resistant tile.--Slip resistant tile shall have sufficient abrasives added such that the static coefficient of friction, wet or dry, shall be not less than 0.6 for walking surfaces and 0.8 for ramps when tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: C 1028.

TILE PRODUCTS.--

Glazed wall tile.--

Glazed wall tile shall be machine made, dust pressed white body clay, and shall have a glossy glaze finish, plain face, and cushion edges. Tile shall be 8 mm nominal thickness.

Ceramic tile trim shall match material, size and finish of field tile. Free edges of tiled areas of walls shall have bullnose type trim. Outside corners shall have bullnose type runner trim (not beads). Reentrant corners shall have cove type trim.

Matte porcelain tile.--

Matte porcelain tile shall be machine made, unpolished, dust pressed natural porcelain clay and shall have a plain face. Tile shall have a nominal thickness of 8 mm. Matte porcelain tile shall be slip resistant.

Matte porcelain trim tile shall include cove type base at walls and single piece intersecting cove base at corners.

SETTING MATERIALS.--

Portland cement mortar installation materials.--

Materials for portland cement mortar installation shall conform to the requirements in ANSI Standard: A108.1 as required for installation method designated, unless otherwise indicated.

Membrane.--Membrane shall be asphalt impregnated felt conforming to ASTM Designation: D 226, Type I, or polyethylene film conforming to ASTM Designation: C 171, Type 1.1.2. Polyethylene film shall not be less than 0.1 mm thick.

Reinforcement.--Reinforcement shall be galvanized welded wire fabric with 50 mm x 50 mm - 1.6 mm x 1.6 mm conforming to ASTM Designations: A 82 and A 185 except for minimum wire size. Reinforcement shall be provided in flat sheets.

Metal lath.--Metal lath shall be self furring, galvanized, conforming to ASTM Designation: C 847, flat expanded type weighing not less than 1.4 kg/m². Factory assembled metal lath and paper backing may be used where reinforcement over paper is shown on the plans.

Tile bond coat.--

Tile bond coat shall be latex-portland cement bond coat.

Latex-portland cement mortar bond coat shall be a prepackaged mortar mix, conforming to ANSI Standard: A118.4, incorporating a dry acrylic resin, and to which only water is added at the job site. Mortar shall be suitable for exterior use and be labeled for the type of tile to be installed.

GROUTING MATERIALS.--

Tile grout.--

Tile grout shall be latex-portland cement grout.

Latex-portland cement grout shall be a prepackaged grout mix, conforming to ANSI Standard: A118.6, incorporating a dry acrylic resin, and to which only water is added at the jobsite. Grout shall be suitable for exterior use and labeled for the type of tile to be installed.

Grout pigment.--

Grout pigment shall be chemically inert, fade resistant mineral oxide or synthetic type. Color shall be as shown on the plans.

SEALANTS.--**Sealant.--**

Sealant for vertical expansion joints shall be a medium modulus silicone or polyurethane. Sealant for horizontal joints shall be a 2-part polyurethane type material with a Shore Hardness of 35 to 45.

Color of exposed sealants shall match color of grout in tile adjoining sealed joints.

MORTAR BEDS.--**Cement mortar bed.--**

Cement mortar bed for walls shall be proportioned of one part cement, 1/2 part hydrated lime, 6 parts damp sand by volume and only enough water to provide the necessary workability. Ingredients shall be dry mixed, water added, and materials blended to produce a stiff mix. Mortar bed shall be not less than 20 mm in thickness.

Cement mortar bed for floors shall be proportioned of one part cement, 1/10 parts hydrated lime, 5 parts damp sand by volume and only enough water added to provide the necessary workability. Ingredients shall be dry mixed, water added, and materials blended to produce a stiff mix. Mortar bed shall be not less than 32 mm in thickness.

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS.--**Sand.--**

Sand shall be a natural or manufactured sand conforming to ASTM Designation: C 144, except that no more than 10 percent shall pass the No. 150 μ m sieve.

Sealers.--

Sealer for grout shall be a penetrating proprietary compound designed for sealing grout. Silicone sealers shall not be used.

Cement.--

Cement shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 150, Type I.

Hydrated lime.--

Hydrated lime shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 206, Type S, or ASTM Designation: C 207, Type S.

Water.--

Water shall be clean and potable.

Metal edge strips.--

Metal edge strips shall be stainless steel terrazzo strips, 3 mm wide at top edge with integral provision for anchorage to mortar bed or substrate.

Cementitious tile backer board.--

Cementitious backer board shall be a backing and underlayment panel composed of a concrete core with glass mesh reinforcing on both faces and conforming to the requirements of ANSI Standard: A118.9.

MIXING MORTAR AND GROUT.--

Mixing.--Mortar and grout shall be mixed to comply with the requirements of referenced standards and manufacturers for accurately proportioning of materials, water or additive content, mixing equipment and mixer speeds, mixing containers, mixing time, and other procedures need to produce mortars and grout of uniform quality with optimum performance characteristics for application intended.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

PREPARATION.--

General.--Concrete, mortar, or masonry substrate surfaces which are to receive a mortar bed shall not vary more than 5 mm in 2.4 m from the required plane and shall be true, plumb at vertical surfaces, and square at intersection edges.

Surfaces to receive a mortar setting bed or a bond coat shall be cleaned adequately to assure a tight bond to the applied material. Such cleaning shall leave the surface thoroughly roughened and free from laitance, coatings, oil, sand, dust and loose particles.

The cleaned surfaces which are to receive a mortar bed shall be saturated with water just prior to placing mortar or the cleaned surfaces shall be coated with fresh neat cement slurry. If the surface is saturated with water, excess water shall be removed and the wetted surfaces uniformly dusted with portland cement. The slurry or wetted cement dust shall be broomed to completely coat the surface with a thin and uniform coating just prior to placing the mortar.

Substrates shall be inspected to insure that grounds, anchors, plugs, recessed frames, bucks, drains, electrical work, mechanical work, and similar items in or behind the tile have been installed before proceeding with installation of the tiles.

INSTALLATION.--

General.--Tile installation shall conform to applicable parts of ANSI 108 Series of the tile installation standards included under "American National Standard Specifications for the Installation of Ceramic Tile" and Tile Council of American, "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation."

All tile shall be installed on a bond coat over a setting bed. The setting bed shall be a cured cement mortar bed or a prepared, dimensionally stable substrate of concrete, masonry, cementitious backer board, or other cementitious material.

The back face of the tile shall be free of paper, adhesives, fiber mesh, resins, or other materials affecting the bond of the tile to the bedding material.

Tile sheets shall have permanent edge bonding or temporary mounting materials on the exposed face. Water soluble or absorbent adhesives shall not be used for edge bonding. Temporary mounting materials shall allow observation during tile setting operations.

Tile work shall extend into recesses and under or behind equipment and fixtures, to form a complete covering without interruptions, except as shown on the plans. Work shall be terminated neatly at obstructions, edges and corners without disrupting pattern or joint alignments.

Intersections and returns shall be accurately formed. Cutting and drilling of tile shall be performed without marring visible surfaces. Cut edges of tile abutting trim, finish or built-in items shall be carefully ground to produce straight aligned joints. Tile shall be closely fit to electrical outlets, piping, fixtures and other penetrations such that plates, collars, or covers overlap the tile.

Mortar bed placement.--The mortar bed, with or without reinforcement as shown on the plans, shall be placed, consolidated, and finished to the required thickness.

The surface of the mortar bed shall be true and pitched as shown on the plans, without high or low spots. The mortar bed surface shall not vary more than 3 mm in 2.4 m from a plane parallel to the finished tile surface when tile is installed on a cured mortar bed.

In no case shall the allowed tolerances result in offsets between adjoining tiles, low spots on finished tile surfaces than can pond water, or finished tile surfaces that are not plumb or not true.

Cement mortar beds to receive a tile bond coat shall be damp cured under cover for a minimum of 48 hours at a temperature of not less than 21°C.

Cementitious backer board.--Cementitious backer board shall be installed in accordance with the provisions of ANSI Standard: A118.11.

Tile bond coat.--The tile bond coat mortar shall be mixed according to the manufacturer's recommendations. The consistency of the mixture shall be such that ridges formed with the recommended notched trowel shall not flow or slump. Reworking will be allowed provided no water or materials are added. The setting bed surfaces shall be dampened before placing the bond coat as necessary tile installation, but the setting bed shall not be soaked.

The bond coat shall be floated onto the cured mortar bed surface with sufficient pressure to cover the surface evenly with no bare spots. The surface area to be covered with the bond coat shall be no greater than the area that can be tiled while the bond coat is still plastic. The bond coat shall be combed with a notched trowel as recommended by the manufacturer within 10 minutes before installing tile. Tile shall not be installed on a skinned over bond coat.

Installing tiles.--Tile shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and shall be set solid and shall be well bonded to the substrate.

Tile set on a tile bond coat shall be installed in accordance with ANSI Standard: A108.5.

If tiles are cut, the cuts shall be made with saws. Cut edges shall be rubbed with an abrasive stone to bring the edge of the glaze slightly back from the body of the tile. Cuts shall be accurately made to neatly fit the tile in place. Cut edges shall not be butted against other tile. Cut tile shall be at least half the size of a full size tile.

Tile shall completely cover wall areas behind mirrors and fixtures.

Tile shall be installed so that the finished tile surface does not vary more than 3 mm in 2.4 m from the finished tile surface shown on the plans. In no case shall there be offsets in adjoining tiles, low spots on finished tile surfaces that can pond water, or finished tile surfaces that are not plumb or true in the completed tile work.

Tiles shall be firmly pressed into the freshly notched bond coat. Tile on interior surfaces shall be tapped and beat into a true surface and to obtain at least 80 percent coverage by the mortar on the back of each tile. Tile on exterior surfaces shall have 100 percent coverage and shall be back-buttered immediately prior to setting the tile.

If tile is face mounted, the paper and glue shall be removed within one hour after tile is installed and all tiles that do not meet the requirements for joints and surface tolerance shall be adjusted or replaced.

Mortar that exudes into the grout spaces between tiles shall be removed to the bottom of tile.

Joints.--Joints between tile shall be continuous both vertically and horizontally. Joints shall be straight and of uniform and equal width. Where tiles on adjoining surface are the same size, the joints shall align, one with the other. Joint width shall be as recommended by the tile manufacturer.

Grouting tile.--Grout shall be mixed, applied and cured in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and ANSI Standard: A108.10 for cement grout.

Spacers, strings, ropes, pegs, glue, paper, and face mounting material shall be removed before grouting. Joints between glazed wall tile shall be wetted if they have become dry. Joints for epoxy mortar shall be dry.

Grouting shall not begin until at least 48 hours after installing tile.

A maximum amount of grout shall be forced into the joints between tiles in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. The grout shall be finished to the depth of the cushion for cushion edge tile and finished flush with the surface for square edge tile. All gaps and skips in the grout spaces shall be filled.

Mortar or mounting mesh shall not show through the grouted joints.

The finished grout shall have a uniform color and shall be smooth without voids, pinholes or low spots.

Expansion joints shall be kept free of grout or mortar.

Grout shall be protected from freezing or frost for a least 5 days after installation.

Expansion joints.--Expansion joints shall be installed at the perimeter of all tile floors and at all substrate control joints and changes in the substrate material. Exterior expansion joint spacing shall not exceed 5 m in any direction.

All expansion joints shall be made with sealant over backer rods. The thickness of sealant at the center of expansion joints shall not exceed the width of the joint. Joint edges shall be primed as recommended by the sealant manufacturer.

Edge strips.--Edge strips shall be installed at openings where the threshold has not been shown on the plans, but where tile floor abuts other flooring materials at the same level. Edge strips shall be installed centered under the closed door, or where there is no door, centered in the opening.

Sounding tile.--Tiled surfaces shall be sounded with a metal bar or chain for improperly bonded tile or setting bed. Tile or setting bed that emits a hollow sound shall be replaced.

Replacement.--Cracked, chipped, broken, or otherwise defective tiles shall be removed and replaced. All tiles which differ more than 2 mm in elevation from adjacent tile edges shall be removed and replaced.

Curing.--After the installation of tile and the grouting of joints, the tile and grout shall be cured by keeping the surface continuously damp for at least 72 hours after grouting. Curing materials shall not stain the tile or grouted joints. Curing methods shall not erode away the grout.

After grouting, horizontal tiled surfaces shall be closed to traffic, and all tiled surfaces shall be kept free from impact, vibration or shock, for at least 72 hours.

CLEANING AND PROTECTION.--

Cleaning tile surfaces.--All exposed tile surfaces shall be cleaned of all grout haze upon completion of grouting. Acids and chemicals used to clean tile shall conform to the tile manufacturer's recommendations. Cleaners shall not be harmful to materials on surfaces of abutting floors, walls, and ceilings. Tile work shall be rinsed thoroughly with clean water before and after using acid or chemical cleaners. After cleaning and rinsing, tile surfaces shall be polished using a soft cloth.

Tile work shall be cleaned and polished again immediately prior to completion of the contract. All dirt, grime, stains, paints, grease, and other discoloring agents or foreign materials shall be removed.

Protection.--After grouting, horizontal tiled surfaces shall be closed to traffic, and all tiled surfaces shall be kept free from impact, vibration or shock, for at least 72 hours after.

Tile surfaces damaged by construction operations shall be retiled.

SCHEDULES.--

Wall tile.--

Wall tile shall be nominal 203 mm x 203 mm glazed wall tile.

Installation on cementitious backer board, using a tile bond coat and grout, shall conform to the requirements of Method W 244, "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation."

Floor tile.--

Floor tile shall be nominal 102 mm x 102 mm matte porcelain tile installed on a mortar bed using a tile bond coat and grout and shall conform to the requirements of Method F 112, "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation."

9.03 RUBBER BASE

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing rubber base in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, installation instructions, color palette, and samples of rubber base shall be submitted for approval. Samples shall be not less than 50 mm in length.

PRODUCTS.--

Rubber base.--

Rubber base shall be manufacturer's best grade, rubber base, with premolded internal and external corner pieces. The height and color shall be as shown on the plans.

Adhesive.--

Adhesive shall be as recommended by base manufacturer.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Bases shall be firmly and totally attached to walls with adhesive and shall be accurately scribed to trim, molding and cabinets. All joints shall be tight fitting. Bases between premolded corners or other termini may be installed continuous or installed using one m minimum standard manufactured lengths. Filler pieces shall be not less than 0.5 m.

9.04 VINYL COMPOSITION TILE

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing vinyl composition tile in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Vinyl composition tile shall consist of vinyl composition tile, edger strips, floor wax and tile manufacturer's recommended primers and adhesives.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, installation instructions, color and pattern samples shall be submitted for approval. Samples of tile shall be 305 mm x 305 mm in size.

PRODUCTS.--**Vinyl composition tile.--**

Vinyl composition tile shall be semi-flexible, 2.38 mm minimum thick, 305 mm x 305 mm tile conforming to Federal Specification: SS-T-312, Type IV. Color and pattern shall be as shown on the plans.

Primer, leveling compound crack filler and adhesives.--

Primer, leveling compound crack filler and adhesives shall be waterproof types as recommended by the tile manufacturer.

Wax.--

Wax shall be water emulsion, self-polishing type containing not less than 16 percent wax solids, wetting agents, and a nonslip agent. The wax shall meet UL antislip standards.

Edger strips.-- Edger strips shall be commercial quality, stainless steel or aluminum.

EXECUTION.--

PREPARATION.--Before placing adhesives, all surfaces to receive vinyl composition tile shall be made free of localized depressions or bumps. Bumps shall be ground flat. Holes, depressions and cracks shall be filled with crack filler or leveling compound.

Immediately prior to application of the tile flooring, the surface to be covered shall be thoroughly dry, free of paint, oil, grease, mortar, plaster droppings, scaly surfaces or other irregularities and shall be broom clean. Primer, when recommended, shall be thoroughly brushed on the surface at the rate recommended by the adhesive manufacturer and shall be completely dry before the application of adhesives.

The rooms where tile is to be installed shall be maintained at a temperature of at least 21°C for not less than 72 hours before installation, during installation and for 5 days after installation.

APPLICATION.--Tile shall be laid to a true, straight, smooth and even finished surface in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Joints shall be tight fitting. Floor covering shall be placed before floor mounted fixtures are installed. After tile has been set, the finished surface shall be rolled and crossrolled with a roller weighing 50 kg or more.

Edger strips shall be installed at free edges.

Where tile patterns between rooms differ, the pattern break at openings shall occur at the centerline of the common wall.

Upon completion of the tile application, all stains, surplus adhesive, dirt and debris resulting from the work shall be removed and the floor left broom clean. Tile shall be protected from damage at all times during construction. As a last order of work, tile shall be washed with soap and warm water, rinsed, and then waxed in accordance with the tile manufacturer's printed instructions. Not less than 2 applications of wax shall be placed on the tile flooring.

9.05 PAINTING

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--This work shall consist of preparing surfaces to receive coatings, and furnishing and applying coatings, in accordance with the schedules and details shown on the plans, and these special provisions.

The coatings specified in this section are in addition to any factory finishes, shop priming, or surface treatment specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, a materials list, and color samples shall be submitted for approval.

Product descriptive data shall include product description, manufacturer's recommendations for product mixing, thinning, tinting, handling, site environmental requirements, product application and drying time.

Materials list shall include manufacturer's name, trade name, and product numbers for each type coating to be applied.

Color samples shall be manufacturer's color cards, approximately 50 mm x 75 mm, for each color of coating shown on the plans.

REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS.--Coatings and applications shall conform to the rules for control of volatile organic compound emissions adopted by the air quality control district in the air basin in which the coatings are applied.

SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS.--Coatings shall not be applied when the air temperature is below 10°C (20°C for varnishes) or when the relative humidity exceeds 75 percent.

The surface to be coated shall be maintained at a minimum temperature of 7°C for a period of 24 hours prior to, and 48 hours after the application of the coating. Heating facilities shall be provided when necessary.

Continuous ventilation shall be provided during application of the coatings.

A minimum lighting level of 865 lux, measured 1 m from the surface to be coated, shall be provided while surfaces are being prepared for coatings and during coating applications.

DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING.--Products shall be delivered to the site in sealed, labeled containers and stored in a well ventilated area at an ambient air temperature of not less than 7°C. Container labeling shall include manufacturer's name, type of coating, trade name, color designation, drying time, and instructions for tinting, mixing, and thinning.

MAINTENANCE STOCK.--Upon completion of coating work, a full 3.8 liter container of each type and color of finish coat and stain used shall be delivered to the location at the project site designated by the Engineer. Containers shall be tightly sealed and labeled with color, texture, and room locations where used, in addition to the manufacturer's standard product label.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

GENERAL.--The products shall be the best quality grade coatings of the specified types as regularly manufactured by nationally recognized paint and varnish manufacturers that have not less than 10 years experience in manufacturing paints and varnishes. Products that do not bear the manufacturer's identification as the best quality grade product shall not be used. Products for each coating system shall be by a single manufacturer and shall not contain lead type pigments.

Thinners, shellac, fillers, patching compounds, coloring tint, and other products required to achieve the specified finish shall be the manufacturer's best quality and shall be used as recommended.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSPECTION.--Surfaces to be coated at the jobsite shall be approved by the Engineer prior to the application of coatings. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 3 working days prior to the application of coatings.

SURFACE PREPARATION.--Surfaces scheduled to be coated shall be prepared in accordance with the following, except that the surfaces not specified herein shall be prepared as recommended by the coating manufacturer.

GENERAL.--Hardware, cover plates, light fixture trim, and similar items shall be removed prior to preparing surfaces for coating. Following the application of the finish coating, the removed items shall be reinstalled in their original locations.

WOOD.--Oil and grease shall be removed by solvent wash. Mildew shall be removed by mildew wash. Surfaces to be coated shall be cleaned of all dirt, excess material, or filler by hand cleaning. Smooth surfaced wood shall be sanded lightly.

A sealer composed of equal parts of shellac and alcohol shall be spot applied to knots, sap, pitch, tar, creosote, and other bleeding substances.

After the application of the prime coat, all nail holes, cracks, open joints, dents, scars, and surface irregularities shall be filled, hand cleaned, and spot primed to provide smooth surfaces for the application of finish coats.

GALVANIZED METAL.--Oils, grease, and fabrication lubricants shall be removed by solvent wash. Surfaces shall be cleaned of remaining surface treatments by hand cleaning. New surfaces shall be roughened by hand cleaning or light abrasive blasting.

Abraded or corroded areas shall be hand cleaned and spot coated with one coat of vinyl wash pretreatment. Abraded or corroded areas on new surfaces not scheduled to be painted shall be cleaned by solvent wash, hand cleaned, and given 2 spot applications of zinc rich paint.

STEEL AND OTHER FERROUS METALS.--Oils, grease, and fabrication lubricants shall be removed by solvent wash. Dirt, water soluble chemicals, and similar surface contamination shall be removed by detergent wash or steam cleaning. Mill scale and rust shall be removed by hand cleaning or abrasive blasting.

ALUMINUM AND OTHER NON-FERROUS METALS.--Oils, grease, and fabrication lubricants shall be removed by solvent wash. Dirt, water soluble chemicals, and similar surface contamination shall be removed by detergent wash.

GYPSUM BOARD.--Holes, cracks, and other surface imperfections shall be filled with joint compound or suitable filler prior to application of coatings. Taped joints and filled areas shall be hand sanded to remove excess joint compound and filler.

SHOP PRIMED SURFACES.--Dirt, oil, grease, or other surface contaminants shall be removed by water blasting, steam cleaning, or TSP wash. Minor surface imperfections shall be filled as required for new work. Mildew shall be removed by mildew wash. Chalking paint shall be removed by hand cleaning. The surfaces of existing hard or glossy coatings shall be abraded to dull the finish by hand cleaning or light abrasive blasting. Abrasive blasting shall not be used on wood or non-ferrous metal surfaces.

Chipped, peeling, blistered, or loose coatings shall be removed by hand cleaning, water blasting, or abrasive blasting. Bare areas shall be pretreated and primed as required for new work.

DEFINITIONS.--

DETERGENT WASH.--Removal of dirt and water soluble chemicals by scrubbing with a solution of detergent and water, and removal of all solution and residues with clean water.

HAND CLEANING.--Removal of dirt, loose rust, mill scale, excess base material, filler, aluminum oxide, chalking paint, peeling paint, or paint which is not firmly bonded to the surfaces by using hand or powered wire brushes, hand scraping tools, power grinders, or sandpaper and removal of all loose particles and dust prior to coating.

MILDEW WASH.--Removal of mildew by scrubbing with a solution of detergent, hypochlorite-type household bleach, and warm water, and removal of all solution and residues with clean water.

ABRASIVE BLASTING.--Removal of oil, grease, form release agents, paint, dirt, rust, mill scale, efflorescence, weak concrete, or laitance, by the use of airborne abrasives, and removal of loose particles, dust, and abrasives by blasting with clean air.

Abrasives shall be limited to clean dry sand, mineral grit, steel grit, or steel shot, and shall be graded to produce satisfactory results. Unwashed beach sand containing salt or silt shall not be used.

Abrasive blasting shall conform to the requirements of SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3, Commercial Blast Cleaning, as defined in the Steel Structures Painting Council Manual.

Light abrasive blasting shall conform to the requirements of SSPC-SP 7/NACE No. 4, Brush-Off Blast Cleaning, as defined in the Steel Structures Painting Council Manual.

SOLVENT WASH.--Removal of oil, grease, wax, dirt, or other foreign matter by using solvents, such as mineral spirits or xylol, or other approved cleaning compounds.

STEAM CLEANING.--Removal of oil, grease, dirt, rust, scale, or other foreign matter by using steam generated by commercial steam cleaning equipment, from a solution of water and steam cleaning compounds, and removal of all residues and cleaning compounds with clean water.

TSP WASH.--Removal of oil, grease, dirt, paint gloss, and other foreign matter by scrubbing with a solution of trisodium phosphate and warm water, and removal of all solution and residues with clean water.

WATER BLASTING.--High pressure, low volume water stream for removing dirt, light scale, chalking or peeling paint. Water blasting equipment shall produce not less than a 13 800 MPa minimum output pressure when used. Heated water shall not exceed 66°C. If a detergent solution is used, it shall be biodegradable and shall be removed from all surfaces with clean water.

PROTECTION.--The Contractor shall provide protective devices, such as tarps, screens or covers, as necessary to prevent damage to the work and to other property or persons from all cleaning and painting operations.

Paint or paint stains on surfaces not designated to be painted shall be removed by the Contractor at his expense and the original surface restored to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

APPLICATION.--

GENERAL.--Coatings shall be applied in accordance with the printed instructions and at the application rates recommended by the manufacturer to achieve the dry film thickness specified in these special provisions.

Mixing, thinning and tinting shall conform to the manufacturer's printed instructions. Thinning will be allowed only when recommended by the manufacturer.

Coatings shall be applied only when surfaces are dry and properly prepared.

Cleaning and painting shall be scheduled so that dust and other contaminants from the cleaning process will not fall on wet, newly coated surfaces.

Materials required to be coated shall have coatings applied to all exposed surfaces, including the tops and bottoms of metal doors, the insides of cabinets, and other surfaces not normally visible from eye level.

APPLICATION SURFACE FINISH.--Each coat shall be applied to a uniform finish. Finished surfaces shall be free of surface deviations and imperfections such as skips, cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, runs, sags, curtains, ropiness, improper cutting in, overspray, drips, ridges, waves, and variations in color and texture.

Each application of a multiple application finish system shall closely resemble the final color coat, except each application shall provide enough contrast in shade to distinguish the separate applications.

WORK REQUIRED BETWEEN APPLICATIONS.--Each application of material shall be cured in accordance with the coating manufacturer's recommendations before applying the succeeding coating. Enamels and clear finishes shall be lightly sanded, dusted, and wiped clean between applications.

Stain blocking primer shall be spot applied whenever stains bleed through the previous application of a coating.

TIMING OF APPLICATIONS.--The first application of the specified coating system shall be applied prior to any deterioration of the newly prepared surface. Metal surfaces shall be prepared and prime coated the same day that cleaning of bare metal is performed. Additional prime coats shall be applied as soon as drying time of the preceding coat permits.

Metal surfaces shall be prime coated within 12 hours of application of vinyl wash pretreatment.

Shellac sealer shall be allowed to dry at least 12 hours before applying the next coat.

Drying time between applications of water borne coatings shall be at least 12 hours.

APPLICATION METHODS.--Coatings shall be applied by brush, roller or spray. Rollers shall be of a type which do not leave a stippled texture in the paint film. Extension handles for rollers shall not be greater than 2 m in length.

If spray methods are used, surface deviations and imperfections such as, overspray, thickness deviations, lap marks, and orange peel shall be considered as evidence that the work is unsatisfactory and the Contractor shall apply the remainder of the coating by brush or roller, as approved by the Engineer.

DRY FILM THICKNESS.--

Vinyl wash pretreatment	0.007 mm to 0.13 mm, maximum.
Bituminous paint	0.1 mm, minimum.
Epoxy polyamide primer	0.1 mm, minimum.
Aliphatic polyurethane enamel	0.05 mm, minimum.
Other primers, undercoats, sealers, and coatings	As recommended by the manufacturer.

BACKPRIMING.--The first application of the specified coating system shall be applied to all wood surfaces (face, back, edges, and ends) of wood materials that are not factory coated, immediately upon delivery to the project site, except surfaces of interior finish woodwork that adjoin concrete or masonry shall be coated with one application of alkyd exterior wood primer before installation.

When clear type coatings are required on millwork, trim, or paneling, varnish, reduced 25 percent by mineral spirits, shall be used for coating the back faces.

All primed metal surfaces in contact with concrete or concrete block exterior walls shall be coated with a bituminous paint on those surfaces in contact with the wall.

FINISHING MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS.--Shop primed mechanical and electrical components shall be finish coated in accordance with the coating system entitled, "Shop Primed Steel." Louvers, grilles, covers, and access panels on mechanical and electrical components shall be removed and coated separately.

Interior surfaces of air ducts which are visible through grilles or louvers shall be coated with one application of flat black enamel, to limit of the sight line.

Exposed conduit, piping, and other mechanical and electrical components visible in public areas shall be painted.

Both sides and all surfaces, including edges and back of wood mounting panels for electrical and telephone equipment shall be finish coated before installing equipment.

CLEANING.--Upon completion of all operations, the coated surfaces shall be thoroughly cleaned of dust, dirt, grease, or other unsightly materials or substances.

Surfaces marred or damaged as a result of the Contractor's operations shall be repaired, at his expense, to match the condition of the surfaces prior to the beginning of the Contractor's operations.

COATING SYSTEMS.--The surfaces to be coated shall be as shown on the plans and as specified elsewhere in these special provisions. When a coating system is not shown or specified for a surface to be finish coated, the coating system to be used shall be as specified for the substrate material. The number of applications specified for each coating system listed herein is a minimum. Additional coats shall be applied if necessary to obtain a uniform color, texture, appearance, or required dry film thickness.

SYSTEM 1- ALUMINUM AND OTHER NON-FERROUS METALS.--

1 pretreat coat: vinyl wash pretreatment

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1 prime coat: aluminum primer
2 finish coats: acrylic, exterior enamel, semi-gloss

SYSTEM 2- GALVANIZED METAL.--

1 pretreat coat: vinyl wash pretreatment
1 prime coat: galvanized metal primer
2 finish coats: acrylic, exterior enamel, semi-gloss

SYSTEM 3- GYPSUM BOARD.--

1 prime coat: PVA wall sealer
2 finish coats: acrylic, interior enamel, semi-gloss

SYSTEM 4- SHOP PRIMED STEEL.--

1 prime coat : red oxide ferrous metal primer
2 finish coats: alkyd, exterior enamel, semi-gloss

SYSTEM 5- STEEL AND OTHER FERROUS METALS.--

2 prime coats: red oxide ferrous metal primer
2 finish coats: alkyd, exterior enamel, semi-gloss

SYSTEM 6- STEEL, ALIPHATIC POLYURETHANE.--

1 prime coat: epoxy polyamide primer
2 finish coats: aliphatic polyurethane enamel, gloss

SYSTEM 7- WOOD, PAINTED.--

1 prime coat: alkyd, exterior wood primer
2 finish coats: acrylic, exterior enamel, semi-gloss

COLOR SCHEDULE.--Colors shall be as shown on the plans.

9.06 FIBERGLASS REINFORCED PLASTIC PANELS

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) panels and trim molding in accordance with details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, installation instructions, and finish options shall be submitted for approval.

Product descriptive data shall show the manufacturer's name and shall indicate conformance to these special provisions.

Installation instructions shall show the FRP panel manufacturer's recommended method of installation.

Finish options shall show the manufacturer's standard color palette for FRP panels and trim molding. Color shall be selected from the manufacturer's standard color palette by the Engineer after the award of the contract.

PRODUCTS.--

FRP panel.--

FRP panel shall be Class I flame-spread, minimum nominal thickness of 2 mm; Marlite, Class A/I FRP; Kemlite, Fire-X Glasbord; or equal.

Trim molding.--

Trim molding shall be manufacturer's standard vinyl molding with nailing flanges and a 9 mm deep channel of sufficient width to receive panels and sealant.

Adhesive and sealant.--

Adhesive and sealant shall be as recommended by the FRP panel manufacturer.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--The FRP panels and trim molding shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.

Trim molding shall be nailed through the flange into solid wood backing. All nails shall be concealed by FRP panels in the completed installation. Trim shall be one continuous piece along each wall unless the wall length exceeds the manufacturer's standard trim length. If more than one piece is used on one wall, the pieces shall be approximately equal length, with no piece less than 1 m in length. All FRP panel edges shall be covered by a trim molding.

Panels shall be one continuous piece along each wall unless the wall length exceeds the manufacturer's standard panel length. If more than one panel piece is used on one wall, the pieces shall be approximately equal length, with no piece less than one meter in length.

CLEAN-UP.--Adjacent surfaces shall be protected from adhesive or sealant. Excess adhesive and sealant shall be removed as the installation progresses using a solvent or cleaning agent recommended by the FRP panel manufacturer.

DIVISION 10. SPECIALTIES

10.01 TACKBOARDS

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing tackboards in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, color and texture samples and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval. Color and texture will be selected by the Engineer after the award of the contract.

PRODUCTS.--

Tackboards.--

Tackboards shall be textured plastic coating on cotton-fabric, pressure laminated to 6 mm thick cork underlayment. Cork underlayment shall be bonded to a 6 mm thick hardboard backing. Tackboard dimensions shall be as shown on the plans.

Border moldings.--

Border moldings shall be factory applied, extruded clear anodized aluminum trim.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Tackboards shall be installed rigidly, securely, plumb and true, and in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

10.02 MARKER BOARDS

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a marker boards in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

One felt eraser and 12 felt tipped liquid chalk markers of assorted colors shall be furnished for each marker board installed.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

PRODUCTS.--

Marker board.--

Marker board shall conform to Porcelain Enamel Institute Standard PEI-S-104, and shall be porcelain enamel surface on 0.61 mm thick (24-gage) sheet steel pressure laminated to 6 mm thick tempered hardboard. Hardboard shall have a backing of 0.38 mm nominal thickness aluminum sheet. Enamel surface shall be suitable for marking with felt tipped liquid chalk markers and erasing with a felt eraser or dry cloth. The enamel surface shall be white in color.

Marker board dimensions shall be as shown on the plans.

Trim and marker tray.--

Trim and marker tray shall be factory installed, satin finish, clear anodized aluminum extrusions.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Marker boards shall be installed rigidly, securely, plumb and true in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

10.03 METAL TOILET PARTITIONS

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing metal toilet partitions in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Metal toilet partitions shall consist of panels, doors, pilasters, urinal screens, fasteners, anchorages and hardware. Internal reinforcement shall be provided at all fasteners, anchorages, hardware and accessories.

Doors, panels, pilasters, and urinal screens shall have a factory applied, baked on enamel finish consisting of not less than one prime coat over a chemically pretreated base followed by at least one baked on enamel finish coat.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, standard color palette, installation instructions and shop drawings shall be submitted for approval.

Colors will be selected from the manufacturer's standard color palette by the Engineer after the award of the contract.

Shop drawings shall show the plan layout, door and panel elevations and all details required for the complete installation and anchorage of the partition system.

PRODUCTS.--

Doors and panels.--

Doors and panels shall be flush, 25 mm minimum thickness, formed of two 0.86 mm (22-gage) minimum thickness, galvanized steel sheets over a honeycomb core. Doors and panels shall have formed edges sealed with a continuous oval crown locking strip, and shall be mitered, welded and finished at the corners.

Doors shall have controlled action hinges, with vertical pintle and ball bearing roller operating on adjustable cams, or moving parts of nylon and stainless steel. Top pivots shall be recessed into edges of doors.

Doors shall be provided with slide bar latch and a combination coat-hat hook and door stop, except as otherwise specified.

Doors on stalls designed for use by the disabled shall be provided with a grip and turn latch, combination coat-hat hook and door stop, and U-shaped door pulls immediately below the latch on the inside and outside of the door.

Pilasters.--

Pilasters shall be 32 mm thick, of the same construction as the doors and panels, except the galvanized face sheets shall be 1.0 mm (20-gage) minimum thickness, and shall have an adjustable, leveling base.

Urinal screens.--

Urinal screens shall be wedge type, wall-mounted, and of the same construction as the doors and panels, except face sheets shall be 1.0 mm (20-gage) minimum thickness. All fasteners shall be concealed.

Fasteners and anchorages.--

Fasteners and anchorages shall be stainless steel with vandal resistant heads.

Hardware.--

Hardware shall be highly polished chromium plated, cast alloy, or heavy duty anodized aluminum.

Pilasters anchors.--

Pilasters anchors shall be integral stud anchor type or internally threaded expansion sleeve type with single cone expander. Self-drilling type anchorage shall not be used.

Pilaster shoes.--

Pilaster shoes shall be one-piece, stainless steel, with concealed hold down clips, and of sufficient height to completely cover the base and anchors.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Metal toilet partitions shall be installed rigidly, securely, plumb, and true and in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Tops and bottoms of doors shall align with tops and bottoms of panels, and all horizontal lines shall be level.

Rigid backing shall be provided in walls to receive anchorages.

Panels shall be anchored with at least 3 brackets at each wall and pilaster. Two anchors shall be used to fasten each pilaster base to the floor.

Doors shall not bind during opening and closing. The clearance between the door edges and pilasters shall be uniform, equidistant, and shall not exceed 5 mm. Hinges shall be adjusted to hold doors ajar when unlatched. Doors on stalls designed for use by the disabled shall return to the closed position.

Drilling, cutting and fitting of wall and floor finishes shall be concealed by the completed installation.

CLEAN-UP.--Toilet partitions shall be cleaned, polished and free of all defects. Chipped, dented, scratched, or otherwise damaged work shall be replaced at the Contractor's expense.

10.04 LOUVERS

GENERAL.--This work consists of furnishing and installing louvers in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

PRODUCTS.--

Louvers.--

Louvers shall be factory fabricated units of extruded aluminum alloy not less than 2 mm thick (12-gage) or galvanized steel sheet not less than 1.63 mm thick (16-gage) with standard "Z" type blades, and removable bronze 16 x 16 mesh insect screens mounted on the inside of the units.

Louvers shall have integral caulking strips and retaining beads.

The finish on louvers shall be baked on primer and fluorocarbon polymeric resin.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Louvers shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. The completed louver installation shall be weather tight.

10.05 SIGNS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing signs in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data for sign materials, colors and graphics, and for fastening hardware and material shall be submitted for approval.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Plastic signs (permanent room identification).--

Plastic signs for permanent room identification for other than restrooms shall be scratch resistant, non-static, fire retardent, washable melamine laminate with a non-glare surface, not less than 3 mm thick. Letters and numbers shall be upper case Helvetica, 25 mm in height, 0.80 mm above and integral with sign material, accompanied by Grade 2 Braille.

Grade 2 Braille dots shall be 2.5 mm on centers in each cell with 5 mm space between cells. Dots shall be raised a minimum of 0.6 mm above the background.

Plastic sign (restroom).--

Plastic sign for restroom shall be not less than 6 mm acrylic plastic. Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090. Male/female symbol and lettering shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 17886.

Male restroom identification shall be a male symbol on an equilateral triangle with edges 305 mm long and a vertex pointing upward.

Female restroom identification shall be a female symbol on a 305 mm diameter circle.

Unisex restroom identification shall be a male and female symbol on a 305 mm equilateral triangle superimposed on a 305 mm diameter circle.

Accessible building entrance sign.--

Accessible building entrance sign shall be not less than 3 mm acrylic plastic, not less than 102 mm x 102 mm , with the international symbol of accessibility.

Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090. Symbol and border shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 17886.

Fastening hardware and material.--

Fastening hardware and material shall be as recommended by the sign manufacturer. Fasteners shall be noncorrosive.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Inscription.--Sign messages shall be as shown on the plans.

Installation.--Plastic signs for room identification and restrooms shall be fastened or secured to clean, finished surfaces in accordance with the sign manufacturer's instructions. Signs shall be installed at a location and height as shown on the plans.

Fastening hardware and material shall be installed within the sign as shown on the plans.

10.06 WARDROBE LOCKERS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing wardrobe lockers in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, installation instructions, and standard color palette shall be submitted for approval.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the color will be selected by the Engineer from the standard color palette after the award of the contract.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS.--

Available manufacturers.--Subject to conformance with the contract provisions, metal lockers shall be Art Metal Products; Lyon Metal Products; Republic Storage Systems; or equal.

Lockers.--

Lockers shall be standard, factory fabricated steel units. Framing shall be 1.52 mm thick (16-gage) and face sheets shall be 0.61 mm (24-gage), except door face sheets shall be 1.5 mm (16-gage).

Lockers shall be equipped with the following: hat shelf located approximately 255 mm below the top of the wardrobe locker, side to side coat rod, coat hook, louver vents at top and bottom of door, nonbreakable grip and turn handle, provisions for a padlock, lockbar with 3-point latching contact with door frame and 1 1/2 pair full looped leaf hinges.

The approximate dimensions of the wardrobe lockers shall be 380 mm wide, 457 mm deep and 1829 mm high.

Closed base.--

Closed base shall be the manufacturer's standard continuous 152 mm base, fabricated of the same material and designed for use with the lockers provided. Bottoms shall be flanged inward for stiffening. Bases shall have the same finish as the locker units.

Top.--

Top shall be the manufacturer's standard continuous sloping top with end closure as needed, fabricated of the same material and designed for use with the lockers provided. Tops shall have the same finish as the locker units.

FABRICATION.--

Shop assembly.--Lockers shall be fabricated square, rigid, and without warp, with metal faces flat and free of dents or distortion.

Frame joints and seams shall be welded. Exposed welds shall be ground smooth. Hinge and latch connections shall be welded or riveted.

Bolts shall be used for assembly and mounting lockers components. Bolt or rivet heads on fronts of locker doors or frame shall not be exposed.

Factory finish.--Lockers shall be chemically pretreated with degreasing and phosphatizing process. Wardrobe lockers shall have a baked enamel finish on all surfaces, exposed and concealed.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Installation.--Lockers shall be mounted on closed bases at locations shown in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions for plumb, level, rigid, and flush installation.

Wardrobe lockers shall be bolted together at tops and bottoms. The backs of the end lockers shall be bolted to wall anchors with 6 mm bolts installed near the tops of the wardrobe lockers as recommended by the locker manufacturer.

Trim, sloping tops, and metal filler panels, if required, shall be installed using concealed fasteners to provide flush, hairline joints against adjacent surfaces.

The number of lockers shall be as shown on the plans.

10.07 OPERABLE PANEL PARTITIONS

GENERAL.—

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing operable panel partitions in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Submittals.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, a materials list, shop drawings, and finish options shall be submitted for approval.

Descriptive data shall show the manufacturer's name and the sound transmission class (STC) rating and shall indicate conformance to these special provisions for the partition and suspension system construction.

Material list shall indicate all items proposed to be furnished and installed under this section of these special provisions.

Shop drawings shall show location and extent of the operable panel partitions and shall include plans, elevations, sections, details of track, trolleys and hardware, attachments to other construction, accessories and other details not mentioned which are required for the complete installation and anchorage of the partition wall.

Finish options shall show the manufacturer's standard color palette and finish information. Color shall be as shown on the plans.

PRODUCTS.--

Acceptable products and manufacturers.—

Subject to compliance with these specifications, operable panel partitions shall be Modernfold, Inc., Acousti-Seal 932 with # 17 Suspension System; Panelfold, Inc., Moduflex 620; or equal.

Operable panel partitions.--

Operable panel partitions shall be manually operated, paired panels consisting of gypsum board (ASTM Designation C 36/C 36M) bonded to steel or aluminum panel frame. Panels shall have trimless vertical edges and shall be hinged together with manufacturer's standard butt-type hinges. Panels shall be expandable closure panels.

Panel weight shall be 54 kg/m² maximum and panel thickness shall be not less than 83 mm.

Panel finish shall be class "A" rated vinyl-coated fabric covering, Type I weighing not less than 465 g/linear m.

The installed partition shall have a sound transmission class rating of STC 50.

Seals.--

Vertical seals shall be deep nesting, interlocking steel astragals mounted on each edge of panel, with continuous PVC acoustical seal.

Horizontal top seals shall be continuous-contact, extruded PVC seal exerting uniform constant pressure on track when extended.

Horizontal bottom seals shall be PVC-faced, mechanical, retractable, constant-force-contact seal exerting uniform constant pressure on floor when extended, ensuring horizontal and vertical sealing and resisting panel movement. Seals shall be 25 mm or 38 mm clearance-type automatically operated by movement of partition.

Suspension System.--

Track and trolley assemblies shall be operable panel partition manufacturer's standard overhead metal track and trolley assemblies for the type, size and weight of the partition indicated.

Track shall be steel or aluminum with adjustable steel hanger rods for overhead support. Track shall be sized to support partition operation and storage without damage to the suspension system, operable panel partitions or adjacent construction. Exposed track soffit shall be steel or aluminum, integral to the track and prime painted.

Trolley assemblies shall be trolley with steel ball-bearing wheels.

Hardware and accessories.--

Hardware and accessories shall be partition manufacturer's standard as required to operate operable panel partition. Hardware shall have a decorative, protective finish.

EXECUTION.--

Installation.--The operable panel partition wall shall be installed securely, plumb, and true in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and the approved shop drawings. The installed partition shall be clean and free of damage and shall operate quietly, smoothly and stack neatly and compactly. The dimensions and conditions of the opening shall be verified prior to installation to ensure proper installation and fit of the operable panel partition wall assembly.

10.08 FIRE EXTINGUISHERS AND CABINETS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing fire extinguishers with cabinets or mounting brackets in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

REFERENCES.--

General.--Fire Extinguishers shall conform to the requirements in California Code of Regulations, Title 19 Division 1, Chapter 3, "Portable Fire Extinguishers."

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Fire extinguishers shall be Underwriters Laboratories or Factory Mutual Laboratories approved for the type, rating and classification of extinguisher specified.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MANUFACTURER'S.--

Acceptable manufacturers,--Subject to contract compliance, manufacturers shall be J. L. Industries; Larsen's Manufacturing; Potter-Roemer; or equal.

COMPONENTS.--

Fire extinguisher.--

Fire extinguisher shall be fully charged, multi-purpose dry chemical type, with charge indicator, hose and nozzle, and attached service record tag. Fire extinguisher shall be of the capacity and type rating shown on the plans.

Mounting bracket.--

Mounting bracket shall be the manufacturer's standard painted, surface mounted type.

Fire extinguisher cabinet.--

Fire extinguisher cabinet shall be factory fabricated, constructed of steel with a clear plastic panel in a steel door frame, and shall have a baked enamel finish. Color to be selected by the Engineer from the manufacturer's standard colors.

Fire extinguisher cabinet shall be surface mounted, semi-recessed as shown on the plans.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

General.--Fire extinguishers shall be installed in locations and at mounting heights shown on the plans, or if not shown, at a height of 1220 mm from the finished floor to the top of the fire extinguisher.

Fire extinguisher cabinets shall be attached to structure, square and plumb, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

IDENTIFICATION.--

Cabinet-mounted.--Extinguishers in cabinets shall be identified with letter spelling "FIRE EXTINGUISHER" applied to the cabinet door. Letter size, styles, and color shall be selected by the Engineer from manufacturer's standard arrangements.

SERVICING.--

General.--Fire extinguishers shall be serviced, charged, and tagged not more than 5 days prior to contract acceptance.

10.09 FREE STANDING STEEL SHELVING

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing free standing steel shelving in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, installation instructions and standard color palette shall be submitted for approval. The color will be selected by the Engineer after the award of the contract.

PRODUCTS.--

Shelving.--

Shelving shall be factory fabricated steel shelves and supports capable of supporting loads of 1200 Pa of shelf area. Shelves shall not deflect more than 8 mm when subjected to the loads specified herein and shall show no permanent deflection after removal of such loads. Shelves shall be supported and attached by means of clips. Studs or bolts shall not be used. Shelves shall be adjustable in vertical increments of 75 mm or less. Shelving shall be of the approximate dimensions and number shown on the plans and shall have a baked enamel finish.

EXECUTION.--Free standing steel shelving shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

10.10 TOILET AND SHOWER ACCESSORIES

PART 1.- GENERAL

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing toilet and shower accessories in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions and details shall be submitted for approval.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Toilet tissue dispenser.--

Toilet tissue dispenser shall be dual roll, surface mounted, stainless steel with satin finish, approximately 150 mm x 290 mm x 150 mm deep. Dispenser shall utilize standard toilet tissue rolls. The top roll shall automatically drop into place after the bottom roll is depleted. One dispenser per toilet stall.

Combination paper towel dispenser and waste receptacle.--

Combination paper towel dispenser and waste receptacle shall be semi-recessed unit of stainless steel with satin finish. The approximate size shall be 355 mm x 1880 mm x 190 mm deep with 102 mm skirt. The paper towel dispenser shall have a capacity of 1000 single fold paper towels. The waste receptacle shall have a capacity of not less than 37 liters. One unit per lavatory.

Toilet seat cover dispenser.--

Toilet seat cover dispenser shall be white plastic dispenser, approximately 210 mm x 320 mm x 48 mm deep, single pack. One dispenser per toilet stall.

Napkin receptacle.--

Napkin receptacle shall be wall hung, white enameled sheet steel napkin receptacle with hinged top and bottom, disposable liner, approximate 3.8 liter capacity container. One receptacle per women's toilet stall.

Waste receptacle.--

Waste receptacle shall be white enameled sheet steel waste receptacle, 45 liter minimum capacity. One receptacle per toilet room.

Clothes hook.--

Clothes hook shall be stainless steel clothes hook with 2 prongs.

Clothes rods.--

Clothes rods shall be stainless steel rods and escutcheon covered integral mounting flanges.

Paper towel dispenser.--

Paper towel dispenser shall be white enameled sheet steel towel dispenser with a capacity of 1000 single fold paper towels. One dispenser per lavatory.

Liquid soap dispenser.--

Liquid soap dispenser shall be surface mounted, heavy duty plastic dispenser for industrial use with a capacity of at least 710 mL. One dispenser per lavatory.

Mirror, wall hung with shelf.--

Mirror, wall hung shall be Number 1 quality, 6 mm thick, electrolytically copper plated float or plate glass mirror with nonmoisture-absorbing filler. Mirror shall have a heavy gage galvanized steel back and stainless steel frame with integral 127 mm wide stainless steel shelf. The frame shall have a satin finish and shall be mitered and welded and the corners shall be ground smooth. Fasteners shall not penetrate surfaces of the frame exposed to view. Mirror shall conform to Federal Specification: DD-M-411b and shall be guaranteed against silver spoilage for not less than 10 years.

Steel grab bars.--

Steel grab bars shall be stainless steel, 38 mm diameter bars and escutcheon covered integral mounting flanges.

Privacy curtain.--

Privacy curtain shall be flame resistant, one-way draw, nylon reinforced, anti-bacterial vinyl fabric. Curtain shall be 1.8 meters long.

Privacy curtain rod shall be stainless steel, fixed mounted shower rod with stainless steel mounting plates.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Installation.--Toilet and shower accessories shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Fasteners for mounting accessories shall be concealed and tamper proof.

Expansion anchors shall be used for mounting accessories on masonry or concrete walls.

Toilet and shower accessories shall be mounted after painting work is complete.

All toilet room accessories shall be mounted plumb, secure and rigid. Grab bars shall be supported adequately so the bars will withstand an applied load of 113 kg at any point.

Support assembly for folding seat shall bear solidly on the wall without rocking and shall be fastened rigidly and securely to the wall in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

10.11 MOP HOLDER

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a mop holder in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data shall be submitted for approval.

PRODUCTS.--**Mop holder.--**

Mop holder shall hold 3 mops and shall be fabricated of heavy gauge stainless steel with a polished satin finish. Mop holder consists of spring loaded rubber cams on plated steel retainers. Mop holder shall be Bradley, Model 9953; Bobrick, Model B-223x24; Gamco, Model MS1; or equal.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Mop holder shall be installed rigidly and securely.

DIVISION 11. EQUIPMENT

11.01 LUBRICATION AND COMPRESSED AIR SYSTEMS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing lubrication and compressed air systems in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

The portable lubrication system shall include drum trucks and dolly and pneumatic pumps for dispensing chassis lubricant, motor oil, automatic transmission fluid, gear lubricant and hydraulic fluid.

The compressed air system shall include a compressor, air-cooled aftercooler, regulators, air reel, gauges and compressed air piping.

Pipes and fittings shall be in accordance with the requirements specified under "Pipes, Fittings, and Valves," in Division 15, "Mechanical," of these special provisions.

Permits to operate.--Attention is directed to the latest Division of Industrial Safety (DIS) regulations regarding tank mounted air compressors.

The Contractor shall provide all permits to operate pressure vessels in accordance with the requirements of the DIS and shall pay all costs for such permits. Such permits shall be posted under glass at the work site.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data shall be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall include a complete description, performance data and installation instructions for the materials and equipment specified herein.

Performance data shall include the product delivery rate and discharge pressure for each type of pump assembly.

CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS.--

Operation and maintenance manuals.--Prior to the completion of the contract, 3 identified copies of the operation and maintenance instructions with parts lists for the equipment specified herein shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite. The instructions and parts lists shall be in a bound manual form and shall be complete and adequate for the equipment installed. Inadequate or incomplete material shall be returned. The Contractor shall resubmit adequate and complete manuals at no expense to the State.

WARRANTY.--

Warranties and guarantees.--Manufacturer's warranties and guarantees for materials or equipment used in the work shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite prior to acceptance of the contract.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

PUMP ASSEMBLIES.--

Air hose reel.--

The air hose reel shall have a 10-meter minimum length of 6.35 mm inside diameter hose and outlet control valve. The delivery hose shall be rated for 1720 kPa working pressure. The air hose reel assembly shall be Croft, OT-35; Coxreels, SH 135; or equal.

Pneumatic lubrication assemblies.--

The pneumatic lubrication assemblies shall consist of an air-powered pump, lubricant filter, delivery hose, control valve and drum trucks. Pneumatic lubrication assemblies shall be provided for chassis lubricant, motor oil, automatic transmission fluid (ATF), hydraulic fluid and gear oil. Components shall be as follows:

Air powered pump for chassis lube shall be suitable for operation on mobile/portable 55 kg drums and shall be complete with drum cover and follower. Chassis lube pump shall have a minimum pressure ratio of 45:1 and a maximum pressure ratio of 50:1.

Air powered pump for motor oil, gear oil, hydraulic fluid and ATF shall be suitable for operation on mobile/portable 181 kg drums and shall be complete with drum cover. The pump shall have a 75 mm minimum body diameter with a minimum pressure ratio of 4:1 and a maximum pressure ratio of 5:1.

Delivery hose for each lubrication assembly shall be 3 m length with end coupling for connection to the pump and swivel adapter for connection to the control valve. Chassis lube delivery hose shall be 6.35 mm inside diameter and rated for 34 000 kPa working pressure. Motor oil, gear oil, hydraulic fluid and ATF delivery hose shall be 12.5 mm inside diameter and rated for 5 000 kPa working pressure. A 10 m long 6.35 mm inside diameter, 1 720 kPa rated, air extension hoses fitted to connect to the pumps shall be included as part of each lubrication assembly.

Control valve for chassis lube shall be a high-pressure control handle valve complete with nozzle and adapters. Control valve for motor oil shall be an automatic pre-set 15-liter metering valve with a totalizer and a non-drip nozzle extension. Control valves for the gear oil, hydraulic fluid and ATF shall be a 3-liter metering control valve with a totalizer and a non-drip nozzle.

Chassis lubrication assembly shall include a 55 kg platform type drum dolly. Drum dolly shall have 4 swivel casters and an enamel finish. Motor oil, gear oil, hydraulic fluid and ATF assemblies shall include a 181 kg rated drum truck. Drum trucks shall be three wheeled and have a tow handle.

MISCELLANEOUS COMPONENTS.--

Air compressor.--

Air compressor shall be 2-stage, 1210 kPa design, 860 kPa output, mounted on an ASME code horizontal type receiver. The air compressor shall be complete with unloader, V-belt drive, belt guard, oil and air pressure gauges, automatic pressure controller, outlet valve, ASME relief valve, air intake filter, ball valve drain and an automatic tank drain operated by either the compressor unloader or a governor. Motor shall be high efficiency type, open dripproof with class B insulation. Air compressor shall be Champion, Ingersol Rand, Kellogg, or equal.

Pressure regulator.--

Pressure regulator shall be combination type with filter, bowl, pressure regulator and pressure gauge.

The filter bowl shall be the quick disconnect type, plastic with metal guard, manual drain, and 5 micron filter.

Pressure regulator shall be diaphragm controlled, balanced valve type, rated for 0 to 1100 kPa operation and shall be equipped with pressure gage, bottom clean-out plugs and internal strainers. Regulator shall be Wilkerson, Lincoln, Wabco, or equal.

Flexible coupling.--

Flexible coupling shall be brass flexible metal hose with threaded union ends and a minimum working pressure of 1380 kPa.

Pressure gage.--

Pressure gage shall be rotary type ANSI Standard: B40.1, Grade A, with 90 mm dial, liquid filled with cover, plain case, reset screw and bottom inlet. Pressure gage movement shall be phosphor bronze bushed. Gage shall read from 0 kPa to 1400 kPa. Each gage shall be equipped with a gage cock. Pressure gage shall be Marsh, Ashcroft, US Gage, or equal.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

General.--Pipelines shall be cleaned and flushed immediately prior to connecting the control valves.

Air compressor shall be installed with drain piping, vibration isolation pads and expansion anchors.

Unions shall be installed before and after the pressure regulator/ball valve assembly.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--

Testing.--All tests, including general performance tests to demonstrate the proper operation of the lubrication systems and the air compressor, shall be performed by the Contractor in the presence of the Engineer.

The air compressor system shall be tested for the operational range, the cut-off pressure and the operation of air drops and system components.

The lubrication system, including piping and hoses, shall be tested for leaks and the rates of delivery specified herein. The lubrication connections shall show no visible signs of leaks when the system is filled with the specified lubricant and tested at 860 kPa lubricant pump inlet air pressure.

The Contractor shall demonstrate that the completed lubrication system will deliver the given product at the flowrate and discharge pressure specified by the pump assembly manufacturer. If no specification is given the lubricants shall be delivered at the following rates at 860 kPa lubricant pump inlet air pressure:

Lubricant Material	Delivery Rate
Chassis lubricant NLGI No. 2 grease	0.7 liters per minute
Motor oil (10W/40)	7 liters per minute
Gear oil (85W/140)	6 liters per minute
ATF (SAE 10)	8 liters per minute
Hydraulic fluid	6 liters per minute

The required delivery rate values may be adjusted, as determined by the Engineer, when testing for delivery rates with different materials or at temperatures other than 21°C.

The drums and lubricating material for testing the lubrication system will be State-furnished as provided under "State-Furnished Materials" in Division 1, "General Requirements," of these special provisions.

11.02 SEWAGE LIFT STATION EQUIPMENT

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--The work shall consist of furnishing and installing factory packaged duplex sewage lift station equipment in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Earthwork, foundations, electrical, and all other work incidental and necessary for the proper installation and operation of the work shall conform to the requirements for similar type work elsewhere in these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.—

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data for all equipment, including installation instructions and performance data shall be submitted for approval.**Shop drawings.--**Shop drawings shall be submitted for approval.

Shop drawings shall include all controls and power conductors identified with wire numbers well as schematic and wiring diagram. The drawings shall indicate all principle items of the packaged sewage pump system and alignments required for proper installation.

CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS.--

Operation and maintenance manuals.--Before completion of project, 3 bound identified copies of operation maintenance instructions and parts lists for equipment furnished shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite. Manuals that are inadequate or incomplete will be returned and the Contractor shall resubmit adequate and complete manuals.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished for sewage pumps in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 4-1.04, "Certificates of Compliance," of the General Conditions.

WARRANTY.--

Warranties and Guarantees.--Manufacturer's warranties and guarantees furnished for materials or equipment used in the work shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite prior to acceptance of the contract.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MANUFACTURED UNITS.—

Sewage Lift Station.—Sewage lift station shall be factory packaged duplex type with 2 grinder pumps, sump basin with cover, guardrail system, check valves, force sewer main shutoff valves, and float switches. A control panel with high water appurtenances shall be integral to the system. Manufacture shall be Myers; Barnes; or equal.

Sequence of Operation.--Four float switch shall control the sequence of operation. The four floats are indicated on the plans as FS1, FS2, FS3 and FS4. The lowest float switch, FS1, is "PUMPS OFF" float switch.. The float switch, FS2, is the "LEAD PUMP ON" switch. The float switch, FS3, is the "LAG PUMP ON" float switch and it shall start pump when sewage level rises to 9448 mm. The highest float switch, FS4, is set to indicate a "HIGH SEWAGE LEVEL ALARM" and shall energize a red light indication on top of the control panel. The float switches shall be set to activate at the levels shown on the plans. The float switches can be either pipe mounted or suspended types.

Basin.--

The basin shall be a molded fiberglass reinforced polyester resin tank with a 5 mm nominal wall thickness. The basin size shall be 915 mm by 2743 mm. The basin cover shall be constructed of 6mm aluminum diamond plate with angle stiffeners and frame. The cover shall provide 500 kgs/sq meter rating. Inlet and outlet hubs connections shall be sized and located as shown on the plans. Basin shall be inspected for damage prior to installation by the Engineer.

Grinder pump.--

Grinder pump shall be a guide rail mounted, submersible type sewage pump, centrifugal type with multiple vane semi open type impeller, capable of handling raw, unscreened sewage. The grinder shall be capable of shearing and reducing to a fine slurry all material normally found in domestic and commercial sewage such as wash rags, paper, wood, plastic, glass, and rubber. The design shall be such that the pump unit shall be automatically and firmly connected to the discharge elbow when lowered into place by its mating connection. The pump shall be easily removable for inspection and service, without requiring bolts or other fasteners to be disconnected or removed. The pump, including appurtenances and cables, shall be capable of continuous submergence under water without loss of integrity.

Pump casing, bracket, and volute shall be gray cast iron construction.

The grinder pump motor shall be protected from contamination, by the liquid being pumped, by a tandem, double-mechanical seal running in an oil reservoir. The seal shall be either tungsten carbide or carbon and ceramic. The oil reservoir of the pump shall be equipped with a seal failure alarm system as required by the manufacturer.

Grinder pump and motor assembly shall be UL listed and suitable for class 1, division 1 area operation. A duplicate motor nameplate shall be provided and mounted inside the control panel. The pump motor shall be portable Type-SO cable, or cords for pump power and overload connection, cords shall have sufficient length to reach from the pump control panel without splicing. Cable shall be sealed into the motor by the pump manufacturer.

Float Switch.--

Float switch shall be 120 volt, 2_ ampere, AC, single pole, double throw mercury switch in inert synthetic casing. Switch shall be leakproof, shockproof, and corrosion resistant. Cable shall be 3 conductors, No. 18 AWG with polyvinyl chloride (PVC) jacket. Switch shall be installed as shown on the plans. The difference between the switch activation and deactivation elevation shall not be greater than 50 mm.

Control Panel.--

The control panel shall be rated NEMA 4X enclosure. The control panel enclosure shall be stainless steel with an exterior continuous hinged door and containing both a fixed interior electrical mounting panel and hinged interior deadfront panel. The enclosure shall be fitted with a closed cell neoprene gasketed cover. The cover shall be lockable by stainless steel latches and padlock hasps. Control panel shall have a vapor-tight fixture with a compact fluorescent lamp on top of control panel. The enclosure shall be provided with external mounting feet on the top and bottom of the enclosure. Control panel shall be mounted as shown on the plans.

The panel shall include sewage pump main breaker, pump disconnect. Breaker shall be molded case thermal magnetic circuit breaker, the interrupting capacity of the breaker shall be 25,000 amperes (symmetrical) at 240 volts. The panel shall also include alarm circuits, control circuit, NEMA rated motor starter with thermal overload relay, overload relay shall be re-settable by the externally operable push button on the hinged deadfront panel and pump on and off auto switch.

Deadfront panel shall have hi-intensity LED pump run light, hi-intensity LED pump seal leak light, alarm light test switch, and elapsed hour time meter. The control panel shall include intrinsically safe relays for each float switch, terminal blocks, and all necessary wiring and brackets. The control panel shall be wired to the seal leak detector in each

pump and include a moisture sensor test circuit. The control wiring shall be 7 stranded No. 14-MTW except for hinge wiring, which shall be 19 strand No. 14 MTW. The use of grey colored wires for ungrounded conductors is prohibited. Wires shall be neatly trained and bundled and wiring troughs shall be provided in the enclosure as necessary. Wiring shall be arranged so that any piece of apparatus may be removed without disconnecting any wiring except the leads to that piece of apparatus. All wires shall be identified with heat shrink tubing wire numbers. A wiring diagram encased in two heat-fused laminated plastic sheets shall be provided with brass mounting eyelets and attached to the inside of the enclosure. Control panel must be UL listed as an assembly.

Check valve.--Shall be specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

Gate valve.— Shall be specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

Discharge pipe.—

Shall be specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

MISCELLANEOUS.--

Fasteners.--

Fasteners, including external nuts, bolts and washers shall be stainless steel unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Expansion anchors.--

Expansion anchors shall be stainless steel, ICBO approved, integral stud type anchor or internally threaded type with independent stud, hex nut and washer. Expansion anchors shall be 6 mm diameter, embedment shall be as recommended by the manufacturer.

Lifting cable.--

Lifting cable shall be stainless steel of adequate strength to raise and lower the pump. All related hardware shall be stainless steel.

Valve box.--

Valve box shall be precast standard commercial quality product with steel covers and extensions as required.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

General.--The lift pumping station equipment shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and the details shown on the plans.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--

Tests.--Grinder pump shall be capable of pumping water, under test, at the given rates at the total heads indicated on the plans.

The pump, as installed, shall not load the motor to more than the nameplate amperage on the motor at the specified head. Service factor shall not be included in the rating.

11.03 EXHAUST EVACUATION HOSE REEL AND FAN

PART 1.- GENERAL

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing exhaust evacuation hose reel and fan equipment, including vehicle exhaust fan, hose reel. All work shall be done in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Supports, Mechanical and Electrical work and all other work incidental to, and necessary for, the proper installation and operation of the items of equipment shall conform to the requirements specified for similar work elsewhere in these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's description data, installation recommendations, shop drawings, schematic diagram, interconnection diagram, including reel installation mounting brackets, shall be submitted for approval. Fan, hose reel and push button station shall be from same manufacturer. System shall be Nederman, CarMon or equal.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Vehicle exhaust fan.--

Vehicle exhaust evacuation fan shall be centrifugal AMCA certified exhaust fan suitable for diesel or gasoline powered vehicle exhaust applications. Fan parts exposed to air stream shall be coated to prevent acid corrosion. The exhaust evacuation fan shall be mounted with vibration isolators. The fan size and performance shall be as shown on plans.

Hose reel assembly.--

Hose reel assembly shall be provided with 9 m minimum of 150 mm diameter flexible hose. The hose reel shall be automatic return type consisting of spring recoil and ratchet locking device.

Hose.--

Exhaust hose shall be fabricated of a high strength woven glass fiber cloth supported by a helically wound spring steel wire. The hose shall be capable of withstanding temperatures of 150°C and shall be supplied with a rubber nozzle of the same size as hose provided.

Control panel.--

Control panel shall be a complete system routinely advertised, furnished and guaranteed by the exhaust evacuation hose reel and fan manufacturer.

Control panel shall include circuit breakers, starters, fan motor contactor, power supply, limit switch and controls that are required for proper operation.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

General.--The exhaust evacuation hose reel and fan shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. The exhaust evacuation units and pushbutton station shall be located as shown on the plans.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--

Testing.--The test shall consist of a general performance test to demonstrate the proper operation of the exhaust evacuation hose reel and fan system. The test shall be performed by the Contractor in the presence of the Engineer.

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DIVISION 12. FURNISHINGS

12.01 HORIZONTAL BLINDS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing horizontal blinds in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Horizontal blinds shall be standard, factory manufactured assemblies suitable for use on exterior wall windows.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, color chips, and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Horizontal blinds.--

Horizontal blinds shall be nominal 25 mm wide, spring tempered virgin aluminum alloy horizontal slats supported by braided polyester ladders. Braided ladders shall hold slats at equal spaces, parallel, straight, and shall provide tilt control and adequate overlap of slats. The distance between ladders shall not exceed 585 mm. Slat tilt shall be adjustable by a transparent wand. Blinds shall be adjustable to any height using lift cords.

Hardware shall be enclosed in a metal head and the opening hardware shall be clinched to the head. All metal parts shall have a corrosion resistant coating.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Installation.--Horizontal blinds shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

DIVISION 13. SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION (BLANK)

DIVISION 14. CONVEYING SYSTEMS

14.01 MOBILE VEHICLE LIFT

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing an above ground, 4-post, mobile vehicle lift and accessories in accordance with these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data for all equipment, including installation instructions, shall be submitted for approval.

Submittals shall include, but not necessarily be limited to the following:

- Assembly Drawings
- Dimensional Drawings
- Control Schematic Diagrams
- Wiring Diagrams
- Test Report Certifying Compliance with ANSI Standard B153.1.

CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS.--

Operations and maintenance manuals--Prior to completion of the contract, 3 identified copies of the operation and maintenance instructions for the vehicle lift shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite. Manuals shall be bound and shall include the following:

- Manufacturer's name
- Name, address, and telephone number of factory authorized repair facility
- Model and serial number
- Service manual shall show:
 - Assembly drawings, parts list, and simplified system diagrams
 - Descriptions of all equipment and their basic operating features
 - Routine maintenance and service requirements
 - Troubleshooting and repair procedures
 - Accessories and their features and requirements

Inadequate or incomplete manuals will be returned. The Contractor shall resubmit adequate and complete manuals at no expense to the State.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Manufacturer's qualifications.--The vehicle lift shall be furnished and installed by a manufacturer or authorized representative who has not less than 5 years experience in the manufacture and installation of this type of equipment and who maintains an authorized service representative within the State of California.

Codes and standards.--All work, including equipment, materials and installation, shall conform to the California Building Standards Code, Title 24; the California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Chapter 4, Division of Industrial Safety (DIS); and the American National Standards Institute, Inc. (ANSI) Standard B153.1.

The lift including all components necessary for operation shall be tested as a unit for conformance to ANSI Standard B153.1. Where strength factors are specified, actual load tests shall be performed and the results documented. Where component assembly is specified to a particular code or standard, a statement of compliance with that code or standard shall be included. All tests shall be performed by an independent testing laboratory recognized by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) under the Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratories (NRTL) Recognition Program, Office of Variance Determination.

WARRANTY.--

Warranties and guarantees.--Manufacturer's warranties and guarantees for materials or equipment used in the work shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite prior to acceptance of the contract.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

EQUIPMENT.--

Lift.--

Lift shall be comprised of four portable electrically operated components that are connected by electrical cable with at least one of the components having controls to operate all four components. Lift shall be an electromechanical device featuring a screw drive, support base and lifting fork to raise vehicles by their wheels. The lift shall include a fail-safe mechanical locking system at each component to secure the lift at all required height positions.

Lift shall be heavy duty type with a minimum rated capacity of 27 216 kg and a minimum lifting height of 1.6 meters measured from the finish floor to the bottom of the lifting fork.

Lifting speed shall be a minimum of 508 mm per minute.

Each portable component shall be driven by an open dripproof electric motor suitable for operation on 3-phase, 208-volt, and 60 Hz service. Electrical controls for all lift components shall be designed for complete synchronized automatic operation, such that all lifting forks shall have parallel and simultaneous movement when going up or down. All movement shall be stopped if the controls are unable to maintain synchronous motion. Electrical control shall be suitable for operation on the supply voltage.

ACCESSORIES.--

Wheel adapters.--

Wheel adapters shall be included to allow lifting of large trucks with tire sizes up to 24 R 22.5 and passenger automobiles with tire sizes down to P175 80 R 13.

High lift tripod.--

Each high lift tripod shall have a lift capacity of not less than 6804 kg. Coarse adjustment of height shall be mechanically assisted using either a spring, pneumatic, or hydraulic system which will permit adjustment of the coarse height by one person. Fine adjustment of height shall be accomplished with a screw drive similar to the one used for the lift. Height shall be adjustable from 1.4 to 2 meters. A total of 4 high lift tripods shall be supplied.

Information plate.--

Information plate with the following inscriptions shall be attached to the lift:

Manufacturer's name and address

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Model number
Serial number
Lift capacity
Date of installation
Statement of compliance with ANSI B153.1

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

General.--All equipment shall be installed in accordance with the vehicle lift manufacturer's recommendations and the applicable codes.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--

TESTS.--

Acceptance tests.--Testing of the vehicle lift shall be conducted by the Contractor in the presence of the Engineer, using a State-furnished vehicle under various loads up to the maximum specified. If the lift malfunctions or a failure develops, the parts causing the failure shall be replaced or repaired and the test repeated until the vehicle lift performs satisfactorily. The electric motors shall not exceed the full load current as listed on the nameplate of the motor.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing not less than 5 days prior to the time that the testing is scheduled.

Manufacturer's field service.--The Contractor shall arrange for a manufacturer's authorized representative at the site of the work to supervise installation, check start-up, and train State personnel.

DEMONSTRATION.--

Training.--The Contractor shall arrange instruction and training for up to 6 State personnel on the operation and maintenance of the equipment. Training shall be scheduled with the Engineer to occur within 2 weeks of the installation of the hoist. Training shall include 8 hours of instruction on equipment operation and maintenance.

DIVISION 15. MECHANICAL

15.01 MECHANICAL WORK

GENERAL.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of performing mechanical work in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Mechanical work shall include furnishing all labor, materials, equipment and services required for providing heating, ventilating, air conditioning, plumbing and natural gas distribution systems.

Earthwork, foundations, sheet metal, painting, electrical, and such other work incidental and necessary to the proper installation and operation of the mechanical work shall be in accordance with the requirements specified for similar type work elsewhere in these special provisions.

System layouts are generally diagrammatic and location of equipment is approximate. Exact routing of pipes, ducts, etc., and location of equipment is to be governed by structural conditions and obstructions. Equipment requiring maintenance and inspection is to be readily accessible.

Roof penetrations shall be flashed and sealed watertight in accordance with the requirements specified under "Sheet Metal Flashing" in Division 7, "Thermal and Moisture Protection," of these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--A list of materials and equipment to be installed, manufacturer's descriptive data, and such other data as may be requested by the Engineer shall be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall include complete description, performance data and installation instructions for the materials and equipment specified herein. Control and wiring diagrams, rough-in dimensions for plumbing fixtures, and component layout shall be included where applicable.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall be submitted for the following:

- Furnace and air conditioning units
- Evaporative coolers
- Low intensity radiant heaters
- Ductless heat pumps
- Ceiling mounted exhaust fans
- Wall mounted exhaust fans
- Combination heat/light/fan unit
- Temperature controls
- Pipes, valves and fittings
- Plumbing fixtures and accessories

CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS.--

Operation and maintenance manuals.--Prior to the completion of the contract, 3 identified copies of the operation and maintenance instructions with parts lists for the equipment specified herein shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite. The instructions and parts lists shall be indexed and bound in a manual form and shall be complete and adequate for the equipment installed. Inadequate or incomplete material shall be returned. The Contractor shall resubmit adequate and complete manuals at no expense to the State.

Operation and maintenance manuals shall be submitted for the following equipment:

- Furnace and air conditioning units
- Evaporative coolers
- Low intensity radiant heaters
- Ductless heat pumps
- Wall mounted exhaust fans

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Mechanical work, including equipment, materials and installation, shall conform to the California Building Standards Code, Title 24, and to the California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Chapter 4, Division of Industrial Safety (DIS).

WARRANTY.--

Warranties and guarantees.--Manufacturer's warranties and guarantees for materials or equipment used in the work shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite prior to acceptance of the contract.

SYSTEM IDENTIFICATION.--

Piping, ducts, valves and equipment.--Identification of piping, ducts, valves and equipment shall be as shown on the plans or these special provisions:

Above ground piping and ducts.--Markers shall be provided on lines which are either exposed or concealed in accessible spaces. For piping systems, except drain and vent lines, indicate the fluid conveyed or its abbreviation; either by preprinted markers or stenciled markings, and include arrows to show the direction of flow. Colors shall comply with ANSI Standard: A13.1. Locate markers at ends of lines, near major branches and other interruptions including equipment in the line, where lines pass through penetrations in floors, walls or ceilings or otherwise pass into inaccessible spaces, and at 15 m maximum intervals along exposed portions of the lines. Marking of short branches and repetitive branches for equipment connections is not required.

Valves.--Valve tags shall be provided on all valves of each piping system, excluding check valves, valves within equipment, faucets, stops and shut-off valves at fixtures and other repetitive terminal units. Provide brass or plastic laminate tags. Prepare and submit a tagged valve schedule, listing each valve by tag number, location and piping service. Valve schedule shall be mounted in a glazed frame at a location approved by the Engineer.

Equipment.--All equipment shall be identified with a plastic laminated, engraved nameplate which bears the unit mark number as indicated on the drawings (for example, AC-4). Provide 13 mm high lettering, white on black background. Nameplates shall be permanently secured to the unit.

15.02 PIPE, FITTINGS AND VALVES

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing pipes, fittings and valves in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions. Pipe, fittings and valves shall include such plumbing and piping accessories and appurtenances, not mentioned, that are required for the proper installation and operation of the plumbing and piping systems.

All piping insulation and associated material shall be in accordance with the requirements specified under "Mechanical Insulation," elsewhere in this Division 15.

The pipe sizes shown on the plans are nominal pipe size. No change in the pipe size shown on the plans shall be permitted without written permission from the Engineer.

The pipe and fitting classes and material descriptions shall be as specified herein. No change in class or description shall be permitted without written permission from the Engineer.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Pipe, fittings and valves shall be installed in accordance with the requirements in the latest edition of the Uniform Plumbing Code, the manufacturer's recommendations and the requirements specified herein.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MATERIALS.--

PIPE AND FITTINGS --

Class Description

A1.--

Schedule 40 galvanized steel pipe conforming to ASTM Designation: A 53, with 1040 kPa galvanized malleable iron banded screwed fittings and galvanized steel couplings. The weight of the zinc coating shall be not less than 90 percent of that specified in ASTM Designation: A 53.

A2.--

Schedule 40 galvanized steel pipe conforming to ASTM Designation: A 53, with black cast iron recessed drainage fittings. For rainwater leaders, neoprene-gasket compression couplings, Smith Blair, Dresser, or equal, may be used. The weight of the zinc coating shall be not less than 90 percent of that specified in ASTM Designation: A 53.

B1.--

Schedule 40 black steel pipe conforming to ASTM Designation: A 53, with screwed fittings suitable for working pressure involved, but not less than 1210 kPa. Fittings shall be listed for fire protection.

B2.--

Schedule 40 black steel pipe conforming to ASTM Designation: A 53, with 1040 kPa black malleable iron banded screwed fittings and black steel couplings.

Steel pipe coating, where required, shall be factory applied plastic. Pipe coating shall be Standard Pipe Protection, X-Tru-Coat (0.50 mm thick); Pipe Line Service Corporation, Republic; 3M Company, Scotchkote 205 (0.30 mm thick); or equal.

C1.--

Hub and plain end cast iron soil pipe with neoprene gaskets conforming to Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute's Standard 301. Pipe, fittings and gaskets shall be of one manufacturer.

C2.--

Hubless cast iron soil pipe with neoprene gaskets, corrugated stainless steel shields and stainless steel clamps conforming to Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute's Standard 301. Joint materials shall be furnished by pipe manufacturer.

D1.--

Ductile iron push on joint pipe conforming to AWWA Designation: C151. Fittings shall be push on ductile iron conforming to AWWA Designation: C153. Joints shall be rubber gasketed and designed for a working pressure of 2420 kPa. Pipe and fittings shall be supplied with bituminous outer coating and cement lining. Pipe shall be listed for fire protection.

H1.--

Type DWV hard copper tubing conforming to ASTM Designation: B 306, with DWV drainage fittings, stop type couplings and threaded adapters.

H2.--

Type K hard copper tubing conforming to ASTM Designation: B 88, with wrought copper or cast bronze solder joint pressure fittings, stop type couplings and threaded adapters. Solder shall be lead-free.

H3.--

Type L hard copper tubing conforming to ASTM Designation: B 88, with wrought copper or cast bronze solder joint pressure fittings, stop type couplings and threaded adapters. Solder shall be lead-free.

P1.--

Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) gravity sewer plastic pipe and fittings conforming to ASTM Designation: D 3034, Standard Dimension Ratio (SDR) 35, with integral bell and bell and spigot rubber gasketed joints or conforming to ASTM Designation: D2665 with solvent welded fittings. Rubber gaskets shall conform to ASTM Designation: F 477. Stainless steel clamps with rubber boots shall not be used.

P2.--

Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) plastic pipe and fittings conforming to ASTM Designation: D 2241, Type I, Grade 1, Standard Dimension Ratio (SDR) 21, rated for 1380 kPa working pressure at 23°C, National Sanitation Foundation approved. Pipe shall have bell ends conforming to ASTM Designation: D 3139 with triple edge rubber sealing ring. For pipe sizes 50 mm diameter and smaller, plain end pipe with solvent welded fittings ASTM Designation: D 2241, Type I, Grade 1, Standard Dimension Ratio (SDR) 21, rated for 1380 kPa may be used.

P3.--

Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) standard weight pipe and fittings, Schedule 40, conforming to ASTM Designation: D 1785. Pipe shall meet or exceed requirements of National Sanitation Foundation Standard No. 14. Pipe shall have bell ends conforming to ASTM Designation: D 2672. For pipe sizes 75 mm and smaller, plain end pipe with solvent welded fittings conforming to ASTM Designation: D 2241, may be used.

P4.--

Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) plastic pipe and fittings shall conform to AWWA Designation: C900, class 150, Standard Dimension Ratio (SDR) 18. Pipe shall have bell end with a solid cross section elastomeric ring conforming to ASTM Designation: D 1869. Pipe shall be listed for fire protection.

P5.--

Polyethylene plastic gas pipe and fittings conforming to ASTM Designation: D 1248 and D 2513 with Standard Dimension Ratio (SDR) 11, rated for 415 kPa working pressure at 23°C, socket type fittings, joined by heat fusion.

P6.--

Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) natural gas pipe, Class 315, conforming to ASTM Designation: D 2513. Fittings shall be Schedule 40 conforming to ASTM Designation: D 2513, and shall be primed and glued. Primer shall conform to ASTM Designation: F656. Solvent cement shall conform to ASTM Designation: D2564. Approved adapters shall be used for transition to other pipe materials.

Unions (for steel pipe).--

Unions (for steel pipe) shall be 1730 kPa, threaded malleable iron, ground joint, brass to iron seat, galvanized or black to match piping.

Unions (for copper or brass pipe).--

Unions (for copper or brass pipe) shall be 1040 kPa cast bronze, ground joint, bronze to bronze seat with silver brazing threadless ends or 860 kPa cast brass, ground joint, brass to brass seat with threaded ends.

Unions (for brass waste and flush pipes).--

Unions (for brass waste and flush pipes) shall be slip or flange joint unions with soft rubber or leather gaskets. Unions shall be placed on the fixture side of the traps.

Dielectric waterway.--

Dielectric waterway shall be a premanufactured unit that incorporates an insulated interior lining at least 75 mm in length between the 2 pipes being connected while maintaining metal to metal contact on the exterior surface. Dielectric water way shall be listed by IAPMO (International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials).

Insulating union.--

Insulating union or flange as applicable shall be suitable for the service on which used. Connections shall be constructed such that the 2 pipes being connected are completely insulated from each other with no metal to metal contact. Insulating couplings shall not be used. Insulating union shall be F. H. Maloney; Central Plastics; EPCO; or equal.

Insulating connection (to hot water tanks).--

Insulating connection (to hot water tanks) shall be 150 mm minimum, flexible copper tubing with dielectric union at each end and designed to withstand a pressure of 1040 kPa and a temperature of 93°C.

VALVES.--**Gate valve (65 mm and smaller).--**

Gate valve (65 mm and smaller) shall be bronze body and trim, removable bonnet and non rising stem, Class 125 and same size as pipe in which installed. Gate valve shall be Crane, 438; Nibco Scott, T-113; Jenkins, 370; or equal.

Gate valve in nonferrous water piping systems may be solder joint type with bronze body and trim. Valve shall be Kitz, 59; Nibco Scott, S-113; Jenkins, 1240; or equal.

Gate valve (75 mm and larger, below ground).--

Gate valve (75 mm and larger, below ground) shall be AWWA double disc, hub or rubber ring type, removable bonnet and non-rising stem, equipped with operating nuts, 1380 kPa working pressure, and Tee handle wrench for each valve. Valve shall be Mueller, A-2380; American Valve, Model 28; or equal.

Ball valve.--

Ball valve shall be two piece, minimum 2760 kPa WOG, bronze body and chrome plated or brass ball with full size port. Valve shall be Nibco Scott, T-580; Watts, B-6000; Kitz, 56; or equal.

Gas valve.--

Gas valve shall be natural gas service type, bronze body, quarter turn, flathead and rated for 860 kPa. Gas valve shall be Crane, American or equal.

FAUCET AND HYDRANTS.--**Hose faucet.--**

Hose faucet shall be compression type, angle pattern, wall flange at exterior locations, tee handle, 20 mm female thread with hose end, rough chrome or nickel plated finish for locations inside building, rough brass finish for others. Hose faucet shall be supplied with an integral or nonremovable threaded outlet vacuum breaker which meets the requirements of the American Society of Sanitary Engineering (ASSE) Standard: 1011. Hose faucet shall be Nibco, No. 63VB; Chicago, No. 13T; or equal.

Fire hydrant.--

Fire hydrant shall conform to the requirements of AWWA Designation: C503. Fire hydrant shall have 150 mm inlet, and have one nominal size 4 outlet steamer hose and two nominal size 2 1/2 outlets. Fire hydrant shall be Jones, Model J-3765; Rich, Model 960; American Cast, Darling Division, Mark-73; or equal.

CLEANOUTS.--**Cleanout through wall.--**

Cleanout through wall shall be cast iron cleanout tee type with polished stainless access plates. Plug shall be countersunk brass or bronze with tapered threads. Cleanout shall be Wade, No. W-8460; Smith, No. 4532; Zurn, No. 1445; or equal.

Cleanout through floor.--

Cleanout through floor shall have nonslip scoriated nickel bronze access plate and adjustable frame with square pattern top for ceramic tile and round pattern top for other finishes. Where floors are constructed with a membrane, access frame shall be provided with membrane clamping flange. Plug shall be countersunk brass or bronze with tapered threads. Cleanout shall be Wade, W-7000 Series; Smith, 4023 Series; Zurn, No. 1400; or equal.

Cleanout through floors in exterior locations shall be heavy duty, floating pipe type with cast iron cover. Cleanouts shall be Wade, No. W-8300-HF; Smith, No. 4253; Zurn, No. 1474; or equal.

Cleanout to grade.--

Cleanout to grade shall be cast iron ferrule type. Plug shall be countersunk brass or bronze with tapered threads. Cleanout to grade shall be Wade, No. W-8450; Smith, 4420; Zurn, No. 1440; or equal.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.--**Water hammer arrestor.--**

Water hammer arrestor shall be stainless steel body with bellows or piston. Arrestor compression chambers shall be pneumatically charged. Water hammer arrestors shall be tested and certified in accordance with the Plumbing and Drainage Institute Standard: PDI-WH201 and sized as shown on the plans.

Access door.--

Access door shall be 1.52 mm prime coated steel, face mounting square frame, minimum 300 mm x 300 mm door with concealed hinge and screwdriver latch.

Compression stop (exposed).--

Compression stop (exposed) shall be metal full free waterway, angle type, ground joint union, non-rising stem, molded rubber seat and wheel handle.

Compression stop (concealed).--

Compression stop (concealed) shall be long neck, built-in compression stops for required wall thickness, loose key and exposed parts polished chromium plated. Supplies shall be Chicago, 1771; California Brass, No. 172; or equal.

Gas regulator.--

Gas regulator shall be listed as suitable for gas and equipped with full capacity relief valve, low pressure safety shut-off and weatherproof and insect proof vent for outside installation. Capacity shall be as shown on the plans. Gas regulator shall be Fisher; Reliance; Rockwell; or equal.

Pipe hanger (for piping supported from overhead).--

Pipe hanger (for piping supported from overhead) shall be Grinnell, Model 269; Super Struct, C711; or equal.

Pipe wrapping tape and primer.--

Pipe wrapping tape shall be pressure sensitive polyvinyl chloride or pressure sensitive polyethylene tape having nominal thickness of 0.50 mm. Wrapping tape shall be Polyken, 922; Manville, Trantex VID-20; Scotchrap, 51; or equal.

Pipe wrapping primer shall be compatible with the pipe wrapping tape used.

Floor, wall, and ceiling plates.--

Floor, wall, and ceiling plates shall be chromium plated steel or plastic plates having screw or spring clamping devices and concealed hinges. Plates shall be sized to completely cover the hole.

Valve box.--

Valve box shall be precast high density concrete with polyethylene face and cast iron traffic rated cover marked "WATER," "GAS" or "CO-SS" as applicable. Extension shall be provided as required. Valve box shall be Christy, B3; Brooks Products Company, 3TL; Frazer, 3; or equal.

Floor drain.--

Floor drain shall be cast iron body and flashing collar, adjustable nickel bronze 150 mm strainer head with seepage openings and caulk or no-hub outlet. Floor drain shall be round or square as shown on the Architectural plans. Floor drain shall be J. R. Smith, 2005/2010; Wade, W-1100; Zurn, Z-415; or equal.

PART 3.- EXECUTION**INSTALLATION.--****INSTALLATION OF PIPES AND FITTINGS.--**

Pipe and fittings.--Pipe and fittings shall be installed in accordance with the following designated uses:

Designated Use	Pipe and Fitting Class
Domestic water (CW and HW) in buildings	H3 or A1
Domestic water underground within 1.5 m of the building	A1 or H2
Domestic water underground 1.5 m beyond the building	P2, P3, P4, A1 or H2
Fire protection water, underground	B1,D1 or P4
Sanitary drain piping above ground in building	H1, C1, or C2
Sanitary drain and vent piping underground within 1.5 m of the building	C1 or C2
Sanitary vent piping above ground in building	A2, H1, C1, or C2
Sanitary drain pipe, 1.5 m beyond the building	C1, C2, or P1
Natural gas, above ground	A1 or B2
Natural gas, underground	P5 or P6
Compressed air	A1
Rainwater leaders	A2
Equipment drains and relief valve discharge	H3 or A1

Installing piping.--Water piping shall be installed generally level, free of traps and bends, and arranged to conform to the building requirements.

Piping installed underground shall be tested as specified elsewhere in these special provisions before backfilling.

Public use areas, offices, rest rooms, locker rooms, crew rooms, training rooms, storage rooms in office areas, hallway type rooms, and similar type use areas shall have concealed piping.

Warehouse rooms, equipment bays, and loft areas shall have exposed piping.

Piping shall not be run in floor fill, except as shown on the plans.

Piping shall be installed parallel to walls. All obstructions shall be cleared, headroom preserved and openings and passageways kept clear whether shown or not. Piping shall not interfere with other work.

Where pipes pass through exterior walls, a clear space around pipe shall be provided. Space shall be caulked water tight with silicone caulk.

Underground copper pipe shall have brazed joints. Underground plastic pipe shall be buried with No. 14 solid bare copper wire. Wire ends at pipe ends shall be brought up 200 mm and looped around pipe.

Exposed supply and drain piping in rest rooms shall be chrome finished.

Compressed air piping shall be pitched to low point. Ball valved drips shall be provided at all low points. Branches shall be taken off top of main.

Gas piping shall not be installed under building concrete slabs or structure. An insulating connection and valve shall be installed above ground at each building supply.

Gas piping shall be pitched to equipment or to low point and provided with a 200 mm minimum dirt leg.

Plastic pipe used for natural gas shall be below grade outside of building only. Transition to Class B2 plastic coated shall be before meter, regulator, or building wall with approved metal to plastic transition fitting. PVC natural gas pipe shall be installed in accordance with International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials (IAPMO) Standard: IS10.

Forty-five degree bends shall be used where offsets are required in venting. Vent pipe headers shall be sloped to eliminate any water or condensation.

Vent piping shall extend a minimum of 200 mm above the roof.

Horizontal sanitary sewer pipe inside buildings shall be installed on a uniform grade of not less than 2 percent unless shown otherwise on the plans.

Drainage pipe shall be run as straight as possible and shall have easy bends with long turns.

Wye fittings and 1/8 or 1/16 bends shall be used where possible. Long sweep bends and combination Wye and 1/8 bends may be used only for the connection of branch pipes to fixtures and on vertical runs of pipe.

Water pipe near sewers.--Water pipe shall not be installed below sewer pipe in the same trench or at any crossing, or below sewer pipe in parallel trenches less than 3 m apart.

When a water pipe crosses above a sewer pipe, a vertical separation of at least 300 mm between the top of the sewer and the bottom of the water pipe shall be maintained.

When water and sewer pipe is installed in the same trench, the water pipe shall be on a solid shelf at least 300 mm above the top of the sewer pipe and 300 mm to one side.

Pipe sleeves.--The Contractor shall provide sleeves, inserts and openings necessary for the installation of pipe, fittings and valves. Damage to surrounding surfaces shall be patched to match existing.

PVC pipe sleeves shall be provided where each pipe passes through concrete floors, footings, walls or ceilings. Inside diameter of sleeves shall be at least 20 mm larger than outside diameter of pipe. Sleeves shall be installed to provide at least 10 mm space all around pipe the full depth of concrete. Space between pipes and pipe sleeves shall be caulked watertight.

Pipe penetrations in fire rated assemblies.--Where pipes pass through fire rated wall, floor or ceiling assemblies, the penetration shall be protected in accordance with the requirements specified under "Through-Penetration Firestopping" in Division 7, "Thermal and Moisture Protection," of these special provisions.

Cutting pipe.--All pipe shall be cut straight and true and the ends shall be reamed to the full inside diameter of the pipe after cutting.

Damaged pipe.--Pipe that is cracked, bent or otherwise damaged shall be removed from the work.

Pipe joints and connections.--Joints in threaded steel pipe shall be made with teflon tape or a pipe joint compound that is nonhardening and noncorrosive, placed on the pipe and not in the fittings.

The use of thread cement or caulking on threaded joints will not be permitted. Threaded joints shall be made tight. Long screw or other packed joints will not be permitted. Any leaky joints shall be remade with new material.

Exposed polished or enameled connections to fixtures or equipment shall be made with special care, showing no tool marks or threads.

Cleaning and closing pipe.--The interior of all pipe shall be cleaned before installation. All openings shall be capped or plugged as soon as the pipe is installed to prevent the entrance of any materials. The caps or plugs shall remain in place until their removal is necessary for completion of the installation.

Securing pipe.--Pipe in the buildings shall be held in place by iron hangers, supports, pipe rests, anchors, sway braces, guides or other special hangers. Material for hangers and supports shall be compatible with the piping or neoprene isolators shall be used. Allowances shall be made for expansion and contraction. Steel pipe shall have hangers or supports every 3 m. Copper pipe 25 mm or smaller shall have hangers or supports every 2 m and sizes larger than 25 mm shall have hangers or supports every 3 m. Plastic pipe shall have hangers or supports every 1 m. Cast iron soil pipe with neoprene gaskets shall be supported at each joint. Vertical pipes shall be supported with clamps or straps. Horizontal and vertical piping shall be securely supported and braced to prevent swaying, sagging or flexing of joints.

Hangers and supports.--Hangers and supports shall be selected to withstand all conditions of loading to which the piping and associated equipment may be subjected and within the manufacturer's load ratings. Hangers and supports shall be spaced and distributed so as to avoid load concentrations and to minimize the loading effect on the building structure.

Hangers and supports shall be sized to fit the outside diameter of pipe or pipe insulation. Hangers shall be removable from around pipe and shall have provisions for vertical adjustment after erection. Turnbuckles may be used.

Materials for holding pipe in place shall be compatible with piping material.

Hanger rods shall be provided with locknuts at all threaded connections. Hanger rods shall be sized as follows:

Pipe Size	Minimum Hanger Rod Diameter
15 mm to 50 mm	10 mm
65 mm to 87 mm	13 mm
100 mm to 125 mm	16 mm

Wrapping and coating steel pipe.--Steel pipe buried in the ground shall be wrapped or shall be plastic coated as specified herein:

1. Wrapped steel pipe shall be thoroughly cleaned and primed as recommended by the tape manufacturer.
2. Tapes shall be tightly applied with 1/2 uniform lap, free from wrinkles and voids with approved wrapping machines and experienced operators to provide not less than 1.00 mm thickness.
3. Plastic coating on steel pipe shall be factory applied. Coating imperfections and damage shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
4. Field joints, fittings and valves for wrapped and plastic coated steel pipe shall be covered to provide continuous protection by puttying and double wrapping with 0.50 mm thick tape. Wrapping at joints shall extend a minimum of 150 mm over the adjacent pipe covering. Width of tape for wrapping fittings shall not exceed 50 mm. Adequate tension shall be applied so tape will conform closely to contours of fittings. Putty tape insulation compounds approved by the Engineer shall be used to fill voids and provide a smooth even surface for the application of the tape wrap.

Wrapped or coated pipe, fittings, and filed joints shall be approved by the Engineer after assembly. Piping shall be placed on temporary blocks to allow for inspection. Deficiencies shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the Engineer before backfilling or closing in.

Thrust blocks.--Thrust blocks shall be formed by pouring concrete between pipe and trench wall. Thrust blocks shall be sized and so placed as to take all thrusts created by maximum internal water pressure.

Plastic pipe underground shall be provided with thrust blocks and clamps at changes in direction of piping, connections or branches from mains 50 mm and larger, and all capped connections.

Union.--Unions shall be installed where shown and at each threaded or soldered connection to equipment and tanks. Unions shall be located so piping can be easily disconnected for removal of equipment or tanks. Unions shall be omitted at compression stops.

Dielectric waterway.--Dielectric waterway shall be provided between metal pipes of different material, and between brass or bronze valves and steel piping.

Insulating union and insulating connection.--Insulating union and insulating connection shall be provided where shown and at the following locations:

1. In metallic water, gas and air service connections into each. Insulating connections shall be installed on the exterior of the building, above ground and after shut-off valve.
2. In water, gas and air service connections in ground at point where new metallic pipes connect to existing metallic pipes. Install valve box above insulating connection.
3. At points of connections of copper or steel water pipes to steel domestic water heaters and tanks.

Bonding at insulating connections.--Interior water piping and other interior piping that may be electrically energized and are connected with insulating connections shall be bonded in accordance with the California Electrical Code. Bonding shall all be coordinated with electrical work.

Compression stop.--Each fixture, including hose faucets, shall be equipped with a compression stop installed on water supply pipes to permit repairs without shutting off water mains. Ball valves may be installed where shown on the plans or otherwise permitted by the Engineer.

INSTALLATION OF VALVES.--

Exterior valves.--Exterior valves located underground shall be installed in a valve box marked "Water." Extensions shall be provided as required.

INSTALLATION OF FAUCETS.--

Hose faucet.--Faucets shall be installed with outlets 0.5 m above finished grade.

INSTALLATION OF CLEANOUTS.--

Cleanouts.--A concrete pad 0.5 m long and 100 mm thick shall be placed across the full width of trench under cleanout Wye or 1/8 bend. Cast iron soil pipe (C1 or C2) and fittings shall be used from Wye to surface. Required clearance around cleanouts shall be maintained.

Cleanout risers outside of a building installed in a surface other than concrete shall terminate in a cleanout to grade. Cleanout to grade shall terminate in a valve box with cover marked "CO-SS". Top of box shall be set flush with finished grade. Cleanout plug shall be 100 mm below grade and shall be located in the box to provide sufficient room for rodding.

Cleanout risers installed in tile and concrete floors, including building aprons and sidewalks, shall terminate in a cleanout through floor.

INSTALLATION OF MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.--

Water hammer arrestor.--Water hammer arrestor shall be installed so that they are vertical and accessible for replacement. Water hammer arrestor shall be installed with access door when in walls or there is no access to ceiling crawl spaces. Access door location shall be where shown on the plans or as approved by the Engineer.

Gas appliance connection.--Gas valve and flexible connector shall be provided for gas piping at each appliance. Appropriately rated gas cocks may be used in 15 mm gas pipe. Cock or valve shall be within one meter of the appliance.

Gas regulator.--Gas regulator shall be installed complete with dirt leg, capped test tee, union, insulating union, gas valve and fittings.

Flushing completed systems.--All completed systems shall be flushed and blown out.

Chlorination.--The Contractor shall flush and chlorinate all domestic water piping and fixtures.

Calcium hypochlorite granules or tablets, if used, shall not be applied in the dry form, but shall first be dissolved into a solution before application.

The Contractor shall take adequate precautions in handling chlorine so as not to endanger workmen or damage materials. All pipes and fittings shall be completely filled with water containing a minimum of 50 ppm available chlorine. Each outlet in the system shall be opened and water run to waste until a strong chlorine test is obtained. The line shall then be closed and the chlorine solution allowed to remain in the system for a minimum of 24 hours so that the line shall contain no less than 25 ppm chlorine throughout. After the retention period, the system shall be drained, flushed and refilled with fresh water.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--

Testing.--The Contractor shall test piping at completion of roughing in, before backfilling, and at other times as directed by the Engineer.

The system shall be tested as a single unit, or in sections as approved by the Engineer. The Contractor shall furnish necessary materials, test pumps, instruments and labor and notify the Engineer at least 3 working days in advance of testing. After testing, the Contractor shall repair all leaks and retest to determine that leaks have been stopped. Surplus water shall be disposed of after testing as directed by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall take precautions to prevent joints from drawing while pipes and appurtenances are being tested. The Contractor shall repair damage to pipes and appurtenances or to other structures resulting from or caused by tests.

General tests.--All piping shall be tested after assembly and prior to backfill, pipe wrapping, connecting fixtures, wrapping joints and covering the pipe. Systems shall show no loss in pressure or visible leaks.

The Contractor shall test systems according to the following schedule for a period of not less than 4 hours:

Test Schedule		
Piping System	Test Pressure	Test Media
Sanitary sewer and vent	3.0 m head	Water
Water	860 kPa	Water
Gas (except P6)	690 kPa	Air
Gas (P6)	350 kPa	Air
Air	860 kPa	Air
Lubrication piping	860 kPa	Air and Product

During testing of water systems, valves shall be closed and pipeline filled with water. Provisions shall be made for release of air.

Sanitary sewers shall be cleared of obstructions before testing for leakage. The pipe shall be proved clear of obstructions by pulling an appropriate size inflatable plug through the pipe. The plug shall be moved slowly through the pipe with a tag line. The Contractor shall remove or repair any obstructions or irregularities.

Sanitary sewer pipes beyond 1.5 m perpendicular to the building shall be tested for leakage for a period of not less than 4 hours by filling with water to an elevation of 1.2 m above average invert of sewer or to top of manholes where less than 1.2 m deep. The system shall show no visible leaks. The sewer may be tested in sections with testing water progressively passed down the sewer as feasible. Water shall be released at a rate that will not create water hammer or surge in plugged sections of sewer.

15.03 MECHANICAL INSULATION

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing mechanical insulation in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Piping insulation shall be installed on all domestic hot water piping, above grade, in non-conditioned spaces.

P-trap, hot water supply pipes and angle valves for lavatories and sinks, except in janitor closets or similar enclosed spaces, shall be insulated.

Duct insulation shall be installed on all rigid ductwork installed in concealed non-conditioned spaces.

Duct liner shall be installed in all rectangular ductwork installed in exposed non-conditioned spaces and in exterior locations. Plenum liner shall be installed in all plenums in non-conditioned spaces or in walls facing a non-conditioned space.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Mechanical insulation shall conform to California State Energy Commission regulations and, where applicable, shall meet American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) standards.

All materials shall bear the label of the Underwriters Laboratory (UL) or other approved testing laboratory indicating that the materials proposed for use conform to the required fire hazard ratings.

Pipe safety insulation shall conform to Section 1504(b) of Title 24, Part 5, California Plumbing Code.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MATERIAL.--

General.--All pipe insulation and wrapping material, including adhesives and jackets, located within buildings shall be certified to have a composite flame spread rating of not more than 25 and smoke development rating of not more than 450 when tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: E 84.

Duct insulation and wrapping material, including adhesives and jackets, located within buildings shall be certified to have a composite flame spread of not more than 25 and smoke development rating of not more than 50 when tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: E 84.

Domestic water piping insulation.--

Piping insulation shall be glass fiber molded pipe insulation with factory applied jacket suitable for service temperatures up to 175°C. Covering jacket shall have pressure sealing lap adhesive joints. Pipe insulation shall have a minimum thermal resistance of $R-0.5 \text{ K}\cdot\text{m}^2/\text{W}$. Insulation and jackets shall be Owens-Corning, Fiberglass 25 with ASJ/SSL All Service Jacket; Manville, Micro-Lok 650ML with AP-T All Purpose Jacket; or equal.

Piping insulation cement.--

Insulation cement shall be Fenco, All Purpose Cement; Manville, JM375; or equal.

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Exterior piping insulation

Piping insulation shall be polyurethane foam insulation with a service temperature range of 0°C to 120°C. A 0.15 mm vapor barrier shall be applied over the top off the insulation. The vapor barrier shall be installed with an adhesive as recommended by the manufacturer.

PVC jacket.--

PCV jacket shall be rated for a service temperature of 80°C. PVC jacket shall include covers specifically designed to cover pipe fittings.

Pipe safety insulation.--

Pipe safety insulation for P-traps, hot water supply pipes and angle valves shall be molded closed cell vinyl or closed cell foam with exterior vinyl surface. Pipe safety insulation shall be configured to protect against contact. Pipe safety insulation shall be Truebro Inc., Handi Lav-guard; Plumberex Specialty Products, Handy Shield; or equal.

External duct insulation.--

External duct insulation shall be 38 mm thick, 0.5 kg density glass-fiber blanket type. Material and coatings shall be fire resistive and shall be approved by the State Fire Marshal. External duct insulation shall be Fiberglas, Type PF-336; Ultralite, No. 100; Pittsburgh Plate Glass, Superfine; Johns-Manville, Microlite; Silvercote, Silvercel; or equal.

Plenum and duct liner.--

Plenum and duct liner shall be 25 mm minimum thickness. Material and coatings shall be fire resistive and shall be approved by the State Fire Marshal. Liner shall be Gustin-Bacon, Ultra-Liner duct insulation; Owens-Corning Fiberglas, Type CE; Gustin-Bacon, coated insulation Board No. 90-A; Owens-Corning Fiberglas 0.7 kg density coated flexible duct liner; Johns-Manville, MicroBar, or 0.7 kg density coated Microlite; Pittsburgh Plate Glass, Superfine 0.7 kg density coated interior duct insulation; or equal.

Adhesive.--

Adhesive shall be non-flammable type: Benjamin Foster Company, No. 85-20 Spark Safe; Goodloe E. Moore Company, Tuff Bond No. 6; Permacel, No. PA-310; 3M, No. 38 Insulation Adhesive; Swift's, No. 7228 brush type or No. 7336 spray type; Chicago Mastic, 17-461; or equal.

Studs.--

Studs shall be cement-in-place type, pneumatic driven type or percussive welding type, and shall have 25 mm minimum diameter washers.

Insulation inserts.--

Insulation inserts at pipe hangers supports for pipes NPS 2 or larger shall be calcium silicate, cellular glass, or other acceptable material of the same thickness as the adjacent insulation and not less than 6 kg density.

PART 3.- EXECUTION**INSTALLATION.--**

General.--Insulation materials shall be neatly installed with smooth and even surfaces, jackets drawn tight and smoothly cemented down.

Insulation material shall not be installed until all pipes or surfaces to be covered are tested for leaks, cleaned and dried, and foreign materials, such as rust, have been removed.

Piping insulation.--Piping insulation shall be in accordance with the following, except that unions, unless integral with valves, and flexible connections shall not be insulated.

- a. Where insulation butts against flanges or is discontinued, insulation shall be tapered to pipe to allow for covering jacket to completely seal off end of insulation.

Insulation shall be extended on the valve bodies up to the valve bonnet.

Extend insulation continuous through pipe hangers and pipe sleeves. At hangers where pipe is supported, provide an insulated protection shield.

Insulating cement shall be applied to fittings, valves, and strainers and troweled smooth to thickness of adjacent covering. Strainer cleanout plugs shall remain accessible. Covers fabricated from molded pipe covering may be used in lieu of cement, provided covers are neat and well secured.

- b. Jacket flap shall be sealed down with factory applied self-sealing lap. Seams shall be lapped not less than 40 mm. Jacket shall be secured with aluminum bands installed at 300 mm centers.
- c. Exposed outdoor insulation shall have an additional 0.40 mm minimum thickness aluminum jacket applied over the completed insulation. The jacket shall have a factory applied moisture barrier and shall be Childers; Smith; or equal.

End joints shall be lapped with aluminum holding straps located directly over the lap. Additional aluminum holding straps shall be placed at 200 mm centers. Jacket at ells and tees shall be mitered, or premanufactured fitting jackets shall be provided, with additional aluminum holding bands, as required. All joints shall be sealed watertight using silicon type, heat resistant sealant.

- d. In-ground insulation shall have an additional PVC jacket applied over the completed insulation and vapor barrier. PVC jacket shall be made watertight with adhesive or sealant as recommended by the PVC jacket manufacturer.

Pipe safety insulation.--Pipe safety insulation shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

Duct insulation.--Ragged edges shall be repaired or taped. Coverings shall be neatly finished at joints and edges. Each joint shall have a 50 mm minimum lap.

Where transitions are made between externally covered ducts and lined ducts, the lined duct shall be overlapped 200 mm with external covering.

Insulation shall be flush with but not cover control devices, damper controls or access doors.

Before insulation is wrapped around concealed ducts, an adhesive shall be spot applied at a maximum of 100 mm centers on each side of the ducts to prevent sagging of the insulation. Insulation shall be wrapped entirely around the ducts and shall be wired securely in place with No. 16 copper clad wire, metal bands at least 10 mm wide or plastic ties. Supports shall be spaced a maximum of 300 mm on centers. Metal bands shall be installed with the use of a banding machine. Seams in the insulation shall be taped.

The finished insulation covering shall be even and level and shall not contain humps.

Plenum and duct liner.--Plenums and exposed ducts shall be lined with plenum and duct liner. Plenums and ducts shall be sized to provide the clear inside dimensions shown on plans after the liner is installed.

The insulation shall be applied with coated side exposed to air stream to prevent surface erosion.

The lining shall be fastened in place with adhesive and with studs with washers spaced a maximum of 500 mm on center each way.

Applying adhesive.--The adhesive shall be liberally applied over entire interior surfaces of ducts or plenums.

Stud installation.--Studs shall be installed as follows:

- a. Cement-In-Place Type Studs.--Cement-in-place type studs shall be cemented in place with adhesives manufactured for this purpose and shall be as recommended by the stud manufacturer. Cement-in-place type studs shall be used where concrete walls form part of plenum.

- b. Percussive Welding Type Studs.--Percussive welding type studs shall be carefully welded in place with current settings that will not appreciably burn galvanizing on opposite side of the sheet metal.
- Pneumatic Driven Type Studs.--At locations where pneumatic driven type studs are used, hardened steel backup plates or dollies shall be used under the sheet metal.

15.04 PLUMBING FIXTURES

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing plumbing fixtures in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

General.--Plumbing fixtures shall be white in color and shall meet the following requirements:

Water closet (disabled accessible, 6 liters per flush, floor mounted with tank).--

Disabled accessible water closet shall be 6 liters per flush maximum, vitreous china, siphonable jet, 410 mm to 440 mm high elongated bowl, close coupled tank, floor mounted, with solid plastic open front elongated seat with check hinges. Water closet shall meet or exceed Americans with Disabilities Accessibility Act Guidelines (ADAAG) and ANSI Standards: A117.1 and A112.19.2. Closet and accessories shall be of the following types or equal:

	American Standard	Crane	Universal Rundle
Closet	"Cadet 17 EL1.6/PA" 2168.100 or 4086.800	"Hymont" 3-154E or 3-152 with 3-655	"Atlas 1.5" UR 4078-341 or UR 4078-342
Seat	Church 5321.070	Olsonite 95	Benke 527

Water closet (6 liters per flush, floor mounted with tank).--

Water closet shall be 6 liters per flush maximum, vitreous china, siphon jet, elongated bowl, close coupled tank, floor mounted, with solid plastic open front elongated seat with check hinges. Tank shall be water pressurized air reservoir type. Water closet shall meet or exceed ANSI Standard: A112.19.2. Closet and accessories shall be the following types or equal:

	American Standard	Crane	Kohler
Closet	"Cadet EL 1.6/PA" 2292.100	"Economiser" 3-604	"Wellworth" K-3458
Seat	Olsonite 95	Church 5321.070	"Lustra" K-4670-C

Urinal (disabled accessible).--

Urinal shall be vitreous china, wall hung, siphon jet or washout, top spud, integral shields, spreader and trap, with 380 mm maximum extension from wall. Urinal and valve shall meet Americans with Disabilities Accessibility Act Guidelines (ADAAG) and shall be of following types or equal:

	American Standard	Crane	Kohler
Urinal	"Allbrook" 6540.017	"Manhattan" 7-109	"Bardon" K-4960-T
Flush valve	Exposed, diaphragm type, chrome plated, with oscillating handle, integral control stop, adjustable tail piece and vacuum breaker suitable for use with top spud urinals.		

Lavatory (wall-mounted).--

Lavatory shall be vitreous china, with back, integral perforated grid drain, drilled for 102 mm centers, size 508 mm x 457 mm, with single extra long lever mixing faucet and chair carrier with concealed arms. Lavatory shall be equipped with temperature controls to limit the hot water supply to 43°C. Lavatory shall be equipped with a flow limiting device that limits the flow rate of hot water to no more than 2 liters per minute. Lavatory and accessories shall be of the following types or equal:

	Eljer	Crane	Kohler
Lavatory	"Lucerne" 0355.012	"Norwich" 1-194-V	"Greenwich" K-2032
Drain	--	C-1065-G or Moen 52659	K-7715
Supplies	Brass Craft FR1711C	C-1151 or Moen 52664	K-7605
Faucet	2385.130	Moen 8400	K-15592-5
Trap	32 mm chromium plated brass exposed bent tube adjustable 1.37 mm (17-gage) minimum thickness.		
Carrier	Concealed wall mounted carrier with leveling screws and locking devices; Zurn, J.R. Smith, Josam, Wade, Jonespec, or equal.		

Mop sink.--

Mop sink shall be acid resisting enameled cast iron, 711 mm x 711 mm outside dimensions, 75 mm trap, vinyl coated rim guard, vacuum breaker faucet with hose and wall hook. Sink and accessories shall be of the following types or equal:

	American Standard	Eljer	Kohler
Mop sink	"Florwell" 7740.020	"Custodial" 242-0050	"Whitby" K-6710
Strainer	7721.038	803-0630	K-9146
Faucet	8344.111	749-1450	K-8928

Service sink.--

Service sink shall be acid resisting enameled cast iron, plain undrilled back, stainless steel strainer, stainless steel or chrome plated sheet brass rim guard on three sides, size approximately 560 mm x 460 mm, with 75 mm trap with cleanout and floor mounting flange. Sink and accessories shall be of the following types or equal:

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	American Standard	Eljer	Kohler
Service sink	"Lakewell" 7692.023	242-0120	"Bannon" K-6718
Strainer	8301.061	-----	-----
Trap	7798.176	804-1060 w/strainer	K-6673 w/strainer
Faucet	Bucket hook, vacuum breaker, integral stops, top brace, long spout with hose threads.		
	8344.111	749-1200	K8907

Water heater (gas).--

Water heater shall be minimum capacity as shown on plans, designed for minimum 860 kPa, glass lined, and equipped with gas pressure regulator, magnesium anodes, cold water drop tube, high temperature energy shut-off device, valved drain, high density R-1.4 K•m²/W minimum foam insulation and finished with a steel jacket with baked enamel finish. Water heater shall meet the requirements of the California Energy Commission.

Water heater shall be equipped with an ASME labeled, tank mounted, pressure and temperature relief valve sized for maximum input.

Electric water cooler (disabled accessible, wall mounted).--

Electric water cooler shall be two station, dual height, wall mounted, barrier free unit. Volume shall be a minimum 28 liters of 10°C water per hour with supply side of 27°C and ambient room temperature of 32°C. Cooler shall have self closing, front controls requiring less than 35 kilo pascal force to activate, and/or automatic sensor operation, shielded bubbler, automatic stream regulator, loose key stop, adjustable thermostat, and cast brass P-trap.

Compressor shall be hermetically sealed, positive start with fan cooled condenser. Cooler shall be provided with 3-wire grounded plug.

Manufacturer shall be Haws HWBFA8L,; Sunroc NWCA-8F-BLN; Elky EZOSTL-8; or equal.

Emergency eyewash and shower.--

Emergency eyewash and shower shall be separate drench shower and eye bath, 32 mm minimum, galvanized steel pipe stand with 229 mm floor mounting flange and equipped with 216 mm x 279 mm pictorial and worded emergency identification sign.

Shower head shall have a 254 mm diameter ABS plastic head with a stay-open ball valve operated by a rigid pullrod with triangular handle.

Eyewash shall have a 254 mm diameter stainless steel bowl, anti-surge heads and circular chrome plated spray ring to bathe the entire face, dust cover assembly, and a stay-open ball valve operated by a flag handle. Eyewash unit shall be mounted on the shower pipe stand.

Emergency eyewash and shower shall be Haws, 8346; Speakman, SE-607; Western, 9231; or equal.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

General.--All finish for exposed metal on any fixture, including wall flanges, bolts, nuts and washer, shall be polished chrome plated.

Fixtures shall be sealed to wall or floor with silicone caulk bead.

All exposed metal surfaces on fixture supports shall be enameled to harmonize with fixtures.

Wall mounted fixtures shall be installed on concealed chair carriers designed to support weight of fixture from the floor, made for the specific fixture to be supported and for the particular installation conditions.

All fixtures, including showers, shall be provided with accessible metal stop valves.
Hot water supply, trap and tailpiece on lavatories shall be wrapped with insulating material.
Flush valves for fixtures designated on the plans as disabled accessible shall be installed so that the valve handle is on the widest side of the toilet space.

FIXTURE MOUNTING HEIGHTS.--

General.--Unless otherwise noted, fixtures shall be mounted at the heights shown on the plans.

Service sink.--Service sink double faucet shall be mounted on wall above sink back with spout outlet face 400 mm above service sink rim.

Mop sink.--Mop sink double faucet shall be mounted on wall above sink back with spout outlet face one meter above the floor.

Water heater.--Water heater shall be installed with seismic restraints, inlet ball valve and insulating connections, and 20 mm pressure and temperature relief drain pipe.

Emergency eyewash and shower.--Emergency eyewash and shower shall be installed with a rigid bracket located 1.2 m above the floor. Bracket shall be minimum 1.52 mm (16-gage) steel and shall be braced to the wall.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--

Testing.--The Contractor shall test piping in accordance with the requirements specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

All installed fixtures shall be tested for proper operation after all plumbing work has been completed.

15.05 WHEELCHAIR ACCESSIBLE SHOWER UNIT

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a wheelchair accessible shower unit and fittings in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, installation instructions and color palette shall be submitted for approval. The color will be selected from the manufacturer's standard product line by the Engineer after approval of the contract.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Shower units shall conform to the requirements of the California State Accessibility Standards contained in the California Building Standards Code, Title 24.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Shower stall.--

Shower stall shall be single unit, single piece construction with clear interior dimensions of 1525 mm wide, 1220 mm deep, with an entrance width of 915 mm, and no obstruction at the threshold. Shower stall shall be fabricated from gel-coated fiberglass or acrylic with a Class I Flame Spread. Shower unit shall be reinforced to accommodate the grab bars and seat.

Shower unit shall have a threshold or recessed drop, a maximum of 13 mm in height, sloped at an angle not exceeding 45 degrees from the horizontal. The floor shall be slip-resistant, sloping a maximum of 4 percent to a drain located near the rear wall.

Shower unit shall be provided with the following fittings and accessories: stainless steel corner grab bar and folding teakwood or woodgrain phenolic wheelchair transfer seat, each capable of resisting 1112 N of lateral, vertical and tensile load, stainless steel soap dish, chromium plated or stainless steel curtain rod, chromium plated steel hand-held shower head with ball joint, chromium plated 1525 mm long flexible shower spray hose, chromium plated fixed shower head, chromium plated metal outlet drain with removable strainer, chromium plated single lever control thermostatic mixing valve with control cartridge with no metal to metal wearing surface, a lever operated shower head selector, and vinyl shower curtain with corrosion resistant hooks.

Shower stall units shall be Crane; Florestone; Maron and Associates; or equal.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

General.--Shower shall be installed with the manufacturer's instructions. All joints shall be sealed and caulked watertight.

15.06 HEATING, VENTILATING AND AIR CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS

PART 1.- GENERAL

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing, installing and testing heating, ventilating and air conditioning (HVAC) equipment and systems in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

The performance rating and electric service of the HVAC equipment shall be as shown on the plans.

Temperature controls.--Thermostats, relays, time switches, and other sensor type control devices required for this work shall be furnished and installed by the supplier of the heating, ventilating and air conditioning equipment. All temperature control wiring shall be furnished and installed in accordance with the requirements specified in Division 16, "Electrical," of these special provisions.

Codes and standards.--Equipment and systems shall conform to California State Energy Commission Regulations and, where applicable, shall be American Refrigeration Institute (ARI), American Gas Association (AGA), Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association, Inc. (SMACNA), and Air Movement and Control Association (AMCA) approved for performance ratings and application shown on the plans.

Any appliance for which there is a California standard established in the Appliance Efficiency Standards may be installed only if the manufacturer has certified to the Commission, as specified in those regulations, that the appliance complies with the applicable standards for that appliance. Space conditioning equipment may be installed only if the manufacturer has certified that the equipment meets or exceeds all applicable efficiency requirements listed in the Energy Efficiency Standards.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

HEATING AND COOLING UNITS.--

Furnace.--

Furnace shall be gas fired, sealed combustion system, induced draft, high efficiency, listed condensing furnace. Furnace shall be AGA approved for natural gas, shall be equipped with electronically controlled blower and hot surface ignition. Furnace cabinet shall have an enamel finish and the primary and secondary heat exchangers shall be corrosion resistant construction. Blower shall be vibration-isolated.

Furnace shall be listed for use of plastic combustion and vent pipe from the unit to the outside of the building. Combustion air and vent pipe shall extend through a single concentric terminal assembly supplied by the furnace manufacturer. Dual pipe penetrations shall not be allowed.

The fan and fan motor shall provide the specified air circulation, with filters, against external static pressure as shown on the plans.

Furnace shall have multi-speed fan motor with thermal overload protection and shall be factory wired for a single power connection, including provisions for optional air conditioning, and low voltage control circuit with a terminal board.

Split system furnace/air conditioner shall include a cased evaporator coil, a remote outdoor condensing unit and economizer. Indoor evaporator coil shall be a factory assembled unit by the forced air furnace equipment manufacturer. Furnace and cased coil unit shall be designed to mate with each other. Unit shall be provided with a refrigerant metering device and corrosion-resistant condensate drain pan with drain connections. The wetted coil air friction shall not exceed 75 Pa. The cased coil unit shall have the same finish as the furnace.

Refrigerant lines and condensate drain piping shall be as specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

Outdoor condensing unit shall be same manufacturer as indoor unit; air cooled, factory assembled, charged and tested, and wired for single point power and control connections. Unit shall be enclosed in a weatherproof acoustically lined cabinet with access panels and a baked-on enamel finish. The compressor shall be the hermetically sealed type, pressure relief valve, high and low pressure switches, liquid-line filter-dryer, crankcase heater, short cycling protection, and service valves.

Evaporative cooler.--

Evaporative cooler shall be a factory assembled unit having removable side panels with filters and a bottom drain. The cabinet shall be fabricated from galvanized steel sheet metal with a baked-on enamel finish. Interior surfaces of the cabinet bottom shall be asphalt coated. The drain fitting shall be threaded for connection to drain piping.

All parts of the float valve and recirculating pump, which come into contact with water, shall be of stainless steel or other corrosion resistant material.

The control switch shall be a 6-position switch with the following selective settings: cooling, fan only, high speed, low speed, pump only and off.

The evaporative cooler shall be Williams; Essick; Universal; or equal.

Low intensity radiant heater.--

Low intensity radiant heater shall include power burner, radiant tube, reflector, controls, hangers, and appurtenances as necessary for proper installation and operation. System shall be AGA certified and rated for natural gas.

Burner shall be equipped with direct spark ignition, flame safety control and combustion chamber inspection sight glass.

Low intensity radiant heater controls shall consist of gas and burner controls.

Reflectors, hangers, supports and fasteners shall conform to the low intensity radiant heater manufacturer's recommendations.

Heat pump (ductless).--

Heat pump shall consist of an outdoor condenser unit with an indoor fan/coil unit. The condenser unit shall consist of a rotary type compressor, condensing coil, fan and all controls, tubing and appurtenances required for a complete operating system. The indoor fan coil units shall consist of an evaporating coil, expansion control device, propeller fan, auxiliary electric heat strips and thermostat. In addition, the indoor unit shall come with a plug or local disconnect. The system shall provide heating or cooling as required by the thermostat. Units shall be Sanyo, Mitsubishi Electric, Toshiba, or equal.

FANS AND VENTILATORS.--

Exhaust fan (ceiling mounted).--

Exhaust fan shall be ceiling mounted, AMCA certified and shall be equipped with grille, backdraft damper and metal housing. Exhaust fan motor shall have integral thermal overload protection. Ceiling exhaust fan shall be Breidert, ILG, Penn, or equal.

Declassification fan (wall mounted).--

Wall mounted declassification fan shall be AMCA certified and shall be equipped with grille, metal housing, backdraft damper, centrifugal fan wheel and bird screen. Fan motor and fan assembly shall be isolated from base with rubber vibration isolators. Fan shall be completely weatherproof and shall have a disconnect means under the hood and fan motor shall have integral thermal overload protection. Wall mounted declassification fan shall be Jenn-Air; Carnes; EWDA; Penn; or equal.

Fume exhaust fan (wall mounted).--

Fume exhaust fan shall be wall mounted, propeller type, AMCA certified, direct drive, aluminum blades, metal housing, venturi orifice, and safety grills. Wall mounted fan shall be constructed in accordance with the requirements of the latest of AMCA Publication 99, "Standards Handbook."

Fan motor and fan assembly shall be isolated from base with rubber vibration isolators. Fan motor shall be single phase, continuous duty with integral thermal overload protection.

Wall fan shall be supplied with wall mount collar, motor side guard, and backdraft damper. All parts shall be supplied by the fan manufacturer.

Combination heat lamp/light/fan.--

Combination heat lamp/light/fan shall be ceiling mounted, recessed type unit with metal housing, grille and backdraft damper. Ducting size shall be as required by the manufacturer. Combination heat lamp/light/fan shall be Broan, No. 164; Nutone, No. 9427; or equal.

Supply fan.--

Supply fan shall be an AMCA certified centrifugal cabinet fan equipped with insulated metal housing and removable access panel. Noise rating and capacity shall be as shown on the plans.

Fan motor shall have integral thermal overload protection and be mounted on vibration isolators. Supply fan shall be Breidert; Penn; or equal.

HVAC CONTROLS.--

Radiant heater thermostat.--

Radiant heater thermostat shall be low voltage type, single set point range internally adjustable from 4°C to 27C, and provided with a blank cover.

Thermostat (office only).--

Thermostat shall be 24-volt, 7-day programmable, electronic heating/cooling thermostat, with the ability to program the fan-on mode during normal working hours, and fan-off mode during unoccupied periods. Thermostat shall be provided with sub-base selector switches for "AUTO-HEAT-OFF-COOL" and fan "AUTO-ON". Thermostat shall be auto-changeover type, and have full temperature range setback capacity. Thermostat shall be Robertshaw, 7900; Honeywell, T7300; or equal.

Time switch.--

Time switch shall be one-hour, spring-wound, "OFF" type time switch without a "HOLD" feature. Time switch shall be Intermatic, Type F60M; Tork, A500 Series; or equal.

AUXILIARY HVAC COMPONENTS.--

Unless specified herein, all components shall be sized and have the characteristics as shown on the plans.

Rigid ductwork.--

Rigid ductwork shall be galvanized steel sheet metal conforming to the latest edition of the SMACNA "Low Velocity Duct Construction Standards." Galvanized steel shall be cleaned by washing with mineral spirit solvent sufficient to remove any oil, grease or other materials foreign to the galvanized coating.

Spiral duct.--

Spiral duct shall be prefabricated type.

Duct supports.--

Duct supports shall be hot-dip galvanized steel.

Flexible ductwork.--

Flexible ductwork shall be UL 181, Class 1 air duct rated and shall meet the requirements of NFPA 90-A. Duct shall have steel helix wire, flexible insulation, minimum thermal resistance of $R-0.7$ ($m^2 \cdot K/W$), and flame resistant vapor barrier. Inner and outer surfaces shall be non-metallic. Outer surface shall be Copolymer or Mylar, factory applied.

Flexible connection.--

Flexible connection shall be prefabricated type and shall be commercial quality flexible glass fabric coated on both sides with neoprene or hypalon.

Ceiling diffuser (for gypsum board ceilings).--

Ceiling diffuser for gypsum board ceilings shall be rectangular or square type. Diffuser shall be steel with oven baked-on enamel bone white dull finish or extruded aluminum, equipped with a removable core and a standard flanged frame with sponge rubber or felt gasket. Diffuser shall have individually adjustable curved blades, counter-sunk screw holes, shall be surface mounted, with face velocity less than 3.05 m/s; Titus, 250; Air Mate, 400-O; Hart and Cooley, A40; or equal.

Return register (for gypsum board ceilings).--

Return register for gypsum board ceilings shall be rectangular or square, and shall be steel with oven baked-on enamel bone white dull finish or extruded aluminum, fixed bar type, die formed louvers set at 45 degrees, 13 mm spacing maximum, surface mounted; Titus, 335; Air Mate, 280; or equal.

Wall supply register.--

Wall supply register shall be double-deflecting adjustable type, with vertical face bars and horizontal rear louvers, steel with oven baked-on enamel bone white finish or extruded aluminum, flanged frame with sponge or felt gasket; Hart and Cooley T62; Air Mate 240-HO or equal.

Wall return register.--

Wall return register shall be single deflecting type, with horizontal adjustable louvers, steel with oven baked-on enamel bone white finish or extruded aluminum, flanged frame with sponge or felt gasket; Hart and Cooley, T70; Air Mate, 200-HO; or equal.

Volume damper.--

Volume damper shall be opposed blade type, operable from face with screw driver or Allen-head wrench, shall be same manufacturer as diffuser or may be furnished as part of the diffuser.

Balance damper.--

Balance damper shall be butterfly type, 1.52 mm (16-gage) minimum galvanized steel blade, end bearings with steel shaft and locking and indicator operator. Balance damper shall be Ventlock, Young, Anemostat, or equal.

Air filter (for HVAC units).--

Air filter shall be permanent metal viscous impingement type, constructed of aluminum or galvanized steel, 50 mm minimum thickness and be approved for Class 2 use. Filter shall have a minimum efficiency rating of 50 percent as determined when tested in accordance with ASHRAE Test Standard 52. Filter shall be mounted in 1.52 mm (16-gage) galvanized steel holding frames. Two cans of recharging adhesive shall be provided with the filter and shall be nearly odorless, have a high flash point, rapid wetting characteristics, dye tracer and be water soluble. Filter shall be Airspan, Type AF, Eco-Air Products, Inc., Type HIA; Snyder General, Type AAF; or approved equal.

Vents and flues (for heaters).--

Vents and flues for heaters shall be approved Type B or approved plastic vents for condensing furnaces.

Refrigerant and condensate drain piping.--

Refrigerant and condensate drain piping shall be rigid, Type L copper tubing with brazed solder fittings. The suction line shall be insulated, with vapor barrier and shall be weatherproofed for exterior installation. Factory sealed tubing shall not be used.

PART 3.- EXECUTION**INSTALLATION.--**

Heaters.--Furnaces and radiant heaters shall be installed in such a manner as to insure adequate furnace clearance and separation of combustion air and circulating air. Appliances shall be connected to a rigidly mounted gas pipe supply system by an AGA approved flex connector and gas valve.

Radiant heaters shall be suspended by 7 mm minimum carbon steel chain and eye bolts. Heaters shall be angled to minimize heating of adjacent walls.

Ventilators--Exhaust ducts connected to exhaust fans shall be routed through roof and shall terminate in a weatherproof cap. Duct sizes shall be as shown on the plans or as recommended by the manufacturer, whichever is larger.

Condensate drains.--Air conditioning units and heat pumps shall be provided with condensate drain trap and piping. Air gap shall be installed where required by code. Interior condensate drain piping shall be insulated with foam insulation.

Evaporative cooler.--Roof mounted evaporative cooler shall be curb mounted and provided with drain piping routed to the nearest roof drain or gutter. Air gap shall be installed where required by code.

Mounting heights.--Thermostats and time switches shall be installed as shown on the plans.

Temperature control for each radiant heater shall be provided by a thermostat and time switch. Thermostat shall be set for 21°C. The thermostat shall be wired in series with the time switch and shall de-energize the heater above the setpoint.

Each thermostat shall be insulated from the outside walls, and shall be provided with an aluminum radiation shield above the thermostat.

The time switch shall be installed beside the thermostat or where shown on the plans.

Air outlets.--Volume dampers shall be furnished and installed for all diffusers. Blocking shall be provided on all sides of air outlets between ceiling or wall joists. Collars shall be supplied for all outlets and shall be taped and sealed in place.

Vents and flues.--Vents and flues shall be securely fastened to the building construction, shall be provided with a collar at all ceiling penetrations and shall terminate with a weather cap fabricated of the same material.

Access door.--Access doors shall be provided in rigid ducts and plenums for access to volume dampers, fire dampers and control devices located within such ductwork; and shall be provided at such other locations as shown on the plans.

Ducts and vents.--Ductwork within the building shall be installed to clear lighting fixtures, doors, windows and other obstructions. Ductwork shall preserve head room and shall keep openings and passageways clear whether shown on plans or not.

Ductwork shall be installed and braced according to the latest edition of the SMACNA "HVAC Duct Construction Standards."

Slopes in sides at transitions shall be approximately one to five. The ductwork system shall not contain abrupt changes or offsets of any kind unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Where ducts pass through walls, floors or ceilings, galvanized sheet metal or steel angle collars shall be installed around the ducts.

Duct sections shall be connected by beaded sleeve-type couplings using joint sealer as recommended by the duct manufacturer. Duct sections shall be mechanically fastened with pop rivets or sheet metal screws and sealed with mastic or insulated, reinforced silver tape.

Flexible connections shall be provided at both inlet and outlet of fan coil and ventilating units.

Sheet metal plenums shall be adequately braced and supported from the floor or structure with structural steel angles to prevent sagging, flexing and vibration.

All standing seams and transverse joints of supply, return and exhaust ducts and seams around plenums, fan and coil housings shall be sealed with sealant and taped.

Ductwork identification.--Ductwork shall be identified as follows:

Duct Description	Identification Symbol
Supply duct	S
Return duct	R
Exhaust duct	EXH
Outside air duct	OA

Identification symbol letters shall be stenciled at locations visible from the access routes to be used by maintenance workers. Such letters shall be painted with black colored paint and shall be a minimum of 50 mm high.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--

Pre-test requirements.--Before starting or operating systems, equipment shall be cleaned and checked for proper installation, lubrication and servicing.

In each system, at least one air path, from fan to final outlet, shall have all balance dampers open. The final air quantities shall be achieved by adjusting the volume dampers or the fan RPM.

Final adjustments and balancing of the systems shall be performed in such a manner that the systems will operate as specified and as shown on the plans.

The Contractor shall replace or revise any equipment, systems or work found deficient during tests.

All automatic operating devices which are pertinent to the adjustment of the aforementioned air systems shall be set and adjusted to deliver the required quantities of air and at temperatures specified by the Engineer. All control work shall be done in collaboration with the control manufacturer's representative.

Project completion tests.--The Engineer shall be notified at least 3 working days in advance of starting project completion tests.

The project completion tests shall consist of the following:

1. **Air Systems.--**All air systems shall be tested and balanced to the conditions set forth on the plans and in these special provisions. This work shall be performed by an Associated Air Balance Council (AABC) or National Environmental Balancing Bureau (NEBB) certified contractor. The air systems include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following:
 - a. Supply air systems
 - b. Return air systems
 - c. Exhaust air systems
2. **Operational Data.--**The tests shall include operation of the heating, cooling, and ventilating systems for not less than two 8-hour days, each system shall operate at not less than 90 percent of their full specified capacities.

The required data shall be accurately measured. The data shall be measured during one operational cycle in the presence of the Engineer and shall be submitted for approval.

The following data shall be measured and tabulated:

- a. Ambient temperatures and conditions, °C
- b. Supply and return air quantities, L/sec, each room
- c. Thermostat set point, °C
- d. Air temperatures at room center, °C
- e. Fan motor amperages and voltages
- f. System static pressures, Pa

DIVISION 16. ELECTRICAL

16.01 ELECTRICAL WORK

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of performing electrical work in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Electrical work shall include furnishing all labor, materials, equipment and services required to construct and install the complete electrical system shown on the plans and the work of installing electrical connections for the thermostats, motors, and controls specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

System layouts are generally diagrammatic and location of equipment is approximate. Exact routing of conduits and other facilities and location of equipment is to be governed by structural conditions and other obstructions, and shall be coordinated with the work of other trades. Equipment requiring maintenance and inspection shall be located where it is readily accessible for the performance of such maintenance and inspection.

Related work.--Earthwork, foundations, sheet metal, painting, mechanical and such other work incidental to and necessary for the proper installation and operation of the electrical work shall be done in accordance with the requirements specified for similar work elsewhere in these special provisions.

CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS.--

Operation and maintenance manuals.--Prior to the completion of the contract, 3 identified copies of the operation and maintenance instructions with parts lists for the equipment specified herein shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite. The instructions and parts lists shall be in a bound manual form and shall be complete and adequate for the equipment installed. Inadequate or incomplete material will be returned. The Contractor shall resubmit adequate and complete manuals at no expense to the State.

Manuals shall be submitted for the following equipment:

Service switchboard
Intrusion alarm panel

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--All work performed and materials installed shall be in accordance with the National Electrical Code; the California Building Standards Code, Title 24, Part 3, "California Electrical Code," and the California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Chapter 4, "Electrical Safety Orders," and all state ordinances.

Warranties and guarantees.--Manufacturer's warranties and guarantees for materials or equipment used in the work shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite prior to acceptance of the contract.

TESTING.--

After the electrical system installation work has been completed, the electrical system shall be tested in the presence of the Engineer to demonstrate that the electrical system functions properly. The Contractor shall make necessary repairs, replacements, adjustments and retests at his expense.

16.02 BASIC MATERIALS AND METHODS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing conduits, conductors, fittings, and wiring devices in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Conduits, conductors, fittings, and wiring devices shall include those accessories and appurtenances, not mentioned, that are required for the proper installation and operation of the electrical system.

Related work.--Roof penetrations shall be flashed and sealed watertight conforming to the requirements specified under "Sheet Metal Flashing" in Division 7, "Thermal and Moisture Protection," of these special provisions.

Where conduits pass through fire rated wall, floor or ceiling assemblies, the penetrations shall be protected in accordance with the requirements specified under "Through-Penetration Firestopping" in Division 7, "Thermal and Moisture Protection," of these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--A list of materials and equipment to be installed and the manufacturer's descriptive data shall be submitted for approval.. Any other data as requested by the Engineer shall also be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall include complete description, performance data and installation instructions for the materials and equipment specified herein. Control and wiring diagrams, rough-in dimensions for recessed junction and pull boxes, and component layout shall be included where applicable. All control and power conductors on the shop drawings shall be identified with wire numbers.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

CONDUITS AND FITTINGS.--

Rigid steel conduit and fittings.--

Rigid steel conduit shall be threaded, full weight rigid steel, hot-dip galvanized inside and outside with steel or malleable iron fittings. Fittings shall be threaded unless otherwise specified or shown on the plans.

Split or three-piece couplings shall be electroplated, malleable cast iron couplings.

Insulated grounding bushings shall be threaded malleable cast iron body with plastic insulated throat and steel, lay-in ground lug with compression screw.

Insulated metallic bushings shall be threaded malleable cast iron body with plastic insulated throat.

Electrical metallic tubing (EMT) and fittings.--

Electrical metallic tubing shall be formed of cold rolled strip steel, electrical resistance welded continuously along the longitudinal seam with zinc coating outside and enamel or lacquer coating inside.

Couplings shall be electroplated, rain and concrete tight, gland compression type, steel body couplings with malleable iron nuts.

Connectors shall be electroplated, rain and concrete tight, gland compression type, steel body connectors with male hub, malleable iron nut and insulated plastic throat.

Flexible metallic conduit and fittings.--

Flexible metallic conduit shall be fabricated in continuous lengths from galvanized steel strip, spirally wound and formed to provide an interlocking design.

Fittings shall be electroplated screw-in type with malleable cast iron body and threaded male hub with insulated throat.

Liquid tight flexible metallic conduit and fittings.--

Liquid tight flexible metallic conduit shall be fabricated in continuous length from galvanized sheet steel, spirally wound and formed to provide an interlocking design with an extruded polyvinyl chloride cover.

Fittings shall be electroplated, malleable cast iron body, with cap nut, grounding ferrule, and connector body with insulated throat.

Rigid non-metallic conduit and fittings.--

Rigid non-metallic conduit shall be Schedule 40, high impact, nonconducting, self-extinguishing polyvinyl chloride (PVC) rigid non-metallic conduit for direct underground burial.

Couplings shall be PVC, socket type or thread on one end and socket type on the other end as required for the particular application.

Terminal adapters for adapting PVC conduit to boxes, threaded fittings, or metallic conduit system shall be PVC adapters with threads on one end and socket type on the other end.

CABLES AND CONDUCTORS.--

Cables.--

Cables shall be as required by the manufacturer of the equipment or as indicated on the plans.

Conductors.--

Conductors shall be stranded copper wire.

Conductor insulation types unless otherwise shown or specified, shall be as follows:

1. Conductors across hinges of control panel enclosures shall be Type MTW.
2. Conductors shall be type XHHW-2 in wet, underground, and outdoor locations.
3. Conductors shall be type THHN in dry locations.

Wire connections and devices.--

Wire connections and devices shall be pressure or compression type, except that connectors for No. 10 AWG and smaller conductors in dry locations may be preinsulated spring-pressure type.

ELECTRICAL BOXES.--

Outlet, device and junction boxes.--

Unless otherwise shown or specified, boxes shall be galvanized steel boxes with knock-outs and shall be the size and configuration best suited to the application indicated on the plans. Minimum size of outlet, receptacle, switch or junction boxes shall be 100 mm square by 40 mm deep, except that switch boxes for the installation of single switches and outlet boxes for flush-mounted light fixtures shall be 50 mm by 75 mm by 40 mm deep.

Multiple switches shall be installed in standard gang boxes, unless otherwise specified or shown on the plans.

Cast metal boxes shall be cast iron boxes with threaded hubs and shall be of the size and configuration best suited to the application shown on the plans.

Flush-mounted boxes shall have stainless steel covers, one mm thick. Cover screws shall be metal with finish to match cover finish.

Unless otherwise shown or specified, surface-mounted boxes shall have galvanized steel covers with metal screws.

Weatherproof junction boxes shall have cast metal covers with gaskets.

Weatherproof switch and receptacle boxes shall have gasketed covers with gasketed hinged flaps to cover switches and receptacles.

Sectional device plates will not be permitted.

Underground pull boxes.--

Pull boxes shall be high density reinforced concrete box with ultraviolet inhibitor polyethylene etched face anchored in concrete and fiberglass cover with hold down bolts. The polyethylene and fiberglass material shall be fire resistant and show no appreciable change in physical properties with exposure to the weather. No. 5 pull box shall

be Brooks Products No. 5; Christy Concrete Products, N30; or equal. No. 6 pull box shall be Brooks Products No. 6; Christy Concrete Products, N36; or equal.

Traffic rated pull boxes shall be high density reinforced concrete box with steel cover with hold down bolts and bonding strap. Pull box and cover shall be designed for H20 loading. No. 3 1/2 pull box shall have inside dimensions of 270 mm by 440 mm and No. 5 pull box shall have inside dimensions of 335 mm by 610 mm. No. 6 pull box shall have inside dimensions of 430 mm x 76 mm.

RECEPTACLES AND SWITCHES.--

Ground fault circuit interrupter receptacles, (GFCI).--

Ground fault circuit interrupter receptacles shall be NEMA Type 5-20R, feed-through type, ivory color, 3-wire, 20-ampere, 125-volt AC, grounding type, specification grade, duplex receptacle with ground fault interruption. Receptacle shall detect and trip at current leakage of 5 milliamperes and shall have front mounted test and reset buttons.

Duplex receptacles.--

Duplex receptacles shall be NEMA Type 5-20R, 3-wire, 20-ampere, 125-volt AC, safety grounding, ivory color, specification grade receptacle suitable for wiring with stranded conductors.

Welding receptacles.--

Welding receptacles shall be surface-mounted, 600-volt, 60-ampere, 4-wire, 3-pole, circuit breaking, weather resistant, raintight receptacle with female interior assembly. The receptacle shall be complete with back box, angle adapter and spring door. The receptacle shall be grounded through extra pole and shell, and shall have crimp or solder type connections. A mating plug for the receptacle shall be provided.

Vehicle lift receptacles.--

Vehicle lift receptacles shall be surface-mounted, 600-volt, 60-ampere, 4-wire, 3-pole, circuit breaking, weather resistant, raintight receptacle with female interior assembly. The receptacle shall be complete with back box, angle adapter and spring door. The receptacle shall be grounded through extra pole and shell, and shall have crimp or solder type connections. A mating plug for the receptacle shall be provided.

Snap switches.--

Snap switches shall be 20-ampere, 120/277-volt AC, quiet type, specification grade, ivory color switch with silver cadmium alloy contacts. Switch shall be suitable for wiring with stranded conductors.

Motion sensor wall switches.--

Motion sensor wall switches shall be wall-mounted, 3-wire, 800-watt incandescent or fluorescent, off-auto-on, passive infrared sensor switch with adjustable photocell override and time delay and shall operate on 120/277 volts. The sensor switch shall cover a minimum of 84 square meters of floor area, be suitable for installation in a single gang box, and shall have a field of view of not less than 170 degrees. The time delay setting shall be adjustable from 30 seconds to 20 minutes, initially set at 5 minutes.

Three-way toggle switches.--

Three-way toggle switches shall be 20-ampere, 120/277-volt AC, quiet type, specification grade, ivory color switch with silver cadmium alloy contacts. Switch shall be suitable for wiring with stranded conductors.

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS.--

Warning Tape.--

Warning tape shall be 100 mm wide and contain the printed warning "CAUTION ELECTRICAL CONDUIT" in bold 19 mm black letters at 760 mm intervals on bright orange or yellow background. The printed warning shall be non-erasable when submerged under water and resistant to insects, acids, alkali, and other corrosive elements in the

soil. The tape shall have a tensile strength of not less than 70 kg per 100 mm wide strip and shall have a minimum elongation of 700 percent before breaking.

Pull ropes.--

Pull ropes shall be nylon or polypropylene with a minimum tensile strength of 225 kg.

Watertight conduit plugs.--

Watertight conduit plugs shall be a hollow or solid stem expansion plugs complete with inner and outer white polypropylene compression plates and red thermoplastic rubber seal. Seal material shall be non-stick type rubber resistant to oils, salt, and alkaline substances normally available at the construction sites.

Anchorage devices.--

Anchorage devices shall be corrosion resistant, toggle bolts, wood screws, bolts, machine screws, studs, expansion shields, and expansion anchors and inserts.

Electrical supporting devices.--

Electrical supporting devices shall be one hole conduit clamps with clamp backs, hot-dipped galvanized, malleable cast iron.

Construction channel shall be 41 mm x 41 mm, 2.66 mm (12-gage) galvanized steel channel with 13 mm diameter bolt holes, 40 mm on center in the base of the channel.

Ground rod(s).--

Ground rod(s) shall be a 19 mm (minimum) galvanized or copper clad steel rod, 3 meters long.

Telephone outlet boxes.--

Telephone outlet boxes shall be 102 mm square boxes and plates with modular type telephone outlet. Boxes on stud walls shall have plaster ring.

Plates for flush mounting outlets in finished room shall be Type 430 stainless steel, one mm thick with satin finish.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

Conduit, general.--Rigid steel conduit shall be used unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified in these special provisions.

Electrical metallic tubing may be used in furred spaces and for exposed work indoors above the switch height.

Unless otherwise specified or shown on the plans, flexible metal conduit shall be used to connect suspended lighting fixtures, motors, HVAC equipment, and other equipment subject to vibration in dry locations.

Unless otherwise specified or shown on the plans, liquid-tight flexible metal conduit shall be used to connect motors, HVAC equipment, and other equipment subject to vibration in wet locations.

Rigid non-metallic conduit shall be used at the locations shown on the plans for direct underground burial outside the building foundation. All risers and elbows shall be rigid steel.

Conduit installation.--Conduit trade sizes are shown on the plans. No deviation from the conduit size shown on the plans will be permitted without written permission from the Engineer.

Conduit shall be concealed unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Conduits shall be tightly covered and well protected during construction using metallic bushings and bushing "pennies" to seal open ends.

Rigid non-metallic conduit bends of 30 degrees or greater shall be factory-made long radius sweeps. Bends less than 30 degrees shall be made using an approved heat box.

A pull rope shall be installed in all empty conduits. At least one meter of pull rope shall be doubled back into the conduit at each termination.

Locations of conduit runs shall be planned in advance of the installation and coordinated with the ductwork, plumbing, ceiling and wall construction in the same areas and shall not unnecessarily cross other conduits or pipe, nor prevent removal of ceiling tiles or panels, nor block access to mechanical or electrical equipment.

Where practical, conduits shall be installed in groups in parallel, vertical or horizontal runs and at elevations that avoid unnecessary offsets.

Exposed conduit shall be installed parallel and at right angles to the building lines.

Conduits shall not be placed closer than 300 mm from a parallel hot water or steam pipe or 75 mm from such lines crossing perpendicular to the runs.

All raceway systems shall be secured to the building structures using specified fasteners, clamps and hangers.

Single conduit runs shall be supported by using one hole pipe clamps. Where run horizontally on walls in damp or wet locations, conduit shall be installed with "clamp backs" to space conduit off the surface.

Multiple conduit runs shall be supported with construction channel secured to the building structure. Conduits shall be fastened to construction channel with channel compatible pipe clamps.

Raceways of different types shall be joined using approved couplings or transition fittings.

Expansion couplings shall be installed where conduit crosses a building separation or expansion joint.

All floor and wall penetrations shall be sealed water-tight.

Existing underground conduit to be incorporated into a new system shall be cleaned with a mandrel or cylindrical wire brush and blown out with compressed air.

Conduit terminations.--Rigid steel conduits shall be securely fastened to cabinets, boxes and gutters using 2 locknuts and specified insulating metallic bushing. Electrical metallic tubing shall be securely fastened to cabinets, boxes and gutters using specified connectors. Conduit terminations at exposed weatherproof enclosures and cast outlet boxes shall be made watertight using specified hubs.

Grounding bushings with bonding jumpers shall be installed on all type of conduits terminating at concentric knockouts and on all conduits containing service conductors, grounding electrode conductor, and conductors feeding separate buildings.

Rigid non-metallic conduits shall be terminated inside the underground pull boxes with an approved conduit bushings or fittings. All conduits shall enter the pull box at an angle of 45 degrees or more.

All future conduits terminated in underground pull boxes or exposed indoor and outdoor shall be provided with watertight conduit plugs.

Warning Tape.--Warning tape shall be placed over each conduit in a trench. Each warning tape shall be centered over the conduit and shall be placed over the 150 mm layer of sand covering the conduit as described elsewhere in these special provisions.

Conductor and cable installation.--Conductors shall not be installed in conduit until all work of any nature that may cause injury is completed. Care shall be taken in pulling conductors that insulation is not damaged. An approved non-petroleum base and insulating type pulling compound shall be used as needed.

All cables shall be installed and tested in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

Splices and joints shall be insulated with insulation equivalent to that of the conductor.

Provide 155 mm of slack at each outlet and device connection. If the outlet or device is not at the end of a run of wire, connection shall be made with correctly colored pigtails tapped to the runs with splices as specified herein.

Branch circuit conductors in panelboards and load centers shall be neatly trained along a path from the breaker terminals to their exit point. The conductors shall have ample length to transverse the path without strain, but shall not be so long as to require coiling, doubling back, or cramming. The path shall transverse the panelboard gutter spaces without entering a gutter containing service conductors and, unless otherwise shown on the plans, without entering the gutter space of any panelboard feeder.

All pressure type connectors and lugs shall be retightened after the initial set.

Splices in underground pull boxes and similar locations shall be made watertight.

Junction boxes in furred or accessible ceiling spaces shall be identified with felt-tip pen denoting the circuits contained in the box.

Conductor identification.--The neutral and equipment grounding conductors shall be identified as follows:

Neutral conductor shall have a white or natural gray insulation except that conductors No. 4 and larger may be identified by distinctive white marker such as paint or white tape at each termination.

Equipment grounding conductor shall be bare or insulated. If insulated, equipment grounding conductors shall have green or green with one or more yellow stripes insulation over its entire length except that conductors No. 4 and larger may be permanently identified by distinctive green markers such as paint or green tape over its entire exposed insulation.

Ungrounded feeder and branch circuit conductors shall be color coded by continuously colored insulation, except conductors No. 6 AWG or larger may be color coded by colored tape at each connection and where accessible. Ungrounded conductor color coding shall be as follows:

SYSTEM	COLOR CODE
120/208V-Three phase	Black, red, blue

Once an insulated circuit conductor, including grounded and ungrounded conductors, is identified with a specific color code, that color code shall be used for the entire length of the circuit.

Where more than one branch circuit enters or leaves a conduit, panel, gutter, or junction box, each conductor shall be identified by its panelboard and circuit number. All control conductors including control conductors of manufacturer supplied and field wired control devices shall be identified at each termination with the wire numbers shown on the plans, approved shop drawings, and as directed by the Engineer where deemed necessary. Identification shall be made with one of the following:

1. Adhesive backed paper or cloth wrap-around markers with clear, heat shrinkable tubing sealed over either type of marker.
2. Self-laminating wrap around type, printable, transparent, permanent heat bonding type thermoplastic film markers.
3. Pre-printed, white, heat-shrinkable tubing.

Each terminal block shall have a molded marking strip attached with screws. The identifying numbers of the terminating conductors, as shown on the plans or on the submittal drawings, shall be engraved in the marking strip.

Outlet, device and junction box installation.--Where exposed threaded steel conduits are connected to an outlet, device, or junction box below switch height, the box shall be a cast metal box. Unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified in these special provisions, all other boxes shall be sheet steel boxes. Weatherproof outlet, device and junction boxes shall have cast metal covers with gaskets. Unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified in these special provisions, all other boxes shall have standard galvanized covers.

All boxes shall finish flush with building walls, ceiling and floors except where exposed work is called for.

Raised device covers (plaster rings) shall be installed on all boxes concealed in concrete, masonry or stud walls.

No unused openings shall be left in any box. Knockout seals shall be installed as required to close openings.

Outlet, device, and junction boxes shall be installed at the locations and elevations shown on the plans or specified herein. Adjustments to locations may be made as required by structural conditions and to suit coordination requirements of other trades.

Boxes in stud walls and partitions shall not be mounted back to back. Through-wall boxes shall not be used.

Boxes installed in metal stud walls shall be equipped with brackets designed for attaching directly to the studs or shall be mounted on heavy gauge galvanized steel, snap-in box supports.

Fixture outlet boxes installed in suspended ceilings of gypsum board or lath and plaster construction shall be mounted on 1.52 mm (16-gage) metal channel bars attached to main ceiling runners.

Fixture outlet boxes for pendant-mounted fixtures installed in suspended ceilings supporting acoustical tiles or panels shall be supported directly from the structures above.

Underground pull box installation.--Electrical pull box covers or lids shall be marked "ELECTRICAL." Telephone service pull box covers or lids shall have plain, unmarked covers.

The bottom of pull boxes shall be bedded in 155 mm of clean, crushed rock or gravel and shall be grouted with 40 mm thick grout prior to installation of conductors. Grout shall be sloped to a 25 mm PVC pipe drain hole. Conduit shall be sealed in place with grout.

Top of pull boxes shall be flush with surrounding grade or top of curb. In unpaved areas where pull box is not immediately adjacent to and protected by a concrete foundation, pole or other protective construction, the top of pull box shall be set at plus 30 mm above surrounding grade. Pull boxes shown on the plans in the vicinity of curbs shall be placed adjacent to the back of curb. Pull boxes shown on the plans adjacent to lighting standards shall be placed on the side of foundation facing away from traffic.

Ground rod(s) installation.--The ground rod(s) shall be driven vertically until the top is 155 mm above the surrounding surface. When vertical penetration of the ground rod cannot be obtained, an equivalent horizontal grounding system, approved by the Engineer, shall be installed.

Anchorage.--Hangers, brackets, conduit straps, supports, and electrical equipment shall be rigidly and securely fastened to surfaces by means of toggle bolts on hollow masonry; expansion shields and machine screws, or expansion anchors and studs or standard preset inserts on concrete or solid masonry; machine screws or bolts on metal surfaces; and wood or lag screws on wood construction.

Anchorage devices shall be installed in accordance with the anchorage manufacturer's recommendations.

Mounting heights.--Electrical system components shall be mounted at the following mounting heights, unless otherwise shown on the plans. The mounting height dimensions shall be measured above the finished floor to the bottom of the device or component.

Thermostats	1.1 m maximum, office areas 1.25 m maximum, hallways
Wall switches	1.0 m maximum
Convenience outlets	510 mm minimum, office areas 1.25 m minimum, all other areas
Electric water cooler outlet	As recommended by the water cooler manufacturer.
Telephone and radio outlets	510 mm minimum

16.03 SERVICE AND DISTRIBUTION

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing service and distribution equipment in accordance with the requirements of the serving utilities, the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Attention is directed to "Utility Connection" in Division 1, "General Requirements," of these special provisions regarding arrangements, permits, licenses, charges, fees and costs for utility connections and extensions.

Related work.--Concrete and reinforcement for service pedestal shall conform to the requirements specified for minor work under "Cast-in-Place Concrete," in Division 3, "Concrete and Reinforcement," of these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Installation details.--The Contractor shall submit complete service installation details to the serving utilities for approval. Prior to submitting installation details to the serving utility, the Contractor shall have said drawings reviewed and stamped "APPROVED" by the Engineer. Submittals shall be approved by the serving utility prior to commencing work.

Product data.--A list of materials and equipment to be installed and the manufacturer's descriptive data shall be submitted for approval. Any other data as requested by the Engineer shall also be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall include complete description, performance data and installation instructions for the materials and equipment specified herein. Control and wiring diagrams, rough-in dimensions, and component layout shall be included where applicable. All control and power conductors on the shop drawings shall be identified with wire numbers.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Transformer pad.—

The precast transformer pad and handhole shall meet standards established by the servicing utility company.

Service switchboard.—

Service switchboard shall contain a pull section for utility cables, metering compartment and service disconnect, power transfer switch, standby power receptacle, standby distribution panel and main distribution panel for 120/208-volt, 800-ampere, 3-phase, 4-wire service.

Enclosure.--

Enclosure shall be NEMA 3R enclosure. Exterior shall be 2.66 mm (12-gage) and interior shall be 1.90 mm (14-gage) sheet steel. All screws, latches, hinge pins and similar hardware shall be stainless steel. Circuit breaker shall be operable with the exterior door open. Exterior door shall be lockable with a padlock. Enclosure finish shall be baked enamel or baked thermosetting polyester finish.

Pull section and metering compartment.—

Pull section and metering compartment shall be provided as shown on the plans. The size and arrangement shall comply with the servicing utility requirements. Instrument transformers and KWH meter will be provided and installed by the utility and the enclosure arrangement shall be approved by the servicing utility before submitting shop drawings to the Engineer for approval.

Service disconnect switch.--

Service disconnect switch shall be 3-pole, 600-volt, 800-ampere frame, 800-ampere trip, molded case circuit breaker with AC magnetic trip adjusted to 4000 amperes. The interrupting capacity of the circuit breaker shall be 42000 amperes (symmetrical) at 240-volt. Breaker shall be Westinghouse, LC; Square D, Type MAL; General Electric, Type TBC; or equal.

Power transfer switch.—

Power transfer switch shall be 3-pole, 2-position, mechanically held device, utilizing two molded case non-automatic circuit breakers complying with NEMA AB1 and suitable for 120/208 VAC services.

Transfer switch shall be provided with front mounted single operating handle with all mechanical part in positive contact at all times. The transfer switch shall be mechanically interlocked to prevent the load from being connected to both sets of line terminals simultaneously. Operating handle shall be provided with padlocking lugs. Transfer switch operating handle shall be furnished with position indicating nameplates inscribed "UTILITY" and "STANDBY"

Standby power receptacle.—

Standby power receptacle shall be 600-volt, 300-ampere, 4-wire, 3-pole, circuit breaking, weather resistant, raintight receptacle with a male interior assembly (reversed contacts with plug interior) complete with a back box, angle adapter and screw-on dust cover with chain. A mating plug for the receptacle shall be provided.

Main distribution panel, MDP.—

The main distribution panel section shall consist of molded case, thermal magnetic circuit breakers of size and trips as indicated on the plans. The breakers shall have a minimum interrupting rating 42000 amperes at 240 volts. Breakers shall be bolted to the 800-ampere copper bus bars braced for short circuit of 42000 amperes minimum. Where spaces are indicated, the panel shall be equipped with all hardware required to install breakers. The panels shall have a full rated neutral.

Standby distribution panel, SDP.—

The standby distribution panel section shall consist of molded case, thermal magnetic circuit breakers of size and trips as indicated on the plans. The breakers shall have a minimum interrupting rating of 42000 amperes minimum. Where spaces are indicated the panel shall be equipped with all hardware required to install breakers. The panel shall have a full rated neutral.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Foundation for service pedestal shall be as shown on the plans.

Installation of service and distribution equipment shall be in accordance with the requirements of the serving utilities as shown on the approved installation details.

16.04 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing panelboards, starters, disconnect switches, transformers, and related accessories in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Related work.--Anchorage devices shall be as specified under "Basic Materials and Methods" elsewhere in this Division 16.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--A list of materials and equipment to be installed and the manufacturer's descriptive data shall be submitted for approval.. Any other data as requested by the Engineer shall also be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall include complete description, performance data and installation instructions for the materials and equipment specified herein. Control and wiring diagrams, rough-in dimensions, and component layout shall be included where applicable. All control and power conductors on the shop drawings shall be identified with wire numbers.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

PANELBOARDS.--

Panelboard A.--

Panelboard A shall be indoor type, surface-mounted, factory assembled, 3-phase, 4-wire, 120/208-volt, AC panelboard at least 540 mm wide with 200-ampere main breaker, insulated groundable, electrolytically tin plated copper neutral bus bar, hinged door and molded case branch circuit breakers as shown on the plans. Panel shall be Square D Company, NQOD; Westinghouse, Type-R-Line; General Electric, NLAB; or equal.

Panelboard B.--

Panelboard B shall be indoor type, surface-mounted, factory assembled, 3-phase, 4-wire, 120/208-volt, AC panelboard at least 540 mm wide with 100-ampere main breaker, insulated groundable, electrolytically tin plated

copper neutral bus bar, hinged door and molded case branch circuit breakers as shown on the plans. Panels shall be Square D Company, NQOD; Westinghouse, Type-R-Line; General Electric, NLAB; or equal.

Panelboard P.--

Panelboard P shall be indoor type, surface-mounted, factory assembled, 3-phase, 4-wire, 120/208-volt, AC panelboard at least 540 mm wide with 150-ampere main breaker, insulated groundable, electrolytically tin plated copper neutral bus bar, hinged door and molded case branch circuit breakers as shown on the plans. Panels shall be Square D Company, NQOD; Westinghouse, Type-R-Line; General Electric, NLAB; or equal.

Panelboard Q.--

Panelboard Q shall be indoor type, surface-mounted, factory assembled, 3-phase, 4-wire, 120/208-volt, AC panelboard at least 540 mm wide with 100-ampere main breaker, insulated groundable, electrolytically tin plated copper neutral bus bar, hinged door and molded case branch circuit breakers as shown on the plans. Panels shall be Square D Company, NQOD; Westinghouse, Type-R-Line; General Electric, NLAB; or equal.

STARTERS.--

Air compressor starter.--

Air compressor starter shall be combination 3-pole, 208-volt, NEMA Size 1, NEMA rated, line voltage starter and motor circuit protector in a NEMA-1 enclosure. Air compressor starter shall have two, 2-ampere, dual element, 250-volt fuses with 2-pole barrier type fuse base; 208-volt coil, double-break silver contacts and 3 manual reset, non-adjustable thermal overloads, set to trip between 115 and 125 percent of full load motor current, as quoted on the nameplate by the motor manufacturer. Reset button shall be externally operable.

SWITCHES.--

Air conditioner disconnect switch.--

Air Conditioner Disconnect switch shall be 3-pole, 240-volt, AC, 60-ampere, fused, heavy duty safety switch in a NEMA-3R enclosure. The fuses shall be sized to suit the air conditioning unit furnished.

Heat pump disconnect switch.—

Heat pump Disconnect switch shall be 2-pole, 240-volt, AC, 60-ampere, fused, heavy duty safety switch in a NEMA-3R enclosure. The fuses shall be sized to suit the heat pump furnished.

Door operator disconnect switch.--

Door operator disconnect switch shall be 3-pole, 240-volt, AC, 30-ampere, non-fusible, general duty safety switch in a NEMA-1 enclosure with provision for padlocking in the "OFF" position.

Fume Exhaust fans FEF-1, FEF-2 disconnect switch.--

Fume Exhaust fan disconnect switch shall be 1-pole, 120-volt, 20-ampere, specification grade, AC switch in a cast metal box with standard galvanized cover.

Declassification fan DF-1 disconnect switch.—

Declassification fan disconnect switch shall 3-pole, 240-volt, 30-amp, non-fusible, general duty safety switch in NEMA-1 enclosure with provision for padlocking in the "OFF" position.

TRANSFORMER.--

Transformer shall be indoor, dry type, pad mounted, 1-phase, 208-volt primary, 120/240-volt secondary, 37.5-KVA transformer with NEMA-3R enclosure. Transformer shall have two 2 1/2 percent full capacity taps above and four 2 1/2 percent full capacity taps below normal primary voltage.

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS.--

Nameplates.--

Nameplates shall be laminated phenolic plastic with white core and black front and back. Nameplate inscription shall be in capitals letters etched through the outer layer of the nameplate material.

Warning plates.--

Warning plates shall be laminated phenolic plastic with white core and red front and back. Warning plates inscription shall be in capitals letters etched through the outer layer of the nameplate material.

Plywood backing board.--

Plywood backing board for mounting electrical or telephone equipment shall be 19 mm, APA plywood panels, C-D PLUGGED and touch-sanded, Exposure 1.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

Plywood backing board.--Plywood backing board shall be securely fastened to walls or other vertical framing.

Surface to be coated shall be cleaned of all dirt, excess materials, of filler by hand cleaning.

Plywood backing board exposed surfaces shall receive the following paint system: one prime coat, alkyd, interior wood primer and 2 finish coats, acrylic, interior enamel, semi-gloss. Color shall match surrounding surfaces, or shall be as directed by the Engineer.

Coatings shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Each coat shall be applied to a uniform finish, free of skips, brush marks, laps or other imperfections.

Panelboard installation.--Set cabinets plumb and symmetrical with building lines. Train interior wiring as specified under "Conductor and Cable Installation" in "Basic Materials and Methods" of these special provisions. Touch-up paint any marks, blemishes, or other finish damage suffered during installation. Replace cabinets, doors or trim exhibiting dents, bends, warps or poor fit which may impede ready access, security or integrity.

Mounting height shall be 1.67 meters to the highest circuit breaker handle, measured above the finished floor.

Where "Future" or "Space" is indicated on the plans, branch connectors, mounting brackets, and other hardware shall be furnished and installed for future breaker.

A typewritten directory under transparent protective cover shall be provided and set in metal frame inside each cabinet door. Directory panel designation for each circuit breaker shall include complete information concerning equipment controlled, including room number or area designated on the plans.

Equipment identification.--Equipment shall be identified with nameplates fastened with self-tapping, cadmium-plated screws or nickel-plated bolts.

Nameplate inscriptions shall be 6 mm high letters and shall be as shown on the plans and as follows:

- A. Inscriptions for panelboards shall include panel designation, voltage, and phase of supply and shall read like the following example: PANEL A, 120/208 VOLTS, 3 PHASE, 4 WIRES:
- B. Inscription of disconnect switches and pushbuttons shall be the respective device it is controlling and shall read like the following: OVERHEAD DOOR;

- C. Inscription of lighting control station shall be the panel designation as shown in the plans and shall read as follows:
OUTSIDE LIGHTS CONTROL STATION.

Warning plates.--Warning plates shall be attached to designated equipment with self-tapping cadmium-plated screws or nickel-plated bolts.

16.05 LIGHTING

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing, installing and connecting all lighting equipment in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive information, photometric curves, catalog cuts, and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval. Any other data as requested by the Engineer shall also be submitted for approval.

PRODUCTS.--

Lighting fixture lamps.--

Lighting fixture lamps shall be type and size as shown on the plans. Lamps shall be General Electric, Phillips, Sylvania, or equal. Fluorescent lamps, unless otherwise noted, shall be 4100K tri-phosphor with a CRI of 70 or greater.

Ballasts.--

All fixtures shall be equipped with high power factor ballasts suitable for the line voltage and for the type, size and number of lamps required by the fixture. Fluorescent ballasts shall be UL Listed, Class P and ETL Certified ballasts with sound rating A. Fluorescent ballasts shall be high-frequency electronic ballasts with power factor greater than 0.95, nominal ballast factor of 0.88 unless specified otherwise, total harmonic distortion less than 20 percent, crest factor less than or equal to 1.7, complying with ANSI C 62.41 Category A for surge protection, and FCC Part 18 for interference

Lighting fixtures.--

Lighting fixtures shall be as shown on the plans and as specified herein. Outdoor luminaires shall be listed and labeled "Fixture Suitable For Wet Locations."

F1.--

Ceiling-mounted fluorescent fixture with two 32 watt T8 lamps, electronic ballast and one-piece, clear acrylic, wrap-around diffuser. The fixture shall be Day Brite, Catalog No. SWN232 Lithonia, Catalog No. LB2 32 120; or equal.

F2.--

Same as F1, except pendant mounted.

F3.--

Stem or bracket mounted fluorescent fixture with two 59-watt T8 Slimline lamps, electronic ballast and white baked enamel ribbed reflector, complete with end plates. The fixture shall be Lithonia, Catalog No. AF 2 96T8 120 ES; Day Brite, Catalog No. IF259-PP-120; or equal.

F4.--

Wall mounted fluorescent fixture with one 32 watt T8 lamps, electronic ballast and prismatic acrylic diffuser. The fixture shall be Columbia, Catalog No. WAL 4 32 EB8 120; Day Brite, Catalog No. WB 132 CP; or equal.

H1.--

Outdoor, wall mounted, 70-watt, 120-volt high pressure sodium luminaire with integral ballast. The luminaire shall be Holophane, Catalog No. WP 2 A 070HP 12 GR FIP; Lithonia, Catalog No. TWP70S120-SF-PE; or equal.

Photoelectric unit, --

Photoelectric unit shall be cadmium sulfide photoelectric control with capacity of 1200-watt incandescent or 1000-watt inductive or fluorescent load, mounting adapter, and EEI-NEMA twist lock receptacle; Fisher-Pierce, Ripley, or equal.

Lighting control station, --

Lighting control station shall consist of a lighting contactor, selector switch and pilot light in a surface mounted NEMA-12 enclosure with a hinged door.

Lighting contactor, --

Lighting contactor shall be electrically held, 3-pole combination lighting contactor with 120-volt AC coil and 30-ampere, double-break, silver alloy contacts; Square D Company, I.T.E., Westinghouse, or equal.

Selector switch, SS.--

Selector switch shall be rotary action, double-pole, 3-position, 10-ampere, 120-volt switch. Switch contacts shall have an inductive pilot duty rating of 60 amperes (make), 6 amperes (break) and 10 amperes (continuous) at 120 volts and 35 percent power factor. Selector switch shall have legend plate marked MANUAL-OFF-AUTO.

Pilot light, PL.--

Pilot light shall be panel mounted, heavy duty, oil tight indicating light with 120-volt, AC, LED lamp with red domed cap.

RTerminal block, TB.--

Terminal block shall be 30-ampere, 240-volt, molded plastic with two or more mounting holes and two or more terminals in each cast block. The molded plastic shall have a high resistance to heat, moisture, mechanical shock, and electrical potential and shall have a smooth even finish. Each block shall have a molded marking strip attached with screws. Terminal blocks shall have tubular, high pressure clamp connectors.

EXECUTION.--

LIGHTING FIXTURES.--Lighting fixtures shall be mounted securely in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Mounting methods shall be suitable for the particular type of ceiling or support at each location.

The Contractor shall provide all supports, hangers, spacers, channels, fasteners and other hardware necessary to support the fixtures.

Fixtures shall be set at the mounting heights shown on the plans, except heights shown shall be adjusted to meet conditions.

16.06 INTRUSION ALARM SYSTEM**PART 1.- GENERAL****SUMMARY.--**

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a complete and operational intrusion alarm system in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

The system shall include all materials, whether mentioned or not, that are necessary for a complete and operational intrusion alarm system.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION.--

Design requirements.--The intrusion alarm system shall be a low voltage, direct current, zoned alarm system, and shall consist of a control panel, magnetic contact switches, combination detectors, multiple switch contact monitors, glass break discriminators, and digital keypad stations for designated control points into the building. Each zone shall be "supervised, Class B circuit." The end of line resistor shall be installed in the control panel.

The alarm system shall self-test and report status of individual zones.

The alarm system shall provide an automatically rechargeable back-up power supply system in case of building power interruption.

The alarm system components shall be U.L. or F.M. Listed. The system proposed shall be approved by the Federal Communication Commission (FCC).

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive information and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

Installation instructions shall include manufacturer and catalog reference, and model number of equipment to be furnished, conduit and conductor sizes, wiring diagram, and floor plan showing locations of multiple switch contact monitor and devices.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Magnetic door switch for pedestrian door shall be a 2-section, self-lock mounting type switch, and shall be compatible with the material of the door on which it is installed. The switch shall be epoxied in the switch housing. Magnetic contact switches shall be the type capable of being concealed on the top of the door frame.

Magnetic contact switches for the overhead vehicle doors shall be 2-section, extra heavy-duty, floor mounting type switch with stainless steel armored cable.

Switch shall be housed in a non-magnetic case.

Glass break discriminator.--

Glass break discriminator shall be an acoustic glass break detector with advanced technology for sensing and reporting simultaneous sound and shock wave activity. Detector shall respond to energy of breaking windows using piezo-electric crystal microphone. Sensor coverage pattern shall be directional, detecting breakage of uncovered glass in a 10.5 meters wide area at a distance of 3.5 meters minimum. The sensor shall be housed in a fire retardant ABS housing.

Digital keypad.--

Keypad shall be 12 button key pad with 16 user codes capable of expansion to 120, surface mounted, low-voltage (12VDC/24VDC), vandal resistant device with programmable ability for user codes 1-6 digits. Keypad will have an EEPROM memory for backup of all codes, have a relock time delay adjustable time from 1-90 seconds or on/off and have a tamper switch to detect unauthorized access to the keypad working mechanism. The keypad will have incorporated four (4) on-board relays for electric door locks, alarm shunting, force door monitoring and door ajar monitoring.

Combination motion detector.--

Combination detectors shall be low voltage, wall-mounted, long range microwave passive infrared detectors with a detection pattern appropriate to cover areas indicated on the plans. Model must be specified on proposed installation layout. The detector shall have an LED indicating light.

PART 3. EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--

General.--The intrusion alarm reporting system shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and at the locations specified on the floor plans.

The switch section without wires shall be recessed flush into the top edge of the door at the approximate center of the door, and the switch section with wires shall be recessed flush in the top section of the door frame. The two sections of the switch shall be mounted directly opposite each other to provide maximum sensitivity. The wiring from each magnetic switch shall be run to the control panel in the zone dedicated for the intrusion alarm circuit.

Magnetic contact switches for overhead doors shall be mounted as follows. The switch section mounted on the bottom edge of the overhead door shall be without wires. The switch section with wire shall be mounted on the floor directly below the switch part without wires. The wiring from each magnetic switch shall run to the control panel in the zone dedicated for the intrusion alarm circuit. .

The glass break discriminator shall be mounted on the ceiling at locations shown on the plans.

Combination Motion detectors shall be mounted on adjacent walls no more than 1524 mm from the floor at the location shown on the plans. Wiring is to be concealed in walls, EMT conduit or metal surface mounted wire raceways to protect device wiring from damage or unauthorized tampering. Placement at this height will provide fro adequate coverage in the areas to be protected.

At pedestrian access doors the following devices are to be installed per manufacturer instructions and work as an integrated system to control employee access and egress into the designated areas. For these buildings all identified digital keypads are to be mounted internal of the building. Other components of the entry system will be mounted on the access door as detailed and will include a magnetic contact switch and cylindrical lever door locks.

Intrusion alarm zoning.--Intrusion alarm reporting panel zoning shall be as follows:

- Zone 1: Pedestrian access door into Office Vestibule area Room 117.
- Zone 2: Glass break detector in Supervisor-2 room 118.
- Zone 3: Glass break detector in Vestibule area room 117.
- Zone 4: Glass break detector in Supervisor-3 room 116.
- Zone 5: Glass break detector in Women's room 115.
- Zone 6: Glass break detector in Men's room room .
- Zone 7: Pedestrian access door into HVAC area, room 110 .
- Zone 8: Glass break detectors in Office-2 room 109.
- Zone 9: Pedestrian access door into east hallway area room 114.
- Zone 10: Glass break detector in Office-1 room 108.
- Zone 11: Glass break detector in Crew rooms 1, 2 &3.
- Zone 12: Glass break detector in Janitorial area, room 103.
- Zone 13: Glass break detector in Kitchen area, room 102.
- Zone 14: Glass break detector in Supervisor-1 room 101.
- Zone 15: Pedestrian access door into Equipment bay area.
- Zone 16: Vehicle access doors into Equipment bay area.
- Zone 17: Glass break detector in Secure storage area.
- Zone 18: Glass break detector in Secure storage area.
- Zone 19: Glass break detector in Secure storage area.
- Zone 20 Pedestrian access door into Truck bay vestibule area
- Zone 21: Glass break detector in Office/Parts area.
- Zone 22: Glass break detector in Shower area.
- Zone 23: Vehicle access doors into Service bay areas.
- Zone 24: Pedestrian access door into Service bay area.
- Zone 25: Combination Motion Detectors in Service bay area.
- Zone 26: Glass break detector in Tire storage area.
- Zone 27: Vehicle access doors into Truck bay area.

Conduit and conductors.--All intrusion alarm system wiring shall be installed in conduit system conforming to the requirements under "Basic Materials and Methods" elsewhere in these special provisions. Conduit size shall be as recommended by the intrusion alarm manufacturer, except that conduits shall be not less than 16 mm diameter. Within the office building areas, conduits shall be concealed in ceiling or walls. All other conduit shall be exposed.

All conductors and cables for the intrusion alarm system wiring shall be as recommended by the intrusion alarm system manufacturer.

All points of protection must be specifically identified by zone when reporting to the intrusion alarm panel. All points of protection will be transmitted to the U.L. listed monitoring company.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--

Testing.--The operational test for the intrusion alarm system shall be performed by the Contractor in the presence of the Engineer. The operational tests shall demonstrate that all functions of the system operate in the manner described in the manufacturer's literature and demonstrate system stability under normal vibration and shocks to components. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing not less than 10 days in advance of performing the operational tests.

Monitoring.--The contractor shall provide U.L. listed monitoring services for the facility for one year after the acceptance of the contract. The services shall include a toll-free telephone line connecting to the 24-hour on call monitoring station. Monitoring station shall contact designated site representative in the event of alarm and dispatch an immediate on-site response to the alarm location if the site representative cannot be reached or verification of the cause of the alarm cannot be determined.

DEMONSTRATION.--

Training.--The Contractor shall provide on-site training on the use, operation, and maintenance of the system for not more than 8 designated State employees. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing not less than 10 days in advance of proposed training class.